



Cg 3.1 Reference Manual

Release 3.1

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CG LANGUAGE SPECIFICATION

1.1 Cg Language Specification

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This is version 3.1 of the Cg Language specification. This language specification describes version 3.1 of the Cg language

Language Overview

The Cg language is primarily modeled on ANSI C, but adopts some ideas from modern languages such as C++ and Java, and from earlier shading languages such as RenderMan and the Stanford shading language. The language also introduces a few new ideas. In particular, it includes features designed to represent data flow in stream-processing architectures such as GPUs. Profiles, which are specified at compile time, may subset certain features of the language, including the ability to implement loops and the precision at which certain computations are performed.

Like C, Cg is designed primarily as a low-level programming language. Features are provided that map as directly as possible to hardware capabilities. Higher level abstractions are designed primarily to not get in the way of writing code that maps directly to the hardware in the most efficient way possible. The changes in the language from C primarily reflect differences in the way GPU hardware works compared to conventional CPUs. GPUs are designed to run large numbers of small threads of processing in parallel, each running a copy of the same program on a different data set.

Differences from ANSI C

Cg was developed based on the ANSI-C language with the following major additions, deletions, and changes. (This is a summary-more detail is provided later in this document):

Silent Incompatibilities

Most of the changes from ANSI C are either omissions or additions, but there are a few potentially silent incompatibilities. These are changes within Cg that could cause a program that compiles without errors to behave in a manner different from C:

- The type promotion rules for constants are different when the constant is not explicitly typed using a type cast or type suffix. In general, a binary operation between a constant that is not explicitly typed and a variable is performed at the variable's precision, rather than at the constant's default precision.
- Declarations of `struct` perform an automatic `typedef` (as in C++) and thus could override a previously declared type.
- Arrays are first-class types that are distinct from pointers. As a result, array assignments semantically perform a copy operation for the entire array.

Similar Operations That Must be Expressed Differently

There are several changes that force the same operation to be expressed differently in Cg than in C:

- A Boolean type, `bool`, is introduced, with corresponding implications for operators and control constructs.
- Arrays are first-class types because Cg does not support pointers.
- Functions pass values by value/result, and thus use an `out` or `inout` modifier in the formal parameter list to return a parameter. By default, formal parameters are `in`, but it is acceptable to specify this explicitly. Parameters can also be specified as `in out`, which is semantically the same as `inout`.

C features not present in Cg

- Language profiles (described in the *Profiles* section) may subset language capabilities in a variety of ways. In particular, language profiles may restrict the use of `for` and `while` loops. For example, some profiles may only support loops that can be fully unrolled at compile time.
- Reserved keywords `goto`, `switch`, `case`, and `default` are not supported, nor are labels.
- Pointers and pointer-related capabilities, such as the `&` and `->` operators, are not supported.
- Arrays are supported, but with some limitations on size and dimensionality. Restrictions on the use of computed subscripts are also permitted. Arrays may be designated as `packed`. The operations allowed on packed arrays may be different from those allowed on unpacked arrays. Predefined `packed` types are provided for vectors and matrices. It is strongly recommended that these predefined types be used.
- There is no `enum` or `union`.
- There are no bit-field declarations in structures.
- All integral types are implicitly signed, there is no `signed` keyword.

Cg features not present in C

- A *binding semantic* may be associated with a structure tag, a variable, or a structure element to denote that object's mapping to a specific hardware or API resource. Binding semantics are described in the *Binding Semantics* section.
- There is a built-in swizzle operator: `.xyzw` or `.rgba` for vectors. This operator allows the components of a vector to be rearranged and also replicated. It also allows the creation of a vector from a scalar.
- For an lvalue, the swizzle operator allows components of a vector or matrix to be selectively written.
- There is a similar built-in swizzle operator for matrices: `._m<row><col>[_m<row><col>][...]`. This operator allows access to individual matrix components and allows the creation of a vector from elements of a matrix. For compatibility with DirectX 8 notation, there is a second form of matrix swizzle, which is described later.
- Numeric data types are different. Cg's primary numeric data types are `float`, `half`, and `fixed`. Fragment profiles are required to support all three data types, but may choose to implement `half` and/or `fixed` at `float` precision. Vertex profiles are required to support `half` and `float`, but may choose to implement `half` at `float` precision. Vertex profiles may omit support for `fixed` operations, but must still support definition of `fixed` variables. Cg allows profiles to omit run-time support for `int` and other integer types. Cg allows profiles to treat `double` as `float`.
- Many operators support per-element vector operations.
- The `?:`, `||`, `&&`, `!`, and comparison operators can be used with `bool` vectors to perform multiple conditional operations simultaneously. The side effects of all operands to vector `?:`, `||`, and `&&` operators are always executed.
- Non-static global variables, and parameters to top-level functions (such as `main()`) may be designated as `uniform`. A `uniform` variable may be read and written within a program, just like any other variable. However, the `uniform` modifier indicates that the initial value of the variable/parameter is expected to be constant across a large number of invocations of the program.
- A new set of `sampler*` types represents handles to texture sampler units.
- Functions may have default values for their parameters, as in C++. These defaults are expressed using assignment syntax.
- Function and operator overloading is supported.
- Variables may be defined anywhere before they are used, rather than just at the beginning of a scope as in C. (That is, we adopt the C++ rules that govern where variable declarations are allowed.) Variables may not be redeclared within the same scope.
- Vector constructors, such as the form `float4(1, 2, 3, 4)`, and matrix constructors may be used anywhere in

- an expression.
- A `struct` definition automatically performs a corresponding `typedef`, as in C++.
- C++-style `//` comments are allowed in addition to C-style `/* ... */` comments.
- A limited form of inheritance is supported; `interface` types may be defined which contain only member functions (no data members) and `struct` types may inherit from a single interface and provide specific implementations for all the member functions. Interface objects may not be created; a variable of interface type may have any implementing struct type assigned to it.

Detailed Language Specification

Definitions

The following definitions are based on the ANSI C standard:

Object

An object is a region of data storage in the execution environment, the contents of which can represent values. When referenced, an object may be interpreted as having a particular type.

Declaration

A declaration specifies the interpretation and attributes of a set of identifiers.

Definition

A declaration that also causes storage to be reserved for an object or code that will be generated for a function named by an identifier is a definition.

Profiles

Compilation of a Cg program, a top-level function, always occurs in the context of a compilation profile. The profile specifies whether certain optional language features are supported. These optional language features include certain control constructs and standard library functions. The compilation profile also defines the precision of the `float`, `half`, and `fixed` data types, and specifies whether the `fixed` and `sampler*` data types are fully or only partially supported. The profile also specifies the environment in which the program will be run. The choice of a compilation profile is made externally to the language, by using a compiler command-line switch, for example.

The profile restrictions are only applied to the top-level function that is being compiled and to any variables or functions that it references, either directly or indirectly. If a function is present in the source code, but not called directly or indirectly by the top-level function, it is free to use capabilities that are not supported by the current profile.

The intent of these rules is to allow a single Cg source file to contain many different top-level functions that are targeted at different profiles. The core Cg language specification is sufficiently complete to allow all of these functions to be parsed. The restrictions provided by a compilation profile are only needed for code generation, and are therefore only applied to those functions for which code is being generated. This specification uses the word “program” to refer to the top-level function, any functions the top-level function calls, and any global variables or typedef definitions it references.

Each profile must have a separate specification that describes its characteristics and limitations.

This core Cg specification requires certain minimum capabilities for all profiles. In some cases, the core specification distinguishes between vertex-program and fragment-program profiles, with different minimum capabilities for each.

Declarations and declaration specifiers.

A Cg program consists of a series of declarations, each of which declares one or more variables or functions, or declares and defines a single function. Each declaration consists of zero or more declaration specifiers, a type, and one or more declarators. Some of the declaration specifiers are the same as those in ANSI C; others are new to Cg

const

Marks a variable as a constant that cannot be assigned to within the program. Unless this is combined with `uniform` or `varying`, the declarator must include an initializer to give the variable a value.

extern

Marks this declaration as solely a declaration and not a definition. There must be a non-`extern` declaration elsewhere in the program.

in

Only usable on parameter and `varying` declarations. Marks the parameter or `varying` as an input to the function or program. Function parameters with no `in`, `out`, or `inout` specifier are implicitly `in`

inline

Only usable on a function definition. Tells the compiler that it should always inline calls to the function if at all possible.

inout

Only usable on parameter and `varying` declarations. Marks the parameter or `varying` as both an input to and an output from the function or program

static

Only usable on global variables. Marks the variable as ‘private’ to the program, and not visible externally. Cannot be combined with `uniform` or `varying`

out

Only usable on parameter and `varying` declarations. Marks the parameter or `varying` as an output from the function or program

uniform

Usable on global variables and parameters to the top-level main function of a program and to define constant buffers (see the *Constant Buffers* section). If specified on a non-top-level function parameter it is ignored. The intent of this rule is to allow a function to serve as either a top-level function or as one that is not.

Note that `uniform` variables may be read and written just like non-`uniform` variables. The `uniform` qualifier simply provides information about how the initial value of the variable is to be specified and stored, through a mechanism external to the language.

varying

Only usable on global variables and parameters to the top-level main function of a program. If specified on a non-top-level function parameter it is ignored.

profile name

The name of any profile (or profile wildcard – see *Profiles*) may be used as a specifier on any function declaration. It defines a function that is only visible in the corresponding profiles.

The specifiers `uniform` and `varying` specify how data is transferred between the rest of the world and a Cg program. Typically, the initial value of a `uniform` variable or parameter is stored in a different class of hardware register for a `varying`. Furthermore, the external mechanism for specifying the initial value of `uniform` variables or parameters may be different than that used for specifying the initial value of `varying` variables or parameters. Parameters qualified as `uniform` are normally treated as persistent state, while `varying` parameters are treated as streaming data, with a new value specified for each stream record (such as within a vertex array).

Non-`static` global variables are treated as `uniform` by default, while parameters to the top-level function are treated as `varying` by default.

Each declaration is visible (“in scope”) from the point of its declarator until the end of the enclosing block or the end of the compilation unit if outside any block. Declarations in named scopes (such as structs and interfaces) may be visible outside of their scope using explicit scope qualifiers, as in C++.

Semantics

Each declarator in a declaration may optionally have a semantic specified with it. A semantic specifies how the variable is connected to the environment in which the program runs. All semantics are profile specific (so they have different meanings in different profiles), though there is some attempt to be consistent across profiles. Each profile specification must specify the set of semantics which the profile understands, as well as what behavior occurs for any other unspecified semantics.

Function Declarations

Functions are declared essentially as in C. A function that does not return a value must be declared with a `void` return type. A function that takes no parameters may be declared in one of two ways:

As in C, using the `void` keyword:

```
functionName (void)
```

With no parameters at all:

```
functionName ()
```

Functions may be declared as `static`. If so, they may not be compiled as a program and are not visible externally

Function overloading and optional arguments

Cg supports function overloading; that is you may define multiple functions with the same name. The function actually called at any given call site is based on the types of the arguments at that call site; the definition that best matches is called. See the *function overloading* section for the precise rules. Trailing arguments with initializers are optional arguments; defining a function with optional arguments is equivalent to defining multiple overloaded functions that differ by having and not having the optional argument. The value of the initializer is used only for the version that does not have the argument and is ignored if the argument is present.

Overloading of Functions by Profile

Cg supports overloading of functions by compilation profile. This capability allows a function to be implemented differently for different profiles. It is also useful because different profiles may support different subsets of the language capabilities, and because the most efficient implementation of a function may be different for different profiles.

The profile name must precede the return type name in the function declaration. For example, to define two different versions of the function `myfunc` for the `profileA` and `profileB` profiles:

```
profileA float myfunc(float x) {...};
profileB float myfunc(float x) {...};
```

If a type is defined (using a `typedef`) that has the same name as a profile, the identifier is treated as a type name, and is not available for profile overloading at any subsequent point in the file.

If a function definition does not include a profile, the function is referred to as an “open-profile” function. Open-profile functions apply to all profiles.

Several wildcard profile names are defined. The name `vs` matches any vertex profile, while the name `ps` matches any fragment or pixel profile. The names `ps_1` and `ps_2` match any DX8 pixel shader 1.x profile, or DX9 pixel shader 2.x profile, respectively. Similarly, the names `vs_1` and `vs_2` match any DX vertex shader 1.x or 2.x, respectively. Additional valid wildcard profile names may be defined by individual profiles.

In general, the most specific version of a function is used. More details are provided in the section on function overloading, but roughly speaking, the search order is the following:

1. version of the function with the exact profile overload
2. version of the function with the most specific wildcard profile overload (e.g. `vs`, “`ps_1`”)
3. version of function with no profile overload

This search process allows generic versions of a function to be defined that can be overridden as needed for particular hardware.

Syntax for Parameters in Function Definitions

Functions are declared in a manner similar to C, but the parameters in function definitions may include a binding semantic (discussed later) and a default value.

Each parameter in a function definition takes the following form:

```
<declspecs> <type> identifier [: <binding_semantic>] [= <default>]
```

<default> is an expression that resolves to a constant at compile time.

Default values are only permitted for `uniform` parameters, and for `in` parameters to non top-level functions.

Function Calls

A function call returns an rvalue. Therefore, if a function returns an array, the array may be read but not written. For example, the following is allowed:

```
y = myfunc(x)[2];
```

But, this is not:

```
myfunc(x)[2] = y;
```

For multiple function calls within an expression, the calls can occur in any order—it is undefined.

Types

Cg’s types are as follows:

- The `int` type is preferably 32-bit two’s complement. Profiles may optionally treat `int` as `float`.
- The `unsigned` type is preferably a 32-bit ordinal value. `unsigned` may also be used with other integer types to make different sized unsigned values
- The `char`, `short`, and `long` types are two’s complement integers of various sizes. The only requirement is that `char` is no larger than `short`, `short` is no larger than `int` and `long` is at least as large as `int`
- The `float` type is as close as possible to the IEEE single precision (32-bit) floating point format. Profiles must support the `float` data type.
- The `half` type is lower-precision IEEE-like floating point. Profiles must support the `half` type, but may choose to implement it with the same precision as the `float` type.
- The `fixed` type is a signed type with a range of at least `[-2,2]` and with at least 10 bits of fractional precision. Overflow operations on the data type clamp rather than wrap. Fragment profiles must support the `fixed` type, but may implement it with the same precision as the `half` or `float` types. Vertex profiles are required to provide partial support (as defined below) for the `fixed` type. Vertex profiles have the option to provide full support for the `fixed` type or to implement the `fixed` type with the same precision as the `half` or `float` types.
- The `bool` type represents Boolean values. Objects of `bool` type are either `true` or `false`.
- The `cint` type is 32-bit two’s complement. This type is meaningful only at compile time; it is not possible to declare objects of type `cint`.
- The `cfloat` type is IEEE single-precision (32-bit) floating point. This type is meaningful only at compile time; it is not possible to declare objects of type `cfloat`.
- The `void` type may not be used in any expression. It may only be used as the return type of functions that do not return a value.

- The `sampler*` types are handles to texture objects. Formal parameters of a program or function may be of type `sampler*`. No other definition of `sampler*` variables is permitted. A `sampler*` variable may only be used by passing it to another function as an `in` parameter. Assignment to `sampler*` variables is not permitted, and `sampler*` expressions are not permitted.

The following sampler types are always defined: `sampler`, `sampler1D`, `sampler2D`, `sampler3D`, `samplerCUBE`, `samplerRECT`.

The base `sampler` type may be used in any context in which a more specific sampler type is valid. However, a `sampler` variable must be used in a consistent way throughout the program. For example, it cannot be used in place of both a `sampler1D` and a `sampler2D` in the same program. The `sampler` type is deprecated and only provided for backwards compatibility with Cg 1.0

Fragment profiles are required to fully support the `sampler`, `sampler1D`, `sampler2D`, `sampler3D`, and `samplerCUBE` data types. Fragment profiles are required to provide partial support (as defined below) for the `samplerRECT` data type and may optionally provide full support for this data type.

Vertex profiles are required to provide partial support for the six sampler data types and may optionally provide full support for these data types.

- An *array* type is a collection of one or more elements of the same type. An *array* variable has a single index.
- Some array types may be optionally designated as *packed*, using the `packed` type modifier. The storage format of a *packed* type may be different from the storage format of the corresponding *unpacked* type. The storage format of *packed* types is implementation dependent, but must be consistent for any particular combination of compiler and profile. The operations supported on a *packed* type in a particular profile may be different than the operations supported on the corresponding *unpacked* type in that same profile. Profiles may define a maximum allowable size for *packed* arrays, but must support at least size 4 for *packed* vector (1D array) types, and 4x4 for *packed* matrix (2D array) types.
- When declaring an array of arrays in a single declaration, the `packed` modifier refers to all of the arrays. However, it is possible to declare an *unpacked* array of *packed* arrays by declaring the first level of array in a `typedef` using the `packed` keyword and then declaring an array of this type in a second statement. It is not possible to declare a *packed* array of *unpacked* arrays.
- For any supported numeric data type *TYPE*, implementations must support the following *packed* array types, which are called *vector types*. Type identifiers must be predefined for these types in the global scope:

```
typedef packed TYPE TYPE1[1];
typedef packed TYPE TYPE2[2];
typedef packed TYPE TYPE3[3];
typedef packed TYPE TYPE4[4];
```

For example, implementations must predefine the type identifiers `float1`, `float2`, `float3`, `float4`, and so on for any other supported numeric type.

- For any supported numeric data type *TYPE*, implementations must support the following *packed* array types, which are called *matrix types*. Implementations must also predefine type identifiers (in the global scope) to represent these types:

```
packed TYPE1 TYPE1x1[1];
packed TYPE2 TYPE1x2[1];
packed TYPE3 TYPE1x3[1];
packed TYPE4 TYPE1x4[1];
packed TYPE1 TYPE2x1[2];
packed TYPE2 TYPE2x2[2];
packed TYPE3 TYPE2x3[2];
packed TYPE4 TYPE2x4[2];
packed TYPE1 TYPE3x1[3];
packed TYPE2 TYPE3x2[3];
packed TYPE3 TYPE3x3[3];
packed TYPE4 TYPE3x4[3];
packed TYPE1 TYPE4x1[4];
packed TYPE2 TYPE4x2[4];
packed TYPE3 TYPE4x3[4];
packed TYPE4 TYPE4x4[4];
```

For example, implementations must predefine the type identifiers `float2x1`, `float3x3`, `float4x4`, and so on. A typedef follows the usual matrix-naming convention of `TYPErows_X_columns`. If we declare `float4x4 a`, then

```
a[3] is equivalent to a._m30_m31_m32_m33
```

Both expressions extract the third row of the matrix.

- Implementations are required to support indexing of vectors and matrices with constant indices.
- A `struct` type is a collection of one or more members of possibly different types. It may include both function members (methods) and data members (fields).

Struct and Interface types

Interface types are defined with a *interface* keyword in place of the normal *struct* keyword. Interface types may only declare member functions, not data members. Interface member functions may only be declared, not defined (no default implementations in C++ parlance).

Struct types may inherit from a single interface type, and must define an implementation member function for every member function declared in the interface type.

Partial Support of Types

This specification mandates “partial support” for some types. Partial support for a type requires the following:

- Definitions and declarations using the type are supported.
- Assignment and copy of objects of that type are supported (including implicit copies when passing function parameters).
- Top-level function parameters may be defined using that type.

If a type is partially supported, variables may be defined using that type but no useful operations can be performed on them. Partial support for types makes it easier to share data structures in code that is targeted at different profiles.

Type Categories

- The *signed integral* type category includes types `cint`, `char`, `short`, `int`, and `long`.
- The *unsigned integral* type category includes types `unsigned char`, `unsigned short`, `unsigned int`, and `unsigned long`. `unsigned` is the same as `unsigned int`.
- The *integral* category includes both *signed integral* and *unsigned integral* types.
- The *floating* type category includes types `cfloat`, `float`, `half`, and `fixed` (Note that floating really means floating or fixed/fractional.)
- The *numeric* type category includes *integral* and *floating* types.
- The *compile-time* type category includes types `cfloat` and `cint`. These types are used by the compiler for constant type conversions.
- The *dynamic* type category includes all *interface* and *unsized array* types.
- The *concrete* type category includes all types that are not included in the *compile-time* and *dynamic* type category.
- The *scalar* type category includes all types in the numeric category, the `bool` type, and all types in the compile-time category. In this specification, a reference to a *category* type (such as a reference to a numeric type) means one of the types included in the category (such as `float`, `half`, or `fixed`).

Constants

Constant literals are defined as in C, including an optional `0` or `0x` prefix for octal or hexadecimal constants, and `e` exponent suffix for floating point constants. A constant may be explicitly typed or implicitly typed. Explicit typing of a constant is performed, as in C, by suffixing the constant with a one or two characters indicating the type of the constant:

- **d** for double
- **f** for float
- **h** for half

- **i** for `int`
- **l** for `long`
- **s** for `short`
- **t** for `char`
- **u** for `unsigned`, which may also be followed by **s**, **t**, **i**, or **l**
- **x** for `fixed`

Any constant that is not explicitly typed is implicitly typed. If the constant includes a decimal point or an ‘e’ exponent suffix, it is implicitly typed as `cfloat`. If it does not include a decimal point, it is implicitly typed as `cint`.

By default, constants are base 10. For compatibility with C, integer hexadecimal constants may be specified by prefixing the constant with `0x`, and integer octal constants may be specified by prefixing the constant with `0`.

Compile-time constant folding is preferably performed at the same precision that would be used if the operation were performed at run time. Some compilation profiles may allow some precision flexibility for the hardware; in such cases the compiler should ideally perform the constant folding at the highest hardware precision allowed for that data type in that profile.

If constant folding cannot be performed at run-time precision, it may optionally be performed using the precision indicated below for each of the numeric datatypes:

`float`
s23e8 (“fp32”) IEEE single precision floating point

`half`
s10e5 (“fp16”) floating point w/ IEEE semantics

`fixed`
S1.10 fixed point, clamping to [-2, 2)

`double`
s52e11 (“fp64”) IEEE double precision floating point

`int`
signed 32 bit twos-complement integer

`char`
signed 8 bit twos-complement integer

`short`
signed 16 bit twos-complement integer

`long`
signed 64 bit twos-complement integer

Type Conversions

Some type conversions are allowed implicitly, while others require an cast. Some implicit conversions may cause a warning, which can be suppressed by using an explicit cast. Explicit casts are indicated using C-style syntax (e.g., casting `variable` to the `float4` type may be achieved via “(float4)variablename”).

Scalar conversions

Implicit conversion of any scalar numeric type to any other scalar numeric type is allowed. A warning may be issued if the conversion is implicit and it is possible that precision is lost. implicit conversion of any scalar object type to any compatible scalar object type is also allowed. Conversions between incompatible scalar object types or object and numeric types are not allowed, even with an explicit cast. “sampler” is compatible with “sampler1D”, “sampler2D”, “sampler3D”, “samplerCube”, and “samplerRECT”. No

other object types are compatible (“sampler1D” is not compatible with “sampler2D”, even though both are compatible with “sampler”).

Scalar types may be implicitly converted to vectors and matrixes of compatible type. The scalar will be replicated to all elements of the vector or matrix. Scalar types may also be explicitly cast to structure types if the scalar type can be legally cast to every member of the structure.

Vector conversions

Vectors may be converted to scalar types (selects the first element of the vector). A warning is issued if this is done implicitly. A vector may also be implicitly converted to another vector of the same size and compatible element type.

A vector may be converted to a smaller compatible vector, or a matrix of the same total size, but a warning is issued if an explicit cast is not used.

Matrix conversions

Matrixes may be converted to a scalar type (selects to 0,0 element). As with vectors, this causes a warning if its done implicitly. A matrix may also be converted implicitly to a matrix of the same size and shape and compatible element type

A Matrix may be converted to a smaller matrix type (selects the upper- left submatrix), or to a vector of the same total size, but a warning is issued if an explicit cast is not used.

Structure conversions

a structure may be explicitly cast to the type of its first member, or to another structure type with the same number of members, if each member of the struct can be converted to the corresponding member of the new struct. No implicit conversions of struct types are allowed.

Array conversions

An array may be explicitly converted to another array type with the same number of elements and a compatible element type. A compatible element type is any type to which the element type of the initial array may be implicitly converted to. No implicit conversions of array types are allowed.

	Source type					
	Scalar	Vector	Matrix	Struct	Array	
T	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+
a	Scalar	A	W	W	E(3)	-
r	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+
g	Vector	A	A/W(1)	W(2)	E(3)	E(6)
e	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+
t	Matrix	A	W(2)	A/W(1)	E(3)	E(7)
	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+
t	Struct	E	E(4)	E(4)	E(4/5)	E(4)
y	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+
p	Array	-	E(6)	E(7)	E(3)	E(6)
e	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+	-----+

- A = allowed implicitly or explicitly
- W = allowed, but warning issued **if** implicit
- E = only allowed with explicit cast
- = not allowed

notes

- (1) not allowed **if** target is larger than source. Warning **if** target is smaller than source
- (2) only allowed **if** source and target are the same total size
- (3) only **if** the first member of the source can be converted to the target
- (4) only **if** the target **struct** contains a single field of the

- source type
- (5) only **if** both source and target have the same number of members and each member of the source can be converted to the corresponding member of the target.
 - (6) Source and target sizes must be the same and element types must be compatible
 - (7) Array type must be an array of vectors that matches the matrix type.

Explicit casts are:

- compile-time type when applied to expressions of compile-time type.
- numeric type when applied to expressions of numeric or compile-time types.
- numeric vector type when applied to another vector type of the same number of elements.
- **numeric matrix type when applied to another matrix type of the same** number of rows and columns.

Type Equivalency

Type T1 is equivalent to type T2 if any of the following are true:

- T2 is equivalent to T1.
- T1 and T2 are the same scalar, vector, or structure type. A packed array type is *not* equivalent to the same size unpacked array.
- T1 is a typedef name of T2.
- T1 and T2 are arrays of equivalent types with the same number of elements.
- The unqualified types of T1 and T2 are equivalent, and both types have the same qualifications.
- T1 and T2 are functions with equivalent return types, the same number of parameters, and all corresponding parameters are pair-wise equivalent.

Type-Promotion Rules

The `cfloat` and `cint` types behave like `float` and `int` types, except for the usual arithmetic conversion behavior (defined below) and function-overloading rules (defined later).

The *usual arithmetic conversions* for binary operators are defined as follows:

1. If one operand is `cint` it is converted to the other type
2. If one operand is `cfloat` and the other is *floating*, the `cfloat` is converted to the other type
3. If both operands are *floating* then the smaller type is converted to the larger type
4. If one operand is *floating* and the other is *integral*, the integral argument is converted to the floating type.
5. If both operands are *integral* the smaller type is converted to the larger type
6. If one operand is *signed integral* while the other is *unsigned integral* and they are the same size, the signed type is converted to unsigned.

Note that conversions happen prior to performing the operation.

Assignment

Assignment of an expression to a *concrete* typed object converts the expression to the type of the object. The resulting value is then assigned to the object or value.

The value of the assignment expressions (`=`, `*=`, and so on) is defined as in C:

An assignment expression has the value of the left operand after the assignment but is not an lvalue. The type of an assignment expression is the type of the left operand unless the left operand has a qualified type, in which case it is the unqualified version of the type of the left operand. The side effect of updating the stored value of the left operand occurs between the previous and the next sequence point.

An assignment of an expression to a *dynamic* typed object is only possible if the type of the expression is compatible with the dynamic object type. The object will then take on the type of the expression assigned to it until the next assignment to it.

“Smearing” of Scalars to Vectors

If a binary operator is applied to a vector and a scalar, the scalar is automatically type-promoted to a same-sized vector by replicating the scalar into each component. The ternary `? :` operator also supports smearing. The binary rule is applied to the second and third operands first, and then the binary rule is applied to this result and the first operand.

Namespaces

Just as in C, there are two namespaces. Each has multiple scopes, as in C.

- Tag namespace, which consists of `struct` tags
- Regular namespace:
 - typedef names (including an automatic typedef from a `struct` declaration)
 - variables
 - function names

Constant Buffers

Constant buffers are used to define uniform blocks in Cg. A constant buffer is defined using the `uniform` keyword:

```
uniform <blockname> {...} <object> : BUFFER [ [N] ] ;
```

The `N` refers to a unit number and is optional. Each object defined within the block will have a unique slot in the constant buffer.

Arrays and Subscripting

Arrays are declared as in C, except that they may optionally be declared to be `packed`, as described earlier. Arrays in Cg are first-class types, so array parameters to functions and programs must be declared using array syntax, rather than pointer syntax. Likewise, assignment of an *array*-typed object implies an array copy rather than a pointer copy.

Arrays with size `[1]` may be declared but are considered a different type from the corresponding non-array type.

Because the language does not currently support pointers, the storage order of arrays is only visible when an application passes parameters to a vertex or fragment program. Therefore, the compiler is currently free to allocate temporary variables as it sees fit.

The declaration and use of arrays of arrays is in the same style as in C. That is, if the 2D array `A` is declared as

```
float A[4][4];
```

then, the following statements are true:

- The array is indexed as `A[row][column]`;
- The array can be built with a constructor using

```
float4x4 A = { { A[0][0], A[0][1], A[0][2], A[0][3] },
              { A[1][0], A[1][1], A[1][2], A[1][3] },
              { A[2][0], A[2][1], A[2][2], A[2][3] },
              { A[3][0], A[3][1], A[3][2], A[3][3] } };
```

- `A[0]` is equivalent to `float4(A[0][0], A[0][1], A[0][2], A[0][3])`

Support must be provided for structs containing arrays.

Unsize Arrays

Objects may be declared as *unsize* arrays by using a declaration with an empty size `[]` and no initializer. If a declarator uses unsize array syntax with an initializer, it is declared with a concrete (size) array type based on the declarator. Unsize arrays are *dynamic* typed objects that take on the size of any array assigned to them.

Minimum Array Requirements

Profiles are required to provide partial support for certain kinds of arrays. This partial support is designed to support vectors and matrices in all profiles. For vertex profiles, it is additionally designed to support arrays of light state (indexed by light number) passed as uniform parameters, and arrays of skinning matrices passed as uniform parameters.

Profiles must support subscripting, copying, size querying and swizzling of vectors and matrices. However, subscripting with run-time computed indices is not required to be supported.

Vertex profiles must support the following operations for any non-packed array that is a uniform parameter to the program, or is an element of a structure that is a uniform parameter to the program. This requirement also applies when the array is indirectly a uniform program parameter (that is, it and or the structure containing it has been passed via a chain of `in` function parameters). The three operations that must be supported are

- rvalue subscripting by a run-time computed value or a compile-time value.
- passing the entire array as a parameter to a function, where the corresponding formal function parameter is declared as `in`.
- querying the size of the array with a `.length` suffix.

The following operations are explicitly not required to be supported:

- lvalue-subscripting
- copying
- other operators, including multiply, add, compare, and so on

Note that when a uniform array is rvalue subscripted, the result is an expression, and this expression is no longer considered to be a `uniform` program parameter. Therefore, if this expression is an array, its subsequent use must conform to the standard rules for array usage.

These rules are not limited to arrays of numeric types, and thus imply support for arrays of `struct`, arrays of matrices, and arrays of vectors when the array is a `uniform` program parameter. Maximum array sizes may be limited by the number of available registers or other resource limits, and compilers are permitted to issue error messages in these cases. However, profiles must support sizes of at least `float arr[8]`, `float4 arr[8]`, and `float4x4 arr[4][4]`.

Fragment profiles are not required to support any operations on arbitrarily sized arrays; only support for vectors and matrices is required.

Function Overloading

Multiple functions may be defined with the same name, as long as the definitions can be distinguished by unqualified parameter types and do not have an open-profile conflict (as described in the section on open functions).

Function-matching rules:

1. Add all visible functions with a matching name in the calling scope to the set of function candidates.
2. Eliminate functions whose profile conflicts with the current compilation profile.
3. Eliminate functions with the wrong number of formal parameters. If a candidate function has excess formal parameters, and each of the excess parameters has a default value, do not eliminate the function.
4. If the set is empty, fail.
5. For each actual parameter expression in sequence (left to right), perform the following:
 1. If the type of the actual parameter matches the unqualified type of the corresponding formal parameter in any function in the set, remove all functions whose corresponding parameter does not match exactly.
 2. If there is a function with a dynamically typed formal argument which is compatible with the actual parameter type, remove all functions whose corresponding parameter is not similarly compatible.
 3. If there is a defined promotion for the type of the actual parameter to the unqualified type of the formal parameter of any function, remove all functions for which this is not true from the set.

4. If there is a valid implicit cast that converts the type of the actual parameter to the unqualified type of the formal parameter of any function, remove all functions for which this is not true from the set
5. Fail.
6. Choose a function based on profile:
 1. If there is at least one function with a profile that exactly matches the compilation profile, discard all functions that don't exactly match.
 2. Otherwise, if there is at least one function with a wildcard profile that matches the compilation profile, determine the 'most specific' matching wildcard profile in the candidate set. Discard all functions except those with this 'most specific' wildcard profile. How 'specific' a given wildcard profile name is relative to a particular profile is determined by the profile specification.
7. If the number of functions remaining in the set is not one, then fail.

Global Variables

Global variables are declared and used as in C. Non-static variables may have a semantic associated with them. Uniform non-static variables may have their value set through the run-time API.

Use of Uninitialized Variables

It is incorrect for a program to use an uninitialized static or local variable. However, the compiler is not obligated to detect such errors, even if it would be possible to do so by compile-time data-flow analysis. The value obtained from reading an uninitialized variable is undefined. This same rule applies to the implicit use of a variable that occurs when it is returned by a top-level function. In particular, if a top-level function returns a `struct`, and some element of that `struct` is never written, then the value of that element is undefined.

Note: The language designers did not choose to define variables as being initialized to zero because that would result in a performance penalty in cases where the compiler is unable to determine if a variable is properly initialized by the programmer.

Preprocessor

Cg profiles must support the full ANSI C standard preprocessor capabilities: `#if`, `#define`, and so on. However, while `#include` must be supported the mechanism by which the file to be included is located is implementation defined.

Overview of Binding Semantics

In stream-processing architectures, data packets flow between different programmable units. On a GPU, for example, packets of vertex data flow from the application to the vertex program.

Because packets are produced by one program (the application, in this case), and consumed by another (the vertex program), there must be some mechanism for defining the interface between the two. Cg allows the user to choose between two different approaches to defining these interfaces.

The first approach is to associate a binding semantic with each element of the packet. This approach is a *bind-by-name* approach. For example, an output with the binding semantic `FOO` is fed to an input with the binding semantic `FOO`. Profiles may allow the user to define arbitrary identifiers in this "semantic namespace", or they may restrict the allowed identifiers to a predefined set. Often, these predefined names correspond to the names of hardware registers or API resources.

In some cases, predefined names may control non-programmable parts of the hardware. For example, vertex programs normally compute a position that is fed to the rasterizer, and this position is stored in an output with the binding semantic `POSITION`.

For any profile, there are two namespaces for predefined binding semantics—the namespace used for `in` variables and the namespace used for `out` variables. The primary implication of having two namespaces is that the binding semantic cannot be used to implicitly specify whether a variable is `in` or `out`.

The second approach to defining data packets is to describe the data that is present in a packet and allow the compiler to decide how to store it. In Cg, the user can describe the contents of a data packet by placing all of its contents into a `struct`. When a `struct` is used in this manner, we refer to it as a *connector*. The two approaches are not mutually exclusive, as is discussed later. The connector approach allows the user to rely on a combination of user-specified semantic bindings and compiler-determined bindings.

Binding Semantics

A binding semantic may be associated with an input to a top-level function or a global variable in one of three ways:

- The binding semantic is specified in the formal parameter declaration for the function. The syntax for formal parameters to a function is:

```
[const] [in | out | inout] <type> <identifier> [: <binding-semantic>] [= <initializer>];
```

- If the formal parameter is a `struct`, the binding semantic may be specified with an element of the `struct` when the `struct` is defined:

```
struct <struct-tag> {
    <type> <identifier>[: <binding-semantic>];
    ...
};
```

- If the input to the function is implicit (a non-static global variable that is read by the function), the binding semantic may be specified when the non-static global variable is declared:

```
[varying [in | out]] <type> <identifier> [: <binding-semantic>];
```

If the non-static global variable is a `struct`, the binding semantic may be specified when the `struct` is defined, as described in the second bullet above.

- A binding semantic may be associated with the output of a top-level function in a similar manner:

```
<type> <identifier> ( <parameter-list> ) [: <binding-semantic>]
{
    :
}
```

Another method available for specifying a semantic for an output value is to return a `struct`, and to specify the binding semantic(s) with elements of the `struct` when the `struct` is defined. In addition, if the output is a formal parameter, then the binding semantic may be specified using the same approach used to specify binding semantics for inputs.

Aliasing of Semantics

Semantics must honor a copy-on-input and copy-on-output model. Thus, if the same input binding semantic is used for two different variables, those variables are initialized with the same value, but the variables are not aliased thereafter. Output aliasing is illegal, but implementations are not required to detect it. If the compiler does not issue an error on a program that aliases output binding semantics, the results are undefined.

Additional Details for Binding Semantics

The following are somewhat redundant, but provide extra clarity:

- Semantic names are case-insensitive.
- Semantics attached to parameters to non-main functions are ignored.
- Input semantics may be aliased by multiple variables.
- Output semantics may not be aliased.

Using a Structure to Define Binding Semantics (Connectors)

Cg profiles may optionally allow the user to avoid the requirement that a binding semantic be specified for every non-uniform input (or output) variable to a top-level program. To avoid this requirement, all the non-uniform variables should be included within a single `struct`. The compiler automatically allocates the elements of this structure to

hardware resources in a manner that allows any program that returns this `struct` to interoperate with any program that uses this `struct` as an input.

It is not *required* that all non-uniform inputs be included within a single `struct` in order to omit binding semantics. Binding semantics may be omitted from any input or output, and the compiler performs automatic allocation of that input or output to a hardware resource. However, to guarantee interoperability of one program's output with another program's input when automatic binding is performed, it is necessary to put all of the variables in a single `struct`.

It is permissible to explicitly specify a binding semantic for some elements of the `struct`, but not others. The compiler's automatic allocation must honor these explicit bindings. The allowed set of explicitly specified binding semantics is defined by the allocation-rule identifier. The most common use of this capability is to bind variables to hardware registers that write to, or read from, non-programmable parts of the hardware. For example, in a typical vertex-program profile, the output `struct` would contain an element with an explicitly specified `POSITION` semantic. This element is used to control the hardware rasterizer.

Defining Binding Semantics via an external API

It may be possible to define binding semantics on inputs and outputs by using an external API that manipulates the programs environment. The Cg Runtime API is such an API that allows this, and others may exist.

How Programs Receive and Return Data

A program is a non-static function that has been designated as the main entry point at compilation time. The varying inputs to the program come from this top-level function's varying `in` parameters, and any global varying variables that do not have an `out` modifier. The uniform inputs to the program come from the top-level function's uniform `in` parameters and from any non-static global variables that are referenced by the top-level function or by any functions that it calls. The output of the program comes from the return value of the function (which is always implicitly varying), from any `out` parameters, which must also be varying, and from any varying `out` global variables that are written by the program.

Parameters to a program of type `sampler*` are implicitly `const`.

Statements and Expressions

Statements are expressed just as in C, unless an exception is stated elsewhere in this document. Additionally,

- `if`, `while`, and `for` require `bool` expressions in the appropriate places.
- Assignment is performed using `=`. The assignment operator returns a value, just as in C, so assignments may be chained.
- The new `discard` statement terminates execution of the program for the current data element (such as the current vertex or current fragment) and suppresses its output. Vertex profiles may choose to omit support for `discard`.

Minimum Requirements for `if`, `while`, `for`

The minimum requirements are as follows:

- All profiles should support `if`, but such support is not strictly required for older hardware.
- All profiles should support `for` and `while` loops if the number of loop iterations can be determined at compile time. "Can be determined at compile time" is defined as follows: The loop-iteration expressions can be evaluated at compile time by use of intra-procedural constant propagation and folding, where the variables through which constant values are propagated do not appear as lvalues within any kind of control statement (`if`, `for`, or `while`) or `?:` construct. Profiles may choose to support more general constant propagation techniques, but such support is not required.
- Profiles may optionally support fully general `for` and `while` loops.

New Vector Operators

These new operators are defined for vector types:

- Vector construction operator: *typeID*(...):
This operator builds a vector from multiple scalars or shorter vectors:
 - `float4(scalar, scalar, scalar, scalar)`
 - `float4(float3, scalar)`
- Matrix construction operator: *typeID*(...):
This operator builds a matrix from multiple rows.
Each row may be specified either as multiple scalars or as any combination of scalars and vectors with the appropriate size, e.g.

```
float3x3(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
float3x3(float3, float3, float3)
float3x3(1, float2, float3, 1, 1, 1)
```

- Vector swizzle operator: `(.)`

```
a = b.xyz; // A swizzle operator example
```

- At least one swizzle character must follow the operator.
- There are three sets of swizzle characters and they may not be mixed: Set one is `xyzw = 0123`, set two is `rgba = 0123`, and set three is `stpq = 0123`.
- The vector swizzle operator may only be applied to vectors or to scalars.
- Applying the vector swizzle operator to a scalar gives the same result as applying the operator to a vector of length one. Thus, `myscalar.xxx` and `float3(myscalar, myscalar, myscalar)` yield the same value.
- If only one swizzle character is specified, the result is a scalar not a vector of length one. Therefore, the expression `b.y` returns a scalar.
- Care is required when swizzling a constant scalar because of ambiguity in the use of the decimal point character. For example, to create a three-vector from a scalar, use one of the following: `(1).xxx` or `1.xxx` or `1.0.xxx` or `1.0f.xxx`
- The size of the returned vector is determined by the number of swizzle characters. Therefore, the size of the result may be larger or smaller than the size of the original vector. For example, `float2(0,1).xyy` and `float4(0,0,1,1)` yields the same result.

- Matrix swizzle operator:

For any matrix type of the form '`<type><rows>x<columns>`', the notation: '`<matrixObject>._m<row><col>[_m<row><col>][...]`' can be used to access individual matrix elements (in the case of only one `<row>`,`<col>` pair) or to construct vectors from elements of a matrix (in the case of more than one `<row>`,`<col>` pair). The row and column numbers are zero-based.

For example:

```
float4x4 myMatrix;
float    myFloatScalar;
float4   myFloatVec4;

// Set myFloatScalar to myMatrix[3][2]
myFloatScalar = myMatrix._m32;

// Assign the main diagonal of myMatrix to myFloatVec4
myFloatVec4 = myMatrix._m00_m11_m22_m33;
```

For compatibility with the `D3DMatrix` data type, Cg also allows one-based swizzles, using a form with the `m` omitted after the `_`: '`<matrixObject>._<row><col>[_<row><col>][...]`' In this form, the indexes for `<row>` and `<col>` are one-based, rather than the C standard zero-based. So, the two forms are functionally equivalent:

```
float4x4 myMatrix;
float4   myVec;

// These two statements are functionally equivalent:
myVec = myMatrix._m00_m23_m11_m31;
myVec = myMatrix._11_34_22_42;
```

Because of the confusion that can be caused by the one-based indexing, its use is strongly discouraged. Also one-based indexing and zero-based indexing cannot be mixed in a single swizzle

The matrix swizzles may only be applied to matrices. When multiple components are extracted from a matrix using a swizzle, the result is an appropriately sized vector. When a swizzle is used to extract a single component from a matrix, the result is a scalar.

- The write-mask operator: (.) It can only be applied to an lvalue that is a vector or matrix. It allows assignment to particular elements of a vector or matrix, leaving other elements unchanged. It looks exactly like a swizzle, with the additional restriction that a component cannot be repeated.

Arithmetic Precision and Range

Some hardware may not conform exactly to IEEE arithmetic rules. Fixed-point data types do not have IEEE-defined rules.

Optimizations are permitted to produce slightly different results than unoptimized code. Constant folding must be done with approximately the correct precision and range, but is not required to produce bit-exact results. It is recommended that compilers provide an option either to forbid these optimizations or to guarantee that they are made in bit-exact fashion.

Operator Precedence

Cg uses the same operator precedence as C for operators that are common between the two languages.

The swizzle and write-mask operators (.) have the same precedence as the structure member operator (.) and the array index operator [].

Operator Enhancements

The standard C arithmetic operators (+, -, *, /, %, unary -) are extended to support vectors and matrices. Sizes of vectors and matrices must be appropriately matched, according to standard mathematical rules. Scalar-to-vector promotion, as described earlier, allows relaxation of these rules.

M[n][m]

Matrix with n rows and m columns

V[n]

Vector with n elements

-V[n] -> V[n]

Unary vector negate

-M[n] -> M[n]

Unary matrix negate

V[n] * V[n] -> V[n]

Componentwise *

V[n] / V[n] -> V[n]

Componentwise /

V[n] % V[n] -> V[n]

Componentwise %

V[n] + V[n] -> V[n]

Componentwise +

V[n] - V[n] -> V[n]

Componentwise -

$M[n][m] * M[n][m] \rightarrow M[n][m]$

Componentwise *

$M[n][m] / M[n][m] \rightarrow M[n][m]$

Componentwise /

$M[n][m] \% M[n][m] \rightarrow M[n][m]$

Componentwise %

$M[n][m] + M[n][m] \rightarrow M[n][m]$

Componentwise +

$M[n][m] - M[n][m] \rightarrow M[n][m]$

Componentwise -

Operators

Boolean

&& || !

Boolean operators may be applied to `bool` packed bool vectors, in which case they are applied in elementwise fashion to produce a result vector of the same size. Each operand must be a `bool` vector of the same size.

Both sides of `&&` and `||` are always evaluated; there is no short-circuiting as there is in C.

Comparisons

< > <= >= != ==

Comparison operators may be applied to numeric vectors. Both operands must be vectors of the same size. The comparison operation is performed in elementwise fashion to produce a `bool` vector of the same size.

Comparison operators may also be applied to `bool` vectors. For the purpose of relational comparisons, `true` is treated as one and `false` is treated as zero. The comparison operation is performed in elementwise fashion to produce a `bool` vector of the same size.

Comparison operators may also be applied to numeric or bool scalars.

Arithmetic

+ - * / % ++ -- unary- unary+

The arithmetic operator `%` is the remainder operator, as in C. It may only be applied to two operands of `cint` or `int` types.

When `/` or `%` is used with `cint` or `int` operands, C rules for integer `/` and `%` apply.

The C operators that combine assignment with arithmetic operations (such as `+=`) are also supported when the corresponding arithmetic operator is supported by Cg.

Conditional Operator

?:

If the first operand is of type `bool`, one of the following must hold for the second and third operands:

- Both operands have compatible structure types.
- Both operands are scalars with numeric or `bool` type.

- Both operands are vectors with numeric or `bool` type, where the two vectors are of the same size, which is less than or equal to four.

If the first operand is a packed vector of `bool`, then the conditional selection is performed on an elementwise basis. Both the second and third operands must be numeric vectors of the same size as the first operand.

Unlike C, side effects in the expressions in the second and third operands are always executed, regardless of the condition.

Miscellaneous Operators

`(typename) expr ,`

Cg supports C's `typename` and comma operators.

Reserved Words

The following are currently used reserved words in Cg. A '*' indicates that the reserved word is case-insensitive.

`__`[anything] (i.e. any identifier with two underscores as a prefix)

`asm*`

`asm_fragment`

`auto`

`bool`

`break`

`case`

`catch`

`char`

`class`

`column_major`

`compile`

`const`

`const_cast`

`continue`

`decl*`

`default`

`delete`

`discard`

`do`

`double`

`dword*`

`dynamic_cast`

`else`

`emit`

enum
explicit
extern
false
fixed
float*
for
friend
get
goto
half
if
in
inline
inout
int
interface
long
matrix*
mutable
namespace
new
operator
out
packed
pass*
pixelfragment*
pixelshader*
private
protected
public
register
reinterpret_cast
return
row_major
sampler

sampler_state
sampler1D
sampler2D
sampler3D
samplerCUBE
shared
short
signed
sizeof
static
static_cast
string*
struct
switch
technique*
template
texture*
texture1D
texture2D
texture3D
textureCUBE
textureRECT
this
throw
true
try
typedef
typeid
typename
uniform
union
unsigned
using
vector*
vertexfragment*
vertexshader*

virtual
 void
 volatile
 while

Cg Standard Library Functions

Cg provides a set of built-in functions and structures to simplify GPU programming. These functions are similar in spirit to the C standard library functions, providing a convenient set of common functions.

The Cg Standard Library functions are documented in the Cg Standard Library *index*.

VERTEX PROGRAM PROFILES

A few features of the Cg language that are specific to vertex program profiles are required to be implemented in the same manner for all vertex program profiles.

Mandatory Computation of Position Output

Vertex program profiles may (and typically do) require that the program compute a position output. This homogeneous clip-space position is used by the hardware rasterizer and must be stored in a program output with an output binding semantic of POSITION (or HPOS for backward compatibility).

Position Invariance

In many graphics APIs, the user can choose between two different approaches to specifying per-vertex computations: use a built-in configurable “fixed-function” pipeline or specify a user-written vertex program. If the user wishes to mix these two approaches, it is sometimes desirable to guarantee that the position computed by the first approach is bit-identical to the position computed by the second approach. This “position invariance” is particularly important for multipass rendering.

Support for position invariance is optional in Cg vertex profiles, but for those vertex profiles that support it, the following rules apply:

- Position invariance with respect to the fixed function pipeline is guaranteed if two conditions are met:
 - A `#pragma position_invariant <top-level-function-name>` appears before the body of the top-level function for the vertex program.
 - The vertex program computes position as follows:

```
OUT_POSITION = mul(MVP, IN_POSITION)
```

where:

OUT_POSITION

is a variable (or structure element) of type `float4` with an output binding semantic of POSITION or HPOS.

IN_POSITION

is a variable (or structure element) of type `float4` with an input binding semantic of POSITION.

MVP

is a uniform variable (or structure element) of type `float4x4` with an input binding semantic that causes it to track the fixed-function modelview-projection matrix. (The name of this binding semantic is currently profile-specific – for OpenGL profiles, the semantic `state.matrix.mvp` is recommended).

- If the first condition is met but not the second, the compiler is encouraged to issue a warning.
- Implementations may choose to recognize more general versions of the second condition (such as the variables being copy propagated from the original inputs and outputs), but this additional generality is not required.

Binding Semantics for Outputs

As shown in Table 10, there are two output binding semantics for vertex program profiles:

Table 10 Vertex Output Binding Semantics

Name	Meaning	Type	Default Value
POSITION	Homogeneous clip-space position; fed to rasterizer.	float4	Undefined
PSIZE	Point size	float	Undefined

Profiles may define additional output binding semantics with specific behaviors, and these definitions are expected to be consistent across commonly used profiles.

FRAGMENT PROGRAM PROFILES

A few features of the Cg language that are specific to fragment program profiles are required to be implemented in the same manner for all fragment program profiles.

Binding semantics for outputs

As shown in Table 11, there are three output binding semantics for fragment program profiles:

Table 11 Fragment Output Binding Semantics

Name	Meaning	Type	Default Value
COLOR	RGBA output color	float4	Undefined
COLOR0	Same as COLOR		
DEPTH	Fragment depth value (in range [0,1])	float	Interpolated depth from rasterizer (in range [0,1])

Profiles may define additional output binding semantics with specific behaviors, and these definitions are expected to be consistent across commonly used profiles.

If a program desires an output color alpha of 1.0, it should explicitly write a value of 1.0 to the *W* component of the `COLOR` output. The language does *not* define a default value for this output.

Note: If the target hardware uses a default value for this output, the compiler may choose to optimize away an explicit write specified by the user if it matches the default hardware value. Such defaults are not exposed in the language.)

In contrast, the language does define a default value for the `DEPTH` output. This default value is the interpolated depth obtained from the rasterizer. Semantically, this default value is copied to the output at the beginning of the execution of the fragment program.

As discussed earlier, when a binding semantic is applied to an output, the type of the output variable is not required to match the type of the binding semantic. For example, the following is legal, although not recommended:

```
struct myfragoutput {  
    float2 mycolor : COLOR;  
}
```

In such cases, the variable is implicitly copied (with a typecast) to the semantic upon program completion. If the variable's vector size is shorter than the semantic's vector size, the larger-numbered components of the semantic receive their default values if applicable, and otherwise are undefined. In the case above, the *R* and *G* components of the output color are obtained from `mycolor`, while the *B* and *A* components of the color are undefined.

CG COMMANDS

2.1 cgc

NAME

cgc - cg compiler driver

SYNOPSIS

cgc [options] file ...

DESCRIPTION

cgc is the standalone Cg compiler which translates Cg or GLSL programs into OpenGL or DirectX shader assembly code, or OpenGL or DirectX shading language code.

OPTIONS

Basic options

-entry *name*

Sets the entry function for the shader to compile. Defaults to `main`.

-o *file*

Sets the output file to be written. Default outputs to `stdout`.

-l *file*

Sets the listing file, where error and warning messages are written. Defaults to `stderr`.

-profile *name*

Selects the target profile, specifying the shader language to be generated.

-profileopts *opt1,opt2,...*

-po *opt1,opt2,...*

Sets one or more profile specific options.

-noentry

Sets check only mode, where no shader is compiled, but all the code in the input file is checked for syntactic correctness.

Language options

`-oglsl`

Sets the source language to GLSL.

`-ogles`

Sets the source language to OpenGL/ES GLSL.

`-strict`

`-nostrict`

Enable or disable strict typechecking, where most questionable constructs will be flagged as warnings.

`-glslWerror`

Like `-strict` but in addition, unportable GLSL constructs will be flagged as errors.

`-nowarn`

Disable all warnings.

`-nowarn=N,N,...`

Disable one or more specific numbered warnings.

`-fx`

`-nofx`

Enables or disables FX parsing mode, where FX keywords are recognized. Defaults to on in Cg mode and off in GLSL mode.

`-nostdlib`

Disable the standard library.

`-no_uniform_blocks`

Don't allow defining constant buffers with the uniform keyword. Support BUFFER semantics on structs instead.

Code Generation Options

`-fastmath`

`-nofastmath`

Enable or disable optimizations that may change/lose precision in low order bits, such as associative transforms like $(a + b) + c$ instead of $a + (b + c)$. Default is `-fastmath`.

`-fastprecision`

`-nofastprecision`

Enable or disable optimizations doing operations at lower precision than is specified when the result is later converted to a lower precision or the operands were originally in lower precision. Default is `-nofastprecision`.

`-bestprecision`

Always do things in the best possible precision; only use lower precision operations if there is no possibility of difference. Implies `-nofastmath` and `-nofastprecision`.

`-unroll allnonelcount=N`

Control loop unrolling. `-unroll all` will force unrolling of all loops that can be unrolled, while `-unroll none` will prevent unrolling except if code cannot otherwise be generated in the current profiles (so it will have no effect in profiles that don't support looping). `unroll count=N` will unroll loops if the estimate of the resulting code is less than N instructions. The estimate does not take into account further optimizations that may be done after unrolling, so it might be quite inaccurate.

`-inline allnonecount=N`

Control function inlining. Setting `-inline none` will additionally disable inlining of functions with an explicit `inline` keyword, which are otherwise always inlined. Setting `-inline count=0` will effectively disable inlining of all functions that do not have an explicit `inline` keyword.

`-ifcvt allnonecount=N`

control if conversion (replacement of small if/else blocks with conditional assignments).

`-ON`

Sets the optimization level of the compiler, from 0 (lowest) to 3 (highest). Higher values may produce better code and will cause compile time to increase. Default is `-O1`.

`-looplimit N`

Assume loops that the compiler cannot determine an upper bound on the number of iterations may loop as many as N iterations. This may require generating extra code for such loops in some profiles.

`-d3d`

Generate code compatible with the Direct3D specification.

`-MaxInstInBasicBlock N`

break basic blocks after N instructions. This has an effect on local optimizations that don't cross basic block boundaries and may avoid bad compile time blowups in the presence of huge basic blocks due to algorithms that are non-linear in the basic block size.

`-maxunrollcount N`

Deprecated. Don't unroll loops with more than N iterations. Use the `-unroll` option instead, which provides better fine-grained control.

Preprocessor Options

`-DMACRO[=VALUE]`

Sets a preprocessor macro. If `VALUE` is not specified it defaults to 1.

`-Idirectory`

Adds a directory to the end of the search path for `#include` files. The default search path is empty.

`-E`

Don't compile, just preprocess the input.

`-P`

With `-E`, suppresses the generation of `#line` directives in the output.

`-C`

With `-E`, preserves comments in the output.

`-MG`

Ignore `#include` files that can't be found, rather than issuing an error.

`-M`

-MM
-MD
-MMD
-MP
-MF *file*
-MT *target*
-MQ *target*

Generate dependency information about `#included` files. These options are intended to be compatible with the options to `gcc`.

Miscellaneous Options

-quiet
-q
Supress all ‘noise’ output (copyright notices, indications of which files are being compiled, etc). With `-o` and `-l`, should result in no output being produced.
-nocode
Supress final code generation. Will actually run all the way through the compiler (so any errors present should be diagnosed), but don’t produce any actual output code.
-v

—version

Print compiler version information to listing.

-h
Print short option help summary to stdout and exit.
-help
Print longer option help summary to stdout, including all supported profiles and profile options, and exit.
-type *type_definition*

Set an override type binding for a variable.

-typefile *file*
Read override type bindings for variables from a file.

-dumpinputbind *file*
Dump type bindings for all variables to a file. This file may be passed back to the compiler with `-typefile`.

Debugging options

-debug
Enable the `debug` builtin function to abort operation of a shader and immedaitely output a value.
-debuglast
Like `-debug`, except the shader does not abort; instead it continues and outputs the value of the last `debug` function called.

`-debugdefault=value`

Like `-debug`, except if no `debug` call is reached, the output will be set to the specified value instead of what the shader normally computes.

`-deprecated`

Issue errors instead of warnings for any deprecated features used.

PROFILES

A *profile* specifies the output language of the cg compiler (either a shader assembly dialect, or a shading language). Each profile has its own set of *profile options* that can be set for it, though many related profiles have similar or identical options. Profiles can be grouped by program type, API, or GPU generation.

DirectX profiles

ds_5_0, gs_4_0, gs_5_0, hlslf, hlslv, hs_5_0, ps_1_1, ps_1_2, ps_1_3, ps_2_0, ps_2_x, ps_3_0, ps_4_0, ps_5_0, vs_1_1, vs_2_0, vs_2_x, vs_3_0, vs_4_0, vs_5_0

OpenGL profiles

arbfp1, arbv1, fp20, fp30, fp30unlimited, fp40, fp40unlimited, glslf, glslg, glslv, gp4fp, gp4gp, gp4vp, gp5fp, gp5gp, gp5tcp, gp5tep, gp5vp, vp20, vp30, vp40

Fragment profiles

arbfp1, fp20, fp30, fp30unlimited, fp40, fp40unlimited, glslf, gp4fp, gp5fp, hlslf, ps_1_1, ps_1_2, ps_1_3, ps_2_0, ps_2_x, ps_3_0, ps_4_0, ps_5_0

Geometry profiles

glslg, gp4gp, gp5gp, gs_4_0, gs_5_0

Vertex profiles

arbv1, glslv, gp4vp, gp5vp, hlslv, vp20, vp30, vp40, vs_1_1, vs_2_0, vs_2_x, vs_3_0, vs_4_0, vs_5_0

GeForce 3/4 Series profiles

fp20, vp20

GeForce 5 Series profiles

fp30, vp30

GeForce 6/7 Series profiles

fp40, vp40

GeForce 8/9/100/200/300 Series, OpenGL 3.x Quadro profiles

gp4fp, gp4gp, gp4vp

GeForce 400 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro profiles

gp5fp, gp5gp, gp5tcp, gp5tep, gp5vp

Profile options

Here is a complete list of all profiles and their corresponding profile options

arbfp1

Targets the **ARB_fragment_program** OpenGL extension

`-po ARB_draw_buffers`

Use the **ARB_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT). This is the default

`-po ATI_draw_buffers`

Use the **ATI_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT).

`-po MaxDrawBuffers=N`

Set the maximum number of renderbuffer targets. Default is 1

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 32

`-po MaxTexIndirections=N`

Sets the maximum number of texture indirections allowed in the output program. Default is 1024

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 1024

`-po NumMathInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of non-texture instructions in the output program. Default is 1024

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of TEMP registers in the output program. Default is 32

`-po NumTexInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of texture instructions in the output program. Default is 1024

arbvp1

Targets the **ARB_vertex_program** OpenGL extension

`-po MaxAddressRegs=N`

Sets the maximum number of ADDRESS registers in the output program. Default is 1

`-po MaxInstructions=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 1024

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 96

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of TEMP registers in the output program. Default is 32

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

fp20

Targets the **NV_register_combiners2** and **NV_texture_shader** OpenGL extensions

fp30

Targets the **NV_fragment_program** OpenGL extension

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 256

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 32

`fp30unlimited`

Same as `fp30` with various hardware limits on registers and instructions lifted

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 4194304

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 512

`fp40`

Targets the **NV_fragment_program2** OpenGL extension

`-po appleKilWAR`

Work around various bugs with KIL instructions in the OSX-tiger implementation of **NV_fragment_program2**

`-po ARB_draw_buffers`

Use the **ARB_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT). This is the default

`-po ATI_draw_buffers`

Use the **ATI_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT).

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is infinite

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is infinite

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of TEMP registers in the output program. Default is infinite

`-po OutColorPrec=N`

If N is 3 or 4, force output to fp16 precision. If N is 2, force output to fp32 precision.

`fp40unlimited`

Same as `fp40` with various hardware limits on registers and instructions lifted

`-po appleKilWAR`

Work around various bugs with KIL instructions in the OSX-tiger implementation of **NV_fragment_program2**

`-po ARB_draw_buffers`

Use the **ARB_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT). This is the default

`-po ATI_draw_buffers`

Use the **ATI_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT).

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 1024

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 4194304

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of TEMP registers in the output program. Default is 512

`-po OutColorPrec=N`

If *N* is 3 or 4, force output to fp16 precision. If *N* is 2, force output to fp32 precision.

`generic`

Produces a dump of the program in a non-executable format

glslf, *glslg* and *glslv*

Targets the OpenGL Shading language (GLSL) v1.10. *glslf* targets fragment programs while *glslv* targets vertex programs

`version=val`

GLSL version to target. Supported versions are **100**, **110**, **120**, **130**, **140**, **150**, **330**, **400** and **410**.

`userTexCoord`

Use user-defined varying instead of `gl_TexCoord`.

`ATI_draw_buffers`

Use **ATI_draw_buffers** extension for MRT.

`EXT_gpu_shader4`

Use **EXT_gpu_shader4** extension where useful.

gp4fp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program4** and **NV_fragment_program4** OpenGL extensions.

`-po fastimul`

Assume integer multiply inputs have at most 24 significant bits.

`-po NV_shader_buffer_load`

Use the **NV_shader_buffer_load** OpenGL extension.

`-po NV_parameter_buffer_object2`

Use the **NV_parameter_buffer_object2** OpenGL extension.

`-po PaBO2`

Use the **NV_parameter_buffer_object2** OpenGL extension.

`-po ARB_draw_buffers`

Use the **ARB_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT). This is the default

`-po ATI_draw_buffers`

Use the **ATI_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT).

`-po pixel_center_integer`

Use integer pixel centers.

`-po origin_upper_left`

Use upper left pixel origin.

gp4gp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program4** and **NV_geometry_program4** OpenGL extensions.

`-po POINT`

`-po LINE`

`-po LINE_ADJ`

`-po TRIANGLE`

`-po TRIANGLE_ADJ`

Set the input primitive type for the geometry program

`-po POINT_OUT`

`-po LINE_OUT`

`-po TRIANGLE_OUT`

Set the output primitive type for the geometry program

`-po Vertices=N`

Set the number of vertices output by the geometry program

gp4vp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program4** and **NV_vertex_program4** OpenGL extensions.

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

gp5fp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program5** OpenGL extension.

`-po fastimul`

Assume integer multiply inputs have at most 24 significant bits.

`-po NV_shader_buffer_load`

Use the **NV_shader_buffer_load** OpenGL extension.

`-po NV_parameter_buffer_object2`

Use the **NV_parameter_buffer_object2** OpenGL extension.

`-po PaBO2`

Use the **NV_parameter_buffer_object2** OpenGL extension.

`-po ARB_draw_buffers`

Use the **ARB_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT). This is the default

`-po ATI_draw_buffers`

Use the **ATI_draw_buffers** option for multiple renderbuffer targets (MRT).

`-po pixel_center_integer`

Use the **ARB_fragment_coord_conventions** OpenGL extension to specify integer pixel centers.

`-po origin_upper_left`

Use the **ARB_fragment_coord_conventions** OpenGL extension to specify upper left pixel origin.

`-po NV_early_fragment_tests`

Perform depth and stencil tests prior to fragment program invocation.

gp5gp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program5** OpenGL extension.

`-po POINT`

`-po LINE`

`-po LINE_ADJ`

`-po TRIANGLE`

`-po TRIANGLE_ADJ`

Set the input primitive type for the geometry program

`-po POINT_OUT`

`-po LINE_OUT`

`-po TRIANGLE_OUT`

Set the output primitive type for the geometry program

`-po Vertices=N`

Set the number of vertices output by the geometry program

gp5tcp

Targets the **NV_tessellation_program** and **NV_gpu_program5** OpenGL extensions.

gp5tep

Targets the **NV_tessellation_program** and **NV_gpu_program5** OpenGL extensions.

gp5vp

Targets the **NV_gpu_program5** OpenGL extension.

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

hlslf hlslv

Targets Microsoft High-Level Shading Language (HLSL). *hlslf* targets pixel programs while *hlslv* targets vertex programs

ps_1_1 ps_1_2 ps_1_3

Targets DirectX pixel programs

`-po MaxPixelShaderValue=N`

Maximum absolute value representable in a pixel shader. Default is 1.

ps_2_0 ps_2_x

Targets DirectX pixel programs

`-po MaxDrawBuffers=N`

Set the maximum number of renderbuffer targets. Default is 1

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 96 or 512

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 12 or 32

ps_3_0

Targets DirectX pixel programs

`-po MaxDrawBuffers=N`

Set the maximum number of renderbuffer targets. Default is 1

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 224

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 32768

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 32

`-po OutColorPrec=N`

If N is 3 or 4, force output to fp16 precision. If N is 2, force output to fp32 precision.

vp20

Targets the **NV_vertex_program** OpenGL extension

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 96

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

vp30

Targets the **NV_vertex_program2** OpenGL extension

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 256

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

vp40

Targets the **NV_vertex_program3** OpenGL extension

`-po MaxAddressRegs=N`

Sets the maximum number of ADDRESS registers in the output program. Default is 2

`-po MaxInstructions=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 2048

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 544

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of TEMP registers in the output program. Default is 32

`-po PosInv`

Generate position invariant code (same as fixed-function) for POSITION output

vs_1_1

Targets DirectX vertex programs

`-po dcls`

Output dx9-style dcls statements

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 96

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 128

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 12

vs_2_0 vs_2_x

Targets DirectX vertex programs

`-po dcls`

Output dx9-style dcls statements

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 256

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 256

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 12

vs_3_0

Targets DirectX vertex programs

`-po dcls`

Output dx9-style dcls statements

`-po MaxLocalParams=N`

Set the maximum number of uniform parameter slots available. Default is 256

`-po NumInstructionSlots=N`

Sets the maximum number of instructions in the output program. Default is 32768

`-po NumTemps=N`

Sets the maximum number of temporaries in the output program. Default is 32

ENVIRONMENT

SEE ALSO

Cg Language Specification, arbfpl, arbvpl, fp20, fp30, fp40, glslf, glslv, gp4fp, gp4gp, gp4vp, hlslf, hlslv, vp20, vp30, vp40

2.2 cgfxcat

NAME

cgfxcat - dump a Cg effect or program file to standard out

SYNOPSIS

`cgfxcat.exe [-gl] [-effect] [-program] [-object] [-profile profile] [-entry entry] file`

DESCRIPTION

cgfxcat loads an effect or program file and calls every query operation available in the core runtime on the resulting Cg object. The values returned by the queries are written to standard out.

The source code for **cgfxcat** is found under `examples/Tools/cgfxcat`.

OPTIONS

`file`

The effect or program file to be processed. **cgfxcat** can handle effect files, program files, or precompiled program files.

Files with a **.cgfx** or **.fx** extension will be loaded using *cgCreateEffectFromFile*. Files with a **.cg** or **.hlsl** extension will be loaded using *cgCreateProgramFromFile*. Any other extension is passed to *cgGetProfile* and if a valid **CGprofile** is found the file is loaded using *cgCreateProgramFromFile* with the **program_type** set to **CG_OBJECT**. You can override these built-in file extension mappings with the **-effect**, **-program**, or **-object** options.

`-effect`

Treat **file** as an effect file, ignoring its extension.

`-program`

Treat **file** as a program file, ignoring its extension.

`-object`

Treat **file** as an precompiled program file, ignoring its extension.

`-profile profile`

Use the **CGprofile** returned by *cgGetProfile* for **profile** as the **profile** argument of *cgCreateProgramFromFile* when compiling **file**.

`-entry entry`

Use **entry** as the **entry** argument of *cgCreateProgramFromFile* when compiling **file**.

-gl

Register states with *cgGLRegisterStates* rather than using the generic state code built into **cgfxcat**.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffectFromFile, *cgCreateProgramFromFile*, *cgGetProfile*, *cgGLRegisterStates*

2.3 cginfo

NAME

cginfo - print Cg library information

SYNOPSIS

cginfo [-help] [-profiles] [/path/to/library]

DESCRIPTION

cginfo will print a Cg library's version string to the standard output along with the path to the library from which the version was retrieved. The list of supported profiles can also be displayed.

The source code for **cginfo** is found under `examples/Tools/cginfo`. This example demonstrates how to load the Cg library and get the address of a symbol from the library for all of the platforms on which Cg is supported.

OPTIONS

-help

Print a description of the command line options understood by **cginfo** on the standard output.

-profiles

Also print a list of profiles supported by this library on the standard output. Note that the APIs to enumerate supported profiles were introduced in Cg 2.2. If the library being queried is 2.1 or earlier then this option will have no effect.

`/path/to/library`

Platform specific path the library to be queried. If no explicit library path is given the platform specific rules for finding shared libraries will be used to locate a copy of the Cg library to query.

SEE ALSO

Cg_language

CG PROFILES

3.1 arbfpl

NAME

arbfpl - OpenGL fragment profile for multi-vendor **ARB_fragment_program** extension

SYNOPSIS

```
arbfpl
```

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX and other DirectX 9 GPUs. This profile is supported by any OpenGL implementation that conformantly implements **ARB_fragment_program**.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **ARB_fragment_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the multi-vendor **ARB_fragment_program** extension. This extension is supported by GeForce FX and later GPUS. ATI GPUs also support this extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_ARB_fragment_program`

PROFILE OPTIONS

`NumTemps=n`

Number of temporaries to use, 32 by default.

`NumInstructionSlots=n`

Maximum allowable (static) instructions. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs.

`NumTexInstructionSlots=n`

Maximum number of texture instructions to generate. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 32).

NumMathInstructionSlots=*n*

Maximum number of math instructions to generate. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 64).

MaxTexIndirections=*n*

Maximum number of texture indirections. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 4).

ATI_draw_buffers

When multiple draw buffers are used, use the **ATI_draw_buffers** syntax so the generated code says `OPTION ATI_draw_buffers`. The default, if this option is not specified, is to use **ARB_draw_buffers**.

ARB_draw_buffers

When multiple draw buffers are used, use the **ARB_draw_buffers** syntax so the generated code says `OPTION ARB_draw_buffers`. This option is the default.

MaxDrawBuffers=*n*

Maximum draw buffers for use with **ARB_draw_buffers**. Set to 1 for NV3x GPUs. Use up to 4 for NV4x or ATI GPUs.

MaxLocalParams=*n*

Maximum allowable local parameters.

pixel_center_integer=*b*

Boolean to enable integer pixel centers.

origin_upper_left=*b*

Boolean to enable upper left pixel origin.

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

to-be-written

SEE ALSO

arbvp1

3.2 arbvp1

NAME

arbvp1 - OpenGL vertex profile for multi-vendor ARB_vertex_program extension

SYNOPSIS

arbvp1

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce3. This profile is supported by any OpenGL implementation that conformantly implements ARB_vertex_program.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **ARB_vertex_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the multi-vendor **ARB_vertex_program** extension. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs. ATI GPUs also support this extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_ARB_vertex_program

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*n*

Number of temporaries to use, 32 by default.

MaxInstructions=*n*

Maximum allowable (static) instructions.

MaxLocalParams=*n*

Maximum allowable local parameters.

MaxAddressRegs=*n*

Maximum allowable address registers.

PosInv=*b*

Boolean to enable position invariance.

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

to-be-written

SEE ALSO

arbfp1

3.3 ds_5_0

NAME

ds_5_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language for domain shaders.

SYNOPSIS

ds_5_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language (HLSL11) for domain shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 11's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **ds_5_0** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff476340.aspx>

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL11 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL11 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS**INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **ds_5_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **hs_5_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION HPOS	Clip-space position (SV_Position)
COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Front primary color (SV_Target)
COLOR1 COL1	Front secondary color
TEXCOORD# TEX#	Texture coordinate set # TEX# is translated to TEXCOORD#
FOGC FOG	Fog coordinate
PSIZE PSIZ	Point size

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL11 for domain shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL11 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

ps_5_0, vs_5_0, gs_5_0, hs_5_0

3.4 fp20

NAME

fp20 - OpenGL fragment profile for NV2x (GeForce3, GeForce4 Ti, Quadro DCC, etc.)

SYNOPSIS

fp20

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce3.

The capabilities of this profile are quite limited.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the **nvparse** file format for describing **NV_register_combiners** and **NV_texture_shader** state configurations.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for **NV_texture_shader**, **NV_texture_shader2**, and **NV_register_combiners2** extensions. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs.

Some standard library functions may require **NV_texture_shader3**. This extension was introduced by GeForce4 Ti and Quadro4 XGL GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_NV_register_combiners

GL_NV_register_combiners2

GL_NV_texture_shader

GL_NV_texture_shader2

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

fixed

The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed 9-bit integers normalized to the [-1.0,+1.0] range.

float

half

In most cases, the **float** and **half** data types are mapped to **fixed** for math operations.

Certain built-in standard library functions corresponding to **NV_texture_shader** operations operate at 32-bit floating-point precision.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **fp20** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp20** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

There are a lot of standard library issues with this profile.

Because the 'fp20' profile has limited capabilities, not all of the Cg standard library functions are supported. The list below presents the Cg standard library functions that are supported by this profile. See the standard library documentation for descriptions of these functions.

```
dot(floatN, floatN)
lerp(floatN, floatN, floatN)
lerp(floatN, floatN, float)
tex1D(sampler1D, float)
tex1D(sampler1D, float2)
tex1Dproj(sampler1D, float2)
tex1Dproj(sampler1D, float3)
tex2D(sampler2D, float2)
tex2D(sampler2D, float3)
tex2Dproj(sampler2D, float3)
tex2Dproj(sampler2D, float4)
texRECT(samplerRECT, float2)
texRECT(samplerRECT, float3)
texRECTproj(samplerRECT, float3)
texRECTproj(samplerRECT, float4)
tex3D(sampler3D, float3)
```

```
tex3Dproj(sampler3D, float4)
texCUBE(samplerCUBE, float3)
texCUBEproj(samplerCUBE, float4)
```

Note: The non-projective texture lookup functions are actually done as projective lookups on the underlying hardware. Because of this, the ‘w’ component of the texture coordinates passed to these functions from the application or vertex program must contain the value 1.

Texture coordinate parameters for projective texture lookup functions must have swizzles that match the swizzle done by the generated texture shader instruction. While this may seem burdensome, it is intended to allow ‘fp20’ profile programs to behave correctly under other pixel shader profiles. The list below shows the swizzles required on the texture coordinate parameter to the projective texture lookup functions.

Texture lookup function	Texture coordinate swizzle
tex1Dproj	.xw/.ra
tex2Dproj	.xyw/.rga
texRECTproj	.xyw/.rga
tex3Dproj	.xyzw/.rgba
texCUBEproj	.xyzw/.rgba

TEXTURE SHADER OPERATIONS

In order to take advantage of the more complex hard-wired shader operations provided by **NV_texture_shader**, a collection of built-in functions implement the various shader operations.

offsettex2D

offsettexRECT

```
offsettex2D(uniform sampler2D tex,
            float2 st,
            float4 prevlookup,
            uniform float4 m)
```

```
offsettexRECT(uniform samplerRECT tex,
              float2 st,
              float4 prevlookup,
              uniform float4 m)
```

Performs the following

```
float2 newst = st + m.xy * prevlookup.xx + m.zw * prevlookup.yy;
return tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);
```

where ‘st’ are texture coordinates associated with sampler ‘tex’, ‘prevlookup’ is the result of a previous texture operation, and ‘m’ is the offset texture matrix. This function can be used to generate the ‘offset_2d’ or ‘offset_rectangle’ **NV_texture_shader** instructions.

offsettex2DScaleBias

offsettexRECTScaleBias

```
offsettex2DScaleBias(uniform sampler2D tex,
                    float2 st,
                    float4 prevlookup,
                    uniform float4 m,
                    uniform float scale,
                    uniform float bias)
```

```
offsettexRECTScaleBias(uniform samplerRECT tex,
```



```

float2 st,
float4 prevlookup,
uniform float4 m,
uniform float scale,
uniform float bias)

```

Performs the following

```

float2 newst = st + m.xy * prevlookup.xx + m.zw * prevlookup.yy;
float4 result = tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);
return result * saturate(prevlookup.z * scale + bias);

```

where ‘st’ are texture coordinates associated with sampler ‘tex’, ‘prevlookup’ is the result of a previous texture operation, ‘m’ is the offset texture matrix, ‘scale’ is the offset texture scale and ‘bias’ is the offset texture bias. This function can be used to generate the ‘offset_2d_scale’ or ‘offset_rectangle_scale’ **NV_texture_shader** instructions.

tex1D_dp3(sampler1D tex, float3 str, float4 prevlookup

```

tex1D_dp3(sampler1D tex,
          float3 str,
          float4 prevlookup)

```

Performs the following

```

return tex1D(tex, dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));

```

where ‘str’ are texture coordinates associated with sampler ‘tex’ and ‘prevlookup’ is the result of a previous texture operation. This function can be used to generate the ‘dot_product_1d’ **NV_texture_shader** instruction.

tex2D_dp3x2

texRECT_dp3x2

```

tex2D_dp3x2(uniform sampler2D tex,
            float3 str,
            float4 intermediate_coord,
            float4 prevlookup)

```

```

texRECT_dp3x2(uniform samplerRECT tex,
              float3 str,
              float4 intermediate_coord,
              float4 prevlookup)

```

Performs the following

```

float2 newst = float2(dot(intermediate_coord.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                     dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));
return tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);

```

where ‘str’ are texture coordinates associated with sampler ‘tex’, ‘prevlookup’ is the result of a previous texture operation and ‘intermediate_coord’ are texture coordinates associated with the previous texture unit. This function can be used to generate the ‘dot_product_2d’ or ‘dot_product_rectangle’ **NV_texture_shader** instruction combinations.

tex3D_dp3x3

texCUBE_dp3x3

```
tex3D_dp3x3(sampler3D tex,
            float3 str,
            float4 intermediate_coord1,
            float4 intermediate_coord2,
            float4 prevlookup)

texCUBE_dp3x3(samplerCUBE tex,
              float3 str,
              float4 intermediate_coord1,
              float4 intermediate_coord2,
              float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 newst = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                     dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                     dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));
return tex3D/CUBE(tex, newst);
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit and 'intermediate_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit. This function can be used to generate the 'dot_product_3d' or 'dot_product_cube_map' **NV_texture_shader** instruction combinations.

texCUBE_reflect_dp3x3

```
texCUBE_reflect_dp3x3(uniform samplerCUBE tex,
                      float4 strq,
                      float4 intermediate_coord1,
                      float4 intermediate_coord2,
                      float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 E = float3(intermediate_coord2.w, intermediate_coord1.w,
                  strq.w);
float3 N = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(strq.xyz, prevlookup.xyz));
return texCUBE(tex, 2 * dot(N, E) / dot(N, N) * N - E);
```

where 'strq' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit and 'intermediate_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit. This function can be used to generate the 'dot_product_reflect_cube_map_eye_from_qs' **NV_texture_shader** instruction combination.

texCUBE_reflect_eye_dp3x3

```
texCUBE_reflect_eye_dp3x3(uniform samplerCUBE tex,
                           float3 str,
                           float4 intermediate_coord1,
                           float4 intermediate_coord2,
                           float4 prevlookup,
                           uniform float3 eye)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 N = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                 dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                 dot(coords.xyz, prevlookup.xyz));
return texCUBE(tex, 2 * dot(N, E) / dot(N, N) * N - E);
```

where 'strq' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit, 'intermediate_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit and 'eye' is the eye-ray vector. This function can be used generate the 'dot_product_reflect_cube_map_const_eye' NV_texture_shader instruction combination.

tex_dp3x2_depth

```
tex_dp3x2_depth(float3 str,
               float4 intermediate_coord,
               float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float z = dot(intermediate_coord.xyz, prevlookup.xyz);
float w = dot(str, prevlookup.xyz);
return z / w;
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n'th texture unit, 'intermediate_coord' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit and 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation. This function can be used in conjunction with the 'DEPTH' varying out semantic to generate the 'dot_product_depth_replace' NV_texture_shader instruction combination.

EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate how a developer can use Cg to achieve NV_texture_shader/NV_register_combiners functionality.

Example 1

```
struct VertexOut {
    float4 color      : COLOR0;
    float4 texCoord0  : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 texCoord1  : TEXCOORD1;
};

float4 main(VertexOut IN,
            uniform sampler2D diffuseMap,
            uniform sampler2D normalMap) : COLOR
{
    float4 diffuseTexColor = tex2D(diffuseMap, IN.texCoord0.xy);
    float4 normal = 2 * (tex2D(normalMap, IN.texCoord1.xy) - 0.5);
    float3 light_vector = 2 * (IN.color.rgb - 0.5);
    float4 dot_result = saturate(dot(light_vector, normal.xyz).xxxx);
    return dot_result * diffuseTexColor;
}
```

Example 2

```
struct VertexOut {
    float4 texCoord0 : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 texCoord1 : TEXCOORD1;
    float4 texCoord2 : TEXCOORD2;
    float4 texCoord3 : TEXCOORD3;
};
```

```
};

float4 main(VertexOut IN,
            uniform sampler2D normalMap,
            uniform sampler2D intensityMap,
            uniform sampler2D colorMap) : COLOR
{
    float4 normal = 2 * (tex2D(normalMap, IN.texCoord0.xy) - 0.5);
    float2 intensCoord = float2(dot(IN.texCoord1.xyz, normal.xyz),
                               dot(IN.texCoord2.xyz, normal.xyz));
    float4 intensity = tex2D(intensityMap, intensCoord);
    float4 color = tex2D(colorMap, IN.texCoord3.xy);
    return color * intensity;
}
```

SEE ALSO

vp20

3.5 fp30

NAME

fp30 - OpenGL fragment profile for NV3x (GeForce FX, Quadro FX, etc.)

SYNOPSIS

fp30

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX line of NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_fragment_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_fragment_program** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

[GL_NV_fragment_program](#)

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumInstructionSlots=val

How many instructions the compiler should assume it can use.

NumTemps=val

How many temporaries the compiler should assume it can use.

DATA TYPES

fixed

The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed fixed-point integers with the range [-2.0,+2.0), sometimes called *fx12*. This type provides 10 fractional bits of precision.

half

The **half** data type corresponds to a floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

SEMANTICS**VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **fp30** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp30** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR	Output color (float4)
COLOR0	
COL0	
COL	
DEPTH	Output depth (float)
DEPR	

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives *are* supported.

SEE ALSO

vp30

3.6 fp40

NAME

fp40 - OpenGL fragment profile for NVIDIA GeForce 6/7 Series, NV4x-based Quadro FX

SYNOPSIS

fp40

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_fragment_program2**.

Data-dependent loops *are* allowed with a limit of 256 iterations maximum. Four levels of nesting are allowed.

Conditional expressions *can be* supported with data-dependent branching.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_fragment_program2** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_fragment_program2`

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

fixed

The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed fixed-point integers with the range $[-2.0,+2.0)$, sometimes called *fx12*. This type provides 10 fractional bits of precision.

half

The **half** data type corresponds to a floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **half** data type corresponds to a standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **fp40** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp40** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7

FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)
FACE	Polygon facing. +1 for front-facing polygon or line or point -1 for back-facing polygon

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COLO COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives *are* supported.

SEE ALSO

vp40

3.7 glslf

NAME

glslf - OpenGL fragment profile for the OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL)

SYNOPSIS

```
glslf
```

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by the OpenGL Shading Language.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the language grammar defined by the OpenGL Shading Language specification.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires support for **OpenGL 2.0**.

PROFILE OPTIONS

`version=val`

GLSL version to target. Supported versions are **100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 330, 400** and **410**.

`userTexCoord`

Use user-defined varying instead of `gl_TexCoord`.

`ATI_draw_buffers`

Use **ATI_draw_buffers** extension for MRT.

`EXT_gpu_shader4`

Use **EXT_gpu_shader4** extension where useful.

DATA TYPES

The Cg half and fixed data types are both mapped to float because GLSL lacks first-class half and fixed data types.

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data	GLSL Equivalent
COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Primary color (float4)	<code>gl_Color</code>
COLOR1 COL1	Secondary color (float4)	<code>gl_SecondaryColor</code>
TEXCOORD TEXCOORD# TEX#	Texture coordinate set 0 Texture coordinate set #	<code>gl_TexCoord[0]</code> <code>gl_TexCoord[#]</code>
FACE	Front/back facing (+1/-1)	<code>gl_FrontFacing</code>

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

The following standard fragment output semantics are supported:

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data	GLSL Equivalent
COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)	<code>gl_FragColor</code>

COLOR0-COLOR7 COL0-COL7	Output color (float4) gl_FragData[n] for draw buffers 0 to 7
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float) gl_FragDepth

SEE ALSO

glsl, glslg, glslv, cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

3.8 glslg

NAME

glslg - OpenGL geometry profile for the OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL)

SYNOPSIS

glslg

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the geometry shader functionality introduced by the **EXT_geometry_shader4** multi-vendor OpenGL extension.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the language grammar defined by the OpenGL Shading Language specification.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires support for **OpenGL 2.0** and the **EXT_geometry_shader4** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_EXT_geometry_shader4

PROFILE OPTIONS

version=*val*

GLSL version to target. Supported versions are **100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 330, 400** and **410**.

userTexCoord

Use user-defined varying instead of **gl_TexCoord**.

ATI_draw_buffers

Use **ATI_draw_buffers** extension for MRT.

EXT_gpu_shader4

Use **EXT_gpu_shader4** extension where useful.

DATA TYPES

SEMANTICS

to-be-written

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

SEE ALSO

glsl, *glslv*, *glslf*, *cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion*

3.9 glsl

NAME

glsl - OpenGL Shading Language profiles

SYNOPSIS

```
glsl
```

DESCRIPTION

glsl corresponds not to a single profile but to a family of profiles that include *glslv*, *glslg* and *glslf*. For more details refer to each profile documentation.

OpenGL Specifications

<http://www.opengl.org/documentation/specs/>

GLSL Specifications

<http://www.opengl.org/documentation/glsl/>

The OpenGL Shading Language Specification v1.10.59

The OpenGL Shading Language Specification v1.20.8

GLSL VERSIONS

Available GLSL versions:

CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT

The default GLSL version, corresponding to GLSL used for Cg 3.0 and before.

CG_GL_GLSL_100

GLSL v1.00 corresponding to ARB_shader_objects extension to OpenGL 1.0. Deprecated by core/forward-compatible OpenGL 3.0, supported by ARB_compatibility

CG_GL_GLSL_110

As specified in The OpenGL Shading Language, Language Version 1.10. Supported by OpenGL 2.0 onwards. Deprecated by core/forward-compatible OpenGL 3.0, supported by ARB_compatibility

CG_GL_GLSL_120

As specified in The OpenGL Shading Language, Language Version 1.20. Supported by OpenGL 2.1 onwards. Deprecated by core/forward-compatible OpenGL 3.0, supported by ARB_compatibility

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Cg standard library routines are available.

SEE ALSO

glslv, glslg, glslf, cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

3.10 glslv

NAME

glslv - OpenGL vertex profile for the OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL)

SYNOPSIS

`glslv`

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by the OpenGL Shading Language. The compiler output for this profile conforms to the language grammar defined by the OpenGL Shading Language specification.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for **OpenGL 2.0**.

PROFILE OPTIONS

`version=val`

GLSL version to target. Supported versions are **100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 330, 400** and **410**.

`userTexCoord`

Use user-defined varying instead of **gl_TexCoord**.

`ATI_draw_buffers`

Use **ATI_draw_buffers** extension for MRT.

`EXT_gpu_shader4`

Use **EXT_gpu_shader4** extension where useful.

DATA TYPES

The Cg half and fixed data types are both mapped to float because GLSL lacks first-class half and fixed data types.

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data	GLSL Equivalent
POSITION ATTR0	Object-space position	<code>gl_Vertex</code>
NORMAL ATTR2	Object-space normal	<code>gl_Normal</code>
COLOR COLOR0	Primary color (float4)	<code>gl_Color</code>

ATTR3 DIFFUSE		
COLOR1 SPECULAR ATTR4	Secondary color (float4)	gl_SecondaryColor
FOGCOORD ATTR5	Fog coordinate	gl_FogCoord
TEXCOORD# ATTR8 ATTR9 ATTR10 ATTR11 ATTR12 ATTR13 ATTR14 ATTR15	Texture coordinate set # Texture coordinate set 0 Texture coordinate set 1 Texture coordinate set 2 Texture coordinate set 3 Texture coordinate set 4 Texture coordinate set 5 Texture coordinate set 6 Texture coordinate set 7	gl_MultiTexCoord#

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data	GLSL Equivalent
POSITION HPOS	Clip-space position	gl_Position
COLOR COLOR0 COLO COL	Front primary color	gl_FrontColor
COLOR1 COL1	Front secondary color	gl_FrontSecondaryColor
BCOLO	Back primary color	gl_BackColor
BCOL1	Back secondary color	gl_BackSecondaryColor
CLPV	Clip vertex	gl_ClipVertex
TEXCOORD# TEX#	Texture coordinate set #	gl_TexCoord[#]
FOGC FOG	Fog coordinate	gl_FogFragCoord
PSIZE PSIZ	Point size	gl_PointSize

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Vertex texture fetches are supported only if the OpenGL implementation advertises a positive value for the implementation-dependent `GL_MAX_VERTEX_TEXTURE_IMAGE_UNITS` limit.

SEE ALSO

glsl, glslg, glslf, cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

3.11 gp4fp

NAME

gp4fp - OpenGL fragment profile for NVIDIA GeForce 8/9/100/200/300 Series, OpenGL 3.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp4fp

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 4th generation of assembly instruction sets.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program4** and **ARB_fragment_program**.

Note that the **NV_gpu_program4** extension has its fragment domain-specific aspects documented in the **NV_fragment_program4** specification.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported.

Parameter buffer objects (also known as “constant buffers” in DirectX 10 or “bindable uniform” in GLSL's **EXT_bindable_uniform** extension) provide a way to source uniform values from OpenGL buffer objects.

Texture accesses include support for texture arrays (see the **EXT_texture_array** OpenGL extension for more details) and texture buffer objects (see the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension for details). Texture results can be either conventional floating-point vectors or integer vectors (see the **EXT_texture_integer** extension for details).

If the system supports the **NV_explicit_multisample** OpenGL extension, renderbuffers can be bound as textures, which allows texture access to individual samples stored in multi-sample renderbuffer.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program4** extension. This extension was introduced by the GeForce 8800 and other G8x-based GPUs. Renderbuffer sampler access requires **NV_explicit_multisample** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

Programmability:

GL_NV_gpu_program4

GL_NV_fragment_program4

New texture samplers:

GL_EXT_texture_array

GL_EXT_texture_buffer_object

New integer texture formats:

GL_EXT_texture_integer

Draw buffers:

GL_ARB_draw_buffers

GL_ATI_draw_buffers

Optional renderbuffer textures:

GL_NV_explicit_multisample

PROFILE OPTIONS

Fragment Domain-specific GP4 Options

ARB_draw_buffers=*val*

ATI_draw_buffers=*val*

Indicates that the **ARB_draw_buffers** or **ATI_draw_buffers** OpenGL extension is supported and what the extension's implementation dependent value of GL_MAX_DRAW_BUFFERS_ARB or GL_MAX_DRAW_BUFFERS_ATI is.

When specified, the compiler generates the "OPTION ARB_draw_buffers;" or "OPTION ATI_draw_buffers;" in the compiled code to enable output to multiple draw buffers. Output to multiple draw buffers is done by specifying output parameters with the COLOR1, COLOR2, etc. semantics.

GPUs that support these extensions typically support up to 4 buffers.

These options are useful in the rare situation you want to control the specific OPTION name used. For example, Apple drivers support the **ARB_draw_buffers** extension but not the **ATI_draw_buffers** extension.

The CgGL runtime routine *cgGLSetOptimalOptions* will automatically add the appropriate option based on querying the current OpenGL context's extension support (preferring the ARB extension) and specify the proper limit.

DATA TYPES

Samplers

This profile has additional samplers for texture arrays (1D and 2D) and texture buffers.

Standard OpenGL textures formats (GL_RGBA8, etc.) return floating-point sampled results, but new signed and unsigned integer texture formats require samplers that return signed and unsigned integer vectors respectively. Sampler variants for fetching signed and unsigned integer vectors are prefixed by **i** and **u** respectively. Your application is required to make sure the bound textures have the appropriate texture format. So a 3D texture specified with the GL_RGBA32UI_EXT internal format (see the **EXT_texture_integer** OpenGL extension) must be used with a **usampler3D** sampler. Otherwise, texture sampling returns undefined results.

sampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

Floating-point

float

32-bit IEEE floating-point

half

32-bit IEEE floating-point

double

32-bit IEEE floating-point

fixed

Floating-point restricted to [-2,2) range.

Integer

This profile supports “true” integer data types. Shifting and bitwise operators are supported for integer data types.

int
32-bit signed integer
unsigned int
32-bit unsigned integer
short
16-bit signed integer
unsigned short
16-bit unsigned integer
char
8-bit signed integer
unsigned char
8-bit unsigned integer

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

Interpolated Input Semantics

The varying input semantics in the **gp4fp** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **gp4vp** profile (or **gp4gp** if a geometry shader is present).

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
WPOS	Window position (with lower-left origin)
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5

TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

Interpolation Semantic Modifiers

A number of interpolation semantic modifiers control how interpolation happens for the interpolated input semantics above. These modifiers are suffixed to the semantic name with a "." (period) separator. Without a modifier, perspective-correct interpolation applies.

Semantic Modifier Name	Meaning
CENTROID	Interpolate at the centroid of the covered samples (only applies when rendering to multisampled surface)
FLAT	Flat shading using provoking vertex's value
NOPERSPECTIVE	Interpolate without perspective correction

Examples:

```
float4 a : TEXCOORD0
float4 b : TEXCOORD1.CENTROID
float4 c : TEXCOORD2.FLAT
float4 d : TEXCOORD3.NOPERSPECTIVE
```

Per-primitive Input Semantics

FACE	Polygon facing. +1 for front-facing polygon or line or point -1 for back-facing polygon
PRIMITIVEID	Primitive ID (int)

If a geometry program is active, parameters given the PRIMITIVEID semantic obtained their integer value from the primitive ID value emitted by the geometry program for the provoking vertex. If no geometry program is active, the value is the number of primitives processed by the rasterizer since the last time glBegin was called (directly or indirectly via vertex array functions). The first primitive generated after a glBegin is numbered zero, and the primitive ID counter is incremented after every individual point, line, or polygon primitive is processed. For polygons drawn in point or line mode, the primitive ID counter is incremented only once, even though multiple points or lines may be drawn. For QUADS and QUAD_STRIP primitives that are decomposed into triangles, the primitive ID is incremented after each complete quad is processed. For POLYGON primitives, the primitive ID counter is zero. The primitive ID is zero for fragments generated by DrawPixels or Bitmap. Restarting a primitive topology using the primitive restart index has no effect on the primitive ID counter.

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Buffer Semantics

gp4 profiles can specify that uniforms be specified to reside within binable buffers.

Example of automatic, compiler-determined specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float2 location : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
uniform float4 brickColor : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
```

Example of absolute byte offset specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float4 mustBeHere : BUFFER[7][20]; // locate 20 bytes into buffer 7
```

Constant Register Semantics

C0-C255 Constant **register** [0..255].
The aliases c0-c255 (lowercase) are also accepted.

If used with a variable that requires more than one constant register (e.g. a matrix), the semantic specifies the first register that is used.

Example:

```
uniform float4 array[20] : C14; // uses c14 through c33
```

Texture Unit Semantics

TEXUNIT0-TEXUNIT31 Texture image unit

Example:

```
uniform sampler2DARRAY texArray : TEXUNIT7;
```

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR	Output color (float4 or int4)
COL	
COLOR0-COLOR7	Output color (float4 or int4) for draw buffers 0 to 7
COL0-COL7	
DEPTH	Output depth (float)
DEPR	

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Raw Cast from Floating-point to Integer Functions

It is possible to convert the raw bit patterns of IEEE single-precision floating-point to 32-bit unsigned integer.

floatToRawIntBits, floatToIntBits, intBitsToFloat

Texture Array Functions

New sampler data types for texture arrays and texture buffers lead to new standard library routines to access these samplers.

New standard library functions are used to access 1D texture array samplers (sampler1DARRAY).

tex1DARRAY, tex1DARRAYbias, tex1DARRAYcmapbias, tex1DARRAYlod, tex1DARRAYcmaplod, tex1DARRAYproj

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex1DARRAYsize

New standard library functions are used to access 2D texture array samplers (sampler2DARRAY).

tex2DARRAY, tex2DARRAYbias, tex2DARRAYlod, tex2DARRAYproj

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex2DARRAYsize

SEE ALSO

gp4, *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, *texBUF*, *texBUFsize*, *texRBUF*, *texRBUFsize*, *floatToRawIntBits*, *floatToIntBits*, *intBitsToFloat*, *tex1DARRAY*, *tex1DARRAYbias*, *tex1DARRAYcmpbias*, *tex1DARRAYlod*, *tex1DARRAYcplod*, *tex1DARRAYproj*, *tex1DARRAYsize*, *tex2DARRAY*, *tex2DARRAYbias*, *tex2DARRAYlod*, *tex2DARRAYproj*, *tex2DARRAYsize*

3.12 gp4gp

NAME

gp4gp - OpenGL geometry profile for NVIDIA GeForce 8/9/100/200/300 Series, OpenGL 3.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp4gp

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-primitive functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 4th generation of assembly instruction sets.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program4** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

Note that the **NV_gpu_program4** extension has its geometry domain-specific aspects documented in the **NV_geometry_program4** specification.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported.

Parameter buffer objects (also known as "constant buffers" in DirectX 10 or "bindable uniform" in GLSL's **EXT_bindable_uniform** extension) provide a way to source uniform values from OpenGL buffer objects.

Texture accesses include support for texture arrays (see the **EXT_texture_array** OpenGL extension for more details) and texture buffer objects (see the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension for details). Texture results can be either conventional floating-point vectors or integer vectors (see the **EXT_texture_integer** extension for details).

If the system supports the **NV_explicit_multisample** OpenGL extension, renderbuffers can be bound as textures, which allows texture access to individual samples stored in multi-sample renderbuffer.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program4** extension. This extension was introduced by the GeForce 8800 and other G8x-based GPUs. Renderbuffer sampler access requires **NV_explicit_multisample** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

Programmability:

GL_NV_gpu_program4

GL_NV_geometry_program4

New texture samplers:

GL_EXT_texture_array

GL_EXT_texture_buffer_object

New integer texture formats:

GL_EXT_texture_integer

Optional renderbuffer textures:

GL_NV_explicit_multisample

PROFILE OPTIONS

Geometry Domain-specific GP4 Options

Normally the options below to specify primitive input and output type are better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

Vertices=*val*

Maximum number of output vertices. Emitting more than this number of vertices results in the extra vertices being discarded. Example “-po Vertices=3”

On NVIDIA GPUs, the throughput for geometry shaders is inverse proportional to the maximum number of vertices output times the number of scalar components per vertex. For this reason, keep the maximum number of output vertices as small as possible for best performance.

POINT

The entry function inputs point primitives. Example: “-po POINT”

If an output primitive is not also specified with a command line profile option, POINT_OUT is assumed.

Normally this is option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

LINE

The entry function inputs line primitives. Example: “-po LINE”

If an output primitive is not also specified with a command line profile option, LINE_OUT is assumed.

Normally this is option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

LINE_ADJ

The entry function inputs line adjacency primitives. Example: “-po LINE_ADJ”

If an output primitive is not also specified with a command line profile option, LINE_OUT is assumed.

Normally this is option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

TRIANGLE

The entry function inputs triangle primitives. Example: “-po TRIANGLE”

If an output primitive is not also specified with a command line profile option, TRIANGLE_OUT is assumed.

Normally this is option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

TRIANGLE_ADJ

The entry function inputs triangle adjacency primitives. Example: “-po TRIANGLE_ADJ”

If an output primitive is not also specified with a command line profile option, TRIANGLE_OUT is assumed.

POINT_OUT

The entry function outputs point primitives. Example: “-po POINT_OUT”

Normally this option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

LINE_OUT

The entry function outputs line primitives. Example: “-po LINE_OUT”

Normally this option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

TRIANGLE_OUT

The entry function outputs triangle primitives. Example: “-po TRIANGLE_OUT”

Normally this option is better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

DATA TYPES

Samplers

This profile has additional samplers for texture arrays (1D and 2D) and texture buffers.

Standard OpenGL texture formats (GL_RGBA8, etc.) return floating-point sampled results, but new signed and unsigned integer texture formats require samplers that return signed and unsigned integer vectors respectively. Sampler variants for fetching signed and unsigned integer vectors are prefixed by **i** and **u** respectively. Your application is required to make sure the bound textures have the appropriate texture format. So a 3D texture specified with the GL_RGBA32UI_EXT internal format (see the **EXT_texture_integer** OpenGL extension) must be used with a **usampler3D** sampler. Otherwise, texture sampling returns undefined results.

sampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

Floating-point

float

32-bit IEEE floating-point

half

32-bit IEEE floating-point

double

32-bit IEEE floating-point

fixed

Floating-point restricted to [-2,2) range.

Integer

This profile supports “true” integer data types. Shifting and bitwise operators are supported for integer data types.

int

32-bit signed integer

unsigned int

32-bit unsigned integer

short

16-bit signed integer

unsigned short

16-bit unsigned integer

char

8-bit signed integer

unsigned char

8-bit unsigned integer

SEMANTICS**VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS****Primitive Instance Input Semantic**

Within a batch of primitives (defined in OpenGL by a glBegin/glEnd sequence or an implied glBegin/glEnd performed by glDrawElements, glDrawArrays, etc.) a counter tracks each assembled primitive instance. The geometry shader has access to this counter through the INSTANCEID semantic.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
INSTANCEID	Integer instance ID of the primitive within the current batch

The first primitive generated after a glBegin is numbered zero, and the instance ID counter is incremented after every individual point, line, or polygon primitive is processed. For QUADS and QUAD_STRIP primitives that are decomposed into triangles, the instance ID is incremented after each complete quad is processed. For POLYGON primitives, the instance ID counter is zero. Restarting a primitive topology using the primitive restart index has no effect on the instance ID counter.

Example:

```
int primID : INSTANCEID
```

Vertex Instance Input Semantic

The geometry shader can identify the vertex index (when using vertex buffer objects) that sourced each vertex making up the primitive.

The vertex instance input semantic must be declared with the **AttribArray** template-style syntax because a geometry shader accepts an attribute array of vertex instance IDs.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
VERTEXID	Integer ID of the vertex's index for vertex pulling

The vertex ID is equal to value effectively passed to glVertexElement (or routines that implicitly call glVertexElements such as glDrawElements or glDrawArrays) when the vertex is specified, and is defined only if vertex arrays are used with buffer objects (VBOs).

Example defining a varying parameter for the position vertex attribute:

```
AttribArray<int> vertexID : VERTEXID
```

Vertex Attribute Input Semantics

For geometry shader profiles such as gp4gp, varying parameters with vertex attribute input semantics must be declared with the **AttribArray** template-style syntax because a geometry shader accepts an attribute array of vertex attributes (rather than individual vertex attributes as a vertex shader does).

Example defining a varying parameter for the position vertex attribute:

```
AttribArray<float4> position : POSITION
```

The set of binding semantics for varying input vertex attributes to gp4gp consists of POSITION, BLENDWEIGHT, NORMAL, COLOR0, COLOR1, TESSFACTOR, PSIZE, BLENDINDICES, and TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7. One can also use TANGENT and BINORMAL instead of TEXCOORD6 and TEXCOORD7.

Additionally, a set of binding semantics ATTR0-ATTR15 can be used. These binding semantics map to **NV_gpu_program4** input attribute parameters as described in the **NV_geometry_program4** document.

The two sets act as aliases to each other on NVIDIA GPUs excluding Apple Macs. ATI GPUs and NVIDIA Mac GPUs do *not* alias the conventional vertex attributes with the generic attributes.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, ATTR0	Input Vertex, Generic Attribute 0
BLENDWEIGHT, ATTR1	Input vertex weight, Generic Attribute 1
NORMAL, ATTR2	Input normal, Generic Attribute 2
DIFFUSE, COLOR0, ATTR3	Input primary color, Generic Attribute 3
SPECULAR, COLOR1, ATTR4	Input secondary color, Generic Attribute 4
TESSFACTOR, FOGCOORD, ATTR5	Input fog coordinate, Generic Attribute 5
PSIZE, ATTR6	Input point size, Generic Attribute 6
BLENDINDICES, ATTR7	Generic Attribute 7
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, ATTR8-ATTR15	Input texture coordinates (texcoord0-texcoord7) Generic Attributes 8-15
TANGENT, ATTR14	Generic Attribute 14
BINORMAL, ATTR15	Generic Attribute 15
VERTEXID	Input vertex ID (integer) Vertex index when using vertex arrays
PRIMITIVEID	Input primitive ID (integer)

These vertex attribute semantics should match with the semantics of the outputs of the vertex shader feeding the geometry shader.

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Buffer Semantics

gp4 profiles can specify that uniforms be specified to reside within binable buffers.

Example of automatic, compiler-determined specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float2 location : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
uniform float4 brickColor : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
```

Example of absolute byte offset specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float4 mustBeHere : BUFFER[7][20]; // locate 20 bytes into buffer 7
```

Constant Register Semantics

C0-C255 Constant **register** [0..255].
The aliases c0-c255 (lowercase) are also accepted.

If used with a variable that requires more than one constant register (e.g. a matrix), the semantic specifies the first register that is used.

Example:

```
uniform float4 array[20] : C14; // uses c14 through c33
```

Texture Unit Semantics

TEXUNIT0–TEXUNIT31 Texture image unit

Example:

```
uniform sampler2DARRAY texArray : TEXUNIT7;
```

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

These vertex attribute output semantics match the output semantics for gp4vp.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COLO	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0–TEXCOORD7, TEX0–TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0–CL5	Output Clip distances
PRIMITIVEID	Output primitive ID (integer)
LAYER	Output layer (integer) Output 0 through 5 for cube map faces Output 0 through N for 2D texture arrays

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Raw Cast from Floating-point to Integer Functions

It is possible to convert the raw bit patterns of IEEE single-precision floating-point to 32-bit unsigned integer.

floatToRawIntBits, floatToIntBits, intBitsToFloat

Texture Array Functions

New sampler data types for texture arrays and texture buffers lead to new standard library routines to access these samplers.

New standard library functions are used to access 1D texture array samplers (sampler1DARRAY).

tex1DARRAY, tex1DARRAYbias, tex1DARRAYcmapbias, tex1DARRAYlod, tex1DARRAYcmaplod, tex1DARRAYproj

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex1DARRAYsize

New standard library functions are used to access 2D texture array samplers (`sampler2DARRAY`).

tex2DARRAY, *tex2DARRAYbias*, *tex2DARRAYlod*, *tex2DARRAYproj*

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex2DARRAYsize

SEE ALSO

gp4, *gp4vp*, *gp4fp*, *texBUF*, *texBUFsize*, *texRBUF*, *texRBUFsize*, *floatToRawIntBits*, *floatToIntBits*, *intBitsToFloat*, *tex1DARRAY*, *tex1DARRAYbias*, *tex1DARRAYcmapbias*, *tex1DARRAYlod*, *tex1DARRAYcmaplod*, *tex1DARRAYproj*, *tex1DARRAYsize*, *tex2DARRAY*, *tex2DARRAYbias*, *tex2DARRAYlod*, *tex2DARRAYproj*, *tex2DARRAYsize*

3.13 gp4

NAME

gp4 - OpenGL profiles for NVIDIA GeForce 8/9/100/200/300 Series, OpenGL 3.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp4

DESCRIPTION

gp4 corresponds not to a single profile but to a family of profiles that include *gp4vp*, *gp4gp* and *gp4fp*. Since most of the functionality exposed in these profiles is almost identical and defined by **NV_gpu_program4** these profiles are named the **gp4** profiles. For more details refer to each profile documentation.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_gpu_program4`

PROFILE OPTIONS

Common GP4 Options

`fastimul`

Assume integer multiply inputs have at most 24 significant bits.

Disabled by default.

Example: “-po fastimul”

`PaBO2=val`

`NV_parameter_buffer_object2=val`

Use the `NV_parameter_buffer_object2` (**PaBO2**) extension.

By default the `NV_parameter_buffer_object` (**PaBO**) extension is used for buffer layout, implied by the **NV_gpu_program4** extension.

Example: “-po NV_parameter_buffer_object2=1”

`GL_NV_parameter_buffer_object`

`GL_NV_parameter_buffer_object2`

SEE ALSO

gp4vp, gp4gp, gp4fp

3.14 gp4vp

NAME

gp4vp - OpenGL vertex profile for NVIDIA GeForce 8/9/100/200/300 Series, OpenGL 3.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp4vp

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 4th generation of assembly instruction sets.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program4** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

Note that the **NV_gpu_program4** extension has its vertex domain-specific aspects documented in the **NV_vertex_program4** specification.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported.

Texture accesses are supported. While the prior **vp40** profile has substantial limitations on vertex texturing, the **gp4vp** profile eliminates all the limitations.

Texture accesses include support for texture arrays (see the **EXT_texture_array** OpenGL extension for more details) and texture buffer objects (see the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension for details). Texture results can be either conventional floating-point vectors or integer vectors (see the **EXT_texture_integer** extension for details).

If the system supports the **NV_explicit_multisample** OpenGL extension, renderbuffers can be bound as textures, which allows texture access to individual samples stored in multi-sample renderbuffer.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program4** extension. This extension was introduced by the GeForce 8800 and other G8x-based GPUs. Renderbuffer sampler access requires **NV_explicit_multisample** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

Programmability:

GL_NV_gpu_program4

GL_NV_vertex_program4

New texture samplers:

GL_EXT_texture_array

GL_EXT_texture_buffer_object

New integer texture formats:

GL_EXT_texture_integer

Optional renderbuffer textures:

GL_NV_explicit_multisample

PROFILE OPTIONS**DATA TYPES****Samplers**

This profile has additional samplers for texture arrays (1D and 2D) and texture buffers.

Standard OpenGL textures formats (GL_RGBA8, etc.) return floating-point sampled results, but new signed and unsigned integer texture formats require samplers that return signed and unsigned integer vectors respectively. Sampler variants for fetching signed and unsigned integer vectors are prefixed by **i** and **u** respectively. Your application is required to make sure the bound textures have the appropriate texture format. So a 3D texture specified with the GL_RGBA32UI_EXT internal format (see the **EXT_texture_integer** OpenGL extension) must be used with a **usampler3D** sampler. Otherwise, texture sampling returns undefined results.

sampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1D

1D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler1DARRAY

1D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_1D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2D

2D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler2DARRAY

2D array texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_2D_ARRAY_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_array** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

sampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usampler3D

3D texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_3D** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerCUBE

Cube map texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

isamplerRECT

Rectangle texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_ARB** target. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerBUF

Buffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_BUFFER_EXT** target provided by the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

samplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's **GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV** target provided by the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. Sampling returns **float** vectors.

isamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's `GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV` target provided by the `NV_explicit_multisample` extension. Sampling returns **int** vectors.

usamplerRBUF

Renderbuffer texture unit corresponding to OpenGL's `GL_TEXTURE_RENDERBUFFER_NV` target provided by the `NV_explicit_multisample` extension. Sampling returns **unsigned int** vectors.

Floating-point

float

32-bit IEEE floating-point

half

32-bit IEEE floating-point

double

32-bit IEEE floating-point

fixed

Floating-point restricted to $[-2,2)$ range.

Integer

This profile supports “true” integer data types. Shifting and bitwise operators are supported for integer data types.

int

32-bit signed integer

unsigned int

32-bit unsigned integer

short

16-bit signed integer

unsigned short

16-bit unsigned integer

char

8-bit signed integer

unsigned char

8-bit unsigned integer

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

Vertex Attribute Input Semantics

For geometry shader profiles such as `gp4gp`, varying parameters with vertex attribute input semantics must be declared with the `AttribArray` template-style syntax because a geometry shader accepts an attribute array of vertex attributes (rather than individual vertex attributes as a vertex shader does).

Example defining a varying parameter for the position vertex attribute:

```
AttribArray<float4> position : POSITION
```

The set of binding semantics for varying input vertex attributes to `gp4gp` consists of POSITION, BLENDWEIGHT, NORMAL, COLOR0, COLOR1, TESSFACTOR, PSIZE, BLENDINDICES, and TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7. One can also use TANGENT and BINORMAL instead of TEXCOORD6 and TEXCOORD7.

Additionally, a set of binding semantics ATTR0-ATTR15 can be used. These binding semantics map to `NV_gpu_program4` input attribute parameters as described in the `NV_geometry_program4` document.

The two sets act as aliases to each other on NVIDIA GPUs excluding Apple Macs. ATI GPUs and NVIDIA Mac GPUs do *not* alias the conventional vertex attributes with the generic attributes.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, ATTR0	Input Vertex, Generic Attribute 0
BLENDWEIGHT, ATTR1	Input vertex weight, Generic Attribute 1
NORMAL, ATTR2	Input normal, Generic Attribute 2
DIFFUSE, COLOR0, ATTR3	Input primary color, Generic Attribute 3
SPECULAR, COLOR1, ATTR4	Input secondary color, Generic Attribute 4
TESSFACTOR, FOGCOORD, ATTR5	Input fog coordinate, Generic Attribute 5
PSIZE, ATTR6	Input point size, Generic Attribute 6
BLENDINDICES, ATTR7	Generic Attribute 7
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, ATTR8-ATTR15	Input texture coordinates (texcoord0-texcoord7) Generic Attributes 8-15
TANGENT, ATTR14	Generic Attribute 14
BINORMAL, ATTR15	Generic Attribute 15
VERTEXID	Input vertex ID (integer) Vertex index when using vertex arrays
INSTANCEID	Integer instance ID of the primitive within the current batch

These vertex attribute semantics should match with the semantics of the outputs of the vertex shader feeding the geometry shader.

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Buffer Semantics

gp4 profiles can specify that uniforms be specified to reside within binable buffers.

Example of automatic, compiler-determined specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float2 location : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
uniform float4 brickColor : BUFFER[3]; // compiler positions within buffer 3
```

Example of absolute byte offset specification of a uniform's location within a buffer:

```
uniform float4 mustBeHere : BUFFER[7][20]; // locate 20 bytes into buffer 7
```

Constant Register Semantics

C0-C255 Constant **register** [0..255].
The aliases c0-c255 (lowercase) are also accepted.

If used with a variable that requires more than one constant register (e.g. a matrix), the semantic specifies the first register that is used.

Example:

```
uniform float4 array[20] : C14; // uses c14 through c33
```

Texture Unit Semantics

TEXUNIT0-TEXUNIT31 Texture image unit

Example:

```
uniform sampler2DARRAY texArray : TEXUNIT7;
```

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

These vertex attribute output semantics match the output semantics for gp4vp.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COLO	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Raw Cast from Floating-point to Integer Functions

It is possible to convert the raw bit patterns of IEEE single-precision floating-point to 32-bit unsigned integer.

floatToRawIntBits, floatToIntBits, intBitsToFloat

Texture Array Functions

New sampler data types for texture arrays and texture buffers lead to new standard library routines to access these samplers.

New standard library functions are used to access 1D texture array samplers (sampler1DARRAY).

tex1DARRAY, *tex1DARRAYbias*, *tex1DARRAYcmpbias*, *tex1DARRAYlod*, *tex1DARRAYcplod*, *tex1DARRAYproj*

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex1DARRAYsize

New standard library functions are used to access 2D texture array samplers (*sampler2DARRAY*).

tex2DARRAY, *tex2DARRAYbias*, *tex2DARRAYlod*, *tex2DARRAYproj*

The dimensions of a texture array level can be determined.

tex2DARRAYsize

SEE ALSO

gp4, *gp4gp*, *gp4fp*, *texBUF*, *texBUFsize*, *texRBUF*, *texRBUFsize*, *floatToRawIntBits*, *floatToIntBits*, *intBitsToFloat*, *tex1DARRAY*, *tex1DARRAYbias*, *tex1DARRAYcmpbias*, *tex1DARRAYlod*, *tex1DARRAYcplod*, *tex1DARRAYproj*, *tex1DARRAYsize*, *tex2DARRAY*, *tex2DARRAYbias*, *tex2DARRAYlod*, *tex2DARRAYproj*, *tex2DARRAYsize*

3.15 gp5fp

NAME

gp5fp - OpenGL fragment profile for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

`gp5fp`

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 5th generation of assembly instruction sets. It extends *gp4fp*.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program5** and **ARB_fragment_program**.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program5** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_gpu_program5`

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4fp* profile options are also available in **gp5fp**.

SEE ALSO

gp4fp, *gp5*, *gp5tcp*, *gp5tep*, *gp5vp*, *gp5gp*

3.16 gp5gp

NAME

gp5gp - OpenGL geometry profile for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp5gp

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-primitive functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 5th generation of assembly instruction sets. It extends *gp4gp*.

Tessellation patch input primitives are supported.

Instanced invocations are supported.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program5** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

Note that the **NV_gpu_program5** extension has its geometry domain-specific aspects documented in the **NV_geometry_program4** specification.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program5** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_NV_gpu_program5

GL_NV_geometry_program4

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4gp* profile options are also available in **gp5gp**.

Invocations=val

The number of instanced invocations. Example: "Invocations=2"

PATCH_1 .. PATCH_32

Patch input primitive of size 1 to 32. Example: "PATCH_16"

SEE ALSO

gp4gp, gp5, gp5tcp, gp5tep, gp5vp, gp5fp

3.17 gp5

NAME

gp5 - OpenGL profiles for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp5

DESCRIPTION

gp5 corresponds not to a single profile but to a family of profiles that include *gp5vp, gp5tcp, gp5tep, gp5gp* and *gp5fp*. Since most of the functionality exposed in these profiles is almost identical and defined by **NV_gpu_program5** these profiles are named the **gp5** profiles. For more details refer to each profile documentation.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_NV_gpu_program5

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4* profile options are also available in **gp5**.

PaBO2=*val*

NV_parameter_buffer_object2=*val*

Use the **NV_parameter_buffer_object2 (PaBO2)** extension.

By default the **PaBO2** extension is used for **gp5** buffer layout. Alternatively the **NV_parameter_buffer_object (PaBO)** buffer layout can be specified: “-po NV_parameter_buffer_object2=0”

GL_NV_parameter_buffer_object

GL_NV_parameter_buffer_object2

SEE ALSO

gp5tcp, *gp5tep*, *gp5vp*, *gp5gp*, *gp5fp*

3.18 gp5tcp

NAME

gp5tcp - OpenGL tessellation control profile for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

gp5tcp

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to tessellation control functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 5th generation of assembly instruction sets.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_tessellation_program**, **NV_gpu_program5** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program5** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_NV_gpu_program5

GL_NV_tessellation_program5

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4* profile options are also available in **gp5tcp**.

Tessellation Control Domain-specific GP5 Options

PATCH_1 ... PATCH_32

Specify the number of control points associated with each patch. Must be in the range [1,32]. The input varying **AttribArrays** parameter size is also this value.

The tessellation control shader will fail to load if PATCH_1 ... PATCH_32 is not specified as a profile option for the primitive type.

Usually the primitive input parameter is specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function.

SEMANTICS**VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **gp5tcp** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the *gp5vp* profile. The exception is the *CONTROLPOINT_ID* semantic.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
CONTROLPOINT_ID	An input integer corresponding to the control point's input order.

VARYING OUTPUT SEMANTICS

The varying output semantics in the **gp5tcp** profile correspond to the respectively named varying input semantics of the *gp5step* profile. The two exceptions are the LOD parameters consumed by the tessellation primitive generator.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
EDGETESS	Output float array corresponding to outer tessellation level. (Size of array = 3 for triangle patches, 4 for quad patches.)
INNERTESS	Output float array corresponding to inner tessellation level. (Size of array = 1 for triangle patches, 2 for quad patches.)
PATCH	Output per-patch attribute.

An index does not need to be specified for other attributes. The output attributes are mapped to their corresponding control point array entry for subsequent shader stages.

For example the following will simply pass-through the control point's position to the evaluation shader:

```
void main(
    in int id                : CONTROLPOINT_ID,
    in AttribArray<float3> inPositions : POSITION,
    out position             : POSITION)
{
    position = inPositions[id];
}
```

SEE ALSO

gp5, *gp5step*, *gp5vp*, *gp5gp*, *gp5fp*

3.19 gp5step

NAME

gp5step - OpenGL tessellation evaluation profile for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

`gp5step`

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to tessellation evaluation functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 5th generation of assembly instruction sets.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_tessellation_program**, **NV_gpu_program5** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program5** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_gpu_program5`

`GL_NV_tessellation_program5`

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4* profile options are also available in **gp5step**.

Tessellation Evaluation Domain-specific GP5 Options

Normally the options below to specify primitive input and output parameters are better specified as a profile modifier preceding the Cg entry function. The tessellation evaluation shader will fail to load if either TRIANGLES, QUADS, or ISOLINES is not specified, and PATCH_1 ... PATCH_32 is not specified as profile options for the primitive type.

`PATCH_1 ... PATCH_32`

This specifies the number of control points associated with this patch. Must be 1 - 32 control points. This option affects the size of the `AttribArrays` associated with the input varying parameters.

`TRIANGLES`

Specifies that the input patch is a triangular patch. This affects the data type for the input varying semantics `UV` and `TESSCOORD`.

`QUADS`

Specifies that the input patch is a quadrangular patch. This affects the data type for the input varying semantics `UV` and `TESSCOORD`.

`ISOLINES`

The patch is drawn as a set of lines going in one parametric direction.

`POINT_MODE`

Specifies that the tessellation primitive generator will emit points for each vertex in the subdivided primitive instead of lines or triangles.

`ORDER_CCW`

Specifies counter clock-wise ordering of the output triangles emitted by the tessellation primitive generator. `ORDER_CW` is used by default.

`ORDER_CW`

Specifies clock-wise ordering of the output triangles emitted by the tessellation primitive generator. `ORDER_CW` is used by default.

SPACE_FRACTIONAL_EVEN

Specifies that the spacing of vertices emitted by the tessellation primitive generator can be fractional (non-integer) values, and the even spacing algorithm is used to perform the tessellation. Default is `SPACE_EQUAL`.

SPACE_FRACTIONAL_ODD

Specifies that the spacing of vertices emitted by the tessellation primitive generator can be fractional (non-integer) values, and the odd spacing algorithm is used to perform the tessellation. `SPACE_EQUAL` is used by default.

SPACE_EQUAL

Specifies that the spacing of vertices emitted by the tessellation primitive generator are clamped to integer values. This is the default option.

SEMANTICS**VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **gp5step** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the *gp5vp* profile. All input semantics must use the **AttribArray** template-style syntax. The reason for this is because an evaluation shader must be able to see outputs of *all* control points of the patch to evaluate its unique position/outputs. The size of this **AttribArray** is determined by the *PATCH_1 ... PATCH_32* profile parameter.

Example defining an input varying parameter which are output attributes of the control points' *gp5tcp* invocations:

```
AttribArray< float3 > position : POSITION
```

There are additional input semantics specific to a **gp5step** shader and these do not use an `AttribArray` type for input. They are as follows:

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
TESSCOORD	Input <i>u, v, w</i> coordinates for the current vertex in a triangle patch.
UV	Input <i>u, v</i> coordinates for the current vertex in a quad patch.
PATCH	Input per-patch attribute.

SEE ALSO

gp5, *gp5tcp*, *gp5vp*, *gp5gp*, *gp5fp*

3.20 gp5vp

NAME

gp5vp - OpenGL vertex profile for NVIDIA GeForce 400/500 Series, OpenGL 4.x Quadro

SYNOPSIS

```
gp5vp
```

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by NVIDIA's 5th generation of assembly instruction sets. It extends *gp4vp*.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_gpu_program5** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_gpu_program5** extension.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_gpu_program5`

PROFILE OPTIONS

All *gp4vp* profile options are also available in **gp5vp**.

SEE ALSO

gp4vp, *gp5*, *gp5tcp*, *gp5tep*, *gp5gp*, *gp5fp*

3.21 gs_4_0

NAME

gs_4_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language for geometry shaders.

SYNOPSIS

`gs_4_0`

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language (HLSL10) for geometry shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 10's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **gs_4_0** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 10 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509657.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL10 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL10 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **gs_4_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_4_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION HPOS	Clip-space position (SV_Position)
COLOR COLOR0 COLO COL	Front primary color (SV_Target)
COLOR1 COL1	Front secondary color
TEXCOORD# TEX#	Texture coordinate set # TEX# is translated to TEXCOORD#
FOGC FOG	Fog coordinate
PSIZE PSIZ	Point size

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL10 for vertex shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL10 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

vs_4_0, ps_4_0

3.22 gs_5_0

NAME

gs_5_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language for geometry shaders.

SYNOPSIS

gs_5_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language (HLSL11) for geometry shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 11's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **gs_5_0** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL11 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL11 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **gs_5_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_5_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal

COLOR	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR0	
DIFFUSE	
COLOR1	Secondary color (float4)
SPECULAR	
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Clip-space position (SV_Position)
HPOS	
COLOR	Front primary color (SV_Target)
COLOR0	
COLO	
COL	
COLOR1	Front secondary color
COL1	
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #
TEX#	TEX# is translated to TEXCOORD#
FOGC	Fog coordinate
FOG	
PSIZE	Point size
PSIZ	

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL11 for vertex shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL11 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

ps_5_0, vs_5_0, hs_5_0, ds_5_0

3.23 hlsl10**NAME**

hlsl10 - DirectX 10 High Level Shader Language (HLSL) profiles

SYNOPSIS

hlsl10

DESCRIPTION

hls10 corresponds not to a single profile but to a family of profiles that include *vs_4_0*, *gs_4_0* and *ps_4_0*. For more details refer to each profile documentation.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 10 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509657.aspx>

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Cg standard library routines are available.

SEE ALSO

vs_4_0, *gs_4_0*, *ps_4_0*

3.24 hls11

NAME

hls11 - DirectX 11 High Level Shader Language (HLSL) profiles

SYNOPSIS

```
hls111
```

DESCRIPTION

hls11 corresponds not to a single profile but to a family of profiles that include *vs_5_0*, *hs_5_0*, *ds_5_0*, *gs_5_0* and *ps_5_0*. For more details refer to each profile documentation.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff476340.aspx>

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Cg standard library routines are available.

SEE ALSO

vs_5_0, *hs_5_0*, *ds_5_0*, *gs_5_0*, *ps_5_0*

3.25 hls1f

NAME

hls1f - Translation profile to DirectX 9's High Level Shader Language for pixel shaders.

SYNOPSIS

hlslf

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 9's High Level Shader Language (HLSL) for pixel shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 9's High Level Shading Language. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509561.aspx>

The limitations of the **hlslf** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL data types with the same name.

half

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **hlslf** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **hlslf** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_2_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COLO	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0	Input texture coordinate sets 0

TEXCOORD0	
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL. In general, the Cg and HLSL standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

hlslv

3.26 hlslv

NAME

hlslv - Translation profile to DirectX 9's High Level Shader Language for vertex shaders.

SYNOPSIS

```
hlslv
```

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 9's High Level Shader Language (HLSL) for pixel shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 9's High Level Shading Language. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509561.aspx>

The limitations of the **hlslv** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **hlslv** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **ps_2_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)

FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION HPOS	Clip-space position
COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Front primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Front secondary color
TEXCOORD# TEX#	Texture coordinate set #
FOGC FOG	Fog coordinate
PSIZE PSIZ	Point size

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL for vertex shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

hlslf

3.27 hs_5_0

NAME

hs_5_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language for hull shaders.

SYNOPSIS

vs_5_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language (HLSL11) for hull shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 11's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **vs_5_0** profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff476340.aspx>

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL11 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL11 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **hs_5_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_5_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION HPOS	Clip-space position (SV_Position)

COLOR	Front primary color (SV_Target)
COLOR0	
COLO	
COL	
COLOR1	Front secondary color
COL1	
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #
TEX#	TEX# is translated to TEXCOORD#
FOGC	Fog coordinate
FOG	
PSIZE	Point size
PSIZ	

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL11 for hull shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL11 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

ps_5_0, vs_5_0, gs_5_0, ds_5_0

3.28 ps_1_1

NAME

ps_1_1 - Direct3D Shader Model 1.1 fragment profile for DirectX 8

SYNOPSIS

ps_1_1

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce 2 (NV1x) for DirectX 8.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 8's Pixel Shader 1.1 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219842.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 8 or 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

to-be-written

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS**INPUT SEMANTICS**

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

SEE ALSO

vs_1_1, ps_1_3, ps_1_2

3.29 ps_1_2

NAME

ps_1_2 - Direct3D Shader Model 1.2 fragment profile for DirectX 8

SYNOPSIS

ps_1_2

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce 2 (NV1x) for DirectX 8.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 8's Pixel Shader 1.2 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219842.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 8 or 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

to-be-written

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS**INPUT SEMANTICS**

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

SEE ALSO

vs_1_1, ps_1_3, ps_1_1

3.30 ps_1_3

NAME

ps_1_3 - Direct3D Shader Model 1.3 fragment profile for DirectX 8

SYNOPSIS

ps_1_3

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce 3 (NV2x) for DirectX 8. The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 8's Pixel Shader 1.3 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219842.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 8 or 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

to-be-written

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

SEE ALSO

vs_1_1, ps_1_2, ps_1_1

3.31 ps_2_0

NAME

ps_2_0 - Direct3D Shader Model 2.0 fragment profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

ps_2_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9. The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Pixel Shader 2.0 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219843.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*val*

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=*val*

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=*val*

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **ps_2_0** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_2_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_2_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR	Input primary color
COLOR0	
COL	

COL0	
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

This profile may have limits on the number of dependent texture fetches.

SEE ALSO*vs_2_0, ps_2_x***3.32 ps_2_sw****NAME****ps_2_sw** - DirectX3D Software Shader for Model 2.0 Extended fragment profile**SYNOPSIS***ps_2_sw***DESCRIPTION**

This DirectX3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by the software version of DirectX 9's Pixel Shader 2.0 Extended shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172925.aspx>

This profile is useful for debugging and prototyping.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires a reference device.

This profile generates code assuming the following DirectX3D 9 pixel shader capability bits are set:

```
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_ArbitrarySwizzle
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_GradientInstructions
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_Predication
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_NoDependentReadLimit
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_NoTexInstructionLimit
```

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=val

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=val

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=val

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **ps_2_sw** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_2_sw** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_2_sw** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
-----------------------	--------------------

TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR	Output color (float4)
COLOR0	
COLO	
COL	
DEPTH	Output depth (float)
DEPR	

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

There are no restrictions on dependent texture reads (up to the instruction limit) for this profile.

SEE ALSO

vs_2_sw, ps_2_x

3.33 ps_2_x**NAME**

ps_2_x - Direct3D Shader Model 2.0 Extended fragment profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

ps_2_x

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Pixel Shader 2.0 Extended shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219844.aspx>

This profile supports static and structured dynamic flow control.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

This profile generates code assuming the following Direct3D 9 pixel shader capability bits are set:

```
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_ARBITRARYSWIZZLE
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_GRADIENTINSTRUCTIONS
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_PREDICATION
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_NODEPENDENTREADLIMIT
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_NOTEXINSTRUCTIONLIMIT
```

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*val*

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=*val*

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=*val*

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **ps_2_x** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_2_x** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_2_x** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3	Input texture coordinate sets 3

TEXCOORD3	
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COLO COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

There are no restrictions on dependent texture reads (up to the instruction limit) for this profile.

SEE ALSO

vs_2_x, ps_2_0

3.34 ps_3_0

NAME

ps_3_0 - Direct3D Shader Model 3.0 fragment profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

ps_3_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9. The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Pixel Shader 3.0 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb219845.aspx>

Data-dependent loops *are* allowed with a limit of 256 iterations maximum. Four levels of nesting are allowed.

Conditional expressions *can be* supported with data-dependent branching.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

float values in **ps_3_0** require standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_3_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_3_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1

TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile may have limits on the number of dependent texture fetches.

SEE ALSO

vs_3_0

3.35 ps_4_0

NAME

ps_4_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language for pixel shaders.

SYNOPSIS

ps_4_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language (HLSL10) for pixel shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 10's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **ps_4_0** profile depend on what HLSL10 profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 10 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509657.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL10 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL10 data types with the same name.

half

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **ps_4_0** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_4_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_4_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR	Input primary color
COLOR0	
COL	
COL0	
COLOR1	Input secondary color
COL1	

TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL10. In general, the Cg and HLSL10 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

vs_4_0, gs_4_0

3.36 ps_5_0

NAME

ps_5_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language for pixel shaders.

SYNOPSIS

ps_5_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language (HLSL11) for pixel shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 11's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the **ps_5_0** profile depend on what HLSL11 profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL11 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL11 data types with the same name.

half

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **ps_5_0** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

The varying input semantics in the **ps_5_0** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vs_5_0** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COLO	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7 TEX# translates to TEXCOORD#
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR COLOR0 COLO COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL11. In general, the Cg and HLSL11 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

hs_5_0, vs_5_0, gs_5_0, ds_5_0

3.37 vp20

NAME

vp20 - OpenGL fragment profile for NV2x (GeForce3, GeForce4 Ti, Quadro DCC, etc.)

SYNOPSIS

vp20

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce3.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_vertex_program1_1** (which assumes **NV_vertex_program**).

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for **NV_vertex_program** and **NV_vertex_program1_1** extensions. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_vertex_program`

`GL_NV_vertex_program1_1`

PROFILE OPTIONS

`PosInv=val`

Non-zero means generates code for position-invariant (with fixed-function) position transformation.

`MaxLocalParams=val`

Maximum number of local parameters the implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS*to-be-written***OUTPUT SEMANTICS***to-be-written***STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES***to-be-written***SEE ALSO***fp20*

3.38 vp30

NAME**vp30** - OpenGL fragment profile for NV3x (GeForce FX, Quadro FX, etc.)**SYNOPSIS**

vp30

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX line of NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_vertex_program2**.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_vertex_program2** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

`GL_NV_vertex_program2`

PROFILE OPTIONS

`PosInv=val`

Non-zero means generates code for position-invariant (with fixed-function) position transformation.

`MaxLocalParams=val`

Maximum number of local parameters the implementation supports.

DATA TYPES*to-be-written*

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

to-be-written

SEE ALSO

fp30

3.39 vp40

NAME

vp40 - OpenGL vertex profile for NVIDIA GeForce 6/7 Series, NV4x-based Quadro FX

SYNOPSIS

vp40

DESCRIPTION

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV_vertex_program3** and **ARB_vertex_program**.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported.

Texture accesses are supported. However substantial limitations on vertex texturing exist for hardware acceleration by NV4x hardware.

NV4x hardware accelerates vertex fetches only for 1-, 3-, and 4-component floating-point textures. NV4x hardware does not accelerated vertex-texturing for cube maps or 3D textures. NV4x does allow non-power-of-two sizes (width and height).

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV_fragment_program3** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based GPUs.

OpenGL Extension Specifications

GL_NV_vertex_program3

GL_ARB_vertex_program

PROFILE OPTIONS

`PosInv=val`

Non-zero means generates code for position-invariant (with fixed-function) position transformation.

`NumTemps=val`

Maximum number of temporary registers the implementation supports. Set to the implementation-dependent value of `GL_MAX_NATIVE_TEMPORARIES_ARB` for best performance.

`MaxAddressRegs=val`

Maximum number of address registers the implementation supports. Set to the implementation-dependent value of `GL_MAX_NATIVE_ADDRESS_REGISTERS_ARB` for best performance.

`MaxInstructions=val`

Maximum number of instructions the implementation supports. Set to the implementation-dependent value of `GL_MAX_NATIVE_INSTRUCTIONS_ARB` for best performance.

`MaxLocalParams=val`

Maximum number of local parameters the implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

`float`

This profile implements the `float` data type as IEEE 32-bit single precision.

`half`

`double`

`half` and `double` data types are treated as `float`.

`int`

The `int` data type is supported using floating point operations, which adds extra instructions for proper truncation for divides, modulus and casts from floating point types. Because integer values are simulated with IEEE single-precision floating-point, they are accurate over the range -2^{24} to 2^{24} but will not overflow like true integers.

`fixed`

`sampler*`

This profile does not support any operations on the `fixed` or `sampler*` data types, but does provide the minimal *partial support* that is required for these data types by the core language spec (i.e. it is legal to declare variables using these types, as long as no operations are performed on the variables).

SEMANTICS

VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS

The set of binding semantics for varying input data to `vp40` consists of `POSITION`, `BLENDWEIGHT`, `NORMAL`, `COLOR0`, `COLOR1`, `TESSFACTOR`, `PSIZE`, `BLENDINDICES`, and `TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7`. One can also use `TANGENT` and `BINORMAL` instead of `TEXCOORD6` and `TEXCOORD7`.

Additionally, a set of binding semantics `ATTR0-ATTR15` can be used. These binding semantics map to `NV_vertex_program3` input attribute parameters.

The two sets act as aliases to each other on NVIDIA GPUs excluding Apple Macs. ATI GPUs and NVIDIA Mac GPUs do *not* alias the conventional vertex attributes with the generic attributes.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, ATTR0	Input Vertex, Generic Attribute 0
BLENDWEIGHT, ATTR1	Input vertex weight, Generic Attribute 1
NORMAL, ATTR2	Input normal, Generic Attribute 2
DIFFUSE, COLOR0, ATTR3	Input primary color, Generic Attribute 3
SPECULAR, COLOR1, ATTR4	Input secondary color, Generic Attribute 4
TESSFACTOR, FOGCOORD, ATTR5	Input fog coordinate, Generic Attribute 5
PSIZE, ATTR6	Input point size, Generic Attribute 6
BLENDINDICES, ATTR7	Generic Attribute 7
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, ATTR8-ATTR15	Input texture coordinates (texcoord0-texcoord7) Generic Attributes 8-15
TANGENT, ATTR14	Generic Attribute 14
BINORMAL, ATTR15	Generic Attribute 15

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

C0-C255 Constant **register** [0..255].
 The aliases c0-c255 (lowercase) are also accepted.

If used with a variable that requires more than one constant register (e.g. a matrix), the semantic specifies the first register that is used.

TEXUNIT0-TEXUNIT15 Texture unit (but only 4 distinct texture units
 are allowed)

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COL0	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Standard library routines for texture cube map and rectangle samplers are not supported by vp40.

SEE ALSO

fp40

3.40 vs_1_1

NAME

vs_1_1 - Direct3D Shader Model 1.1 vertex profile for DirectX 8

SYNOPSIS

vs_1_1

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce 2 (NV1x) for DirectX 8.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 8's Vertex Shader 1.1 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172927.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 8 or 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

to-be-written

DATA TYPES

to-be-written

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

to-be-written

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

SEE ALSO

ps_1_3, ps_1_2, ps_1_1

3.41 vs_2_0

NAME

vs_2_0 - Direct3D Shader Model 2.0 vertex profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

vs_2_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Vertex Shader 2.0 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172928.aspx>

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*val*

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=*val*

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=*val*

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **vs_2_0** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS**INPUT SEMANTICS**

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Eight texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT7	Texture unit 7

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size

FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COL0	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

This profile may have limits on the number of dependent texture fetches.

SEE ALSO

ps_2_0, vs_2_x

3.42 vs_2_sw

NAME

vs_2_sw - DirectX3D Software Shader for Model 2.0 Extended vertex profile

SYNOPSIS

`vs_2_sw`

DESCRIPTION

This DirectX3D profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by the software version of DirectX 9's Vertex Shader 2.0 Extended shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172925.aspx>

This profile is useful for debugging and prototyping.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires support for software vertex processing and a reference device.

This profile generates code assuming the following DirectX3D 9 Vertex shader capability bits are set:

```
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_ARBITRARYSWIZZLE
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_GRADIENTINSTRUCTIONS
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_PREDICATION
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_NODEPENDENTREADLIMIT
D3DD3DPSHADERCAPS2_0_NOTEXINSTRUCTIONLIMIT
```

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*val*

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=*val*

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=*val*

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **vs_2_sw** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS**INPUT SEMANTICS**

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4	Input texture coordinate sets 4

TEXCOORD4	
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Eight texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT7	Texture unit 7

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COL0	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

There are no restrictions on dependent texture reads (up to the instruction limit) for this profile.

SEE ALSO

ps_2_sw, vs_2_x

3.43 vs_2_x

NAME

vs_2_x - Direct3D Shader Model 2.0 Extended vertex profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

vs_2_x

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Vertex Shader 2.0 Extended shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172929.aspx>

This profile supports static and structured dynamic flow control.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

This profile generates code assuming the following Direct3D 9 Vertex shader capability bits are set:

```
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_ArbitrarySwizzle
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_GradientInstructions
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_Predication
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_NodependentReadLimit
D3DD3DPShaderCaps2_0_NoTexInstructionLimit
```

PROFILE OPTIONS

NumTemps=*val*

Number of 4-component vector temporaries the target implementation supports.

NumInstructionSlots=*val*

Number of instructions the target implementation supports.

MaxDrawBuffers=*val*

Number of draw buffers or Multiple Render Targets (MRT) the target implementation supports.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

The **float** data type corresponds to a floating-point representation with at least 24 bits.

NVIDIA GPUs supporting **vs_2_x** use standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

Older ATI GPUs use 24-bit floating-point.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Eight texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT7	Texture unit 7

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COLO	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

Functions that compute partial derivatives are *not* supported.

There are no restrictions on dependent texture reads (up to the instruction limit) for this profile.

SEE ALSO

ps_2_x, vs_2_0

3.44 vs_3_0**NAME**

vs_3_0 - Direct3D Shader Model 3.0 vertex profile for DirectX 9

SYNOPSIS

vs_3_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce FX (NV3x) for DirectX 9.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual assembly defined by DirectX 9's Vertex Shader 3.0 shader format. See:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb172930.aspx>

Data-dependent loops *are* allowed with a limit of 256 iterations maximum. Four levels of nesting are allowed.

Conditional expressions *can be* supported with data-dependent branching.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 9 support.

PROFILE OPTIONS

None.

DATA TYPES

half

The **half** data type makes use of the Partial Precision instruction modifier to request less precision.

NVIDIA GPUs may use half-precision floating-point when the Partial Precision instruction modifier is specified. Half-precision floating-point is encoded with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.

float

float values in **vs_3_0** require standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

fixed

The **fixed** data type is treated like **half**.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6

TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Eight texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT7	Texture unit 7

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COL0	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile may have limits on the number of dependent texture fetches.

SEE ALSO

ps_3_0

3.45 vs_4_0**NAME**

vs_4_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language for vertex shaders.

SYNOPSIS

vs_4_0

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 10's High Level Shader Language (HLSL10) for vertex shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 10's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the vs_4_0 profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 10 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb509657.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL10 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL10 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COL0	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL10 for vertex shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL10 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

gs_4_0, ps_4_0

3.46 vs_5_0**NAME**

vs_5_0 - Translation profile to DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language for vertex shaders.

SYNOPSIS

`vs_5_0`

DESCRIPTION

This Direct3D profile translates Cg into DirectX 11's High Level Shader Language (HLSL11) for vertex shaders.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the textual high-level language defined by DirectX 11's High Level Shading Language.

The limitations of the `vs_5_0` profile depend on what HLSL profile to which the translated HLSL code is compiled.

3D API DEPENDENCIES

Requires Direct3D 11 support.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff471356.aspx>

PROFILE OPTIONS

-po pad16 This will add padding variables to the cbuffer declarations to match the 16 byte padding the GP4 OpenGL profiles use. This makes sure each variable in the cbuffer uses an entire float4 constant instead of the tight packing HLSL11 normally uses.

DATA TYPES

In general, the Cg data types translate to the HLSL11 data types with the same name.

float, half, fixed

These numeric data types all correspond to standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

int

This integral data type operates like an integer over the -2^{24} to 2^{24} range. The result of int by int division is an integer (rounding down) to match C.

SEMANTICS

INPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION	Object-space position (SV_Position)
NORMAL	Object-space normal
COLOR COLOR0 DIFFUSE	Primary color (float4) (SV_Target)
COLOR1 SPECULAR	Secondary color (float4)
FOGCOORD	Fog coordinate
TEXCOORD#	Texture coordinate set #

UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

OUTPUT SEMANTICS

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
POSITION, HPOS	Output position
PSIZE, PSIZ	Output point size
FOG, FOGC	Output fog coordinate
COLOR0, COLO	Output primary color
COLOR1, COL1	Output secondary color
BCOLO	Output backface primary color
BCOL1	Output backface secondary color
TEXCOORD0-TEXCOORD7, TEX0-TEX7	Output texture coordinates
CLP0-CL5	Output Clip distances

STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

This profile is limited to standard library support available in HLSL11 for vertex shaders. In general, the Cg and HLSL11 standard libraries are very similar.

SEE ALSO

ps_5_0, hs_5_0, gs_5_0, ds_5_0

CG API

4.1 cgAddStateEnumerant

NAME

cgAddStateEnumerant - associates an integer enumerant value as a possible value for a state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgAddStateEnumerant( CGstate state,
                          const char * name,
                          int value );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state to which to associate the name and value.

name

The name of the enumerant.

value

The value of the enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgAddStateEnumerant associates a given named integer enumerant value with a state definition. When that state is later used in a pass in an effect file, the value of the state assignment can optionally be given by providing a named enumerant defined with **cgAddStateEnumerant**. The state assignment will then take on the value provided when the enumerant was defined.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgAddStateEnumerant was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, cgCreateArrayState, cgCreateSamplerState, cgCreateArraySamplerState, cgGetStateName

4.2 cgCallStateResetCallback

NAME

cgCallStateResetCallback - calls the state resetting callback function for a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateResetCallback( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the boolean value returned by the callback function. It should be **CG_TRUE** upon success.

Returns **CG_TRUE** if no callback function was defined.

DESCRIPTION

cgCallStateResetCallback calls the graphics state resetting callback function for the given state assignment.

The semantics of “resetting state” will depend on the particular graphics state manager that defined the valid state assignments; it will generally either mean that graphics state is reset to what it was before the pass, or that it is reset to the default value. The OpenGL state manager in the OpenGL Cg runtime implements the latter approach.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgCallStateResetCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgResetPassState, cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateSetCallback, cgCallStateValidateCallback

4.3 cgCallStateSetCallback

NAME

cgCallStateSetCallback - calls the state setting callback function for a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateSetCallback( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the boolean value returned by the callback function. It should be **CG_TRUE** upon success.

Returns **CG_TRUE** if no callback function was defined.

DESCRIPTION

cgCallStateSetCallback calls the graphics state setting callback function for the given state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgCallStateSetCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetPassState, cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateResetCallback, cgCallStateValidateCallback

4.4 cgCallStateValidateCallback

NAME

cgCallStateValidateCallback - calls the state validation callback function for a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateValidateCallback( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

`sa`

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the boolean value returned by the validation function. It should be **CG_TRUE** upon success.

Returns **CG_TRUE** if no callback function was defined.

DESCRIPTION

cgCallStateValidateCallback calls the state validation callback function for the given state assignment. The validation callback will return **CG_TRUE** or **CG_FALSE** depending on whether the current hardware and driver support the graphics state set by the state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if `sa` is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgCallStateValidateCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateSetCallback, cgCallStateResetCallback

4.5 cgCombinePrograms

NAME

cgCombinePrograms - combine programs from different domains

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCombinePrograms ( int n,  
                             const CGprogram * exeList );
```

PARAMETERS

`n`

The number of program objects in **exeList**.

`exeList`

An array of two or more executable programs, each from a different domain.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created program on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCombinePrograms will take a set of *n* programs and combine them into a single **CGprogram**. This allows a single call to **BindProgram** (instead of a `BindProgram` for each individual program) and provides optimizations between the combined set of program inputs and outputs.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram p1 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, vSrc, vProfile,
                               vEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p2 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, fSrc, fProfile,
                               fEntryName, NULL);

CGprogram programs[] = {p1, p2};
CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms(2, programs);

cgDestroyProgram(p1);
cgDestroyProgram(p2);

cgGLBindProgram(combined); /* Assuming cgGL runtime */

/* Render... */
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_DIMENSION_ERROR is generated if *n* less than or equal to 1 or *n* is greater than 3.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if *exeList* is **NULL**.

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if one of the programs in *exeList* is invalid.

The errors listed in *cgCreateProgram* might also be generated.

HISTORY

cgCombinePrograms was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCombinePrograms2, *cgCombinePrograms3*, *cgCombinePrograms4*, *cgCombinePrograms5*, *cgCreateProgram*, *cgGLBindProgram*, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

4.6 cgCombinePrograms2

NAME

cgCombinePrograms2 - combine programs from two different domains

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGprogram cgCombinePrograms2( const CGprogram program1,
                             const CGprogram program2 );
```

PARAMETERS

program1

An executable program from one domain.

```
program2
```

An executable program from a different domain.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created program on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCombinePrograms2 takes two programs from different domains and combines them into a single **CGprogram**. This is a convenience function for *cgCombinePrograms*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram p1 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, vSrc, vProfile,
                               vEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p2 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, fSrc, fProfile,
                               fEntryName, NULL);

CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms2(p1, p2);

cgDestroyProgram(p1);
cgDestroyProgram(p2);

cgGLBindProgram(combined); /* Assuming cgGL runtime */

/* Render... */
```

ERRORS

The errors listed in *cgCombinePrograms* might be generated.

HISTORY

cgCombinePrograms2 was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCombinePrograms, *cgCombinePrograms3*, *cgCombinePrograms4*, *cgCombinePrograms5*

4.7 cgCombinePrograms3

NAME

cgCombinePrograms3 - combine programs from three different domains

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGprogram cgCombinePrograms3( const CGprogram program1,
                              const CGprogram program2,
                              const CGprogram program3 );
```

PARAMETERS

program1

An executable program from one domain.

program2

An executable program from a second domain.

program3

An executable program from a third domain.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created program on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCombinePrograms3 takes three programs from different domains and combines them into a single **CGprogram**. This is a convenience function for *cgCombinePrograms*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram p1 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, vSrc, vProfile,
                               vEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p2 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, fSrc, fProfile,
                               fEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p3 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, gSrc, gProfile,
                               gEntryName, NULL);

CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms3(p1, p2, p3);

cgDestroyProgram(p1);
cgDestroyProgram(p2);
cgDestroyProgram(p3);

cgGLBindProgram(combined); /* Assuming cgGL runtime */

/* Render... */
```

ERRORS

The errors listed in *cgCombinePrograms* might be generated.

HISTORY

cgCombinePrograms3 was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCombinePrograms, *cgCombinePrograms2*, *cgCombinePrograms4*, *cgCombinePrograms5*

4.8 cgCombinePrograms4

NAME

cgCombinePrograms4 - combine programs from three different domains

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCombinePrograms4( const CGprogram program1,  
                             const CGprogram program2,  
                             const CGprogram program3,  
                             const CGprogram program4 );
```

PARAMETERS

program1

An executable program from one domain.

program2

An executable program from a second domain.

program3

An executable program from a third domain.

program4

An executable program from a fourth domain.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created program on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCombinePrograms4 takes four programs from different domains and combines them into a single **CGprogram**. This is a convenience function for *cgCombinePrograms*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram p1 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, vSrc, vProfile,  
                               vEntryName, NULL);  
CGprogram p2 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, fSrc, fProfile,  
                               fEntryName, NULL);  
CGprogram p3 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, tcSrc, tcProfile,  
                               tcEntryName, NULL);  
CGprogram p4 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, teSrc, teProfile,  
                               teEntryName, NULL);  
  
CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms4(p1, p2, p3, p4);  
  
cgDestroyProgram(p1);  
cgDestroyProgram(p2);  
cgDestroyProgram(p3);  
cgDestroyProgram(p4);  
  
cgGLBindProgram(combined); /* Assuming cgGL runtime */  
  
/* Render... */
```

ERRORS

The errors listed in *cgCombinePrograms* might be generated.

HISTORY

cgCombinePrograms4 was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCombinePrograms, *cgCombinePrograms2*, *cgCombinePrograms3*, *cgCombinePrograms5*

4.9 cgCombinePrograms5

NAME

cgCombinePrograms5 - combine programs from three different domains

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCombinePrograms5( const CGprogram program1,  
                             const CGprogram program2,  
                             const CGprogram program3,  
                             const CGprogram program4,  
                             const CGprogram program5 );
```

PARAMETERS

program1

An executable program from one domain.

program2

An executable program from a second domain.

program3

An executable program from a third domain.

program4

An executable program from a fourth domain.

program5

An executable program from a fifth domain.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created program on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCombinePrograms5 takes five programs from different domains and combines them into a single **CGprogram**. This is a convenience function for *cgCombinePrograms*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram p1 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, vSrc, vProfile,
                               vEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p2 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, fSrc, fProfile,
                               fEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p3 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, gSrc, gProfile,
                               gEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p4 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, tcSrc, tcProfile,
                               tcEntryName, NULL);
CGprogram p5 = cgCreateProgram(context, CG_SOURCE, teSrc, teProfile,
                               teEntryName, NULL);

CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms5(p1, p2, p3, p4, p5);

cgDestroyProgram(p1);
cgDestroyProgram(p2);
cgDestroyProgram(p3);
cgDestroyProgram(p4);
cgDestroyProgram(p5);

cgGLBindProgram(combined); /* Assuming cgGL runtime */

/* Render... */
```

ERRORS

The errors listed in *cgCombinePrograms* might be generated.

HISTORY

cgCombinePrograms5 was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCombinePrograms, *cgCombinePrograms2*, *cgCombinePrograms3*, *cgCombinePrograms4*

4.10 cgCompileProgram

NAME

cgCompileProgram - compile a program object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgCompileProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program object to compile.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgCompileProgram compiles the specified Cg program for its target profile. A program must be compiled before it can be loaded (by the API-specific part of the runtime). It must also be compiled before its parameters can be inspected.

The compiled program can be retrieved as a text string by passing **CG_COMPILED_PROGRAM** to *cgGetProgramString*.

Certain actions invalidate a compiled program and the current value of all of its parameters. If one of these actions is performed, the program must be recompiled before it can be used. A program is invalidated if the program source is modified, if the compile arguments are modified, or if the entry point is changed.

If one of the parameter bindings for a program is changed, that action invalidates the compiled program, but does not invalidate the current value of the program's parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
if(!cgIsProgramCompiled(program))
    cgCompileProgram(program);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCompileProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgIsProgramCompiled, *cgCreateProgram*, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgIsParameter*, *cgGetProgramString*

4.11 cgConnectParameter

NAME

cgConnectParameter - connect two parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgConnectParameter( CGparameter from,
                        CGparameter to );
```

PARAMETERS

from

The source parameter.

to

The destination parameter.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgConnectParameter connects a source (from) parameter to a destination (to) parameter. The resulting connection forces the value and variability of the destination parameter to be identical to the source parameter. A source parameter may be connected to multiple destination parameters but there may only be one source parameter per destination parameter.

cgConnectParameter may be used to create an arbitrarily deep tree. A runtime error will be thrown if a cycle is inadvertently created. For example, the following code snippet would generate a **CG_BIND_CREATES_CYCLE_ERROR** :

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter Param1 = cgCreateParameter(context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter Param2 = cgCreateParameter(context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter Param3 = cgCreateParameter(context, CG_FLOAT);

cgConnectParameter(Param1, Param2);
cgConnectParameter(Param2, Param3);
cgConnectParameter(Param3, Param1); /* This will generate the error */
```

If the source type is a complex type (e.g., struct, or array) the topology and member types of both parameters must be identical. Each correlating member parameter will be connected.

Both parameters must be of the same type unless the source parameter is a struct type, the destination parameter is an interface type, and the struct type implements the interface type. In such a case, a copy of the parameter tree under the source parameter will be duplicated, linked to the original tree, and placed under the destination parameter.

If an array parameter is connected to a resizable array parameter the destination parameter array will automatically be resized to match the source array.

The source parameter may not be a program parameter. Also the variability of the parameters may not be **CG_VARYING**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter TimeParam1 = cgGetNamedParameter(program1, "time");
CGparameter TimeParam2 = cgGetNamedParameter(program2, "time");
CGparameter SharedTime = cgCreateParameter(context,
                                           cgGetParameterType(TimeParam1));

cgConnectParameter(SharedTime, TimeParam1);
cgConnectParameter(SharedTime, TimeParam2);

cgSetParameter1f(SharedTime, 2.0);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if either of the **from** or **to** parameters are invalid handles.

CG_PARAMETER_IS_NOT_SHARED_ERROR is generated if the source parameter is a program parameter.

CG_BIND_CREATES_CYCLE_ERROR is generated if the connection will result in a cycle.

CG_PARAMETERS_DO_NOT_MATCH_ERROR is generated if the parameters do not have the same type or the topologies do not match.

CG_ARRAY_TYPES_DO_NOT_MATCH_ERROR is generated if the type of two arrays being connected do not match.

CG_ARRAY_DIMENSIONS_DO_NOT_MATCH_ERROR is generated if the dimensions of two arrays being connected do not match.

HISTORY

cgConnectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetConnectedParameter, cgGetConnectedToParameter, cgDisconnectParameter

4.12 cgCopyEffect

NAME

cgCopyEffect - make a copy of an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgCopyEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect object to be copied.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a copy of **effect** on success.

Returns **NULL** if **effect** is invalid or the copy fails.

DESCRIPTION

cgCopyEffect creates a new effect object that is a copy of **effect** and adds it to the same context as **effect**.

Note: Currently **cgCopyEffect** does not work and therefore will always returns **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGeffect effectCopy = cgCopyEffect( effect );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgCopyEffect was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgCreateEffectFromFile, cgDestroyEffect

4.13 cgCopyProgram

NAME

cgCopyProgram - make a copy of a program object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCopyProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program object to copy.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a copy of **program** on success.

Returns **NULL** if **program** is invalid or the copy fails.

DESCRIPTION

cgCopyProgram creates a new program object that is a copy of **program** and adds it to the same context as **program**. **cgCopyProgram** is useful for creating a new instance of a program whose parameter properties have been modified by the run-time API.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram programCopy = cgCopyProgram(program);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgCopyProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

cgCopyProgram is operational as of Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgDestroyProgram

4.14 cgCreateArraySamplerState

NAME

cgCreateArraySamplerState - create an array-typed sampler state definition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGstate cgCreateArraySamplerState( CGcontext context,
                                   const char * name,
                                   CGtype type,
                                   int nelements );
```

PARAMETERS

- context**
The context in which to define the sampler state.
- name**
The name of the new sampler state.
- type**
The type of the new sampler state.
- nelements**
The number of elements in the array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**.

Returns **NULL** if there is an error.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateArraySamplerState adds a new array-typed sampler state definition to **context**. All state in **sampler_state** blocks must have been defined ahead of time via a call to *cgCreateSamplerState* or **cgCreateArraySamplerState** before adding an effect file to the context.

Applications will typically call *cgSetStateCallbacks* shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateArraySamplerState**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type, or if **nelements** is not a positive number.

HISTORY

cgCreateArraySamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateSamplerState, *cgGetStateName*, *cgGetStateType*, *cgIsState*, *cgSetStateCallbacks*, *cgGLRegisterStates*

4.15 cgCreateArrayState

NAME

cgCreateArrayState - create an array-typed state definition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateArrayState( CGcontext context,  
                           const char * name,  
                           CGtype type,  
                           int nelements );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to define the state.

name

The name of the new state.

type

The type of the new state.

nelements

The number of elements in the array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**.

Returns **NULL** if there is an error.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateArrayState adds a new array-typed state definition to **context**. Before a CgFX file is added to a context, all state assignments in the file must have previously been defined via a call to *cgCreateState* or **cgCreateArrayState**.

Applications will typically call *cgSetStateCallbacks* shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateArrayState**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type, or if **nelements** is not a positive number.

HISTORY

cgCreateArrayState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateContext, cgGetStateName, cgGetStateType, cgIsState, cgSetStateCallbacks, cgGLRegisterStates

4.16 cgCreateBuffer

NAME

cgCreateBuffer - create a buffer object managed by the runtime

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgCreateBuffer( CGcontext context,
                        int size,
                        const void *data,
                        CGbufferusage bufferUsage );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

size

The length in bytes of the buffer to create.

data

Pointer to initial buffer data. NULL will fill the buffer with zero.

bufferUsage

Indicates the intended usage method of the buffer.

Can be one of the following types:

- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STREAM_DRAW**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STREAM_READ**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STREAM_COPY**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STATIC_DRAW**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STATIC_READ**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STATIC_COPY**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_DYNAMIC_DRAW**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_DYNAMIC_READ**
- * **CG_BUFFER_USAGE_DYNAMIC_COPY**

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateBuffer creates a runtime managed Cg buffer object.

There is no way to query the 3D API-specific resource for a managed buffer. *cgGLCreateBuffer* should be used if the application wishes to later query the 3D API-specific resource for the buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgCreateBuffer( myCgContext, sizeof( float ) * 16,
                                   initialData, CG_BUFFER_USAGE_STATIC_DRAW );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgCreateBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGLCreateBuffer, cgDestroyBuffer

4.17 cgCreateContext

NAME

cgCreateContext - create a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgCreateContext( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a valid **CGcontext** on success.

Returns **NULL** if context creation fails.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateContext creates a Cg context object and returns its handle. A Cg context is a container for Cg programs. All Cg programs must be added to a Cg context.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
```

ERRORS

CG_MEMORY_ALLOC_ERROR is generated if a context couldn't be created.

HISTORY

cgCreateContext was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgDestroyContext, cgSetContextBehavior, cgGetContextBehavior, cgCreateProgram, cgCreateEffect, cgCreateState

4.18 cgCreateEffect

NAME

cgCreateEffect - create an effect object from a source string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgCreateEffect( CGcontext context,
                        const char * source,
                        const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new effect will be added.

source

A string containing the effect's source code.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGeffect** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffect generates a new **CGeffect** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

If an error occurs *cgGetLastListing* can be called to retrieve any warning or error messages from the compilation process.

EXAMPLES

Creating an effect:

```
char *effectSource = ...;
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect(context,
                                effectSource,
                                NULL);
```

Iterating through the techniques in an effect:

```
CGtechnique technique = cgGetFirstTechnique(effect);
while (technique) {
    // Do something with each technique
    technique = cgGetNextTechnique(technique);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, *cgCreateEffectFromFile*, *cgGetLastListing*, *cgGetFirstTechnique*, *cgGetTechniqueEffect*, *cgGetFirstEffect*

4.19 cgCreateEffectAnnotation

NAME

cgCreateEffectAnnotation - create an effect annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgCreateEffectAnnotation( CGeffect effect,  
                                       const char * name,  
                                       CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect to which the new annotation will be added.

name

The name of the new annotation.

type

The type of the new annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new **CGannotation** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffectAnnotation adds a new annotation to the effect.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a float annotation named "Apple" for CGeffect effect */  
CGannotation ann = cgCreateEffectAnnotation( effect, "Apple", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_DUPLICATE_NAME_ERROR is generated if **name** is already used by an annotation for this effect.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **type** is not **CG_INT**, **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_BOOL**, or **CG_STRING**.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffectAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation, cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.20 cgCreateEffectFromFile

NAME

cgCreateEffectFromFile - create an effect object from a file

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgCreateEffectFromFile( CGcontext context,
                                const char * filename,
                                const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new effect will be added.

filename

Name of a file that contains the effect's source code.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGeffect** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffectFromFile generates a new **CGeffect** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

If an error occurs *cgGetLastListing* can be called to retrieve any warning or error messages from the compilation process.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffectFromFile(context, "filename.cgfx", NULL);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_FILE_READ_ERROR is generated if the given filename cannot be read.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffectFromFile was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, cgCreateEffect, cgGetLastListing, cgGetTechniqueEffect, cgGetEffectName, cgSetEffectName, cgCreateEffectAnnotation, cgDestroyEffect, cgGetFirstEffect

4.21 cgCreateEffectParameter

NAME

cgCreateEffectParameter - create a parameter in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateEffectParameter( CGeffect effect,
                                     const char * name,
                                     CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect to which the new parameter will be added.

name

The name of the new parameter.

type

The type of the new parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new parameter.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffectParameter adds a new parameter to the specified effect.

EXAMPLES

```
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect( ... );
CGparameter param = cgCreateEffectParameter( effect, "myFloatParam", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgIsParameter, cgCreateEffectParameterArray, cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray, cgCreateTechnique, cgCreatePass, cgConnectParameter

4.22 cgCreateEffectParameterArray

NAME

cgCreateEffectParameterArray - create an array parameter in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateEffectParameterArray( CGeffect effect,
                                          const char * name,
                                          CGtype type,
                                          int length );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect to which the new parameter will be added.

name

The name of the new parameter.

type

The type of the new parameter.

length

The size of the array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new array parameter on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffectParameterArray adds a new array parameter to the specified effect.

EXAMPLES

```
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect( ... );
CGparameter array = cgCreateEffectParameterArray( effect, "myFloatArray",
                                                    CG_FLOAT, 2 );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffectParameterArray was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffectParameter, *cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray*

4.23 cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray

NAME

cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray - create a multi-dimensional array in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray( CGeffect effect,
                                                    const char * name,
                                                    CGtype type,
                                                    int dim,
                                                    const int * lengths );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect to which the new parameter will be added.

name

The name of the new parameter.

type

The type of the new parameter.

dim

The dimension of the array.

lengths

The sizes for each dimension of the array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle of the new parameter on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray adds a new multidimensional array parameter to the specified effect.

EXAMPLES

```
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect( ... );
int lengths[] = {2,2};
CGparameter array = cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray(effect,
    "myFloatMultiArray", CG_FLOAT, 2, lengths);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffectParameter, cgCreateEffectParameterArray

4.24 cgCreateObj

NAME

cgCreateObj - create a cg object type from a shader string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGobj cgCreateObj( CGcontext context,
    CGenum program_type,
    const char * source,
    CGprofile profile,
    const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new object will be added.

program_type

An enumerant describing the contents of the **source** string. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_SOURCE

source contains Cg source code.

CG_OBJECT

source contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

source

A string containing either the programs source or object code. See **program_type** for more information.

profile

The profile enumerant for the program.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGobj** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateObj creates a new **CGobj** which is a source code object similar to a .obj or .o in C/C++ programming where various forms of data can be extracted. This can be used, for example, to create user defined data types from a Cg source string.

EXAMPLES

```
// Imagine a Cg source string that contains:

const char src[] =
    "typedef struct { \n"
    " float3 param1; \n"
    " half4 param2; \n"
    "} MyType;";

// To create a Cg obj:

CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGobj structObj = cgCreateObj(ctx, CG_SOURCE, src, CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1, NULL);

// Now we can get the CGtype:

CGtype userDefinedMyType = cgGetNamedUserType(structObj, "MyType");

// We could also iterate through all the types in the CGobj printing their
// names like this:

int numTypes = cgGetNumUserTypes(structObj);
for (int i=0; i<numTypes; i++) {
    cout << cgGetTypeString(cgGetUserType(structObj, i)) << endl;
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **program_type** is not **CG_SOURCE** or **CG_OBJECT**.

CG_UNKNOWN_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateObj was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateObjFromFile, *cgDestroyObj*

4.25 cgCreateObjFromFile

NAME

cgCreateObjFromFile - create a cg object type from a shader file

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGobj cgCreateObjFromFile( CGcontext context,
                          CGenum program_type,
                          const char * source_file,
                          CGprofile profile,
                          const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new object will be added.

program_type

An enumerant describing the contents of the **source** string. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_SOURCE

source contains Cg source code.

CG_OBJECT

source contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

source_file

Name of a file containing source or object code. See **program_type** for more information.

profile

The profile enumerant for the program.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGobj** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateObjFromFile creates a new **CGobj** which is a source code object similar to a .obj or .o in C/C++ programming where various forms of data can be extracted. This can be used, for example, to create user defined data types from a Cg source string.

EXAMPLES

```
// To create a Cg obj:

CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGobj structObj = cgCreateObjFromFile(ctx, CG_SOURCE, source_file,
                                     CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1, NULL);

// Now we can get the CGtype:

CGtype userDefinedMyType = cgGetNamedUserType(structObj, "MyType");

// We could also iterate through all the types in the CGobj printing
// their names like this:

int numTypes = cgGetNumUserTypes(structObj);
for (int i=0; i<numTypes; i++) {
    cout << cgGetTypeString(cgGetUserType(structObj, i)) << endl;
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **program_type** is not **CG_SOURCE** or **CG_OBJECT**.

CG_UNKNOWN_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateObjFromFile was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateObj, cgDestroyObj

4.26 cgCreateParameter

NAME

cgCreateParameter - create a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGparameter cgCreateParameter( CGcontext context,
                              CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new parameter will be added.

type

The type of the new parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new parameter.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateParameter creates context level shared parameters. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameters with *cgConnectParameter*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter param = cgCreateParameter(context, CG_FLOAT);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgCreateParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameterArray, *cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray*, *cgCreateEffectParameter*, *cgDestroyParameter*, *cgConnectParameter*

4.27 cgCreateParameterAnnotation

NAME

cgCreateParameterAnnotation - create an annotation in a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgCreateParameterAnnotation( CGparameter param,
                                         const char * name,
                                         CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

parm

The parameter to which the new annotation will be added.

name

The name of the new annotation.

type

The type of the new annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new **CGannotation** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateParameterAnnotation adds a new annotation to the specified parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgCreateParameterAnnotation( param, "Apple", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_DUPLICATE_NAME_ERROR is generated if **name** is already used by an annotation for this parameter.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **type** is not **CG_INT**, **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_BOOL**, or **CG_STRING**.

HISTORY

cgCreateParameterAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation, cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.28 cgCreateParameterArray

NAME

cgCreateParameterArray - creates a parameter array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameterArray( CGcontext context,  
                                   CGtype type,  
                                   int length );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new parameter will be added.

type

The type of the new parameter.

length

The length of the array being created.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new parameter array.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateParameterArray creates context level shared parameter arrays. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameter arrays with *cgConnectParameter*.

cgCreateParameterArray works similarly to *cgCreateParameter*, but creates an array of parameters rather than a single parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter param = cgCreateParameterArray(context, CG_FLOAT, 5);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgCreateParameterArray was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameter, *cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray*, *cgDestroyParameter*

4.29 cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray

NAME

cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray - creates a multi-dimensional parameter array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray( CGcontext context,
                                             CGtype type,
                                             int dim,
                                             const int * lengths );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new parameter will be added.

type

The type of the new parameter.

dim

The dimension of the multi-dimensional array.

lengths

An array of length values, one for each dimension of the array to be created.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new parameter array.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray creates context level shared multi-dimensional parameter arrays. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameter arrays with *cgConnectParameter*.

cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray works similarly to *cgCreateParameterArray*. Instead of taking a single length parameter it takes an array of lengths, one per dimension. The dimension of the array is defined by the **dim** parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
/* Creates a three dimensional float array similar to */
/* the C declaration : float param[5][3][4]; */

int lengths[] = { 5, 3, 4 };
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter param = cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray(context, CG_FLOAT,
                                                    3, lengths);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_VALUE_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **type** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameter, *cgCreateParameterArray*, *cgDestroyParameter*, *cgConnectParameter*

4.30 cgCreatePass

NAME

cgCreatePass - create a pass in a technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGpass cgCreatePass( CGtechnique tech,
                    const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique to which the new pass will be added.

name

The name of the new pass.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new pass on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreatePass adds a new pass to the specified technique.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgCreatePass was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateTechnique

4.31 cgCreatePassAnnotation

NAME

cgCreatePassAnnotation - create an annotation in a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgCreatePassAnnotation( CGpass pass,
                                     const char * name,
                                     CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass to which the new annotation will be added.

name

The name of the new annotation.

type

The type of the new annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new **CGannotation** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreatePassAnnotation adds a new annotation to a pass.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a float annotation named "Apple" for CGpass pass */
CGannotation ann = cgCreatePassAnnotation( pass, "Apple", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_DUPLICATE_NAME_ERROR is generated if **name** is already used by an annotation for this pass.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **type** is not **CG_INT**, **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_BOOL**, or **CG_STRING**.

HISTORY

cgCreatePassAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedPassAnnotation, cgGetFirstPassAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.32 cgCreateProgram

NAME

cgCreateProgram - create a program object from a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGprogram cgCreateProgram( CGcontext context,
                          CGenum program_type,
                          const char * program,
                          CGprofile profile,
                          const char * entry,
                          const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new program will be added.

program_type

An enumerant describing the contents of the **program** string. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_SOURCE

program contains Cg source code.

CG_OBJECT

program contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

program

A string containing either the programs source or object code. See **program_type** for more information.

profile

The profile enumerant for the program.

entry

The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If **NULL**, the entry point defaults to “**main**”.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGprogram** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgCreateProgram` generates a new **CGprogram** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGprogram program = cgCreateProgram(context,
                                   CG_SOURCE,
                                   mysourcestring,
                                   CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
                                   "myshader",
                                   NULL);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **program_type** is not **CG_SOURCE** or **CG_OBJECT**.

CG_UNKNOWN_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

`cgCreateProgram` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, cgCreateProgramFromFile, cgDestroyProgram, cgGetProgramString

4.33 cgCreateProgramAnnotation

NAME

cgCreateProgramAnnotation - create an annotation in a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgCreateProgramAnnotation( CGprogram program,  
                                       const char * name,  
                                       CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to which the new annotation will be added.

name

The name of the new annotation.

type

The type of the new annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new **CGannotation** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateProgramAnnotation adds a new annotation to a program.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a float annotation named "Apple" for CGprogram prog */  
CGannotation ann = cgCreateProgramAnnotation( prog, "Apple", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_DUPLICATE_NAME_ERROR is generated if **name** is already used by an annotation for this program.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **type** is not **CG_INT**, **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_BOOL**, or **CG_STRING**.

HISTORY

cgCreateProgramAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation, *cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation*, *cgGetNextAnnotation*

4.34 cgCreateProgramFromEffect

NAME

cgCreateProgramFromEffect - create a program object from an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCreateProgramFromEffect( CGeffect effect,
                                     CGprofile profile,
                                     const char * entry,
                                     const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect containing the program source code from which to create the program.

profile

The profile enumerant for the program.

entry

The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If **NULL**, the entry point defaults to “**main**”.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGprogram** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateProgramFromEffect generates a new **CGprogram** object and adds it to the effect’s Cg context.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_UNKNOWN_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateProgramFromEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile

4.35 cgCreateProgramFromFile

NAME

cgCreateProgramFromFile - create a program object from a file

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCreateProgramFromFile( CGcontext context,  
                                  CGenum program_type,  
                                  const char * program_file,  
                                  CGprofile profile,  
                                  const char * entry,  
                                  const char ** args );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new program will be added.

program_type

An enumerant describing the contents of the **program_file**. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_SOURCE

program_file contains Cg source code.

CG_OBJECT

program_file contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

program_file

Name of a file containing source or object code. See **program_type** for more information.

profile

The profile enumerant for the program.

entry

The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If **NULL**, the entry point defaults to “**main**”.

args

If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGprogram** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateProgramFromFile generates a new **CGprogram** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();  
CGprogram program = cgCreateProgramFromFile(context,  
                                           CG_SOURCE,  
                                           mysourcefilename,  
                                           CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
```

```
"myshader",
NULL);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **program_type** is not **CG_SOURCE** or **CG_OBJECT**.

CG_UNKNOWN_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

CG_COMPILER_ERROR is generated if compilation fails.

HISTORY

cgCreateProgramFromFile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, *cgCreateProgram*, *cgCreateProgramFromEffect*, *cgGetProgramString*

4.36 cgCreateSamplerState

NAME

cgCreateSamplerState - create a sampler state definition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateSamplerState( CGcontext context,
                             const char * name,
                             CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to define the new sampler state.

name

The name of the new sampler state.

type

The type of the new sampler state.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**.

Returns **NULL** if there is an error.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateSamplerState adds a new sampler state definition to the context. When an effect file is added to the context, all state in **sampler_state** blocks must have already been defined via a call to **cgCreateSamplerState** or *cgCreateAr-raySamplerState*.

Applications will typically call *cgSetStateCallbacks* shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateSamplerState**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, or if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type. Array-typed state should be created with *cgCreateArrayState*.

HISTORY

cgCreateSamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateArraySamplerState, *cgGetStateName*, *cgGetStateType*, *cgIsState*, *cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgGLRegisterStates*

4.37 cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment

NAME

cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment - create a sampler state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment( CGparameter param,  
                                                  CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter to which the new state assignment will be associated.

state

The state for which to create the new state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the created sampler state assignment.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment creates a new state assignment for the given state and sampler parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateTechnique, *cgCreateStateAssignment*, *cgCreateSamplerState*

4.38 cgCreateState**NAME**

cgCreateState - create a state definition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateState( CGcontext context,
                      const char * name,
                      CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to define the new state.

name

The name of the new state.

type

The type of the new state.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**.

Returns **NULL** if there is an error.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateState adds a new state definition to the context. When a CgFX file is added to the context, all state assignments in the file must have already been defined via a call to **cgCreateState** or *cgCreateArrayState*.

Applications will typically call *cgSetStateCallbacks* shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateState**.

EXAMPLES

Example callback functions for a state to register:

```
CGbool foo_set( CGstateassignment sa )
{
    int nVals = 0;
    const CGbool *val = cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues( sa, &nVals );
    printf( "\nFooState set called with value %d.\n", *val );
    return CG_TRUE;
}
```

```
CGbool foo_reset( CGstateassignment sa )
{
    printf( "\nFooState reset called.\n" );
    return CG_TRUE;
}

CGbool foo_validate( CGstateassignment sa )
{
    printf( "FooState validate called.\n" );
    return CG_TRUE;
}
```

Registering the state:

```
// Create and register new state FooState
CGstate fooState = cgCreateState( myCgContext, "FooState", CG_BOOL );
cgSetStateCallbacks( fooState, foo_set, foo_reset, foo_validate );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, or if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type. Array-typed state should be created with *cgCreateArrayState*.

HISTORY

cgCreateState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateArrayState, *cgGetStateContext*, *cgGetStateName*, *cgGetStateType*, *cgIsState*, *cgSetStateCallbacks*, *cgGLRegisterStates*, *cgD3D9RegisterStates*, *cgCreateContext*

4.39 cgCreateStateAssignment

NAME

cgCreateStateAssignment - create a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGstateassignment cgCreateStateAssignment( CGpass pass,
                                           CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass in which to create the state assignment.

state

The state used to create the state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the created state assignment.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateStateAssignment creates a state assignment for the specified pass. The new state assignment is appended to the pass' existing list of state assignments. If the state is actually a state array, the created state assignment is created for array index zero. Use *cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex* to create state assignments for other indices of an array state.

EXAMPLES

```

/* Procedurally create state assignment equivalent to */
/* "BlendFunc = { SrcAlpha, OneMinusSrcAlpha };" */
CGstate blendFuncState = cgGetNamedState(context, "BlendFunc");
CGstateassignment blendFuncSA =
    cgCreateStateAssignment(pass, blendFuncState);
static const int blendFuncConfig[2] =
    { GL_SRC_ALPHA, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA };
cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment(blendFuncSA, blendFuncConfig);

/* Procedurally create state assignment equivalent to */
/* "BlendEnable = true;" */
CGstate blendEnableState =
    cgGetNamedState(context, "BlendEnable");
CGstateassignment blendEnableSA =
    cgCreateStateAssignment(pass, blendEnableState);
cgSetBoolStateAssignment(blendEnableSA, CG_TRUE);

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgCreateStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateTechnique, *cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgCreateState*, *cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex*

4.40 cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex

NAME

cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex - create a state assignment for a state array

SYNOPSIS

```

#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGstateassignment cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex( CGpass pass,
                                                CGstate state,
                                                int index );

```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass in which to create the state assignment.

state

The state array used to create the state assignment.

index

The index for the state array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new state assignment handle.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex creates a state assignment for the specified pass. The new state assignment is appended to the pass's existing list of state assignments. The state assignment is for the given index of for the specified array state.

EXAMPLES

This example shows how to create a state assignment for enabling light 5:

```
/* Procedurally create state assignment equivalent to */
/* "LightEnable[5] = 1;" */
CGstate lightEnableState = cgGetNamedState(context, "LightEnable");
CGstateassignment light5sa =
    cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex(pass, lightEnableState , 5);
cgSetBoolStateAssignment(light5sa, CG_TRUE);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

If the **index** is negative or **index** is greater than or equal the number of elements for the state array, no error is generated but **NULL** is returned.

HISTORY

cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentIndex, cgCreateTechnique, cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment, cgCreateState, cgCreateStateAssignment

4.41 cgCreateTechnique

NAME

cgCreateTechnique - create a technique in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgCreateTechnique( CGeffect effect,
                               const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect to which the new technique will be added.

name

The name for the new technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new technique on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateTechnique adds a new technique to the specified effect.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgCreateTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgIsTechnique, cgCreatePass, cgCreateEffectParameter, cgCreateEffectParameterArray, cgCreateEffectParameterMultiDimArray

4.42 cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation

NAME

cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation - create a technique annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation( CGtechnique tech,
                                           const char * name,
                                           CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique to which the new annotation will be added.

name

The name of the new annotation.

type

The type of the new annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the new **CGannotation** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation adds a new annotation to the technique.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a float annotation named "Apple" for CGtechnique technique */  
CGannotation ann = cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation( tech, "Apple", CG_FLOAT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

CG_DUPLICATE_NAME_ERROR is generated if **name** is already used by an annotation for this technique.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **type** is not **CG_INT**, **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_BOOL**, or **CG_STRING**.

HISTORY

cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation, *cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation*, *cgGetNextAnnotation*

4.43 cgDestroyBuffer

NAME

cgDestroyBuffer - delete a buffer

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>  
  
void cgDestroyBuffer( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer to delete.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyBuffer deletes a buffer. The buffer object is not actually destroyed until no more programs are bound to the buffer object and any pending use of the buffer has completed. However, the handle **buffer** no longer refers to the buffer object (although it may be subsequently allocated to a different created resource).

EXAMPLES

```
cgDestroyBuffer( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgDestroyBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGLCreateBuffer

4.44 cgDestroyContext

NAME

cgDestroyContext - destroy a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDestroyContext( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to be deleted.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyContext deletes a Cg context object and all the programs it contains.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgDestroyContext was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext

4.45 cgDestroyEffect

NAME

cgDestroyEffect - destroy an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDestroyEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect object to delete.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyEffect removes the specified effect object and all its associated data. Any **CGeffect** handles that reference this effect will become invalid after the effect is deleted. Likewise, all techniques, passes, and parameters contained in the effect also become invalid after the effect is destroyed.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgDestroyEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgCreateEffectFromFile

4.46 cgDestroyObj

NAME

cgDestroyObj - destroy an obj

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDestroyObj( CGobj obj );
```

PARAMETERS

obj

The object to delete.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyObj removed the specified object and all its associated data.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGobj structObj = cgCreateObj(ctx, CG_SOURCE, src, CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1, NULL);

// Use obj, then ...

cgDestroyObj( structObj );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_OBJ_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **obj** is not a valid object handle.

HISTORY

cgDestroyObj was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateObj, cgCreateObjFromFile

4.47 cgDestroyParameter

NAME

cgDestroyParameter - destroy a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDestroyParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter to destroy.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyParameter destroys parameters created with *cgCreateParameter*, *cgCreateParameterArray*, or *cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray*.

Upon destruction, **param** will become invalid. Any connections (see *cgConnectParameter*) in which **param** is the destination parameter will be disconnected. An error will be thrown if **param** is a source parameter in any connections.

The parameter being destroyed may not be one of the children parameters of a struct or array parameter. In other words it must be a **CGparameter** returned by one of the *cgCreateParameter* family of entry points.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter floatParam = cgCreateParameter(context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter floatParamArray = cgCreateParameterArray(context, CG_FLOAT, 5);

/* ... */

cgDestroyParameter(floatParam);
cgDestroyParameter(floatParamArray);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_NOT_ROOT_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the **param** isn't the top-level parameter of a struct or array that was created.

CG_PARAMETER_IS_NOT_SHARED_ERROR is generated if **param** does not refer to a parameter created by one of the *cgCreateParameter* family of entry points.

CG_CANNOT_DESTROY_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a source parameter in a connection made by *cgConnectParameter*. *cgDisconnectParameter* should be used before calling **cgDestroyParameter** in such a case.

HISTORY

cgDestroyParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameter, *cgCreateParameterArray*, *cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray*

4.48 cgDestroyProgram

NAME

cgDestroyProgram - destroy a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDestroyProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program object to delete.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDestroyProgram removes the specified program object and all its associated data. Any **CGprogram** variables that reference this program will become invalid after the program is deleted. Likewise, any objects contained by this program (e.g. **CGparameter** objects) will also become invalid after the program is deleted.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgDestroyProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile

4.49 cgDisconnectParameter

NAME

cgDisconnectParameter - disconnects two parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgDisconnectParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The destination parameter in the connection that will be disconnected.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgDisconnectParameter disconnects an existing connection made with *cgConnectParameter* between two parameters. Since a given parameter can only be connected to one source parameter, only the destination parameter is required as an argument to **cgDisconnectParameter**.

If the type of **param** is an interface and the struct connected to it implements the interface, any sub-parameters created by the connection will also be destroyed. See *cgConnectParameter* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter timeParam = cgGetNamedParameter(program, "time");
CGparameter sharedTime = cgCreateParameter(context,
                                           cgGetParameterType(timeParam));

cgConnectParameter(sharedTime, timeParam);

/* ... */

cgDisconnectParameter(timeParam);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgDisconnectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetConnectedParameter, *cgGetConnectedToParameter*, *cgConnectParameter*

4.50 cgEvaluateProgram

NAME

cgEvaluateProgram - evaluates a Cg program on the CPU

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgEvaluateProgram( CGprogram program,
                       float * buf,
                       int ncomps,
                       int nx,
                       int ny,
                       int nz );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to be evaluated.

buf

Buffer in which to store the results of program evaluation.

ncomps

Number of components to store for each returned program value.

nx

Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the x direction.

ny

Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the y direction.

nz

Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the z direction.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgEvaluateProgram evaluates a Cg program at a set of regularly spaced points in one, two, or three dimensions. The program must have been compiled with the **CG_PROFILE_GENERIC** profile. The value returned from the program via the **COLOR** semantic is stored in the given buffer for each evaluation point, and any varying parameters to the program with **POSITION** semantic take on the (x,y,z) position over the range zero to one at which the program is evaluated at each point. The **PSIZE** semantic can be used to find the spacing between evaluating points.

The total size of **buf** should be equal to **ncomps*nx*ny*nz**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **program**'s profile is not **CG_PROFILE_GENERIC**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **buf** is **NULL**, any of **nx**, **ny**, or **nz** is less than zero, or **ncomps** is not 0, 1, 2, or 3.

HISTORY

cgEvaluateProgram was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile, cgCreateProgramFromEffect, cgGetProgramProfile

4.51 cgGetAnnotationName

NAME

cgGetAnnotationName - get an annotation's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetAnnotationName( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation from which to get the name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated name string for the annotation.

Returns **NULL** if **ann** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetAnnotationName allows the application to retrieve the name of a annotation. This name can be used later to retrieve the annotation using *cgGetNamedPassAnnotation*, *cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation*, *cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation*, or *cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

HISTORY

cgGetAnnotationName was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedPassAnnotation, *cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation*, *cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation*, *cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation*

4.52 cgGetAnnotationType

NAME

cgGetAnnotationType - get an annotation's type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetAnnotationType( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation from which to get the type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type enumerant of **ann**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetAnnotationType allows the application to retrieve the type of an annotation in a Cg effect.

cgGetAnnotationType will return **CG_STRUCT** if the annotation is a struct and **CG_ARRAY** if the annotation is an array. Otherwise it will return the data type associated with the annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

HISTORY

cgGetAnnotationType was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType, cgGetTypeString

4.53 cgGetArrayDimension

NAME

cgGetArrayDimension - get the dimension of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetArrayDimension( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the dimension of **param** if **param** references an array.

Returns **0** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetArrayDimension returns the dimension of the array specified by **param**. **cgGetArrayDimension** is used when inspecting an array parameter in a program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetArrayDimension` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArraySize, *cgCreateParameterArray*, *cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray*

4.54 cgGetArrayParameter

NAME

`cgGetArrayParameter` - get a parameter from an array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetArrayParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                int index );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The array parameter handle.

`index`

The index into the array.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the parameter at the specified index of `param` if `param` references an array, and the index is valid.

Returns `NULL` otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetArrayParameter` returns the parameter of array `param` specified by `index`. `cgGetArrayParameter` is used when inspecting elements of an array parameter in a program.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter array = ...; /* some array parameter */  
int array_size = cgGetArraySize( array );  
for(i=0; i < array_size; ++i)  
{  
    CGparameter element = cgGetArrayParameter(array, i);  
    /* Do stuff with element */  
}
```

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

`CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not an array parameter.

`CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR` is generated if `index` is outside the bounds of `param`.

HISTORY

`cgGetArrayParameter` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArrayDimension, *cgGetArraySize*, *cgGetParameterType*

4.55 cgGetArraySize

NAME

`cgGetArraySize` - get the size of one dimension of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetArraySize( CGparameter param,
                   int dimension );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The array parameter handle.

`dimension`

The array dimension whose size will be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size of `param` if `param` is an array.

Returns `0` if `param` is not an array, or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetArraySize` returns the size of the given dimension of the array specified by `param`. `cgGetArraySize` is used when inspecting an array parameter in a program.

EXAMPLES

```
/* Compute the number of elements in an array, in the */
/* style of cgGetArrayTotalSize(param) */
int elements = cgGetArraySize(param, 0);
if (elements>0) {
    int dim = cgGetArrayDimension(param);
    for (int i = 1; i < dim; i++) {
        elements *= cgGetArraySize(param, i);
    }
}
```

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_DIMENSION_ERROR` is generated if `dimension` is less than 0.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetArraySize` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArrayTotalSize, *cgGetArrayDimension*, *cgGetArrayParameter*, *cgGetMatrixSize*, *cgGetTypeSizes*

4.56 cgGetArrayTotalSize

NAME

`cgGetArrayTotalSize` - get the total size of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetArrayTotalSize( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The array parameter handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total size of `param` if `param` is an array.

Returns `0` if `param` is not an array, or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetArrayTotalSize` returns the total number of elements of the array specified by `param`. The total number of elements is equal to the product of the size of each dimension of the array.

EXAMPLES

Given a handle to a parameter declared as:

```
float2x3 array[6][1][4];
```

`cgGetArrayTotalSize` will return 24.

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetArrayTotalSize` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArraySize, *cgGetArrayDimension*, *cgGetArrayParameter*

4.57 cgGetArrayType

NAME

cgGetArrayType - get the type of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetArrayType( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the the type of the inner most array.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetArrayType returns the type of the members of an array. If the given array is multi-dimensional, it will return the type of the members of the inner most array.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter array = cgCreateParameterArray(context, CG_FLOAT, 5);

CGtype arrayType = cgGetArrayType(array); /* This will return CG_FLOAT */
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetArrayType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArraySize, cgGetArrayDimension

4.58 cgGetAutoCompile

NAME

cgGetAutoCompile - get the auto-compile enumerant for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetAutoCompile( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the auto-compile enumerator for **context**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if **context** is not a valid context.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetAutoCompile returns the auto-compile enumerator for **context**. See *cgSetAutoCompile* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetAutoCompile was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetAutoCompile

4.59 cgGetBehavior

NAME

cgGetBehavior - get the behavior enumerator from a behavior name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGBehavior cgGetBehavior( const char * behavior_string );
```

PARAMETERS

behavior_string

A string containing the case-sensitive behavior name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the behavior enumerant associated with **behavior_string**.

Returns **CG_BEHAVIOR_UNKNOWN** if **behavior_string** is NULL or if no **CGbehavior** is associated with the given string.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBehavior returns the enumerant assigned to a behavior name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbehavior b = cgGetBehavior("latest");

/* b == CG_BEHAVIOR_LATEST */
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **behavior_string** is NULL.

HISTORY

cgGetBehavior was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBehaviorString, cgGetContextBehavior, cgSetContextBehavior

4.60 cgGetBehaviorString

NAME

cgGetBehaviorString - get the behavior name associated with a behavior enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetBehaviorString( CGbehavior behavior );
```

PARAMETERS

behavior

The behavior enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the behavior string associated with **behavior**.

Returns **NULL** if **behavior** is not a valid **CGbehavior**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBehaviorString returns the behavior name associated with a given behavior enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
static void dumpCgContextInfo(CGcontext context)
{
    const char* p = cgGetBehaviorString(cgGetContextBehavior(context));
    if ( p ) {
        printf(" Behavior: %s\n", p );
    }
    /* ... */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetBehaviorString was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBehavior, cgGetContextBehavior, cgSetContextBehavior

4.61 cgGetBoolAnnotationValues

NAME

cgGetBoolAnnotationValues - get the values from a boolean-valued annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const CGbool * cgGetBoolAnnotationValues( CGannotation ann,
                                           int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **CGbool** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBoolAnnotationValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a boolean typed annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetBoolAnnotationValues was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAnnotationType, *cgGetFloatAnnotationValues*, *cgGetIntAnnotationValues*, *cgGetStringAnnotationValue*

4.62 cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues

NAME

cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues - deprecated

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues is deprecated. Use *cgGetBoolAnnotationValues* instead.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBoolAnnotationValues

4.63 cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues

NAME

cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues - get the values from a bool-valued state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const CGbool * cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                               int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **CGbool** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs or if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0** in the latter case.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a boolean typed state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a bool type.

HISTORY

cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, cgGetStateType, cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues, cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue, cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue, cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue

4.64 cgGetBufferSize

NAME

cgGetBufferSize - get the size of a buffer

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetBufferSize( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer for which the size will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size in bytes of **buffer**.

Returns **-1** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetBufferSize returns the size in bytes of buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
int size = cgGetBufferSize( myBuffer );
```


ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgGetBufferSize was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGLCreateBuffer, cgSetBufferData, cgSetBufferSubData

4.65 cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback

NAME

cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback - get the include callback function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGIncludeCallbackFunc)( CGcontext context, const char *filename );

CGIncludeCallbackFunc cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context of the desired include callback function.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the current include callback function.

Returns **NULL** if no callback function is set.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback returns the current callback function used for handling include statements.

EXAMPLES

```
CGIncludeCallbackFunc includeCB = cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback, cgSetCompilerIncludeString, cgSetCompilerIncludeFile

4.66 cgGetConnectedParameter

NAME

cgGetConnectedParameter - gets the connected source parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The destination parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the connected source parameter if **param** is connected to one.

Returns **NULL** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the source parameter to which **param** is connected.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetConnectedParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgConnectParameter, cgDisconnectParameter, cgGetConnectedToParameter

4.67 cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter

NAME

cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter - get effect parameter which determines a state assignment's value

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

`sa`

A state assignment whose value is determined using an effect parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the effect parameter used by `sa`.

Returns **0** if `sa` is not using a parameter for its value, if the state assignment is set to an expression, or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter` returns the effect parameter from which a given state assignment's value is determined.

EXAMPLES

```

/* in Effect.cgfx file */

int MyMinFilter;
sampler2D Samp = sampler_state {
    MinFilter = MyMinFilter;
};

/* in ./c/.cpp file */

CGparameter sampParam = cgGetNamedEffectParameter( myEffect, "Samp" );
CGstateassignment sa = cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment( sampParam,
                                                         "MinFilter" );
CGparameter connected = cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter( sa );

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if `sa` is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

`cgGetConnectedStateAssignmentParameter` was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedEffectParameter, *cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment*

4.68 cgGetConnectedToParameter

NAME

cgGetConnectedToParameter - gets a connected destination parameter

SYNOPSIS

```

#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGparameter cgGetConnectedToParameter( CGparameter param,
                                       int index );

```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The source parameter.

`index`

Since there may be multiple destination (to) parameters connected to **param**, **index** is need to specify which one is returned. **index** must be within the range of **0** to **N - 1** where **N** is the number of connected destination parameters.

RETURN VALUES

Returns one of the destination parameters connected to **param**.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

Returns one of the destination parameters connected to **param**. *cgGetNumConnectedToParameters* should be used to determine the number of destination parameters connected to **param**.

EXAMPLES

```
int nParams = cgGetNumConnectedToParameters( sourceParam );

for ( int i=0; i < nParams; ++i )
{
    CGparameter toParam = cgGetConnectedToParameter( sourceParam, i );
    /* Do stuff with toParam ... */
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than 0 or greater than or equal to the number of parameters connected to **param**.

HISTORY

cgGetConnectedToParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgConnectParameter, *cgGetNumConnectedToParameters*

4.69 cgGetContextBehavior

NAME

cgGetContextBehavior - get the behavior enumerant for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbehavior cgGetContextBehavior( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS*context*

The context for which the behavior enumerant will be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the behavior enumerant for **context**.

Returns **CG_BEHAVIOR_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetContextBehavior allows the application to retrieve the behavior enumerant for a context. The valid enumerants and their meanings are described in *cgSetContextBehavior*.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a context and get the default context behavior enum */
```

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGbehavior cb = cgGetContextBehavior(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetContextBehavior was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, cgSetContextBehavior, cgGetBehavior, cgGetBehaviorString

4.70 cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter

NAME

cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter - get one of the parameters that an annotation's value depends on

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter( CGannotation ann,
                                               int index );
```

PARAMETERS*ann*

The annotation handle.

index

The index of the parameter to return.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the selected dependent annotation on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

Annotations in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the annotation that are used for computing the annotation's value. **cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter** returns one of these parameters, as indicated by the given index. *cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters* can be used to determine the total number of such parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter's value.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than zero or greater than or equal to the number of dependent parameters, as returned by *cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters*.

HISTORY

cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter, cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters

4.71 cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter

NAME

cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter - get one of the parameters that a state assignment's value depends on

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                                                int index );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

index

The index of the parameter to return.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the selected dependent parameter on success.

Returns **NULL** if **sa** is not a program state assignment or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX files may include references to an array indexed by an effect parameter (or expression) on the right hand side of the state assignment that is used for computing the state assignment's value. Usually this array holds the compile statements of shader programs and by changing the index of the shader array, it's possible to switch to a different program or profile on-the-fly.

Each compile statement in the array can depend on one or more effect parameters which are passed to the program in its parameter list. It is sometimes necessary for the application to query what those parameters are so values can be properly set to them.

cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter returns one of these parameters, as indicated by the given index.

EXAMPLES

In CgFX file:

```
vertexshader Torus[4] =
{
    compile vp40    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                               float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile vp30    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                               float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile arbvp1  C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                               float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile vp20    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                               float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) )
};

pixelshader SpecSurf[4] =
{
    compile fp40    C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),

    compile fp30    C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),

    compile arbfp1  C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),

    compile fp20    C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                   normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube )
};

int select = 0;
```

```
technique bumpdemo
{
    pass
    {
        VertexProgram    = (Torus[select]);
        FragmentProgram = (SpecSurf[select]);
    }
}
```

In application:

```
int numParameters = cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters(stateAssignment);
for(int i = 0; i < numParameters; ++i) {
    CGparameter param = cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter(stateAssignment, i);

    /* Set value for 'param' */
}
```

In the above example, assuming `select = 0` and `stateAssignment` is for `VertexProgram`, the list of parameters returned from **`cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter`** would be: `LightPosition`, `EyePosition`, `ModelViewProj`, `OuterRadius`, `InnerRadius`.

If `stateAssignment` was for `FragmentProgram`, then the list of parameters returned from **`cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter`** would be: `Ambient`, `DiffuseMaterial`, `LightColor`, `SpecularMaterial`, `LightColor`, `normalMap`, `normalizeCube`, `normalizeCube`.

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `sa` is not a valid state assignment.

`CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR` is generated if `index` is less than zero or greater than or equal to the number of dependent parameters, as returned by *`cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters`*.

HISTORY

`cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter` was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

`cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters`

4.72 `cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter`

NAME

`cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter` - get one of the parameters that a state assignment's value depends on

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter( CGstateassignment sa,
                                                    int index );
```

PARAMETERS

`sa`

The state assignment handle.

index

The index of the parameter to return.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the selected dependent parameter on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the state assignment that are used for computing the state assignment's value. **cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter** returns one of these parameters, as indicated by the given index. *cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters* can be used to determine the total number of such parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter's value.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than zero or greater than or equal to the number of dependent parameters, as returned by *cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters*.

HISTORY

cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter, *cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters*

4.73 cgGetDomain

NAME

cgGetDomain - get the domain enumerant from a domain name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGdomain cgGetDomain( const char * domain_string );
```

PARAMETERS

domain_string

A string containing the case-sensitive domain name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the domain enumerator of **domain_string**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if the given domain does not exist.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetDomain returns the enumerator assigned to a domain name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGdomain ARBVP1domain = cgGetDomain("arbvp1");

if(cgGetProgramDomain(myprog) == ARBVP1Domain)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **domain_string** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetDomain was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDomainString, cgGetProgramDomain

4.74 cgGetDomainString

NAME

cgGetDomainString - get the domain name associated with a domain enumerator

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetDomainString( CGdomain domain );
```

PARAMETERS

domain

The domain enumerator.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the domain string of the enumerator **domain**.

Returns **NULL** if **domain** is not a valid domain.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetDomainString returns the domain name associated with a domain enumerator.

EXAMPLES

```
static void dumpCgProgramInfo(CGprogram program)
{
    const char* p = cgGetDomainString(cgGetProgramDomain(program));
    if ( p ) {
        printf(" Domain: %s\n", cgGetDomainString(cgGetProgramDomain(program)));
    }
    /* ... */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetDomainString was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDomain, cgGetProgramDomain

4.75 cgGetEffectContext

NAME

cgGetEffectContext - get a effect's context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGcontext cgGetEffectContext( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the context to which **effect** belongs.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetEffectContext allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context to which a given effect belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

`cgGetEffectContext` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, *cgCreateEffectFromFile*, *cgCreateContext*

4.76 `cgGetEffectName`

NAME

`cgGetEffectName` - get an effect's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetEffectName( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

`effect`

The effect from which the name will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the name from the specified effect.

Returns `NULL` if the effect doesn't have a valid name or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetEffectName` returns the name from the specified effect.

EXAMPLES

```
char *effectSource = ...;
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect(context, effectSource, NULL);

const char* myEffectName = "myEffectName";
CGbool okay = cgSetEffectName(effect, myEffectName);
if (!okay) {
    /* handle error */
}

const char* testName = cgGetEffectName(effect);

if (strcmp(testName, myEffectName)) {
    /* shouldn't be here */
}
```

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `effect` is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetEffectName was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgSetEffectName

4.77 cgGetEffectParameterBuffer**NAME**

cgGetEffectParameterBuffer - get the Cg buffer associated to the passed effect parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgGetEffectParameterBuffer(CGparameter param);
```

PARAMETERS

param

The effect parameter associated with a Cg buffer (using the BUFFER semantic) set by *cgSetEffectParameterBuffer*.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the **CGbuffer** object set by *cgSetEffectParameterBuffer*.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is invalid or does not have a CGbuffer set by *cgSetEffectParameterBuffer*.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetEffectParameterBuffer returns the **CGbuffer** object set by **cgSetEffectParameterBuffer**.

EXAMPLES

In effect:

```
struct Material
{
    float4 ambient;
    float4 diffuse;
    float4 specular;
    float4 shine;
} cbuffer0_Material : BUFFER[0];
```

In C/C++:

```
CGbuffer myCgBuffer = cgCreateBuffer(...);

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer(cgGetNamedEffectParameter(myCgEffect, "cbuffer0_Material"), myCgBuffer);

// ...

CGbuffer buffer = cgGetEffectParameterBuffer(cgGetNamedEffectParameter(myCgEffect, "cbuffer0_Material"));

// Now buffer == myCgBuffer
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetEffectParameterBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer

4.78 cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic

NAME

cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic - get the a parameter in an effect via its semantic

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic( CGeffect effect,  
                                             const char * semantic );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the parameter.

semantic

The name of the semantic.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the **CGparameter** object in **effect** that has the given semantic.

Returns **NULL** if **effect** is invalid or does not have any parameters with the given semantic.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic returns the parameter in an effect which is associated with the given semantic. If multiple parameters in the effect have this semantic, an arbitrary one of them will be returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **semantic** is **NULL** or the empty string.

HISTORY

cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO*cgGetNamedEffectParameter*

4.79 cgGetEnum

NAME**cgGetEnum** - get the enumerant assigned with the given string name**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgGetEnum( const char * enum_string );
```

PARAMETERS

enum_string

A string containing the case-sensitive enum name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the enumerant for **enum_string**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if no such enumerant exists

DESCRIPTION

cgGetEnum returns the enumerant assigned to an enum name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGenum VaryingEnum = cgGetEnum("CG_VARYING");
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **enum_string** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetEnum was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO*cgGetEnumString*

4.80 cgGetEnumString

NAME**cgGetEnumString** - get the name string associated with an enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetEnumString( CGenum enum );
```

PARAMETERS

enum

The enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the string representation of the enumerant **enum**.

Returns **NULL** if **enum** is not a valid Cg enumerant.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetEnumString returns the name string associated with an enumerant. It's primary use to print debugging information.

EXAMPLES

```
/* This prints "CG_UNIFORM" to stdout */  
const char *EnumString = cgGetEnumString(CG_UNIFORM);  
printf("%s\n", EnumString);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetEnumString was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetEnum

4.81 cgGetError

NAME

cgGetError - get error condition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CError cgGetError( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the last error condition that has occurred.

Returns **CG_NO_ERROR** if no error has occurred.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetError returns the last error condition that has occurred. The error condition is reset after **cgGetError** is called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGerror err = cgGetError();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetError was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetErrorCallback, cgSetErrorHandler

4.82 cgGetErrorCallback

NAME

cgGetErrorCallback - get the error callback function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
typedef void (*CGerrorCallbackFunc) ( void );
```

```
CGerrorCallbackFunc cgGetErrorCallback ( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the currently set error callback function.

Returns **NULL** if no callback function has been set.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetErrorCallback returns the current error callback function.

EXAMPLES

```
CGerrorCallbackFunc errorCB = cgGetErrorCallback();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetErrorCallback was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetErrorCallback

4.83 cgGetErrorHandler

NAME

cgGetErrorHandler - get the error handler callback function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGErrorHandlerFunc) ( CGcontext context,
                                     CGerror error,
                                     void * appdata );

CGErrorHandlerFunc cgGetErrorHandler( void ** appdataptr );
```

PARAMETERS

appdataptr

A pointer for an application provided data pointer.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the current error handler callback function.

Returns **NULL** if no callback function is set.

If **appdataptr** is not **NULL** then the current **appdata** pointer will be copied into the location pointed to by **appdataptr**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetErrorHandler returns the current error handler callback function and application provided data pointer.

EXAMPLES

```
void * appdata = NULL;
CGErrorHandlerFunc errorHandler = cgGetErrorHandler( &appdata );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetErrorHandler was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO*cgSetErrorHandler*

4.84 cgGetErrorString

NAME**cgGetErrorString** - get a human readable error string**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetErrorString( CGerror error );
```

PARAMETERS

error

The error condition.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a human readable error string for the given error condition.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetErrorString returns a human readable error string for the given error condition.

EXAMPLES

```
const char * pCompilerError = cgGetErrorString( CG_COMPILER_ERROR );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetErrorString was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO*cgGetError*

4.85 cgGetFirstDependentParameter

NAME**cgGetFirstDependentParameter** - get the first dependent parameter from a parameter**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstDependentParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the first member parameter.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is not a struct or if some other error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstDependentParameter returns the first member dependent parameter associated with a given parameter. The rest of the members may be retrieved from the first member by iterating with *cgGetNextParameter*.

Dependent parameters are parameters that have the same name as a given parameter but different resources. They only exist in profiles that have multiple resources associated with one parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstDependentParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter, *cgGetFirstParameter*

4.86 cgGetFirstEffect

NAME

cgGetFirstEffect - get the first effect in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetFirstEffect( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

`context`

The context from which to retrieve the first effect.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGeffect** object in **context**.

Returns **NULL** if **context** contains no effects.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstEffect is used to begin iteration over all of the effects contained by a context. See *cgGetNextEffect* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
/* one or more effects have previously been loaded into context */
CGeffect effect = cgGetFirstEffect( context );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextEffect, *cgCreateEffect*, *cgCreateEffectFromFile*, *cgDestroyEffect*, *cgIsEffect*, *cgGetFirstProgram*

4.87 cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation

NAME

cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation - get the first annotation in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the first annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first annotation in an effect.

Returns **NULL** if the effect has no annotations.

DESCRIPTION

The first annotation associated with an effect can be retrieved using **cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation**. The rest of the effect's annotations can be discovered by iterating through them using *cgGetNextAnnotation*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation( effect );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.88 cgGetFirstEffectParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstEffectParameter - get the first parameter in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstEffectParameter( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the first parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGparameter** object in **effect**.

Returns **NULL** if **effect** is invalid or if **effect** does not have any parameters.

DESCRIPTION

The first top-level parameter in an effect can be retrieved using **cgGetFirstEffectParameter**. The rest of the effect's parameters can be discovered by iterating through them using *cgGetNextParameter*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter param = cgGetFirstEffectParameter( effect );
while( param )
{
    /* do something with param */
    param = cgGetNextParameter( param );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstEffectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter, cgGetNamedEffectParameter

4.89 cgGetFirstError

NAME

cgGetFirstError - get the first error condition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGerror cgGetFirstError( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first error condition that has occurred since **cgGetFirstError** was last called.

Returns **CG_NO_ERROR** if no error has occurred.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstError returns the first error condition that has occurred since **cgGetFirstError** was previously called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGerror firstError = cgGetFirstError();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstError was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetErrorHandler, cgGetError

4.90 cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter - get the first leaf parameter in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the first leaf parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first leaf **CGparameter** object in **effect**.

Returns **NULL** if **effect** is invalid or if **effect** does not have any parameters.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter returns the first leaf parameter in an effect. The combination of **cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter** and *cgGetNextLeafParameter* allows the iteration through all of the parameters of basic data types (not structs or arrays) without recursion. See *cgGetNextLeafParameter* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter leaf = cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter( effect );
while(leaf)
{
    /* Do stuff with leaf */
    leaf = cgGetNextLeafParameter( leaf );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextLeafParameter, *cgGetFirstLeafParameter*

4.91 cgGetFirstLeafParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstLeafParameter - get the first leaf parameter in a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstLeafParameter( CGprogram program,
                                     CGenum name_space );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the first leaf parameter.

name_space

Specifies the parameter namespace through which to iterate. Currently **CG_PROGRAM** and **CG_GLOBAL** are supported.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first leaf **CGparameter** object in **program**.

Returns **NULL** if **program** is invalid or if **program** does not have any parameters.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstLeafParameter returns the first leaf parameter in a program. The combination of **cgGetFirstLeafParameter** and *cgGetNextLeafParameter* allow the iteration through all of the parameters of basic data types (not structs or arrays) without recursion. See *cgGetNextLeafParameter* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter leaf = cgGetFirstLeafParameter( program );
while ( leaf )
{
    /* Do stuff with leaf */
    leaf = cgGetNextLeafParameter( leaf );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **name_space** is not **CG_PROGRAM** or **CG_GLOBAL**.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstLeafParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextLeafParameter

4.92 cgGetFirstParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstParameter - get the first parameter in a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstParameter( CGprogram program,
                                CGenum name_space );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the first parameter.

name_space

Specifies the parameter namespace through which to iterate. Currently **CG_PROGRAM** and **CG_GLOBAL** are supported.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGparameter** object in **program**.

Returns zero if **program** is invalid or if **program** does not have any parameters.

Also returns zero if **program** is a combined program. To access the parameters of a combined program, use *cgGetProgramDomainProgram* to get each domain program and then call **cgGetFirstParameter** on each domain program.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstParameter returns the first top-level parameter in a program. **cgGetFirstParameter** is used for recursing through all parameters in a program. See *cgGetNextParameter* for more information on parameter traversal.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter param = cgGetFirstParameter( program, CG_GLOBAL );
while ( param )
{
    /* Do stuff with leaf */
    param = cgGetNextParameter( param );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **name_space** is not **CG_PROGRAM** or **CG_GLOBAL**.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter, *cgGetProgramDomainProgram*, *cgGetFirstDependentParameter*, *cgGetFirstEffectParameter*, *cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation*

4.93 cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation

NAME

cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation - get the first annotation of a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which to retrieve the annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first annotation for the given parameter.

Returns **NULL** if the parameter has no annotations or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a parameter can be retrieved with **cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation**. Use *cgGetNextAnnotation* to iterate through the remainder of the parameter's annotations.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation( param );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.94 cgGetFirstPass

NAME

cgGetFirstPass - get the first pass in a technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetFirstPass( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique from which to retrieve the first pass.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGpass** object in **tech**.

Returns **NULL** if **tech** contains no passes.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstPass is used to begin iteration over all of the passes contained within a technique. See *cgGetNextPass* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGpass pass = cgGetFirstPass( tech );
while ( pass )
{
    /* Do stuff with pass */
    leaf = cgGetNextPass( pass );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstPass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextPass, cgGetNamedPass, cgIsPass, cgGetFirstPassAnnotation

4.95 cgGetFirstPassAnnotation

NAME

cgGetFirstPassAnnotation - get the first annotation of a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGannotation cgGetFirstPassAnnotation( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass from which to retrieve the annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first annotation from the given pass.

Returns **NULL** if the pass has no annotations or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a pass can be retrieved using **cgGetFirstPassAnnotation**. The remainder of the pass's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling *cgGetNextAnnotation* to get to the next one.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstPassAnnotation( pass );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstPassAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedPassAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.96 cgGetFirstProgram

NAME

cgGetFirstProgram - get the first program in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetFirstProgram( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to retrieve the first program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGprogram** object in **context**.

Returns **NULL** if **context** contains no programs or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstProgram is used to begin iteration over all of the programs contained within a context. See *cgGetNextProgram* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram program = cgGetFirstProgram( context );
while ( program )
{
    /* do something with program */
    program = cgGetNextProgram( program );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextProgram, *cgCreateProgram*, *cgDestroyProgram*, *cgIsProgram*, *cgGetFirstEffect*

4.97 cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation

NAME

cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation - get the first annotation of a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first annotation from the given program.

Returns **NULL** if the program has no annotations.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a program can be retrieved using **cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation**. The remainder of the program's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling *cgGetNextAnnotation* to get to the next one.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation( program );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation, *cgGetNextAnnotation*

4.98 cgGetFirstSamplerState

NAME

cgGetFirstSamplerState - get the first sampler state definition in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetFirstSamplerState( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to retrieve the first sampler state definition.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGstate** object in **context**.

Returns **NULL** if **context** contains no programs or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstSamplerState is used to begin iteration over all of the sampler state definitions contained within a context. See *cgGetNextState* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstSamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextState, *cgGetNamedSamplerState*

4.99 cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment

NAME

cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment - get the first state assignment in a sampler_state block

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The sampler parameter from which to retrieve the first state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGstateassignment** object assigned to **param**.

Returns **NULL** if **param** has no **sampler_state** block or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment is used to begin iteration over all of the state assignments contained within a **sampler_state** block assigned to a parameter in an effect file. See *cgGetNextStateAssignment* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextStateAssignment, cgIsStateAssignment

4.100 cgGetFirstState

NAME

cgGetFirstState - get the first state definition in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetFirstState( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

`context`

The context from which to retrieve the first state definition.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGstate** object in **context**.

Returns **NULL** if **context** contains no state definitions or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstState is used to begin iteration over all of the state definitions contained within a context. See *cgGetNextState* for more information.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **context** is not a valid context.**HISTORY****cgGetFirstState** was introduced in Cg 1.4.**SEE ALSO***cgGetNextState, cgGetNamedState, cgIsState*

4.101 cgGetFirstStateAssignment

NAME**cgGetFirstStateAssignment** - get the first state assignment in a pass**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetFirstStateAssignment( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass from which to retrieve the first state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGstateassignment** object in **pass**.

Returns **NULL** if **pass** contains no state assignments or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstStateAssignment is used to begin iteration over all of the state assignment contained within a pass. See *cgGetNextStateAssignment* for more information.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.**HISTORY****cgGetFirstStateAssignment** was introduced in Cg 1.4.**SEE ALSO***cgGetNextStateAssignment, cgIsStateAssignment*

4.102 cgGetFirstStructParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstStructParameter - get the first child parameter from a struct parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstStructParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

Specifies the struct parameter. This parameter must be of type **CG_STRUCT** (returned by *cgGetParameterType*).

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the first member parameter.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is not a struct or if some other error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstStructParameter returns the first member parameter of a struct parameter. The rest of the members may be retrieved from the first member by iterating with *cgGetNextParameter*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a struct parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstStructParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter, *cgGetFirstParameter*, *cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter*

4.103 cgGetFirstTechnique

NAME

cgGetFirstTechnique - get the first technique in an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetFirstTechnique( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

`effect`

The effect from which to retrieve the first technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first **CGtechnique** object in **effect**.

Returns **NULL** if **effect** contains no techniques or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstTechnique is used to begin iteration over all of the techniques contained within a effect. See *cgGetNextTechnique* for more information.

EXAMPLES

Iterating through the techniques in an effect:

```
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffectFromFile(context, cgfx_filename, NULL);
CGtechnique technique = cgGetFirstTechnique(effect);
while (technique) {
    // Do something with each technique
    technique = cgGetNextTechnique(technique);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation, *cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation*, *cgGetNextTechnique*, *cgGetNamedTechnique*, *cgValidateTechnique*, *cgGetPassTechnique*, *cgGetTechniqueEffect*, *cgGetTechniqueName*, *cgIsTechnique*

4.104 cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation

NAME

cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation - get the first annotation of a technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

`tech`

The technique from which to retrieve the annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the first annotation in the given technique.

Returns **NULL** if the technique has no annotations or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a technique can be retrieved using **cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation**. The remainder of the technique's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling *cgGetNextAnnotation* to get to the next one.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation( technique );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation

4.105 cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter

NAME

cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter - get the first child parameter from a uniform buffer parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

Specifies the uniform buffer parameter. This parameter must be of type **CG_UNIFORMBUFFER** (returned by *cgGetParameterType*).

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the first member parameter.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is not a uniform buffer or if some other error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter returns the first member parameter of a uniform buffer parameter. The rest of the members may be retrieved from the first member by iterating with *cgGetNextParameter*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a uniform buffer parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter, *cgGetFirstParameter*, *cgGetFirstStructParameter*

4.106 cgGetFloatAnnotationValues

NAME

cgGetFloatAnnotationValues - get a float-valued annotation's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const float * cgGetFloatAnnotationValues( CGannotation ann,  
                                           int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation from which the values will be retrieved.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **float** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFloatAnnotationValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a floating-point typed annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetFloatAnnotationValues was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAnnotationType, cgGetIntAnnotationValues, cgGetStringAnnotationValue, cgGetBoolAnnotationValues

4.107 cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues

NAME

cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues - get a float-valued state assignment's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const float * cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues ( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                                int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment from which the values will be retrieved.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **float** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs or if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0** in the latter case.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a floating-point typed state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a float type.

HISTORY

cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, *cgGetStateType*, *cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue*

4.108 cgGetIntAnnotationValues**NAME**

cgGetIntAnnotationValues - get an integer-valued annotation's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const int * cgGetIntAnnotationValues( CGannotation ann,  
                                     int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation from which the values will be retrieved.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **int** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetIntAnnotationValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of an int typed annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetIntAnnotationValues was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAnnotationType, *cgGetFloatAnnotationValues*, *cgGetStringAnnotationValue*, *cgGetBoolAnnotationValues*

4.109 cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues

NAME

cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues - get an int-valued state assignment's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const int * cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                           int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment from which the values will be retrieved.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **int** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs or if no values are available. **nvalues** will be **0** in the latter case.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of an integer typed state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of an integer type.

HISTORY

cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, cgGetStateType, cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues, cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue, cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue, cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue

4.110 cgGetLastErrorString

NAME

cgGetLastErrorString - get the current error condition

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetLastErrorString( CError * error );
```

PARAMETERS

error

A pointer to a **CError** variable for returning the last error code.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the last error string.

Returns **NULL** if there was no error.

If **error** is not **NULL**, the last error code will be returned in the location specified by **error**. This is the same value that would be returned by *cgGetError*.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetLastErrorString returns the current error condition and error condition string. It's similar to calling *cgGetErrorString* with the result of *cgGetError*. However in certain cases the error string may contain more information about the specific error that last occurred than what *cgGetErrorString* would return.

EXAMPLES

```
CError error;
const char* errorString = cgGetLastErrorString( &error );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetLastErrorString was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetError, *cgGetErrorString*

4.111 cgGetLastListing

NAME

cgGetLastListing - get the current listing text

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetLastListing( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated string containing the current listing text.

Returns **NULL** if no listing text is available, or the listing text string is empty.

In all cases, the pointer returned by **cgGetLastListing** is only guaranteed to be valid until the next Cg entry point not related to error reporting is called. For example, calls to *cgCreateProgram*, *cgCompileProgram*, *cgCreateEffect*, or *cgValidateTechnique* will invalidate any previously-returned listing pointer.

DESCRIPTION

Each Cg context maintains a null-terminated string containing warning and error messages generated by the Cg compiler, state managers and the like. **cgGetLastListing** allows applications and custom state managers to query the listing text.

cgGetLastListing returns the current listing string for the given **CGcontext**. When a Cg runtime error occurs, applications can use the listing text from the appropriate context to provide the user with detailed information about the error.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetLastListing was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetLastListing, *cgCreateContext*, *cgSetErrorHandler*

4.112 cgGetLockingPolicy

NAME

cgGetLockingPolicy - get locking policy

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetLockingPolicy( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns an enumerant indicating the current locking policy.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetLockingPolicy returns an enumerant indicating the current locking policy for the library. See *cgSetLockingPolicy* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGenum currentLockingPolicy = cgGetLockingPolicy();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetLockingPolicy was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetLockingPolicy

4.113 cgGetMatrixParameter

NAME

cgGetMatrixParameter - gets the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float, or double */

void cgGetMatrixParameter{ifd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                     TYPE * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of values into which the parameter's value will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGetMatrixParameter** functions retrieve the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that specify the order in which matrix values should be written to the array. Row-major copying is indicated by **r**, while column-major is indicated by **c**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

The **cgGetMatrixParameter** functions were introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameterOrder*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.114 cgGetMatrixParameterdc

NAME

cgGetMatrixParameterdc - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameterdc( CGparameter param,  
                             double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of doubles into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetMatrixParameterdc retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using column-major ordering.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.**CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.**HISTORY****cgGetMatrixParameterdc** was introduced in Cg 1.4.**SEE ALSO***cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues*

4.115 cgGetMatrixParameterdr

NAME**cgGetMatrixParameterdr** - get the values from a matrix parameter**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameterdr( CGparameter param,
                             double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of doubles into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION**cgGetMatrixParameterdr** retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using row-major ordering.**EXAMPLES***to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.**CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetMatrixParameterdr` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.116 `cgGetMatrixParameterfc`

NAME

`cgGetMatrixParameterfc` - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameterfc( CGparameter param,  
                             float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of floats into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetMatrixParameterfc` retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using column-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetMatrixParameterfc` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.117 cgGetMatrixParameterfr

NAME

cgGetMatrixParameterfr - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameterfr( CGparameter param,  
                             float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of floats into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetMatrixParameterfr retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using row-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetMatrixParameterfr was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.118 cgGetMatrixParameteric

NAME

cgGetMatrixParameteric - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameteric( CGparameter param,  
                             int * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

matrix

An array of ints into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetMatrixParameteric retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using column-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetMatrixParameteric was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.119 cgGetMatrixParameterir

NAME

cgGetMatrixParameterir - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetMatrixParameterir( CGparameter param,  
                             int * matrix );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter from which the values will be returned.

`matrix`

An array of ints into which the matrix values will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetMatrixParameterir` retrieves the values of the given matrix parameter using row-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a matrix parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetMatrixParameterir` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.120 `cgGetMatrixParameterOrder`

NAME

`cgGetMatrixParameterOrder` - get the row or column order of a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgGetMatrixParameterOrder( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns `CG_ROW_MAJOR` for a row-major matrix parameter.

Returns `CG_COLUMN_MAJOR` for a column-major matrix parameter.

Returns `CG_UNKNOWN` for a parameter that is not a matrix.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetMatrixParameterOrder returns the row or column order of a matrix parameter.

The Cg compiler supports **#pragma pack_matrix(row_major)** or **#pragma pack_matrix(column_major)** for specifying the order of matrix parameters. Row-major order is the Cg default.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter or **param** is not a matrix parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetMatrixParameterOrder was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetMatrixSize

4.121 cgGetMatrixSize

NAME

cgGetMatrixSize - get the size of one dimension of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgGetMatrixSize( CGtype type,
                    int * nrows,
                    int * ncols );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type enumerant.

nrows

A pointer to the location where the number of rows that **type** has will be written.

ncols

A pointer to the location where the number of columns that **type** has will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetMatrixSize writes the number of rows and columns contained by the specified matrix type into **nrows** and **ncols** locations respectively. If **type** is not a matrix enumerant type, **0** is written as both the rows and columns size.

Contrast this routine with *cgGetTypeSizes* where the number of rows and columns will be set to **1** row and **1** column for both scalar and non-numeric types but for vector types, the number of rows and columns will be set to **1** row and **N** columns where **N** is the number of components in the vector.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetMatrixSize was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetMatrixParameterOrder, *cgGetArrayTotalSize*, *cgGetArrayDimension*, *cgGetArrayParameter*, *cgGetTypeSizes*

4.122 cgGetNamedEffect

NAME

cgGetNamedEffect - get an effect from a context by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetNamedEffect( CGcontext context,
                          const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to retrieve the effect.

name

The name of the effect to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named effect if found.

Returns **NULL** if **context** has no effect corresponding to **name** or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The effects in a context can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedEffect**. The effect names can be discovered by iterating through the context's effects (see *cgGetFirstEffect* and *cgGetNextEffect*) and calling *cgGetEffectName* for each.

EXAMPLES

```
/* get "simpleEffect" from context */
CGeffect effect = cgGetNamedEffect( context, "simpleEffect" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedEffect was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetEffectName, cgSetEffectName, cgGetFirstEffect, cgGetNextEffect

4.123 cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation - get an effect annotation by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGannotation cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation( CGeffect effect,
                                         const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the annotation.

name

The name of the annotation to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation.

Returns **NULL** if the effect has no annotation corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with an effect can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation**. The names of a effect's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see *cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation* and *cgGetNextAnnotation*), calling *cgGetAnnotationName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

```
/* fetch annotation "Apple" from CGeffect effect */
CGannotation ann = cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation( effect, "Apple" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedEffectAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstEffectAnnotation, cgGetNextAnnotation, cgGetAnnotationName

4.124 cgGetNamedEffectParameter

NAME

cgGetNamedEffectParameter - get an effect parameter by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedEffectParameter( CGeffect effect,
                                       const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the parameter.

name

The name of the parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named parameter from the effect.

Returns **NULL** if the effect has no parameter corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The parameters of a effect can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedEffectParameter**. The names of the parameters in a effect can be discovered by iterating through the effect's parameters (see *cgGetFirstEffectParameter* and *cgGetNextParameter*), calling *cgGetParameterName* for each one in turn.

The given name may be of the form "foo.bar[2]", which retrieves the second element of the array "bar" in a structure named "foo".

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedEffectParameter was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstEffectParameter, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgGetParameterName*, *cgGetNamedParameter*

4.125 cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer

NAME

cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer - get a uniform buffer parameter from an effect by block name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer( CGeffect effect,  
                                           const char * blockName );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the uniform buffer parameter.

blockName

The block name of the uniform buffer parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the uniform buffer parameter with the matching block name from the effect.

Returns **NULL** if the effect has no parameter corresponding to **blockName** or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The uniform buffer parameters of an effect can be retrieved directly by block name using **cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer**. The block names of the uniform buffer parameters in an effect can be discovered by iterating through the effect's parameters with *cgGetFirstParameter* and *cgGetNextParameter*, calling *cgGetUniformBufferBlockName* for each uniform buffer parameter in turn.

EXAMPLES

If the file `buf.fx` contains this shader:

```
uniform myBuf {  
    float4 var;  
} a : BUFFER;  
  
float4 vertex() : POSITION  
{  
    return float4(a.var.r, a.var.g, a.var.b, 1.0);  
}
```

and if **effect** refers to the **CGeffect** created from `buf.fx`, then calling:

```
CGparameter p = cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer(effect, "myBuf");
```

results in **p** containing the **CGparameter** associated with variable **a**.

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **blockName** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgIsParameter, cgGetFirstParameter, cgGetNextParameter, cgGetUniformBufferBlockName

4.126 cgGetNamedParameter

NAME

cgGetNamedParameter - get a program parameter by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedParameter( CGprogram program,
                                const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the parameter.

name

The name of the parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named parameter from the program.

Returns **NULL** if the program has no parameter corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The parameters of a program can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedParameter**. The names of the parameters in a program can be discovered by iterating through the program's parameters (see *cgGetNextParameter*), calling *cgGetParameterName* for each one in turn.

The parameter name does not have to be complete name for a leaf node parameter. For example, if you have Cg program with the following parameters :

```
struct FooStruct
{
    float4 A;
    float4 B;
```

```
};

struct BarStruct
{
    FooStruct Foo[2];
};

void main(BarStruct Bar[3])
{
    /* ... */
}
```

The following leaf-node parameters will be generated :

```
Bar[0].Foo[0].A
Bar[0].Foo[0].B
Bar[0].Foo[1].A
Bar[0].Foo[1].B
Bar[1].Foo[0].A
Bar[1].Foo[0].B
Bar[1].Foo[1].A
Bar[1].Foo[1].B
Bar[2].Foo[0].A
Bar[2].Foo[0].B
Bar[2].Foo[1].A
Bar[2].Foo[1].B
```

A handle to any of the non-leaf arrays or structs can be directly obtained by using the appropriate name. The following are a few examples of names valid names that may be used with **cgGetNamedParameter** given the above Cg program :

```
"Bar"
"Bar[1]"
"Bar[1].Foo"
"Bar[1].Foo[0]"
"Bar[1].Foo[0].B"
...
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgIsParameter, cgGetFirstParameter, cgGetNextParameter, cgGetArrayParameter, cgGetParameterName

4.127 cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation - get a parameter annotation by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CAnnotation cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation( CGparameter param,
                                           const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which to retrieve the annotation.

name

The name of the annotation to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation.

Returns **NULL** if the parameter has no annotation corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a parameter can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation**. The names of a parameter's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see *cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation* and *cgGetNextAnnotation*), calling *cgGetAnnotationName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

```
/* fetch annotation "Apple" from CGparameter param */
CAnnotation ann = cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation( param, "Apple" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation, *cgGetNextAnnotation*, *cgGetAnnotationName*

4.128 cgGetNamedPass

NAME

cgGetNamedPass - get a technique pass by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetNamedPass( CGtechnique tech,  
                      const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique from which to retrieve the pass.

name

The name of the pass to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named pass from the technique.

Returns **NULL** if the technique has no pass corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The passes of a technique can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedPass**. The names of the passes in a technique can be discovered by iterating through the technique's passes (see *cgGetFirstPass* and *cgGetNextPass*), calling *cgGetPassName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedPass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstPass, *cgGetNextPass*, *cgGetPassName*

4.129 cgGetNamedPassAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNamedPassAnnotation - get a pass annotation by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedPassAnnotation( CGpass pass,  
                                       const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass from which to retrieve the annotation.

name

The name of the annotation to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation.

Returns **NULL** if the pass has no annotation corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a pass can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedPassAnnotation**. The names of a pass's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see *cgGetFirstPassAnnotation* and *cgGetNextAnnotation*), calling *cgGetAnnotationName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

```
/* fetch annotation "Apple" from CGpass pass */
CGannotation ann = cgGetNamedPassAnnotation( pass, "Apple" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedPassAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstPassAnnotation, *cgGetNextAnnotation*, *cgGetAnnotationName*

4.130 cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation - get a program annotation by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation( CGprogram program,
                                         const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the annotation.

name

The name of the annotation to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation.

Returns **NULL** if the program has no annotation corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a program can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation**. The names of a program's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see *cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation* and *cgGetNextAnnotation*), calling *cgGetAnnotationName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

```
/* fetch annotation "Apple" from CGprogram program */
CGannotation ann = cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation( program, "Apple" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation, *cgGetNextAnnotation*, *cgGetAnnotationName*

4.131 cgGetNamedProgramParameter

NAME

cgGetNamedProgramParameter - get a program parameter by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGparameter cgGetNamedProgramParameter( CGprogram program,
                                         CGenum name_space,
                                         const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the parameter.

name_space

Specifies the namespace of the parameter to iterate through. Currently **CG_PROGRAM** and **CG_GLOBAL** are supported.

name

Specifies the name of the parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named parameter from the program.

Returns **NULL** if the program has no parameter corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNamedProgramParameter is essentially identical to *cgGetNamedParameter* except it limits the search of the parameter to the name space specified by **name_space**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedProgramParameter was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameter

4.132 cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer

NAME

cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer - get a program uniform buffer parameter by block name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer( CGprogram program,
                                             const char * blockName );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the uniform buffer parameter.

blockName

The block name of the uniform buffer parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the uniform buffer parameter with the matching block name from the program.

Returns **NULL** if the program has no parameter corresponding to **blockName** or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

The uniform buffer parameters of a program can be retrieved directly by block name using **cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer**. The block names of the uniform buffer parameters in a program can be discovered by iterating through the program's parameters with *cgGetFirstParameter* and *cgGetNextParameter*, calling *cgGetUniformBufferBlockName* for each uniform buffer parameter in turn.

EXAMPLES

If the file `buf.cg` contains this shader:

```
uniform myBuf {
    float4 var;
} a : BUFFER;

float4 vertex() : POSITION
{
    return float4(a.var.r, a.var.g, a.var.b, 1.0);
}
```

and if **program** refers to the **CGprogram** created from `buf.cg`, then calling:

```
CGparameter p = cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer(program, "myBuf");
```

results in **p** containing the **CGparameter** associated with variable **a**.

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **blockName** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgIsParameter, *cgGetFirstParameter*, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgGetUniformBufferBlockName*

4.133 cgGetNamedSamplerState

NAME

cgGetNamedSamplerState - get a sampler state by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetNamedSamplerState( CGcontext context,
                                const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to retrieve the named sampler state.

name

The name of the state to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named sampler state.

Returns **NULL** if **context** is invalid or if **context** has no sampler states corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The sampler states associated with a context, as specified with a **sampler_state** block in an effect file, can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedSamplerState**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedSamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateArraySamplerState, cgCreateSamplerState, cgGetFirstSamplerState, cgSetSamplerState

4.134 cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment

NAME

cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment - get a sampler state assignment by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment( CGparameter param,
                                                    const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter from which to retrieve the sampler state assignment.

name

The name of the state assignment to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named sampler state assignment.

Returns **NULL** if the pass has no sampler state assignment corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The sampler state assignments associated with a **sampler** parameter, as specified with a **sampler_state** block in an effect file, can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment**. The names of the sampler state assignments can be discovered by iterating through the sampler's state assignments (see *cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment* and *cgGetNextStateAssignment*), calling *cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState* then *cgGetStateName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsStateAssignment, *cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgGetNextStateAssignment*, *cgGetStateName*

4.135 cgGetNamedState

NAME

cgGetNamedState - get a context state by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetNamedState( CGcontext context,  
                        const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to retrieve the state.

name

The name of the state to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named state from the context.

Returns **NULL** if the context has no state corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The states of a context can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedState**. The names of the states in a context can be discovered by iterating through the context's states (see *cgGetFirstState* and *cgGetNextState*), calling *cgGetStateName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL**.**HISTORY****cgGetNamedState** was introduced in Cg 1.4.**SEE ALSO***cgCreateState, cgGetFirstState, cgGetNextState, cgGetStateEnumerantName, cgGetStateEnumerantValue, cgGetStateName, cgGetStateType, cgIsState*

4.136 cgGetNamedStateAssignment

NAME**cgGetNamedStateAssignment** - get a pass state assignment by name**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetNamedStateAssignment ( CGpass pass,
                                              const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS**pass**

The pass from which to retrieve the state assignment.

name

The name of the state assignment to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named state assignment from the pass.

Returns **NULL** if the pass has no state assignment corresponding to **name**.**DESCRIPTION**

The state assignments of a pass can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedStateAssignment**. The names of the state assignments in a pass can be discovered by iterating through the pass's state assignments (see *cgGetFirstStateAssignment* and *cgGetNextStateAssignment*), calling *cgGetStateAssignmentState* then *cgGetStateName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

`cgGetNamedStateAssignment` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsStateAssignment, *cgGetFirstStateAssignment*, *cgGetNextStateAssignment*, *cgGetStateAssignmentState*, *cgGetStateName*

4.137 cgGetNamedStructParameter

NAME

`cgGetNamedStructParameter` - get member of a struct parameter by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedStructParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                       const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The struct parameter from which to retrieve the member parameter.

name

The name of the member parameter to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the member parameter from the given struct.

Returns `NULL` if the struct has no member parameter corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The member parameters of a struct parameter may be retrieved directly by name using `cgGetNamedStructParameter`.

The names of the parameters in a struct may be discovered by iterating through the struct's member parameters (see *cgGetFirstStructParameter* and *cgGetNextParameter*), and calling *cgGetParameterName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a struct parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetNamedStructParameter` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstStructParameter, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgGetParameterName*

4.138 cgGetNamedSubParameter

NAME

cgGetNamedSubParameter - gets a “shallow” or “deep” member from an aggregate parameter (i.e. array, struct, uniform buffer, etc.)

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedSubParameter( CGparameter param,
                                     const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

param

Aggregate parameter from which to retrieve a member.

name

Name of the desired member inside the aggregate parameter **param**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named member of **param**.

Returns **NULL** if **param** has no parameter corresponding to **name** or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNamedSubParameter is a generalized parameter finding function that will retrieve parameters, including deep parameters, of an aggregate parameter type such as a array, struct, or uniform buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter parent = cgGetNamedParameter( program, "someParameter" );
CGparameter deepChild = cgGetNamedSubParameter( parent, "foo.list[3].item" );

/* Note: 'deepChild' is the same parameter returned by:
   cgGetNamedParameter( program, "someParameter.foo.list[3].item" ); */
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedSubParameter was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameter, cgGetNamedStructParameter, cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter, cgGetArrayParameter

4.139 cgGetNamedTechnique

NAME

cgGetNamedTechnique - get an effect's technique by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetNamedTechnique( CGeffect effect,  
                                const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect from which to retrieve the technique.

name

The name of the technique to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named technique from the effect.

Returns **NULL** if the effect has no technique corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The techniques of an effect can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedTechnique**. The names of the techniques in a effect can be discovered by iterating through the effect's techniques (see *cgGetFirstTechnique* and *cgGetNextTechnique*), calling *cgGetTechniqueName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstTechnique, *cgGetNextTechnique*, *cgGetTechniqueName*

4.140 cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation - get a technique annotation by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation( CGtechnique tech,
                                             const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique from which to retrieve the annotation.

name

The name of the annotation to retrieve.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation.

Returns **NULL** if the technique has no annotation corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a technique can be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation**. The names of a technique's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see *cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation* and *cgGetNextAnnotation*), calling *cgGetAnnotationName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

```
/* fetch annotation "Apple" from CGtechnique technique */
CGannotation ann = cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation( technique, "Apple" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation, *cgGetNextAnnotation*, *cgGetAnnotationName*

4.141 cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter

NAME

cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter - get member of a uniform buffer parameter by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter( CGparameter param,
                                             const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The uniform buffer from which to retrieve a member parameter.

name

The name of the desired member parameter inside uniform buffer **param**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the member parameter from the given uniform buffer.

Returns **NULL** if the uniform buffer has no member parameter corresponding to **name**.

DESCRIPTION

The member parameters of a uniform buffer parameter may be retrieved directly by name using **cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter**.

The names of the parameters in a uniform buffer may be discovered by iterating through the uniform buffer's member parameters (see *cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter* and *cgGetNextParameter*), and calling *cgGetParameterName* for each one in turn.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a uniform buffer parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **name** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedStructParameter, *cgGetNamedSubParameter*, *cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter*, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgGetParameterName*

4.142 cgGetNamedUserType

NAME

cgGetNamedUserType - get enumerant associated with type name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetNamedUserType( CGhandle handle,  
                           const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

handle

The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the type is defined.

name

A string containing the case-sensitive type name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type enumerant associated with **name**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if no such type exists.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNamedUserType returns the enumerant associated with the named type defined in the construct associated with **handle**, which may be a **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

For a given type name, the enumerant returned by this entry point is guaranteed to be identical if called with either an **CGeffect** handle, or a **CGprogram** that is defined within that effect.

If two programs in the same context define a type using identical names and definitions, the associated enumerants are also guaranteed to be identical.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **handle** is not a valid program or effect.

HISTORY

cgGetNamedUserType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetUserType, cgGetType

4.143 cgGetNextAnnotation

NAME

cgGetNextAnnotation - iterate through annotations

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNextAnnotation( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The current annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next annotation in the sequence of annotations associated with the annotated object.

Returns **NULL** when **ann** is the last annotation.

DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a parameter, pass, technique, or program can be iterated over by using **cgGetNextAnnotation**.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each annotation will be visited exactly once.

EXAMPLES

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation( param );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

HISTORY

cgGetNextAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation, cgGetFirstPassAnnotation, cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation, cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation, cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation, cgGetNamedPassAnnotation, cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation, cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation, cgIsAnnotation

4.144 cgGetNextEffect

NAME

cgGetNextEffect - iterate through effects in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGeffect cgGetNextEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The current effect.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next effect in the context's internal sequence of effects.

Returns **NULL** when **effect** is the last effect in the context.

DESCRIPTION

The effects within a context can be iterated over with **cgGetNextEffect**.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each effect will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if effects are created or deleted during iteration.

EXAMPLES

```
CGeffect effect = cgGetFirstEffect( context );
while( effect )
{
    /* do something with effect */
    effect = cgGetNextEffect( effect );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgGetNextEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstEffect

4.145 cgGetNextLeafParameter

NAME

cgGetNextLeafParameter - get the next leaf parameter in a program or effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGparameter cgGetNextLeafParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The current leaf parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next leaf **CGparameter** object.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is invalid or if the program or effect from which the iteration started does not have any more leaf parameters.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNextLeafParameter returns the next leaf parameter (not struct or array parameters) following a given leaf parameter.

In a similar manner, the leaf parameters in an effect can be iterated over starting with a call to *cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter leaf = cgGetFirstLeafParameter( program );
while(leaf)
{
    /* Do stuff with leaf */
    leaf = cgGetNextLeafParameter( leaf );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNextLeafParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstLeafParameter, cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter

4.146 cgGetNextParameter

NAME

cgGetNextParameter - iterate through a program's or effect's parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNextParameter( CGparameter current );
```

PARAMETERS

current

The current parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next parameter in the program or effect's internal sequence of parameters.

Returns **NULL** when **current** is the last parameter in the program or effect.

DESCRIPTION

The parameters of a program or effect can be iterated over using **cgGetNextParameter** with *cgGetFirstParameter*, or *cgGetArrayParameter*.

Similarly, the parameters in an effect can be iterated over starting with a call to *cgGetFirstEffectParameter*.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each parameter will be visited exactly once.

EXAMPLES

```

void RecurseParams( CGparameter param )
{
    if(!param)
        return;

    do
    {
        switch (cgGetParameterType (param))
        {
            case CG_STRUCT :
                RecurseParams (cgGetFirstStructParameter (param));
                break;

            case CG_ARRAY :
                {
                    int ArraySize = cgGetArraySize (param, 0);
                    int i;

                    for (i=0; i < ArraySize; ++i)
                        RecurseParams (cgGetArrayParameter (param, i));
                }
                break;

            default :
                /* Do stuff to param */
        }
    } while ((param = cgGetNextParameter (param)) != 0);
}

void RecurseParamsInProgram( CGprogram program )
{
    RecurseParams ( cgGetFirstParameter ( program ) );
}

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNextParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstParameter, cgGetFirstEffectParameter, cgGetFirstStructParameter, cgGetArrayParameter, cgGetParameterType

4.147 cgGetNextPass

NAME

cgGetNextPass - iterate through the passes in a technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetNextPass( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The current pass.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next pass in the technique's internal sequence of passes.

Returns **NULL** when **pass** is the last pass in the technique.

DESCRIPTION

The passes within a technique can be iterated over using **cgGetNextPass**.

Passes are returned in the order defined in the technique.

EXAMPLES

```
CGpass pass = cgGetFirstPass( technique );
while( pass )
{
    /* do something with pass */
    pass = cgGetNextPass( pass );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgGetNextPass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstPass, *cgGetNamedPass*, *cgIsPass*

4.148 cgGetNextProgram

NAME

cgGetNextProgram - iterate through programs in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetNextProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The current program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next program in the context's internal sequence of programs.

Returns **NULL** when **program** is the last program in the context.

DESCRIPTION

The programs within a context can be iterated over by using **cgGetNextProgram**.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each program will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if programs are generated or deleted during iteration.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram program = cgGetFirstProgram( context );
while( program )
{
    /* do something with program */
    program = cgGetNextProgram( program );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNextProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstProgram, cgCreateProgram, cgDestroyProgram, cgIsProgram

4.149 cgGetNextState

NAME

cgGetNextState - iterate through states in a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGstate cgGetNextState( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The current state.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next state in the context's internal sequence of states.

Returns **NULL** when **state** is the last state in the context.

DESCRIPTION

The states within a context can be iterated over using **cgGetNextState**.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each state will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if states are created or deleted during iteration.

EXAMPLES

```
CGstate state = cgGetFirstState( context );
while( state )
{
    /* do something with state */
    state = cgGetNextState( state );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetNextState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstState, cgGetNamedState, cgCreateState, cgIsState

4.150 cgGetNextStateAssignment

NAME

cgGetNextStateAssignment - iterate through state assignments in a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGstateassignment cgGetNextStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The current state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next state assignment in the pass' internal sequence of state assignments.

Returns **NULL** when **prog** is the last state assignment in the pass.

DESCRIPTION

The state assignments within a pass can be iterated over by using **cgGetNextStateAssignment**.

State assignments are returned in the same order specified in the pass in the effect.

EXAMPLES

```
CGstateassignment sa = cgGetFirstStateAssignment( pass );
while( sa )
{
    /* do something with sa */
    sa = cgGetNextStateAssignment( sa );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetNextStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstStateAssignment, cgGetNamedStateAssignment, cgIsStateAssignment

4.151 cgGetNextTechnique

NAME

cgGetNextTechnique - iterate through techniques in a effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGtechnique cgGetNextTechnique( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The current technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the next technique in the effect's internal sequence of techniques.

Returns **NULL** when **tech** is the last technique in the effect.

DESCRIPTION

The techniques within a effect can be iterated over using **cgGetNextTechnique**.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each technique will be visited exactly once.

EXAMPLES

```
CGtechnique tech = cgGetFirstTechnique( effect );
while( tech )
{
    /* do something with tech */
    tech = cgGetNextTechnique( tech );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetNextTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstTechnique, cgGetNamedTechnique

4.152 cgGetNumConnectedToParameters

NAME

cgGetNumConnectedToParameters - gets the number of connected destination parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumConnectedToParameters( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The source parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of destination parameters connected to **param**.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumConnectedToParameters returns the number of destination parameters connected to the source parameter **param**. It's primarily used with *cgGetConnectedToParameter*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetNumConnectedToParameters was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgConnectParameter, cgGetConnectedParameter, cgGetConnectedToParameter

4.153 cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters

NAME

cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters - get the number of effect parameters on which an annotation depends

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of parameters on which **ann** depends.

DESCRIPTION

Annotations in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the annotation that are used for computing the annotation's value. **cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters** returns the total number of such parameters. *cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter* can then be used to iterate over these parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter's value.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

HISTORY

cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter, cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters

4.154 cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters

NAME

cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters - get the number of parameters on which a state assignment's value depends

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of parameters on which **sa** depends.

Returns **0** if **sa** is not a program state assignment or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX files may include references to an array indexed by an effect parameter (or expression) on the right hand side of the state assignment that is used for computing the state assignment's value. Usually this array holds the compile statements of shader programs and by changing the index of the shader array, it's possible to switch to a different program or profile on-the-fly.

Each compile statement in the array can depend on one or more effect parameters which are passed to the program in its parameter list. It is sometimes necessary for the application to query what those parameters are so values can be properly set to them.

Before you can query these parameters, you must know how many there are. **cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters** will return this number.

EXAMPLES

In CgFX file:

```
vertexshader Torus[4] =
{
    compile vp40    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                                float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile vp30    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                                float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile arbvpl  C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                                float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) ),

    compile vp20    C8E6v_torus( LightPosition, EyePosition, ModelViewProj,
                                float2( OuterRadius, InnerRadius ) )
};

pixelshader SpecSurf[4] =
{
    compile fp40    C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),

    compile fp30    C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),
};
```

```

compile arbfp1 C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube ),

compile fp20 C8E4f_specSurf( Ambient, float4(DiffuseMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                float4(SpecularMaterial * LightColor, 1),
                                normalMap, normalizeCube, normalizeCube )

};

int select = 0;

technique bumpdemo
{
    pass
    {
        VertexProgram = (Torus[select]);
        FragmentProgram = (SpecSurf[select]);
    }
}

```

In application:

```

int numParameters = cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters(stateAssignment);
for(int i = 0; i < numParameters; ++i) {
    CGparameter param = cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter(stateAssignment, i);

    /* Set value for 'param' */
}

```

For this example when `select = 0` `cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters` will return 5 for `VertexProgram` and 8 for `FragmentProgram`.

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `sa` is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

`cgGetNumDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameters` was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDependentProgramArrayStateAssignmentParameter

4.155 cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters

NAME

`cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters` - get the number of effect parameters on which a state assignment depends

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of parameters on which **sa** depends.

DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX passes may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the state assignment that are used for computing the state assignment's value. **cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters** returns the total number of such parameters. *cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter* can then be used to iterate over these parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of state assignments for customized state mangement so that they can determine which state assignments may change as the result of changing a parameter's value.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter, *cgGetFirstStateAssignment*, *cgGetNamedStateAssignment*, *cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters*

4.156 cgGetNumParentTypes

NAME

cgGetNumParentTypes - gets the number of parent types of a given type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumParentTypes ( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The child type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of parent types.

Returns **0** if there are no parents.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumParentTypes returns the number of parents from which **type** inherits.

A parent type is one from which the given type inherits, or an interface type that the given type implements.

Note that the current Cg language specification implies that a type may only have a single parent type – an interface implemented by the given type.

EXAMPLES

Given the type definitions:

```
interface myiface {
    float4 eval(void);
};

struct mystruct : myiface {
    float4 value;
    float4 eval(void) { return value; }
};
```

mystruct has a single parent type, **myiface**.

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetNumParentTypes was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParentType

4.157 cgGetNumProgramDomains

NAME

cgGetNumProgramDomains - get the number of domains in a combined program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetNumProgramDomains( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The combined program object to be queried.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of domains in the combined program *program*.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumProgramDomains returns the number of domains in a combined program. For example, if the combined program contained a vertex program and a fragment program, **cgGetNumProgramDomains** will return 2.

cgGetNumProgramDomains will always return **1** for a non-combined program.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram combined = cgCombinePrograms2( prog1, prog2 );
int numDomains = cgGetNumProgramDomains( combined );
/* numDomains == 2 */
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNumProgramDomains was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProfileDomain, cgGetProgramDomainProfile, cgGetProgramDomainProgram

4.158 cgGetNumStateEnumerants

NAME

cgGetNumStateEnumerants - gets the number of enumerants associated with a state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumStateEnumerants( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the number of associated enumerants.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of enumerants associated with **state**.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumStateEnumerants returns the number of enumerants associated with a given **CGstate**. Enumerants can be added to a **CGstate** using *cgAddStateEnumerant*.

EXAMPLES

```
int value;
char* pName;

int nEnums = cgGetNumStateEnumerants( state );
```

```

for (ii=0; ii<nEnums; ++ii) {
    pName = cgGetStateEnumerant(state, ii, &value );
    printf("%i: %s %i\n", ii+1, pName, value);
}

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetNumStateEnumerants was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgAddStateEnumerant, cgGetStateEnumerant, cgGetStateEnumerantName, cgGetStateEnumerantValue

4.159 cgGetNumSupportedProfiles

NAME

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles - get the number of supported profiles

SYNOPSIS

```

#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetNumSupportedProfiles( void );

```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of profiles supported by this version of Cg.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles provides the number of profiles which are supported by this version of the Cg library.

Note that a profile may be recognized by Cg but not supported by the platform on which the application is currently running. A graphics API specific routine such as *cgGLsProfileSupported* must still be used to determine if the current GPU and driver combination supports a given profile.

EXAMPLES

```

CGprofile profile;
int nProfiles;
int ii;

nProfiles = cgGetNumSupportedProfiles();
printf("NumSupportedProfiles: %i\n", nProfiles);

for (ii=0; ii<nProfiles; ++ii) {
    profile = cgGetSupportedProfile(ii);
    printf("SupportedProfile %i: %s %i\n", ii, cgGetProfileString(profile),

```

```
        cgGetProfile (cgGetProfileString (profile) );  
    }
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetSupportedProfile, *cgIsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileProperty*, *cgGLIsProfileSupported*,
cgD3D9IsProfileSupported, *cgD3D10IsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileString*, *cgGetProfile*

4.160 cgGetNumUserTypes

NAME

cgGetNumUserTypes - get number of user-defined types in a program or effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumUserTypes ( CGhandle handle );
```

PARAMETERS

handle

The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the types are defined.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of user defined types.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetNumUserTypes returns the number of user-defined types in a given **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **handle** is not a valid program or effect handle.

HISTORY

cgGetNumUserTypes was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetUserType, *cgGetNamedUserType*

4.161 cgGetParameterBaseResource

NAME

cgGetParameterBaseResource - get a parameter's base resource

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGresource cgGetParameterBaseResource( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the base resource of **param**.

Returns **CG_UNDEFINED** if no base resource exists for the given parameter.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterBaseResource allows the application to retrieve the base resource for a parameter in a Cg program. The base resource is the first resource in a set of sequential resources. For example, if a given parameter has a resource of **CG_ATTR7**, it's base resource would be **CG_ATTR0**. Only parameters with resources whose name ends with a number will have a base resource. For all other parameters the undefined resource **CG_UNDEFINED** will be returned.

The numerical portion of the resource may be retrieved with *cgGetParameterResourceIndex*. For example, if the resource for a given parameter is **CG_ATTR7**, *cgGetParameterResourceIndex* will return 7.

EXAMPLES

```
/* log info about parameter param for debugging */

printf("Resource: %s:%d (base %s)\n",
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterResource(param)),
      cgGetParameterResourceIndex(param),
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterBaseResource(param)));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a leaf node.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterBaseResource was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterResource, *cgGetParameterResourceIndex*, *cgGetResourceString*

4.162 cgGetParameterBaseType

NAME

cgGetParameterBaseType - get a program parameter's base type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterBaseType( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the base type enumerator of **param**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterBaseType allows the application to retrieve the base type of a parameter.

If **param** is of a numeric type (scalar, vector, or matrix), the scalar enumerator corresponding to **param**'s type will be returned. For example, if **param** is of type **CG_FLOAT4x3**, **cgGetParameterBaseType** will return **CG_FLOAT**.

If **param** is an array, the base type of the array elements will be returned.

If **param** is a structure, its type-specific enumerator will be returned, as per *cgGetParameterNamedType*.

Otherwise, **param**'s type enumerator will be returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterBaseType was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterType, *cgGetParameterNamedType*, *cgGetType*, *cgGetTypeString*, *cgGetParameterClass*

4.163 cgGetParameterBufferIndex

NAME

cgGetParameterBufferIndex - get buffer index by parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterBufferIndex( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter for which the associated buffer index will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the index for the buffer to which **param** belongs.

Returns **-1** if **param** does not belong to a buffer or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterBufferIndex returns the index for the buffer to which a parameter belongs. If **param** does not belong to a buffer, then **-1** is returned.

If the program to which **param** belongs is in an uncompiled state, it will be compiled by **cgGetParameterBufferIndex**. See *cgSetAutoCompile* for more information about program compile states.

EXAMPLES

```
int index = cgGetParameterBufferIndex( myParam );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterBufferIndex was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetProgramBuffer, *cgGetParameterBufferOffset*, *cgGetParameterResourceSize*, *cgSetAutoCompile*

4.164 cgGetParameterBufferOffset

NAME

cgGetParameterBufferOffset - get a parameter's buffer offset

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterBufferOffset( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter for which the buffer offset will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the buffer offset for **param**.

Returns **-1** if **param** does not belong to a buffer or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterBufferOffset returns the buffer offset associated with a parameter. If **param** does not belong to a buffer, then **-1** is returned.

If the program to which **param** belongs is in an uncompiled state, it will be compiled by **cgGetParameterBufferOffset**. See *cgSetAutoCompile* for more information about program compile states.

EXAMPLES

```
int offset = cgGetParameterBufferOffset( myParam );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterBufferOffset was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetProgramBuffer, *cgGetParameterBufferIndex*, *cgGetParameterResourceSize*, *cgSetAutoCompile*

4.165 cgGetParameterClass

NAME

cgGetParameterClass - get a parameter's class

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameterclass cgGetParameterClass( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the parameter class enumerant of **param**.

Returns **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterClass allows the application to retrieve the class of a parameter.

The returned **CGparameterclass** value enumerates the high-level parameter classes:

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_SCALAR

The parameter is of a scalar type, such as **CG_INT**, or **CG_FLOAT**.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_VECTOR

The parameter is of a vector type, such as **CG_INT1**, or **CG_FLOAT4**.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_MATRIX

The parameter is of a matrix type, such as **CG_INT1x1**, or **CG_FLOAT4x4**.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_STRUCT

The parameter is a struct or interface.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_ARRAY

The parameter is an array.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_SAMPLER

The parameter is a sampler.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_OBJECT

The parameter is a texture, string, or program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterClass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterClassString, cgGetParameterClassEnum, cgGetParameterType, cgGetType, cgGetTypeString

4.166 cgGetParameterClassEnum

NAME

cgGetParameterClassEnum - get the enumerant associated with a parameter class name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameterclass cgGetParameterClassEnum( const char * pString );
```

PARAMETERS

pString

A string containing the case-sensitive parameter class name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the parameter class enumerant associated with **pString**.

Returns **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_UNKNOWN** if the given parameter class does not exist.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterClassEnum returns the enumerant associated with a parameter class name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameterclass structParameterClass = cgGetParameterClassEnum("struct");

if(cgGetParameterClassEnum(myparam) == structParameterClass)
{
    /* Do struct stuff */
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **pString** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterClassEnum was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterClassString, cgGetParameterClass, cgGetTypeClass

4.167 cgGetParameterClassString

NAME

cgGetParameterClassString - get the name associated with a parameter class enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetParameterClassString( CGparameterclass parameterclass );
```

PARAMETERS

parameterclass

The parameter class enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the name associated with **parameterclass**.

Returns “unknown” if **parameterclass** is not a valid parameter class.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterClassString returns the name associated with a parameter class enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
static void dumpCgParameterInfo(CGparameter parameter)
{
    /* ... */
    const char* p = cgGetParameterClassString(cgGetParameterType(parameter));
    if ( p ) {
        printf(" ParameterClass: %s\n", p);
    }
    /* ... */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterClassString was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterClassEnum, cgGetParameterClass, cgGetTypeClass

4.168 cgGetParameterColumns

NAME

cgGetParameterColumns - get number of parameter columns

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetParameterColumns( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param
The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of columns associated with the type if **param** is a numeric type or an array of numeric types.
Returns **0** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterColumns return the number of columns associated with the given parameter's type.
If **param** is an array, the number of columns associated with each element of the array is returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterColumns was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterType, cgGetParameterRows

4.169 cgGetParameterContext

NAME

cgGetParameterContext - get a parameter's parent context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetParameterContext ( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGcontext** handle to the parent context.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterContext allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context to which a given parameter belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterContext was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameter, cgGetParameterProgram

4.170 cgGetParameterDefaultValue

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValue - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float, or double */

int cgGetParameterDefaultValue{ifd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                         int nelements,
                                         TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer to which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGetParameterDefaultValue** functions allow the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

There are versions of each function that return **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that will cause any matrices referenced by **param** to be copied in either row-major or column-major order, as signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name.

For example, *cgGetParameterDefaultValueic* retrieves the default values of the given parameter using the supplied array of integer data, and copies matrix data in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int rows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = rows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

The **cgGetParameterDefaultValue** functions were introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc, cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr, cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc, cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr, cgGetParameterDefaultValueic, cgGetParameterDefaultValueir

4.171 cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc( CGparameter param,  
                                int nelements,  
                                double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as doubles in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.172 cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr( CGparameter param,
                                int nelements,
                                double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as doubles in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.173 cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc( CGparameter param,
                                  int nelements,
                                  float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as floats in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.174 cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr( CGparameter param,  
                                int nelements,  
                                float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as floats in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```

int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;

```

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS**

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.175 cgGetParameterDefaultValueic

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValueic - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```

int cgGetParameterDefaultValueic ( CGparameter param,
                                   int nelements,
                                   int * v );

```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValueic allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as ints in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValueic was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.176 **cgGetParameterDefaultValueeir**

NAME

cgGetParameterDefaultValueeir - get the default values of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterDefaultValueeir( CGparameter param,
                                   int nelements,
                                   int * v );
```


PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose default values will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter default values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of default values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDefaultValueir allows the application to get the default values from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The default values are returned as ints in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of default values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of default values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```

int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;

```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDefaultValueir was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.177 cgGetParameterDirection

NAME

cgGetParameterDirection - get a program parameter's direction

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgGetParameterDirection( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the direction of **param**.

Returns **CG_ERROR** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterDirection allows the application to distinguish program input parameters from program output parameters. This information is necessary for the application to properly supply the program inputs and use the program outputs.

cgGetParameterDirection will return one of the following enumerants :

CG_IN

Specifies an input parameter.

CG_OUT

Specifies an output parameter.

CG_INOUT

Specifies a parameter that is both input and output.

CG_ERROR

If an error occurs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterDirection was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameter, cgGetNextParameter, cgGetParameterName, cgGetParameterType, cgGetParameterVariability, cgSetParameterVariability

4.178 cgGetParameterEffect

NAME

cgGetParameterEffect - get a parameter's parent program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetParameterEffect( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGeffect** handle to the parent effect.

Returns **NULL** if the parameter is not a child of an effect or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterEffect allows the application to retrieve a handle to the effect to which a given parameter belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterEffect was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgGetParameterProgram, cgCreateParameter

4.179 cgGetParameterIndex

NAME

cgGetParameterIndex - get an array member parameter's index

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterIndex( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the index associated with an array member parameter.

Returns **-1** if the parameter is not in an array.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetParameterIndex` returns the integer index of an array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGetParameterIndex` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArrayParameter

4.180 cgGetParameterName

NAME

`cgGetParameterName` - get a program parameter's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetParameterName( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated name string for the parameter.

Returns **NULL** if **param** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGetParameterName` allows the application to retrieve the name of a parameter in a Cg program. This name can be used later to retrieve the parameter from the program using *cgGetNamedParameter*.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.**HISTORY****cgGetParameterName** was introduced in Cg 1.1.**SEE ALSO***cgGetNamedParameter, cgGetNextParameter, cgGetParameterType, cgGetParameterVariability, cgGetParameterDirection, cgSetParameterVariability*

4.181 cgGetParameterNamedType

NAME**cgGetParameterNamedType** - get a program parameter's type**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterNamedType( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type of **param**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterNamedType returns the type of **param** similarly to *cgGetParameterType*. However, if the type is a user defined struct it will return the unique enumerator associated with the user defined type instead of **CG_STRUCT**.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.**HISTORY****cgGetParameterNamedType** was introduced in Cg 1.2.**SEE ALSO***cgGetParameterType, cgGetParameterBaseType*

4.182 cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber

NAME

cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber - get a program parameter's ordinal number

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the ordinal number associated with a parameter. If the parameter is a constant (*cgGetParameterVariability* returns **CG_CONSTANT**) then **0** is returned and no error is generated.

When **cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber** is passed an array, the ordinal number of the first array element is returned. When passed a struct, the ordinal number of first struct data member is returned.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber returns an integer that represents the order in which the parameter was declared within the Cg program.

Ordinal numbering begins at zero, starting with a program's first local leaf parameter. The subsequent local leaf parameters are enumerated in turn, followed by the program's global leaf parameters.

EXAMPLES

The following Cg program:

```
struct MyStruct { float a; sampler2D b; };
float globalvar1;
float globalvar2
float4 main(float2 position : POSITION,
            float4 color    : COLOR,
            uniform MyStruct mystruct,
            float2 texCoord : TEXCOORD0) : COLOR
{
    /* etc ... */
}
```

Would result in the following parameter ordinal numbering:

```
position    -> 0
color       -> 1
mystruct.a  -> 2
mystruct.b  -> 3
texCoord    -> 4
globalvar1  -> 5
globalvar2  -> 6
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterVariability

4.183 cgGetParameterProgram

NAME

cgGetParameterProgram - get a parameter's parent program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetParameterProgram( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGprogram** handle to the parent program.

Returns **NULL** if the parameter is not a child of a program or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterProgram allows the application to retrieve a handle to the program to which a given parameter belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgGetParameterEffect

4.184 cgGetParameterResource

NAME

cgGetParameterResource - get a program parameter's resource

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGresource cgGetParameterResource( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the resource of **param**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterResource allows the application to retrieve the resource for a parameter in a Cg program. This resource is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program's inputs and use the program's outputs.

The resource enumerator is a profile-specific hardware resource.

EXAMPLES

```
/* log info about parameter param for debugging */  
  
printf("Resource: %s:%d (base %s)\n",  
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterResource(param)),  
      cgGetParameterResourceIndex(param),  
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterBaseResource(param)));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a leaf node.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterResource was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterResourceIndex, cgGetParameterBaseResource, cgGetResourceString

4.185 cgGetParameterResourceIndex

NAME

cgGetParameterResourceIndex - get a program parameter's resource index

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
unsigned long cgGetParameterResourceIndex( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the resource index of **param**.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterResourceIndex allows the application to retrieve the resource index for a parameter in a Cg program. This index value is only used with resources that are linearly addressable.

EXAMPLES

```
/* log info about parameter param for debugging */
printf("Resource: %s:%d (base %s)\n",
       cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterResource(param)),
       cgGetParameterResourceIndex(param),
       cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterBaseResource(param)));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a leaf node.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterResourceIndex was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterResource, *cgGetResource*, *cgGetResourceString*

4.186 cgGetParameterResourceName

NAME

cgGetParameterResourceName - get a program parameter's resource name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetParameterResourceName( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the resource name of **param**.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterResourceName allows the application to retrieve the resource name for a parameter in a Cg program. For translated profiles this name will most likely be different from the string returned by *cgGetResourceString*.

EXAMPLES

```
/* log info about parameter param for debugging */  
  
printf("Resource: %s:%d (base %s) [name:%s]\n",  
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterResource(param)),  
      cgGetParameterResourceIndex(param),  
      cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterBaseResource(param)),  
      cgGetParameterResourceName(param));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a leaf node.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterResourceName was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterBaseResource, *cgGetParameterResource*, *cgGetParameterResourceIndex*, *cgGetResource*, *cgGetResourceString*

4.187 cgGetParameterResourceSize

NAME

cgGetParameterResourceSize - get size of resource associated with a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>  
  
long cgGetParameterResourceSize( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter for which the associated resource size will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size on the GPU of the resource associated with **param**.

Returns **-1** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterResourceSize returns the size in bytes of the resource corresponding to a parameter if the parameter belongs to a Cg buffer resource.

The size of sampler parameters is zero because they have no actual data storage.

The size of an array parameter is the size of an array element parameter times the length of the array.

The size of a structure parameter is the sum of the size of all the members of the structure plus zero or more bytes of profile-dependent padding.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterResourceSize was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterBufferOffset, cgGetParameterBufferIndex

4.188 cgGetParameterResourceType

NAME

cgGetParameterResourceType - get a parameter's resource type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterResourceType( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter for which the resource type will be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the resource type of **param**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if the parameter does not belong to a program, if the program is not compiled, or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterResourceType allows the application to retrieve the resource type for a parameter in a Cg program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterResourceType was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterResource, cgGetParameterResourceIndex, cgGetParameterResourceSize, cgGetResource, cgGetResourceString

4.189 cgGetParameterRows

NAME

cgGetParameterRows - get number of parameter rows

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterRows( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of rows associated with the type if **param** is a numeric type or an array of numeric types.

Returns **0** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterRows return the number of rows associated with the given parameter's type.

If **param** is an array, the number of rows associated with each element of the array is returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterRows was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterType, cgGetParameterColumns

4.190 cgGetParameterSemantic**NAME**

cgGetParameterSemantic - get a parameter's semantic

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetParameterSemantic( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated semantic string for the parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterSemantic allows the application to retrieve the semantic of a parameter in a Cg program. If a uniform parameter does not have a user-assigned semantic, an empty string will be returned. If a varying parameter does not have a user-assigned semantic, the semantic string corresponding to the compiler-assigned resource for that varying will be returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterSemantic was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterSemantic, cgGetSemanticCasePolicy, cgSetSemanticCasePolicy, cgGetParameterResource, cgGetParameterResourceIndex, cgGetParameterName, cgGetParameterType

4.191 cgGetParameterSettingMode**NAME**

cgGetParameterSettingMode - get the parameter setting mode for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetParameterSettingMode( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the parameter setting mode will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the parameter setting mode enumerant for **context**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterSettingMode returns the current parameter setting mode enumerant for **context**. See *cgSetParameterSettingMode* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
/* assumes cgGetProgramContext(program) == context */  
  
if (cgGetParameterSettingMode(context) == CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING) {  
    cgUpdateProgramParameters(program);  
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterSettingMode was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterSettingMode, *cgUpdatePassParameters*, *cgUpdateProgramParameters*

4.192 cgGetParameterType

NAME

cgGetParameterType - get a program parameter's type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetParameterType( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type enumerator of **param**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterType allows the application to retrieve the type of a parameter in a Cg program. This type is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program's inputs and use the program's outputs.

cgGetParameterType will return **CG_ARRAY** if the parameter is an array, **CG_STRUCT** if the parameter is a struct, or **CG_UNIFORM_BUFFER** if the parameter is a uniform buffer. Otherwise it will return the data type associated with the parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterType was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType, cgGetParameterBaseType, cgGetTypeString, cgGetParameterClass

4.193 cgGetParameterValue

NAME

cgGetParameterValue - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float, or double */

int cgGetParameterValue(ifd){rc}( CGparameter param,
                                int nelements,
                                TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer to which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGetParameterValue** functions allow the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

There are versions of each function that return **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that will cause any matrices referenced by **param** to be copied in either row-major or column-major order, as signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name.

For example, *cgGetParameterValueic* retrieves the values of the given parameter using the supplied array of integer data, and copies matrix data in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

Note: Previous releases of Cg allowed you to store more values in a parameter than indicated by the parameter's type. For example, one could use *cgGLSetParameter4f* to store four values into a parameter of type **CG_FLOAT** (not **CG_FLOAT4**). All four values could later be retrieved using a get call which requested more than one value. However, this feature conflicts with the GLSL approach and also leads to issues with parameters mapped into **BUFFERS**. Therefore, beginning with Cg 2.0 any components beyond the number indicated by the parameter type are ignored.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

The **cgGetParameterValue** functions were introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetArrayTotalSize*, *cgGetParameterDefaultValue*, *cgSetParameterValue*, *cgGetParameterValuedc*, *cgGetParameterValuedr*, *cgGetParameterValuefc*, *cgGetParameterValuefr*, *cgGetParameterValueic*, *cgGetParameterValueir*

4.194 cgGetParameterValuedc

NAME

cgGetParameterValuedc - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterValuedc( CGparameter param,
                          int nelements,
                          double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValuedc allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as doubles in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows( param );
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns( param );
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize( param );
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if ( asize > 0 ) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValuedc was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedc, cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.195 cgGetParameterValuedr

NAME

cgGetParameterValuedr - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterValuedr( CGparameter param,  
                          int nelements,  
                          double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValuedr allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as doubles in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```

int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;

```

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS**

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValuedr was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValuedr, cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.196 cgGetParameterValuefc

NAME

cgGetParameterValuefc - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```

int cgGetParameterValuefc( CGparameter param,
                           int nelements,
                           float * v );

```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValuefc allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as floats in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValuefc was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefc, cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.197 cgGetParameterValuefr

NAME

cgGetParameterValuefr - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetParameterValuefr( CGparameter param,
                          int nelements,
                          float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValuefr allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as floats in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```

int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;

```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValuefr was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValuefr, cgGetParameterValue, cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize

4.198 cgGetParameterValueic

NAME

cgGetParameterValueic - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterValueic( CGparameter param,  
                           int nelements,  
                           int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValueic allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as ints in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in column-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;  
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;  
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;  
int ntotal = nrows*ncols ;  
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize ;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValueic was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValueic, *cgGetParameterValue*, *cgSetParameterValue*, *cgGetParameterRows*, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetArrayTotalSize*

4.199 cgGetParameterValueir

NAME

cgGetParameterValueir - get the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterValueir( CGparameter param,
                          int nelements,
                          int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Destination buffer into which the parameter values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the total number of values written to **v**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValueir allows the application to get the value(s) from any numeric parameter or parameter array. The value(s) are returned as ints in **v**.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** will be copied in row-major order.

The size of **v** is passed as **nelements**. If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterValueir was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterDefaultValueir, *cgGetParameterValue*, *cgSetParameterValue*, *cgGetParameterRows*, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetArrayTotalSize*

4.200 cgGetParameterValues

NAME

cgGetParameterValues - deprecated

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterValues is deprecated. Use a variation of *cgGetParameterValue* or *cgGetParameterDefaultValue* instead.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, *cgGetParameterDefaultValue*

4.201 cgGetParameterVariability

NAME

cgGetParameterVariability - get a parameter's variability

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgGetParameterVariability( CGparameter param );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The program parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the variability of **param**.

Returns **CG_ERROR** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParameterVariability allows the application to retrieve the variability of a parameter in a Cg program. This variability is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program's inputs and use the program's outputs.

cgGetParameterVariability will return one of the following variabilities:

CG_VARYING

A varying parameter is one whose value changes with each invocation of the program.

CG_UNIFORM

A uniform parameter is one whose value does not change with each invocation of a program, but whose value can change between groups of program invocations.

CG_LITERAL

A literal parameter is folded out at compile time. Making a uniform parameter literal with *cgSetParameterVariability* will often make a program more efficient at the expense of requiring a compile every time the value is set.

CG_CONSTANT

A constant parameter is never changed by the user. It's generated by the compiler by certain profiles that require immediate values to be placed in certain resource locations.

CG_MIXED

A structure parameter that contains parameters that differ in variability.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetParameterVariability was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameter, *cgGetNextParameter*, *cgGetParameterName*, *cgGetParameterType*, *cgGetParameterDirection*, *cgSetParameterVariability*

4.202 cgGetParentType

NAME

cgGetParentType - gets a parent type of a child type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParentType( CGtype type,  
                        int index );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The child type.

index

The index of the parent type. **index** must be greater than or equal to **0** and less than the value returned by *cgGetNumParentTypes*.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the number of parent types.

Returns **NULL** if there are no parents.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if **type** is a built-in type or an error is thrown.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetParentType returns a parent type of **type**.

A parent type is one from which the given type inherits, or an interface type that the given type implements. For example, given the type definitions:

```
interface myiface {  
    float4 eval(void);  
};  
  
struct mystruct : myiface {  
    float4 value;  
    float4 eval(void) { return value; }  
};
```

mystruct has a single parent type, **myiface**.

Note that the current Cg language specification implies that a type may only have a single parent type – an interface implemented by the given type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **index** is outside the proper range.

HISTORY

cgGetParentType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumParentTypes

4.203 cgGetPassName**NAME**

cgGetPassName - get a technique pass's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetPassName( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated name string for the pass.

Returns **NULL** if **pass** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetPassName allows the application to retrieve the name of a pass in a Cg program. This name can be used later to retrieve the pass from the program using *cgGetNamedPass*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgGetPassName was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedPass, *cgGetFirstPass*, *cgGetNextPass*

4.204 cgGetPassProgram**NAME**

cgGetPassProgram - get domain program from a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetPassProgram( CGpass pass,  
                           CGdomain domain );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass from which to get a program.

domain

The domain for which a program will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the program associated with a specified domain from the given pass.

Returns **NULL** if **pass** or **domain** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetPassProgram allows the application to retrieve the program associated with a specific domain from a pass.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **domain** is not **CG_VERTEX_DOMAIN**, **CG_FRAGMENT_DOMAIN**, or **CG_GEOMETRY_DOMAIN**.

HISTORY

cgGetPassProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstPass, cgGetNextPass

4.205 cgGetPassTechnique

NAME

cgGetPassTechnique - get a pass's technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetPassTechnique( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGtechnique** handle to the technique.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetPassTechnique allows the application to retrieve a handle to the technique to which a given pass belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgGetPassTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsTechnique, cgGetNextTechnique, cgIsPass

4.206 cgGetProfile

NAME

cgGetProfile - get the profile enumerant from a profile name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetProfile( const char * profile_string );
```

PARAMETERS

profile_string

A string containing the case-sensitive profile name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the profile enumerant of **profile_string**.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if the given profile does not exist.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProfile returns the enumerant assigned to a profile name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile ARBVP1Profile = cgGetProfile("arbvp1");

if(cgGetProgramProfile(myprog) == ARBVP1Profile)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **profile_string** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProfileString, cgGetProgramProfile

4.207 cgGetProfileDomain

NAME

cgGetProfileDomain - get the domain of a profile enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGdomain cgGetProfileDomain( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile
A profile enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the domain enumerant associated with **profile**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_DOMAIN** if **profile** is not a valid profile.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProfileDomain returns the domain to which a given profile belongs. One of the following enumerants will be returned:

- * **CG_VERTEX_DOMAIN**
- * **CG_FRAGMENT_DOMAIN**
- * **CG_GEOMETRY_DOMAIN**
- * **CG_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_DOMAIN**
- * **CG_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_DOMAIN**
- * **CG_UNKNOWN_DOMAIN**

EXAMPLES

```
CGdomain domain = cgGetProfileDomain(CG_PROFILE_PS_3_0);
/* domain == CG_FRAGMENT_DOMAIN */
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetProfileDomain was introduced in Cg 1.5.

CG_GEOMETRY_DOMAIN was introduced in Cg 2.0.

CG_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_DOMAIN and **CG_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_DOMAIN** were introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumProgramDomains, cgGetProgramDomainProfile

4.208 cgGetProfileProperty

NAME

cgGetProfileProperty - query property of a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGetProfileProperty( CGprofile profile, CGenum query );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile to query.

query

An enumerant describing the property to be queried. The following enumerants are allowed:

- * **CG_IS_OPENGL_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_8_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_9_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_10_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_11_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_VERTEX_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_FRAGMENT_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_GEOMETRY_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_PROFILE**

- * **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_TRANSLATION_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_HLSL_PROFILE**
- * **CG_IS_GLSL_PROFILE**

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** holds the property expressed by **query**.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProfileProperty returns property information about the given profile.

query must be one of the following enumerants :

- * **CG_IS_OPENGL_PROFILE**
profile is an OpenGL profile.
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_PROFILE**
profile is Direct3D profile.
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_8_PROFILE**
profile is Direct3D8 profile.
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_9_PROFILE**
profile is Direct3D9 profile.
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_10_PROFILE**
profile is Direct3D10 profile.
- * **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_11_PROFILE**
profile is Direct3D11 profile.
- * **CG_IS_VERTEX_PROFILE**
profile is vertex profile.
- * **CG_IS_FRAGMENT_PROFILE**
profile is fragment profile.
- * **CG_IS_GEOMETRY_PROFILE**
profile is geometry profile.
- * **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_PROFILE**
profile is tessellation control profile.
- * **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_PROFILE**
profile is tessellation evaluation profile.
- * **CG_IS_TRANSLATION_PROFILE**
profile is a translation profile.
- * **CG_IS_HLSL_PROFILE**
profile is an HLSL translation profile.

*** CG_IS_GLSL_PROFILE**

profile is a GLSL translation profile.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile profile;
int nProfiles;
int ii;

nProfiles = cgGetNumSupportedProfiles();
printf("NumSupportedProfiles: %i\n", nProfiles);

for (ii=0; ii<nProfiles; ++ii) {
    profile = cgGetSupportedProfile(ii);
    if (cgGetProperty(profile, CG_IS_OPENGL_PROFILE)) {
        printf("%s is an OpenGL profile\n", cgGetProfileString(profile));
    } else {
        printf("%s is not an OpenGL profile\n", cgGetProfileString(profile));
    }
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not supported by this version of the Cg library.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **query** is not **CG_IS_OPENGL_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_8_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_9_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_10_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_DIRECT3D_11_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_VERTEX_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_FRAGMENT_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_GEOMETRY_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_TRANSLATION_PROFILE**, **CG_IS_HLSL_PROFILE**, or **CG_IS_GLSL_PROFILE**

HISTORY

cgGetProperty was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles, *cgGetSupportedProfile*, *cgIsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileString*, *cgGetProfile*

4.209 cgGetProfileSibling

NAME

cgGetProfileSibling - get the corresponding sibling profile in another domain

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetProfileSibling( CGprofile profile, CGdomain domain );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile enumerant.

profile

The domain enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the profile corresponding to **profile** in the specified **domain**.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if **profile** is unrecognized or does not have a valid sibling profile for **domain**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProfileSibling returns the corresponding sibling profile in another domain

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile fprofile = cgGetProfileSibling(CG_PROFILE_GP5VP, CG_FRAGMENT_DOMAIN);  
/* fprofile == CG_PROFILE_GP5FP */
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetProfileSibling was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProfileDomain, cgGetProfileProperty

4.210 cgGetProfileString

NAME

cgGetProfileString - get the profile name associated with a profile enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>  
  
const char * cgGetProfileString( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the profile string of the enumerant **profile**.

Returns **NULL** if **profile** is not a valid profile.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProfileString returns the profile name associated with a profile enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
static void dumpCgProgramInfo(CGprogram program)
{
    const char* p = cgGetProfileString(cgGetProgramProfile(program));
    if ( p ) {
        printf(" Profile: %s\n", p );
    }
    /* ... */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetProfileString was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProfile, *cgGetProgramProfile*

4.211 cgGetProgramBuffer

NAME

cgGetProgramBuffer - get buffer associated with a buffer index

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbuffer cgGetProgramBuffer( CGprogram program,
                             int bufferIndex );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which the associated buffer will be retrieved.

bufferIndex

The buffer index for which the associated buffer will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a buffer handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramBuffer returns the buffer handle associated with a given buffer index from **program**. The returned value can be **NULL** if no buffer is associated with this index or if an error occurs.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgGetProgramBuffer( myProgram, 0 );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_BUFFER_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE_ERROR is generated if **bufferIndex** is not within the valid range of buffer indices for **program**.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetProgramBuffer, cgGetParameterBufferIndex, cgCreateBuffer

4.212 cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex

NAME

cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex - get the maximum index of a buffer for a given profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The target for determining the maximum buffer index.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the maximum buffer index for a given profile.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex returns the maximum buffer index for a **profile**. **cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex** will return **0** if an invalid profile is passed.

EXAMPLES

```
int size = cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex( CG_PROFILE_GPU_VP );
```

ERRORS

none.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramBufferMaxSize, cgGetParameterBufferIndex, cgCreateBuffer

4.213 cgGetProgramBufferSize

NAME

cgGetProgramBufferSize - get the maximum size of a buffer in bytes for a given profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetProgramBufferSize( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The target for determining the maximum buffer size.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size of a buffer for the given profile in bytes.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramBufferSize returns the maximum size of a buffer for a **profile** in bytes. **cgGetProgramBufferSize** will return **0** if an invalid profile is passed.

EXAMPLES

```
int size = cgGetProgramBufferSize( CG_PROFILE_GPU_VP );
```

ERRORS

none.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramBufferSize was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramBufferMaxIndex, cgGetParameterBufferIndex, cgCreateBuffer

4.214 cgGetProgramContext

NAME

cgGetProgramContext - get a programs parent context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetProgramContext( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGcontext** handle to the parent context.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramContext allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context to which a given program belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramContext was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgCreateContext

4.215 cgGetProgramDomain

NAME

cgGetProgramDomain - get a program's domain

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGdomain cgGetProgramDomain( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the domain enumerant associated with **program**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramDomain retrieves the domain enumerant currently associated with a program. This is a convenience routine which essentially calls *cgGetProgramProfile* followed by *cgGetProfileDomain*.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.**HISTORY****cgGetProgramDomain** was introduced in Cg 2.2.**SEE ALSO***cgGetDomain, cgGetDomainString*

4.216 cgGetProgramDomainProfile

NAME**cgGetProgramDomainProfile** - get the profile associated with a domain**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetProgramDomainProfile( CGprogram program,
                                     int index );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The handle of the combined program object.

index

The index of the program's domain to be queried.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the profile enumerator for the program with the given domain index, specifically one of:

```
CG_UNKNOWN_DOMAIN
CG_VERTEX_DOMAIN
CG_FRAGMENT_DOMAIN
CG_GEOMETRY_DOMAIN
```

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramDomainProfile gets the profile of the passed combined program using the index to select which domain to choose.

EXAMPLES

```
/* This will enable all profiles for each domain in glslComboProgram */
int domains = cgGetProgramDomains(glslComboProgram);
for (int i=0; i<domains; i++) {
```

```
cgGLEnableProfile( cgGetProgramDomainProfile( glslComboProgram, i ) );
}

/* This will enable the profile for the first program domain */
/* in glslComboProgram */
cgGLEnableProfile( cgGetProgramDomainProfile( glslComboProgram, 0 ) );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than **0** or greater than or equal to the number of domains in **program**.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramDomainProfile was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumProgramDomains, cgGetProfileDomain

4.217 cgGetProgramDomainProgram

NAME

cgGetProgramDomainProgram - get an indexed domain program of a combined program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetProgramDomainProgram( CGprogram program,
                                     int index );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The handle of the combined program object.

index

The index of the program's domain program to be queried.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the program handle for the program with the given domain index.

Returns 0 if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

A combined program consists of multiple domain programs. For example, a combined program may contain a vertex domain program and a fragment domain program. **cgGetProgramDomainProgram** gets the indexed domain program of the specified combined program.

If the program parameter is not a combined program and the index is zero, program handle is simply returned as-is without error.

EXAMPLES

```

/* This will enable all profiles for each domain in glslComboProgram */
int domains = cgGetNumProgramDomains(glslComboProgram);
for (int i=0; i<domains; i++) {
    CGprogram subprog = cgGetProgramDomainProgram(glslComboProgram, i);
    CGparameter param = cgGetFirstParameter(subprog);
    while (param) {
        // Do something to each parameter of each domain program
        param = cgGetNextParameter(param);
    }
}

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than **0** or greater than or equal to the number of domains in **program**.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramDomainProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumProgramDomains, cgGetProfileDomain, cgGetProgramDomainProfile

4.218 cgGetProgramInput

NAME

cgGetProgramInput - get the program's input

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetProgramInput( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

A program handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a program input enumerant. If the program is a vertex or fragment program, it returns **CG_VERTEX** or **CG_FRAGMENT**, respectively. For geometry programs the input is one of: **CG_POINT**, **CG_LINE**, **CG_LINE_ADJ**, **CG_TRIANGLE**, or **CG_TRIANGLE_ADJ**. For tessellation control and evaluation programs the input is **CG_PATCH**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if the input is unknown.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramInput returns the program input enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
void printProgramInput (CGprogram program)
{
    char * input = NULL;
    switch (cgGetProgramInput (program))
    {
        case CG_FRAGMENT:
            input = "fragment";
            break;
        case CG_VERTEX:
            input = "vertex";
            break;
        case CG_POINT:
            input = "point";
            break;
        case CG_LINE:
            input = "line";
            break;
        case CG_LINE_ADJ:
            input = "line adjacency";
            break;
        case CG_TRIANGLE:
            input = "triangle";
            break;
        case CG_TRIANGLE_ADJ:
            input = "triangle adjacency";
            break;
        case CG_PATCH:
            input = "patch";
            break;
        default:
            input = "unknown";
            break;
    }
    printf("Program inputs %s.\n", input);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramInput was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramOutput

4.219 cgGetProgramOptions

NAME

cgGetProgramOptions - get strings from a program object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
char const * const * cgGetProgramOptions( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The Cg program to query.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the options used to compile the program as an array of null-terminated strings.

Returns **NULL** if no options exist, or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramOptions allows the application to retrieve the set of options used to compile the program.

The options are returned in an array of ASCII-encoded null-terminated character strings. Each string contains a single option. The last element of the string array is guaranteed to be **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramOptions was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramString

4.220 cgGetProgramOutput

NAME

cgGetProgramOutput - get the program's output

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgGetProgramOutput( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

A program handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a program output enumerant. If the program is a vertex or fragment program, it returns **CG_VERTEX** or **CG_FRAGMENT**, respectively. For geometry programs the output is one of: **CG_POINT_OUT**, **CG_LINE_OUT**, or **CG_TRIANGLE_OUT**. For tessellation control programs the output is **CG_PATCH**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if the output is unknown.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramOutput returns the program output enumerant.

For geometry programs, an input must be specified but not an output because of implicit output defaults. For example, if either “TRIANGLE” or “TRIANGLE_ADJ” is specified as an input without an explicit output in the shader source, then **cgGetProgramOutput** will return **CG_TRIANGLE_OUT**.

EXAMPLES

```
void printProgramOutput (CGprogram program)
{
    char * output = NULL;
    switch (cgGetProgramOutput (program))
    {
        case CG_VERTEX:
            output = "vertex";
            break;
        case CG_FRAGMENT:
            output = "fragment";
            break;
        case CG_POINT_OUT:
            output = "point";
            break;
        case CG_LINE_OUT:
            output = "line";
            break;
        case CG_TRIANGLE_OUT:
            output = "triangle";
            break;
        case CG_PATCH:
            output = "patch";
            break;
        default:
            output = "unknown";
            break;
    }
    printf("Program outputs %s.\n", output);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramOutput was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramInput

4.221 cgGetProgramOutputVertices

NAME

cgGetProgramOutputVertices - get the maximum number of geometry program output vertices

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetProgramOutputVertices( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the maximum number of geometry program output vertices.

Returns **-1** if the maximum has not been specified by *cgSetProgramOutputVertices*.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramOutputVertices queries the application-specified maximum number of output vertices for a geometry program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramOutputVertices was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetProgramOutputVertices, cgGetProgramProfile, gp4gp, gp5gp, glslg.

4.222 cgGetProgramProfile

NAME

cgGetProgramProfile - get a program's profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetProgramProfile( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the profile enumerant associated with **program**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramProfile retrieves the profile enumerant currently associated with a program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetProgramProfile, cgGetProfile, cgGetProfileString, cgCreateProgram

4.223 cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue

NAME

cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue - get a program-valued state assignment's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGprogram** handle.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs or no program is available.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a state assignment that stores a **CGprogram**.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS**

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a program type.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, cgGetStateType, cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues, cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues, cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue, cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue

4.224 cgGetProgramString

NAME

cgGetProgramString - get strings from a program object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetProgramString( CGprogram program,
                                CGenum  enum );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to query.

enum

Specifies the string to retrieve. **enum** can be one of **CG_PROGRAM_SOURCE**, **CG_PROGRAM_ENTRY**, **CG_PROGRAM_PROFILE**, or **CG_COMPILED_PROGRAM**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated string based on the value of **enum**.

Returns an empty string if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetProgramString allows the application to retrieve program strings that have been set via functions that modify program state.

When **enum** is **CG_PROGRAM_SOURCE** the original Cg source program is returned.

When **enum** is **CG_PROGRAM_ENTRY** the main entry point for the program is returned.

When **enum** is **CG_PROGRAM_PROFILE** the profile for the program is returned.

When **enum** is **CG_COMPILED_PROGRAM** the string for the compiled program is returned.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGprogram program = cgCreateProgramFromFile(context,
                                           CG_SOURCE,
                                           mysourcefilename,
                                           CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
                                           "myshader",
                                           NULL);

if(cgIsProgramCompiled(program))
    printf("%s\n", cgGetProgramString(program, CG_COMPILED_PROGRAM));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **enum** is not **CG_PROGRAM_SOURCE**, **CG_PROGRAM_ENTRY**, **CG_PROGRAM_PROFILE**, or **CG_COMPILED_PROGRAM**.

HISTORY

cgGetProgramString was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgGetProgramOptions

4.225 cgGetResource

NAME

cgGetResource - get the resource enumerant assigned to a resource name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGresource cgGetResource( const char * resource_string );
```

PARAMETERS

resource_string

A string containing the resource name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the resource enumerant of **resource_string**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN** if no such resource exists.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetResource returns the enumerant assigned to a resource name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGresource PositionResource = cgGetResource("POSITION");

if(cgGetParameterResource(myparam) == PositionResource)
{
    /* Do stuff to the "POSITION" parameter */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetResource was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetResourceString, *cgGetParameterResource*

4.226 cgGetResourceString

NAME

cgGetResourceString - get the resource name associated with a resource enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetResourceString( CGresource resource );
```

PARAMETERS

resource

The resource enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated resource string of the enumerant **resource**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetResourceString returns the resource name associated with a resource enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
/* log info about parameter param for debugging */

printf("Resource: %s:%d (base %s)\n",
    cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterResource(param)),
    cgGetParameterResourceIndex(param),
    cgGetResourceString(cgGetParameterBaseResource(param)));
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

`cgGetString` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetResource, *cgGetParameterResource*

4.227 `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter`

NAME

`cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter` - get the sampler parameter being set up given a state assignment in its `sampler_state` block

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

`sa`

The state assignment in a `sampler_state` block

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to a parameter.

Returns `NULL` if `sa` is not a state assignment in a `sampler_state` block.

DESCRIPTION

Given the handle to a state assignment in a `sampler_state` block in an effect file, `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter` returns a handle to the sampler parameter being initialized.

EXAMPLES

Given an effect file with:

```
sampler2D foo = sampler_state { GenerateMipmap = true; }
```

`cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter` returns a handle to `foo` if passed a handle to the `GenerateMipmap` state assignment.

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `sa` is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

`cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsStateAssignment, *cgIsParameter*

4.228 cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState

NAME

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState - get a sampler-valued state assignment's state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGstate** handle for the state.

Returns **NULL** if the handle **sa** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState allows the application to retrieve the state of a state assignment that stores a sampler.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment, cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue

4.229 cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue

NAME

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue - get a sampler-valued state assignment's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGparameter** handle for the sampler.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a state assignment that stores a sampler.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a sampler type.

HISTORY

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, *cgGetStateType*, *cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue*

4.230 cgGetSemanticCasePolicy

NAME

cgGetSemanticCasePolicy - get semantic case policy

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetSemanticCasePolicy( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns an enumerant indicating the current semantic case policy.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetSemanticCasePolicy returns an enumerant indicating the current semantic case policy for the library. See *cgSetSemanticCasePolicy* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGenum currentSemanticCasePolicy = cgGetSemanticCasePolicy();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetSemanticCasePolicy was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetSemanticCasePolicy, *cgGetParameterSemantic*, *cgSetParameterSemantic*

4.231 cgGetStateAssignmentIndex

NAME

cgGetStateAssignmentIndex - get the array index of a state assignment for array-valued state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetStateAssignmentIndex( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns an integer index value.

Returns **0** if the **CGstate** for this state assignment is not an array type.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateAssignmentIndex returns the array index of a state assignment if the state it is based on is an array type.

EXAMPLES

Given a “LightPosition” state defined as an array of eight **float3** values and an effect file with the following state assignment:

```
pass { LightPosition[3] = float3(10,0,0); }
```

cgGetStateAssignmentIndex will return **3** when passed a handle to this state assignment.

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetStateAssignmentIndex was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsStateAssignment, *cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex*

4.232 cgGetStateAssignmentPass

NAME

cgGetStateAssignmentPass - get a state assignment's pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetStateAssignmentPass( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGpass** handle to the pass.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateAssignmentPass allows the application to retrieve a handle to the pass to which a given stateassignment belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetStateAssignmentPass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsStateAssignment, *cgIsPass*

4.233 cgGetStateAssignmentState

NAME

cgGetStateAssignmentState - returns the state type of a particular state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetStateAssignmentState( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the state corresponding to the given state assignment.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateAssignmentState returns the **CGstate** object that corresponds to a particular state assignment in a pass. This object can then be queried to find out its type, giving the type of the state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the effect doesn't contain a state matching the given state assignment.

HISTORY

cgGetStateAssignmentState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateType, cgCreateState, cgCreateArrayState

4.234 cgGetStateContext

NAME

cgGetStateContext - get a state's context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetStateContext( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the context to which **state** belongs.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateContext allows the application to retrieve the context of a state. This is the context used to create the state with *cgCreateState*.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGstate state = cgCreateState(context, "GreatStateOfTexas", CG_FLOAT);
assert(context == cgGetStateContext(state));
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateContext was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, cgCreateArrayState, cgGetEffectContext, cgGetParameterContext, cgGetProgramContext

4.235 cgGetStateEnumerant

NAME

cgGetStateEnumerant - get a state enumerant name and value by index

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStateEnumerant( CGstate state, int index, int * value );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve an enumerant name and value.

index

The index for the enumerant in **state**.

value

Pointer to integer where the enumerant value will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated enumerant name string associated with **state** at position **index**. The enumerant value is returned via the **value** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs. **value** will be **0**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateEnumerant allows the application to retrieve the enumerant name and value associated with a **CGstate** at a specified index location. The number of enumerants associated with a state can be discovered using *cgGetNumStateEnumerants*.

EXAMPLES

```
int value;
char* pName;

int nEnums = cgGetNumStateEnumerants(state);

for (ii=0; ii<nEnums; ++ii) {
    pName = cgGetStateEnumerant(state, ii, &value );
    printf("%i: %s %i\n", ii+1, pName, value);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **value** is **NULL**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than **0** or **index** is greater than or equal to the number of enumerants associated with **state**.

HISTORY

cgGetStateEnumerant was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgAddStateEnumerant, *cgGetNumStateEnumerants*, *cgGetStateEnumerantName*, *cgGetStateEnumerantValue*

4.236 cgGetStateEnumerantName

NAME

cgGetStateEnumerantName - get a state enumerant name by value

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetStateEnumerantName( CGstate state,
                                       int value );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve an enumerant name.

value

The enumerant value for which to retrieve the associated name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated enumerant name string associated with the given enumerant **value** in **state**.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateEnumerantName returns the enumerant name associated with a given enumerant value from a specified state.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **state** does not contain an enumerant defined for **value**.

HISTORY

cgGetStateEnumerantName was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateEnumerantValue, cgAddStateEnumerant, cgIsState

4.237 cgGetStateEnumerantValue

NAME

cgGetStateEnumerantValue - get state enumerant value by name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetStateEnumerantValue( CGstate state,  
                             const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the value associated with **name**.

name

The enumerant name for which to retrieve the associated value from **state**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the enumerant value associated with **name**.

Returns **-1** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateEnumerantValue retrieves the enumerant value associated with a given enumerant name from the specified state.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **state** is not a valid state.**CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not contain **name**, if **name** is **NULL**, or if **name** points to an empty string.**HISTORY****cgGetStateEnumerantValue** was introduced in Cg 1.5.**SEE ALSO***cgGetStateEnumerantName, cgAddStateEnumerant, cgIsState*

4.238 cgGetStateLatestProfile

NAME**cgGetStateLatestProfile** - gets a state's designated latest profile**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetStateLatestProfile( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the designated latest profile if **state** is of type **CG_PROGRAM_TYPE**.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateLatestProfile gets the specified state's designated latest profile for states of type **CG_PROGRAM_TYPE**.

This profile is used to compile the program for a state assignment for the state where the profile in the **compile** statement is the identifier **latest**.

EXAMPLES

Get the latest profile for fragment programs:

```
CGstate state = cgGetNamedState(context, "FragmentProgram");
CGprofile profile = cgGetStateLatestProfile(state);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateLatestProfile was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedState, *cgSetStateLatestProfile*

4.239 cgGetStateName

NAME

cgGetStateName - get a state's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStateName( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated name string for the state.

Returns **NULL** if **state** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateName allows the application to retrieve the name of a state defined in a Cg context. This name can be used later to retrieve the state from the context using *cgGetNamedState*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateName was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedState, *cgGetFirstState*, *cgGetNextState*

4.240 cgGetStateResetCallback

NAME

cgGetStateResetCallback - get the state resetting callback function for a state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateResetCallback( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the callback.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to the state resetting callback function.

Returns **NULL** if **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateResetCallback returns the callback function used for resetting the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See *cgSetStateCallbacks* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateResetCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateResetCallback, cgResetPassState

4.241 cgGetStateSetCallback

NAME

cgGetStateSetCallback - get the state setting callback function for a state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateSetCallback( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the callback.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to the state setting callback function.

Returns **NULL** if **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateSetCallback returns the callback function used for setting the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See *cgSetStateCallbacks* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateSetCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateSetCallback, cgSetPassState

4.242 cgGetType

NAME

cgGetType - returns the type of a given state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetType( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the **CGtype** of the given state.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetType returns the type of a state that was previously defined via *cgCreateState, cgCreateArrayState, cgCreateSamplerState, or cgCreateArraySamplerState*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateType was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, cgCreateArrayState, cgCreateSamplerState, cgCreateArraySamplerState, cgGetStateName

4.243 cgGetStateValidateCallback**NAME**

cgGetStateValidateCallback - get the state validation callback function for a state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateValidateCallback( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state from which to retrieve the callback.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to the state validating callback function.

Returns **NULL** if **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStateValidateCallback returns the callback function used for validating the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See *cgSetStateCallbacks* and *cgCallStateValidateCallback* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgGetStateValidateCallback was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetStateCallbacks, cgCallStateValidateCallback, cgValidateTechnique

4.244 cgGetString**NAME**

cgGetString - gets a special string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetString( CGenum enum );
```

PARAMETERS

enum

An enumerant describing the string to be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the string associated with **enum**.

Returns **NULL** in the event of an error.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetString returns an informative string depending on the **enum**. Currently there is only one valid enumerant that may be passed in.

CG_VERSION

Returns the version string of the Cg runtime and compiler.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **enum** is not **CG_VERSION**.

HISTORY

cgGetString was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

Cg

4.245 cgGetStringAnnotationValue

NAME

cgGetStringAnnotationValue - get a string-valued annotation's value

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStringAnnotationValue( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string contained by **ann**.

Returns **NULL** if no value is available.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStringAnnotationValue allows the application to retrieve the value of a string typed annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

HISTORY

cgGetStringAnnotationValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAnnotationType, cgGetStringAnnotationValues, cgGetFloatAnnotationValues, cgGetIntAnnotationValues, cgGetBoolAnnotationValues

4.246 cgGetStringAnnotationValues

NAME

cgGetStringAnnotationValues - get the values from a string-valued annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * const * cgGetStringAnnotationValues( CGannotation ann,
                                                int * nvalues );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation from which the values will be retrieved.

nvalues

Pointer to integer where the number of returned values will be stored.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an array of **string** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

Returns **NULL** if no values are available, **ann** is not string-typed, or an error occurs. **nvalues** will be 0.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStringAnnotationValues allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a string typed annotation.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGetStringAnnotationValues was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAnnotationType, *cgGetStringAnnotationValue*, *cgGetBoolAnnotationValues*, *cgGetFloatAnnotationValues*, *cgGetIntAnnotationValues*

4.247 cgGetStringParameterValue

NAME

cgGetStringParameterValue - get the value of a string parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStringParameterValue( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to the string contained by a string parameter.

Returns **NULL** if the parameter does not contain a valid string value.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStringParameterValue allows the application to get the value of a string parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not string-typed.

HISTORY

cgGetStringParameterValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO*cgSetStringParameterValue*

4.248 cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue

NAME**cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue** - get a string-valued state assignment's values**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a string typed state assignment.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a string type.

HISTORY

cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStateAssignmentState, *cgGetStateType*, *cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues*, *cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue*, *cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue*

4.249 cgGetSupportedProfile

NAME**cgGetSupportedProfile** - get a supported profile by index

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetSupportedProfile( int index );
```

PARAMETERS

index

The index for the supported profile.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the supported **CGprofile** at position **index**.

Returns the **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetSupportedProfile retrieves by **index** a profile supported by this version of the Cg library. The number of supported profiles can be found using *cgGetNumSupportedProfiles*.

Note that a profile may be recognized by Cg but not supported by the platform on which the application is currently running. A graphics API specific routine such as *cgGLIsProfileSupported* must still be used to determine if the current GPU and driver combination supports a given profile.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile profile;
int nProfiles;
int ii;

nProfiles = cgGetNumSupportedProfiles();
printf("NumSupportedProfiles: %i\n", nProfiles);

for (ii=0; ii<nProfiles; ++ii) {
    profile = cgGetSupportedProfile(ii);
    printf("SupportedProfile %i: %s %i\n", ii, cgGetProfileString(profile), profile);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **index** is less than **0** or greater than or equal to the number of supported profiles returned by *cgGetNumSupportedProfiles*.

HISTORY

cgGetSupportedProfile was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles, *cgIsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileProperty*, *cgGLIsProfileSupported*, *cgD3D9IsProfileSupported*, *cgD3D10IsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileString*, *cgGetProfile*

4.250 cgGetTechniqueEffect

NAME

cgGetTechniqueEffect - get a technique's effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetTechniqueEffect( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGeffect** handle to the effect.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTechniqueEffect allows the application to retrieve a handle to the effect to which a given technique belongs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetTechniqueEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgCreateEffectFromFile

4.251 cgGetTechniqueName

NAME

cgGetTechniqueName - get a technique's name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetTechniqueName( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

`tech`

The technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated name string for the technique.

Returns **NULL** if **tech** is invalid.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTechniqueName allows the application to retrieve the name of a technique in a Cg effect. This name can be used later to retrieve the technique from the effect using *cgGetNamedTechnique*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgGetTechniqueName was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedTechnique, *cgGetFirstTechnique*, *cgGetNextTechnique*

4.252 cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue

NAME

cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue - get a texture-valued state assignment's values

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

`sa`

The state assignment.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a handle to the texture parameter associated with this state assignment.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue allows the application to retrieve the value(s) of a state assignment that stores a texture parameter.

EXAMPLES*to-be-written***ERRORS****CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.**CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR** is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a texture type.**HISTORY****cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue** was introduced in Cg 1.4.**SEE ALSO***cgGetStateAssignmentState, cgGetStateType, cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues, cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue, cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue*

4.253 cgGetUniformBufferBlockName

NAME**cgGetUniformBufferBlockName** - get block name from a uniform buffer parameter**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetUniformBufferBlockName( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The uniform buffer parameter.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the null-terminated block name string for the uniform buffer parameter.

Returns **NULL** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetUniformBufferBlockName allows the application to retrieve the block name of a uniform buffer parameter in a Cg program or effect. This name can be used later to retrieve the parameter from the program or effect using *cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer* or *cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer*.

EXAMPLES

If the file `buf.cg` contains this shader:

```
uniform myBuf {
    float4 var;
} a : BUFFER;

float4 vertex() : POSITION
{
```

```
    return float4(a.var.r, a.var.g, a.var.b, 1.0);
}
```

and if **program** refers to the **CGprogram** created from `buf.cg`, then the call sequence:

```
CGparameter param = cgGetNamedParameter(program, "a");
const char * BlockName = cgGetUniformBufferBlockName(param);
```

results in **BlockName** pointing at the character string "myBuf"

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a uniform buffer parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetUniformBufferBlockName was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedParameter, cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer, cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer

4.254 cgGetUniformBufferParameter

NAME

cgGetUniformBufferParameter - get the buffer associated with a uniform buffer parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgGetUniformBufferParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the associated buffer will be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle of the **CGbuffer** object which is associated with **param**.

Returns **NULL** if no buffer is associated with **param** or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetUniformBufferParameter gets the buffer associated with a given uniform buffer parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgGetUniformBufferParameter( myParam );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a uniform buffer parameter.

HISTORY

cgGetUniformBufferParameter was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetUniformBufferParameter, cgCreateBuffer, cgGLBindProgram, cgD3D9BindProgram

4.255 cgGetType**NAME**

cgGetType - get the type enumerator assigned to a type name

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetType( const char * type_string );
```

PARAMETERS

type_string

A string containing the case-sensitive type name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type enumerator of **type_string**.

Returns **CG_UNKNOWN_TYPE** if no such type exists.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetType returns the enumerator assigned to a type name.

EXAMPLES

```
CGtype Float4Type = cgGetType("float4");

if(cgGetParameterType(myparam) == Float4Type)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetType was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetTypeString, cgGetParameterType

4.256 cgGetTypeBase

NAME

cgGetTypeBase - get the base type associated with a type enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetTypeBase( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the scalar base type of the enumerant **type**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTypeBase returns the base (scalar) type associated with a type enumerant. For example, `cgGetTypeBase(CG_FLOAT3x4)` returns **CG_FLOAT**. The base type for a non-numeric type such as **CG_STRING**, **CG_STRUCT**, **CG_SAMPLER2D**, or user-defined types is simply the type itself.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetTypeBase was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType, *cgGetTypeClass*, *cgGetParameterType*

4.257 cgGetTypeClass

NAME

cgGetTypeClass - get the parameter class associated with a type enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameterclass cgGetTypeClass( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type enumerator.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the parameter class of the enumerator **type**. Possible return values are:

- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_UNKNOWN**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_SCALAR**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_VECTOR**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_MATRIX**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_STRUCT**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_ARRAY**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_SAMPLER**
- * **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_OBJECT**

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTypeClass returns the parameter class associated with a type enumerator. For example, **cgGetTypeClass(CG_FLOAT3x4)** returns **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_MATRIX** while **cgGetTypeClass(CG_HALF)** returns **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_SCALAR** and **cgGetTypeClass(CG_BOOL3)** returns **CG_PARAMETERCLASS_VECTOR**.

CG_PARAMETERCLASS_UNKNOWN is returned if the type is unknown.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None

HISTORY

cgGetTypeClass was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType, *cgGetTypeBase*, *cgGetParameterType*

4.258 cgGetTypeSizes

NAME

cgGetTypeSizes - get the row and/or column size of a type enumerator

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGetTypeSizes( CGtype type,  
                      int * nrows,  
                      int * ncols );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type enumerant.

nrows

The location where the number of rows will be written.

ncols

The location where the number of columns will be written.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if the type enumerant is for a matrix.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTypeSizes returns the number of rows and columns for enumerant **type** in the locations specified by **nrows** and **ncols** respectively.

When the type enumerant is not a matrix type then **1** is returned in **nrows**, in contrast to *cgGetMatrixSize* where the number of rows and columns will be **0** if the type enumerant is not a matrix.

For a numeric types, **ncols** will be the vector length for vectors and **1** for scalars. For non-numeric types, **ncols** will be **0**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetTypeSizes was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArrayTotalSize, *cgGetArrayDimension*, *cgGetArrayParameter*, *cgGetMatrixSize*

4.259 cgGetTypeString

NAME

cgGetTypeString - get the type name associated with a type enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetTypeString( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type enumerant.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type string of the enumerant **type**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetTypeString returns the type name associated with a type enumerant.

EXAMPLES

```
const char *MatrixTypeStr = cgGetTypeString(CG_FLOAT4x4);

/* MatrixTypeStr will be "float4x4" */
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGetTypeString was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType, *cgGetParameterType*

4.260 cgGetTypeUserType

NAME

cgGetTypeUserType - get enumerant of user-defined type from a program or effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetTypeUserType( CGhandle handle,
                          int index );
```

PARAMETERS

handle

The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the type is defined.

index

The index of the user-defined type. **index** must be greater than or equal to **0** and less than the value returned by *cgGetNumUserTypes*.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the type enumerant associated with the type with the given **index**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGetUserType returns the enumerant associated with the user-defined type with the given **index** in the given **CG-program** or **CGeffect**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **handle** is not a valid program or effect handle.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **index** is outside the proper range.

HISTORY

cgGetUserType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumUserTypes, *cgGetNamedUserType*

4.261 cgIsAnnotation

NAME

cgIsAnnotation - determine if an annotation handle references a valid annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsAnnotation( CGannotation ann );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **ann** references a valid annotation.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsAnnotation returns **CG_TRUE** if **ann** references a valid annotation, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextAnnotation, cgGetAnnotationName, cgGetAnnotationType, cgCreateEffectAnnotation, cgCreateParameterAnnotation, cgCreatePassAnnotation, cgCreateProgramAnnotation, cgCreateTechniqueAnnotation

4.262 cgIsBuffer

NAME

cgIsBuffer - determine if a buffer handle references a valid buffer

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsBuffer( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **buffer** references a valid buffer object.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsBuffer return **CG_TRUE** if **buffer** references a valid buffer object.

EXAMPLES**ERRORS**

None.

HISTORY

cgIsBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgDestroyBuffer, cgGetProgramBuffer

4.263 cgIsContext

NAME

cgIsContext - determine if a context handle references a valid context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsContext( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **context** references a valid context.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsContext returns **CG_TRUE** if **context** references a valid context, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = NULL;
cgIsContext(context);           /* returns CG_FALSE */

context = cgCreateContext();
cgIsContext(context);           /* returns CG_TRUE if create succeeded */

cgDestroyContext(context);
cgIsContext(context);           /* returns CG_FALSE */
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsContext was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, *cgDestroyContext*

4.264 cgIsEffect

NAME

cgIsEffect - determine if an effect handle references a valid effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **effect** references a valid effect.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsEffect returns **CG_TRUE** if **effect** references a valid effect, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsEffect was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgCreateEffectFromFile

4.265 cgIsInterfaceType

NAME

cgIsInterfaceType - determine if a type is an interface

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsInterfaceType( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

The type being evaluated.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **type** is an interface (not just a struct).

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsInterfaceType returns **CG_TRUE** if **type** is an interface (not just a struct), **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsInterfaceType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetType

4.266 cgIsParameter

NAME

cgIsParameter - determine if a parameter handle references a valid parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** references a valid parameter object.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsParameter returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** references a valid parameter object. **cgIsParameter** is typically used for iterating through the parameters of an object. It can also be used as a consistency check when the application caches **CGparameter** handles. Certain program operations like deleting the program or context object that the parameter is contained in will cause a parameter object to become invalid.

EXAMPLES

```
if (cgIsParameter(param)) {  
    /* do something with param */  
} else {  
    /* handle situation where param is not a valid parameter */  
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNextParameter

4.267 cgIsParameterGlobal

NAME

cgIsParameterGlobal - determine if a parameter is global

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterGlobal( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is global.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsParameterGlobal returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is a global parameter and **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgIsParameterGlobal was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateParameter, cgIsParameter, cgIsParameterReferenced, cgIsParameterUsed

4.268 cgIsParameterReferenced

NAME

cgIsParameterReferenced - determine if a program parameter is potentially referenced

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterReferenced( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The handle of the parameter to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is a program parameter and is potentially referenced by the program.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsParameterReferenced returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is a program parameter, and is potentially referenced (used) within the program. It otherwise returns **CG_FALSE**.

Program parameters are those parameters associated directly with a **CGprogram**, whose handles are retrieved by calling, for example, *cgGetNamedProgramParameter*.

The value returned by **cgIsParameterReferenced** is conservative, but not always exact. A return value of **CG_TRUE** indicates that the parameter may be used by its associated program. A return value of **CG_FALSE** indicates that the parameter is definitely not referenced by the program.

If **param** is an aggregate program parameter (a struct or array), **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of **param**'s children are potentially referenced by the program.

If **param** is a leaf parameter and the return value is **CG_FALSE**, *cgGetParameterResource* may return **CG_INVALID_VALUE** for this parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgIsParameterReferenced was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedProgramParameter, *cgIsParameterUsed*, *cgGetParameterResource*

4.269 cgIsParameterUsed

NAME

cgIsParameterUsed - determine if a parameter is potentially used

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterUsed( CGparameter param,
                          CGhandle container );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter to check.

container

Specifies the **CGeffect**, **CGtechnique**, **CGpass**, **CGstateassignment**, or **CGprogram** that may potentially use **param**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is potentially used by **container**.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsParameterUsed returns **CG_TRUE** if **param** is potentially used by the given **container**. If **param** is a struct or array, **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of its children are potentially used by **container**. It otherwise returns **CG_FALSE**.

The value returned by **cgIsParameterUsed** is conservative, but not always exact. A return value of **CG_TRUE** indicates that the parameter may be used by **container**. A return value of **CG_FALSE** indicates that the parameter is definitely not used by **container**.

The given **param** handle may reference a program parameter, an effect parameter, or a shared parameter.

The **container** handle may reference a **CGeffect**, **CGtechnique**, **CGpass**, **CGstateassignment**, or **CGprogram**.

If **container** is a **CGprogram**, **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of the program's *referenced* parameters inherit their values directly or indirectly (due to parameter connections) from **param**.

If **container** is a **CGstateassignment**, **CG_TRUE** is returned if the right-hand side of the state assignment may directly or indirectly depend on the value of **param**. If the state assignment involves a **CGprogram**, the program's parameters are also considered, as above.

If **container** is a **CGpass**, **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of the pass' state assignments potentially use **param**.

If **container** is a **CGtechnique**, **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of the technique's passes potentially use **param**.

If **container** is a **CGeffect**, **CG_TRUE** is returned if any of the effect's techniques potentially use **param**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter, or if **container** is not the handle of a valid container.

HISTORY

cgIsParameterUsed was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgIsParameterReferenced, cgConnectParameter

4.270 cgIsParentType

NAME

cgIsParentType - determine if a type is a parent of another type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParentType( CGtype parent,  
                      CGtype child );
```

PARAMETERS

parent

The parent type.

child

The child type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **parent** is a parent type of **child**.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsParentType returns **CG_TRUE** if **parent** is a parent type of **child**. Otherwise **CG_FALSE** is returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsParentType was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParentType

4.271 cgIsPass

NAME

cgIsPass - determine if a pass handle references a valid pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsPass( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **pass** references a valid pass.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsPass returns **CG_TRUE** if **pass** references a valid pass, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsPass was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreatePass, cgGetFirstPass, cgGetNamedPass, cgGetNextPass, cgGetPassName, cgGetPassTechnique

4.272 cgIsProfileSupported

NAME

cgIsProfileSupported - determine if a profile is supported

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsProfileSupported( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile enumerant to test.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** is supported.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsProfileSupported checks whether **profile** is supported by this version of the Cg library.

Note that a profile may be recognized by Cg but not supported by the platform on which the application is currently running. A graphics API specific routine such as *cgGLIsProfileSupported* must still be used to determine if the current GPU and driver combination supports a given profile.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile profile;
int nProfiles;
int ii;

nProfiles = cgGetNumSupportedProfiles();
printf("NumSupportedProfiles: %i\n", nProfiles);

for (ii=0; ii<nProfiles; ++ii) {
    profile = cgGetSupportedProfile(ii);
    printf("IsProfileSupported %i: %s %i\n", ii, cgGetProfileString(profile),
          cgIsProfileSupported(profile));
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsProfileSupported was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNumSupportedProfiles, *cgGetSupportedProfile*, *cgGetProfileProperty*, *cgGLIsProfileSupported*, *cgD3D9IsProfileSupported*, *cgD3D10IsProfileSupported*, *cgGetProfileString*, *cgGetProfile*

4.273 cgIsProgram

NAME

cgIsProgram - determine if a program handle references a program object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbool cgIsProgram( CGprogram program );
```


PARAMETERS

program

The program handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** references a valid program object.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsProgram return **CG_TRUE** if **program** references a valid program object. Note that this does not imply that the program has been successfully compiled.

EXAMPLES

```
char *programSource = ...;
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGprogram program = cgCreateProgram( context,
                                     CG_SOURCE,
                                     programSource,
                                     CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
                                     "myshader",
                                     NULL );
CGbool isProgram = cgIsProgram( program );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateProgram, cgDestroyProgram, cgGetNextProgram

4.274 cgIsProgramCompiled

NAME

cgIsProgramCompiled - determine if a program has been compiled

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbool cgIsProgramCompiled( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been compiled.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsProgramCompiled returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been compiled and **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgIsProgramCompiled was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCompileProgram, cgSetAutoCompile

4.275 cgIsState

NAME

cgIsState - determine if a state handle references a valid state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsState( CGstate state );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **state** references a valid state.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsState returns **CG_TRUE** if **state** references a valid state, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState

4.276 cgIsStateAssignment**NAME**

cgIsStateAssignment - determine if a state assignment handle references a valid Cg state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

The state assignment handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **sa** references a valid state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsStateAssignment returns **CG_TRUE** if **sa** references a valid state assignment, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

```
if (cgIsStateAssignment(sa)) {
    /* do something with sa */
} else {
    /* handle situation where sa is not a valid state assignment */
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateStateAssignment, *cgCreateStateAssignmentIndex*, *cgGetFirstStateAssignment*, *cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgGetNamedStateAssignment*, *cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgGetNextStateAssignment*, *cgGetStateAssignmentIndex*, *cgGetStateAssignmentPass*, *cgGetStateAssignmentState*

4.277 cgIsTechnique

NAME

cgIsTechnique - determine if a technique handle references a valid technique

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsTechnique( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique handle to check.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **tech** references a valid technique.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsTechnique returns **CG_TRUE** if **tech** references a valid technique, **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

```
if (cgIsTechnique(tech)) {  
    /* do something with tech */  
} else {  
    /* handle situation where tech is not a valid technique */  
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgIsTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateTechnique, cgGetFirstTechnique, cgGetNamedTechnique, cgGetNextTechnique, cgGetTechniqueEffect, cgGetTechniqueName, cgIsTechniqueValidated, cgValidateTechnique

4.278 cgIsTechniqueValidated

NAME

cgIsTechniqueValidated - indicates whether the technique has passed validation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsTechniqueValidated( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

tech

The technique handle.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if the technique has previously passes validation via a call to *cgValidateTechnique*.

Returns **CG_FALSE** if validation hasn't been attempted or the technique has failed a validation attempt.

DESCRIPTION

cgIsTechniqueValidated returns **CG_TRUE** if the technique has previously passes validation via a call to *cgValidateTechnique*. **CG_FALSE** is returned both if validation hasn't been attempted as well as if the technique has failed a validation attempt.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgIsTechniqueValidated was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgValidateTechnique, *cgCallStateValidateCallback*

4.279 cgMapBuffer

NAME

cgMapBuffer - map buffer into application's address space

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void * cgMapBuffer( CGbuffer buffer,  
                  CGbufferaccess access );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer which will be mapped into the application's address space.

access

An enumerant indicating the operations the client may perform on the data store through the pointer while the buffer data is mapped.

The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_MAP_READ

The application can read but not write through the data pointer.

CG_MAP_WRITE

The application can write but not read through the data pointer.

CG_MAP_READ_WRITE

The application can read and write through the data pointer.

CG_MAP_WRITE_DISCARD

Same as **CG_MAP_READ_WRITE** if using a GL buffer.

CG_MAP_WRITE_NO_OVERWRITE

Same as **CG_MAP_READ_WRITE** if using a GL buffer.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer through which the application can read or write the buffer's data store.

Returns NULL if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgMapBuffer maps a buffer into the application's address space for memory-mapped updating of the buffer's data. The application should call **cgUnmapBuffer** when it's done updating or querying the buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
unsigned char *bufferPtr = cgMapBuffer( myBuffer, CG_MAP_READ_WRITE );
memcpy( ptr, bufferPtr, size );
cgUnmapBuffer( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **access** is not **CG_MAP_READ**, **CG_MAP_WRITE**, **CG_MAP_READ_WRITE**, **CG_MAP_WRITE_DISCARD** or **CG_MAP_WRITE_NO_OVERWRITE**.

CG_BUFFER_ALREADY_MAPPED_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is already mapped.

HISTORY

cgMapBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgUnmapBuffer, *cgSetBufferData*, *cgSetBufferSubData*, *cgSetParameter*

4.280 cgResetPassState

NAME

cgResetPassState - calls the state resetting callback functions for all of the state assignments in a pass.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgResetPassState( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass handle.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgResetPassState resets all of the graphics state defined in a pass by calling the state resetting callbacks for all of the state assignments in the pass.

The semantics of “resetting state” will depend on the particular graphics state manager that defined the valid state assignments; it will generally either mean that graphics state is reset to what it was before the pass, or that it is reset to the default value. The OpenGL state manager in the OpenGL Cg runtime implements the latter approach.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_ERROR is generated if the technique of which **pass** is a part has failed validation.

HISTORY

cgResetPassState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetPassState, cgCallStateResetCallback

4.281 cgSetArraySize

NAME

cgSetArraySize - sets the size of a resizable array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetArraySize( CGparameter param,
                    int size );
```

PARAMETERS

param
The array parameter handle.

size
The new size of the array.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetArraySize sets the size of a resizable array parameter **param** to **size**.

EXAMPLES

If you have Cg program with a parameter like this :

```
/* ... */

float4 main(float4 myarray[])
{
    /* ... */
}
```

You can set the size of the **myarray** array parameter to **5** like so :

```
CGparameter arrayParam =
    cgGetNamedProgramParameter(program, CG_PROGRAM, "myarray");

cgSetArraySize(arrayParam, 5);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_ARRAY_HAS_WRONG_DIMENSION_ERROR is generated if the dimension of the array parameter **param** is not 1.

CG_PARAMETER_IS_NOT_RESIZABLE_ARRAY_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a resizable array.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **size** is less than **0**.

HISTORY

cgSetArraySize was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArraySize, cgGetArrayDimension, cgSetMultiDimArraySize

4.282 cgSetAutoCompile

NAME

cgSetAutoCompile - sets the auto-compile mode for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetAutoCompile( CGcontext context,
                      CGenum autoCompileMode );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context.

autoCompileMode

The auto-compile mode to which to set **context**. Must be one of the following :

- * **CG_COMPILE_MANUAL**
- * **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE**
- * **CG_COMPILE_LAZY**

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetAutoCompile sets the auto compile mode for a given context. By default, programs are immediately recompiled when they enter an uncompiled state. This may happen for a variety of reasons including :

- * Setting the value of a literal parameter.
- * Resizing arrays.
- * Binding structs to interface parameters.

autoCompileMode may be one of the following three enumerants :

- * **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE**

CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE will force recompilation automatically and immediately when a program enters an uncompiled state. This is the default mode.

- * **CG_COMPILE_MANUAL**

With this method the application is responsible for manually recompiling a program. It may check to see if a program requires recompilation with the entry point *cgIsProgramCompiled*. *cgCompileProgram* can then be used to force compilation.

- * **CG_COMPILE_LAZY**

This method is similar to **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE** but will delay program recompilation until the program object code is needed. The advantage of this method is the reduction of extraneous recompilations. The disadvantage is that compile time errors will not be encountered when the program is enters the uncompiled state but will instead be encountered at some later time.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **autoCompileMode** is not **CG_COMPILE_MANUAL**, **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE**, or **CG_COMPILE_LAZY**.

HISTORY

cgSetAutoCompile was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetAutoCompile, cgCompileProgram, cgIsProgramCompiled

4.283 cgSetBoolAnnotation

NAME

cgSetBoolAnnotation - set the value of a bool annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetBoolAnnotation( CGannotation ann,  
                           CGbool value );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation that will be set.

value

The value to which **ann** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the annotation.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetBoolAnnotation sets the value of an annotation of bool type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not an annotation of bool type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetBoolAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBoolAnnotationValues, cgSetIntAnnotation, cgSetFloatAnnotation, cgSetStringAnnotation

4.284 cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment - set a bool-valued state assignment array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,
                                       const CGbool * vals );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment array of type **CG_BOOL**.

vals

The values which will be used to set **sa**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of bool array type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a bool type.

HISTORY

cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.285 cgSetBoolStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetBoolStateAssignment - set the value of a bool state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetBoolStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                CGbool value );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment of type **CG_BOOL**.

value

The value to which **sa** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetBoolStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of bool type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a bool type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetBoolStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues, *cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetFloatStateAssignment*, *cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetIntStateAssignment*, *cgSetProgramStateAssignment*, *cgSetSamplerStateAssignment*, *cgSetStringStateAssignment*, *cgSetTextureStateAssignment*

4.286 cgSetBufferData**NAME**

cgSetBufferData - resize and completely update a buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetBufferData( CGbuffer buffer,
                    int size,
                    const void * data );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer which will be updated.

size

Specifies a new size for the buffer object. Zero for size means use the existing size of the buffer as the effective size.

data

Pointer to the data to copy into the buffer. The number of bytes to copy is determined by the size parameter.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetBufferData resizes and completely updates an existing buffer object.

A buffer which has been mapped into an applications address space with *cgMapBuffer* must be unmapped using *cgUnmapBuffer* before it can be updated with **cgSetBufferData**.

EXAMPLES

```
cgSetBufferData( myBuffer, sizeof( myData ), myData );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

CG_BUFFER_UPDATE_NOT_ALLOWED_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is currently mapped.

HISTORY

cgSetBufferData was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, *cgGLCreateBuffer*, *cgSetBufferSubData*, *cgMapBuffer*, *cgUnmapBuffer*

4.287 cgSetBufferSubData

NAME

cgSetBufferSubData - partially update a Cg buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetBufferSubData( CGbuffer buffer,  
                        int offset,  
                        int size,  
                        const void * data );
```

PARAMETERS

- buffer
Buffer being updated.
- offset
Buffer offset in bytes of the beginning of the partial update.
- size
Number of buffer bytes to be updated. Zero means no update.
- data
Pointer to the start of the data being copied into the buffer.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetBufferSubData resizes and partially updates an existing buffer object.

A buffer which has been mapped into an applications address space with *cgMapBuffer* must be unmapped using *cgUnmapBuffer* before it can be updated with **cgSetBufferSubData**.

EXAMPLES

```
cgSetBufferSubData( myBuffer, 16, sizeof( myData ), myData );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

CG_BUFFER_UPDATE_NOT_ALLOWED_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is currently mapped.

CG_BUFFER_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **size** is out of range.

HISTORY

cgSetBufferSubData was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGLCreateBuffer, cgSetBufferData, cgMapBuffer, cgUnmapBuffer

4.288 cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback**NAME**

cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback - set the include callback function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
typedef void (*CGIncludeCallbackFunc)( CGcontext context, const char *filename );
```

```
void cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback( CGcontext context, CGIncludeCallbackFunc func );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context for which the include callback will be used.

func

A pointer to the include callback function.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback sets a callback function used for handling include statements. Each Cg runtime context maintains a virtual file system of shader source code for inclusion by the compiler. Source code is populated into the virtual filesystem using *cgSetCompilerIncludeString* and *cgSetCompilerIncludeFile*. When the compiler encounters an include, firstly the virtual file system is searched for a match. Secondly the include callback function is called, providing an opportunity for populating shader source via *cgSetCompilerIncludeString* and *cgSetCompilerIncludeFile*. The callback function is passed the context and the requested name. Thirdly, the filesystem is searched in the usual manner. Fourthly, an error is raised by the compiler that the include can not be satisfied. **NULL** is passed to **cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback** to disable the callback.

EXAMPLES**ERRORS**

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback, cgSetCompilerIncludeString, cgSetCompilerIncludeFile

4.289 cgSetCompilerIncludeFile

NAME

cgSetCompilerIncludeFile - add shader source file to context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetCompilerIncludeFile( CGcontext context, const char *name, const char *filename );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to add the source code for inclusion by the compiler.

name

The virtual file system name of the shader source.

filename

System file system name of shader source file.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

Each Cg runtime context maintains a virtual filesystem of shader source code for inclusion by the compiler. **cgSetCompilerIncludeFile** populates source code into the virtual filesystem from a file. A name is removed from the virtual filesystem by using **NULL** for the **filename**. The virtual filesystem is completely cleared by using **NULL** for the **name**.

EXAMPLES

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_FILE_READ_ERROR is generated if the file **filename** can not be opened for input.

HISTORY

cgSetCompilerIncludeFile was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetCompilerIncludeString, cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback, cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback

4.290 cgSetCompilerIncludeString

NAME

cgSetCompilerIncludeString - add shader source string to context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetCompilerIncludeString( CGcontext context, const char *name, const char *source );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to add the source code for inclusion by the compiler.

name

The virtual file system name of the shader source.

source

Shader source code string.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

Each Cg runtime context maintains a virtual file system of shader source code for inclusion by the compiler. **cgSetCompilerIncludeString** populates source code into the virtual filesystem. A name is removed from the virtual filesystem by using **NULL** for the **source**. The virtual filesystem is completely cleared by using **NULL** for the **name**.

EXAMPLES**ERRORS**

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgSetCompilerIncludeString was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetCompilerIncludeFile, cgGetCompilerIncludeCallback, cgSetCompilerIncludeCallback

4.291 cgSetContextBehavior

NAME

cgSetContextBehavior - set the behavior for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetContextBehavior( CGcontext context,
                          CGbehavior behavior );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context for which the behavior will be set.

behavior

An enumerant which defines the behavior that will be exhibited by **context**. The following enumerants are allowed:

- * **CG_BEHAVIOR_3100**
- * **CG_BEHAVIOR_3000**
- * **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200**
- * **CG_BEHAVIOR_CURRENT**
- * **CG_BEHAVIOR_LATEST**

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

Each new version of Cg is supposed to be completely backwards compatible with previous versions, providing bug fixes and/or new capabilities while maintaining the behavior which applications were written against. The intent is to allow Cg to be updated and have existing applications continue to work exactly as designed.

Occasionally a case is made that some behavior of Cg is wrong, but fixing that behavior could break existing applications. This is a problem. **cgSetContextBehavior** provides a solution by documenting such changes to the library's behavior and allowing applications to explicitly opt-in to the new behavior. For applications which don't use **cgSetContextBehavior** Cg will continue to behave exactly as it did before this routine was introduced.

It is expected that the definition of a new context behavior will be a rare occurrence and not something that happens with every new Cg release. Routine bug fixes and additions to the API won't result in creating new values of **behavior**. Instead this will only be done when the fix for a broken library behavior could cause a correctly written application to fail.

behavior must be one of the following enumerants :

* **CG_BEHAVIOR_3100**

Cg 3.1 added a new method to define constant blocks using the uniform keyword. Using **CG_BEHAVIOR_3100** enables recognition of this new construct and deprecates use of the **BUFFER** semantic on a struct to define a constant block. With **CG_BEHAVIOR_3100** use of a buffer semantic on a struct will result in an error for GLSL profiles and a warning for all other profiles. See the Constant Buffers section of the *Language Specification* for details on defining constant buffers using the uniform keyword.

* **CG_BEHAVIOR_3000**

Cg 3.0 added support for 16 additional texture units for a total of 32 using the semantics **TEXUNIT16** through **TEXUNIT31** and resource enums **CG_TEXUNIT16** through **CG_TEXUNIT31**. To use these new resources, **CG_BEHAVIOR_3000** is required. Using **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200** with these new texture unit resources will result in a Cg error.

* **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200**

This value specifies a pattern of behavior matching what was seen from Cg through release 2.2. Applications which specify **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200** do not need to be modified to handle new context behaviors since they will continue to get the oldest behavior from the library.

Note that this selection is the default behavior for applications which never call **cgSetContextBehavior**, which means that existing binaries will continue to get the behavior they expect from Cg. This is also the fallback behavior if an invalid value of **behavior** is passed to **cgSetContextBehavior**.

*** CG_BEHAVIOR_CURRENT**

When this value is used the most advanced context behavior supported by the library will be determined at compile time and will become part of the application binary. Updating the Cg runtime files will not change the behavior seen by the application at runtime. However, if the updated version of Cg defines a new value for **behavior** then this new behavior will be used after the application is recompiled.

*** CG_BEHAVIOR_LATEST**

When this value is used the most advanced context behavior supported by the library will be determined at application runtime. Updating the Cg runtime files may result in new behavior from Cg even though the same application binaries are being used.

*** CG_BEHAVIOR_UNKNOWN**

This value is returned by *cgGetBehaviorString* to indicate an invalid string argument has been used. Passing **CG_BEHAVIOR_UNKNOWN** to **cgSetContextBehavior** will generate an **CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR** and result in the context's behavior being set to **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200** instead.

If the environment variable **CG_BEHAVIOR** is set to any of the valid **CGbehavior** enumerant names, then that context behavior will be used instead of the behavior compiled into the application binary. This is true even when the application doesn't explicitly call **cgSetContextBehavior**. Note that **CG_BEHAVIOR_CURRENT** and **CG_BEHAVIOR_UNKNOWN** are not valid choices for **CG_BEHAVIOR**. Trying to use either will result in an error.

EXAMPLES

```
/* create a context and set the behavior to CG_BEHAVIOR_3100 */
```

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
cgSetContextBehavior(context, CG_BEHAVIOR_3100);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **behavior** is not **CG_BEHAVIOR_3100**, **CG_BEHAVIOR_3000**, **CG_BEHAVIOR_2200**, **CG_BEHAVIOR_CURRENT**, or **CG_BEHAVIOR_LATEST**.

HISTORY

cgSetContextBehavior was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateContext, *cgGetContextBehavior*, *cgGetBehavior*, *cgGetBehaviorString*

4.292 cgSetEffectName

NAME

cgSetEffectName - set the name of an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetEffectName( CGeffect effect,  
                       const char * name );
```

PARAMETERS

effect

The effect in which the name will be set.

name

The new name for **effect**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetEffectName allows the application to set the name of an effect.

EXAMPLES

```
char *effectSource = ...;  
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();  
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffect(context, effectSource, NULL);  
  
const char* myEffectName = "myEffectName";  
CGbool okay = cgSetEffectName(effect, myEffectName);  
if (!okay) {  
    /* handle error */  
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_EFFECT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **effect** is not a valid effect.

HISTORY

cgSetEffectName was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetEffectName, cgCreateEffect

4.293 cgSetEffectParameterBuffer

NAME

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer - sets a Cg buffer to every program in the effect that uses the passed effect buffer parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetEffectParameterBuffer(CGparameter param,
                               CGbuffer buffer);
```

PARAMETERS

param

The effect parameter used by programs in the effect as a buffer parameter.

buffer

The Cg buffer being set to **param** for each program in the effect that uses **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer allows the application with a single API call to set a Cg buffer to an effect parameter using the BUFFER semantic for each program in the effect that uses this effect parameter.

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer does the equivalent of the following:

```
CGtechnique technique = cgGetFirstTechnique(myCgEffect);
for(; technique; technique = cgGetNextTechnique(technique))
{
    if(!cgIsTechniqueValidated(technique))
        continue;

    CGpass pass = cgGetFirstPass(technique);
    for(; pass; pass = cgGetNextPass(pass))
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < numDomains; ++i)
        {
            CGprogram prog = cgGetPassProgram(pass, domains[i]);
            if(!prog)
                continue;

            CGparameter param = cgGetNamedParameter(prog, "paramName");
            CGbool isUsed = cgIsParameterUsed(param, prog);
            if(isUsed == CG_FALSE)
                continue;

            int idx = cgGetParameterBufferIndex(param);
            if(idx < 0)
                continue;

            cgSetProgramBuffer(prog, idx, myCgBuffer);
        }
    }
}
```

EXAMPLES

```
cgSetEffectParameterBuffer (cgGetNamedEffectParameter (myCgEffect, "paramName"), myCgBuffer);
```

See `examples/OpenGL/advanced/cgfx_buffer_lighting`.

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgSetEffectParameterBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetEffectParameterBuffer, *cgSetProgramBuffer*

4.294 cgSetErrorCallback

NAME

cgSetErrorCallback - set the error callback function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGErrorCallbackFunc) ( void );

void cgSetErrorCallback ( CGErrorCallbackFunc func );
```

PARAMETERS

func

A function pointer to the error callback function.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetErrorCallback sets a callback function that will be called every time an error occurs. The callback function is not passed any parameters. It is assumed that the callback function will call *cgGetError* to obtain the current error. To disable the callback function, **cgSetErrorCallback** may be called with **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

The following is an example of how to set and use an error callback :

```
void MyErrorCallback ( void ) {
    int myError = cgGetError();
    fprintf(stderr, "CG ERROR : %s\n", cgGetErrorString(myError));
}

void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    cgSetErrorCallback(MyErrorCallback);
}
```

```

    /* Do stuff */
}

```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgSetErrorCallback was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetErrorCallback, cgGetError, cgGetErrorString

4.295 cgSetErrorHandler

NAME

cgSetErrorHandler - set the error handler callback function

SYNOPSIS

```

#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGErrorHandlerFunc)( CGcontext context,
                                     CGerror error,
                                     void * appdata );

void cgSetErrorHandler( CGErrorHandlerFunc func,
                       void * appdata );

```

PARAMETERS

func

A pointer to the error handler callback function.

appdata

A pointer to arbitrary application-provided data.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetErrorHandler specifies an error handler function that will be called every time a Cg runtime error occurs. The callback function is passed:

context

The context in which the error occurred. If the context cannot be determined, **NULL** is used.

error

The enumerant of the error triggering the callback.

appdata

The value of the pointer passed to **cgSetErrorHandler**. This pointer can be used to make arbitrary application-side information available to the error handler.

To disable the callback function, specify a **NULL** callback function pointer via **cgSetErrorHandler**.

EXAMPLES

```
void MyErrorHandler(CGcontext context, CGError error, void *data) {
    char *progrname = (char *)data;
    fprintf(stderr, "%s: Error: %s\n", progrname, cgGetErrorString(error));
}

void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    ...
    cgSetErrorHandler(MyErrorHandler, (void *)argv[0]);
    ...
}
```

ERRORS

to-be-written

HISTORY

cgSetErrorHandler was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetErrorHandler, cgGetError, cgGetErrorString, cgGetFirstError

4.296 cgSetFloatAnnotation

NAME

cgSetFloatAnnotation - set the value of a float annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbool cgSetFloatAnnotation( CGannotation ann,
                             float value );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation that will be set.

value

The value to which **ann** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the annotation.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetFloatAnnotation sets the value of an annotation of float type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not an annotation of float type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetFloatAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFloatAnnotationValues, cgSetBoolAnnotation, cgSetIntAnnotation, cgSetStringAnnotation

4.297 cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment - set a float-valued state assignment array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,
                                       const float * vals );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment array of type **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_FIXED**, **CG_HALF**.

vals

The values which will be used to set **sa**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of float array type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a float type.

HISTORY

cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.298 cgSetFloatStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetFloatStateAssignment - set the value of a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetFloatStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                  float value );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment of type **CG_FLOAT**, **CG_FIXED**, or **CG_HALF**.

value

The value to which **sa** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetFloatStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of float type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a float type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetFloatStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.299 cgSetIntAnnotation**NAME**

cgSetIntAnnotation - set the value of an int annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetIntAnnotation( CGannotation ann,
                          int value );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation that will be set.

value

The value to which **ann** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the annotation.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetIntAnnotation sets the value of an annotation of int type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not an annotation of int type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetIntAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetIntAnnotationValues, cgSetBoolAnnotation, cgSetFloatAnnotation, cgSetStringAnnotation

4.300 cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment - set an int-valued state assignment array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                     const int * vals );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment array of type **CG_INT**.

vals

The values which will be used to set **sa**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of int array type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of an int type.

HISTORY

cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.301 cgSetIntStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetIntStateAssignment - set the value of an int state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetIntStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,
                               int value );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment of type **CG_INT**.

value

The value to which **sa** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetIntStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of int type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of an int type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetIntStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.302 cgSetLastListing

NAME

cgSetLastListing - set the current listing text

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetLastListing( CGhandle handle,  
                      const char * listing );
```

PARAMETERS

handle

A **CGcontext**, **CGstateassignment**, **CGeffect**, **CGpass**, or **CGtechnique** belonging to the context whose listing text is to be set.

listing

The new listing text.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

Each Cg context maintains a null-terminated string containing warning and error messages generated by the Cg compiler, state managers and the like. **cgSetLastListing** allows applications and custom state managers to set the listing text.

cgSetLastListing is not normally used directly by applications. Instead, custom state managers can use **cgSetLastListing** to provide detailed technique validation error messages to the application.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **handle** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgSetLastListing was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetLastListing, cgCreateContext, cgSetErrorHandler

4.303 cgSetLockingPolicy

NAME

cgSetLockingPolicy - set locking policy

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum cgSetLockingPolicy( CGenum lockingPolicy );
```

PARAMETERS

lockingPolicy

An enumerant describing the desired locking policy for the library. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_THREAD_SAFE_POLICY

Locks will be used to serialize thread access to the library.

CG_NO_LOCKS_POLICY

Locks will not be used.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the previous locking policy, or **CG_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetLockingPolicy allows an application to change the locking policy used by the Cg library. The default policy is **CG_THREAD_SAFE_POLICY**, meaning a lock is used to serialize access to the library by multiple threads. Single threaded applications can change this policy to **CG_NO_LOCKS_POLICY** to avoid the overhead associated with this lock. Multithreaded applications should **never** change this policy.

EXAMPLES

```
/* multithreaded apps should *never* do this */
cgSetLockingPolicy(CG_NO_LOCKS_POLICY);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **lockingPolicy** is not **CG_NO_LOCKS_POLICY** or **CG_THREAD_SAFE_POLICY**.

HISTORY

cgSetLockingPolicy was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetLockingPolicy

4.304 cgSetMatrixParameter

NAME

cgSetMatrixParameter - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float or double */

void cgSetMatrixParameter(ifd){rc}( CGparameter param,
                                     const TYPE * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values to which to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgSetMatrixParameter** functions set the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are laid out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

The **cgSetMatrixParameter** functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

The **d** and **f** versions of **cgSetMatrixParameter** were introduced in Cg 1.2.

The **i** versions of **cgSetMatrixParameter** were introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.305 cgSetMatrixParameterdc

NAME

cgSetMatrixParameterdc - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameterdc( CGparameter param,  
                             const double * matrix );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`matrix`

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetMatrixParameterdc` sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of doubles laid out in column-major order.

`cgSetMatrixParameterdc` may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a matrix parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgSetMatrixParameterdc` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.306 `cgSetMatrixParameterdr`

NAME

`cgSetMatrixParameterdr` - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameterdr( CGparameter param,  
                             const double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`matrix`

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetMatrixParameterdr` sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of doubles laid out in row-major order.

`cgSetMatrixParameterdr` may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a matrix parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgSetMatrixParameterdr` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, *cgGetParameterRows*, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.307 cgSetMatrixParameterfc

NAME

`cgSetMatrixParameterfc` - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameterfc( CGparameter param,  
                             const float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetMatrixParameterfc sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of floats laid out in column-major order.

cgSetMatrixParameterfc may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgSetMatrixParameterfc was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, *cgGetParameterRows*, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.308 cgSetMatrixParameterfr

NAME

cgSetMatrixParameterfr - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameterfr( CGparameter param,  
                             const float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`matrix`

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetMatrixParameterfr` sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of floats laid out in row-major order.

`cgSetMatrixParameterfr` may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a matrix parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgSetMatrixParameterfr` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.309 cgSetMatrixParameteric

NAME

`cgSetMatrixParameteric` - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameteric( CGparameter param,  
                             const int * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetMatrixParameteric sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of ints laid out in column-major order.

cgSetMatrixParameteric may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgSetMatrixParameteric was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetMatrixParameter, cgGetParameterValues

4.310 cgSetMatrixParameterir

NAME

cgSetMatrixParameterir - sets the value of matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMatrixParameterir( CGparameter param,  
                             const int * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetMatrixParameterir sets the value of a given matrix parameter from an array of ints laid out in row-major order.

cgSetMatrixParameterir may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgSetMatrixParameterir was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetMatrixParameter, *cgGetParameterRows*, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetMatrixParameter*, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.311 cgSetMultiDimArraySize

NAME

cgSetMultiDimArraySize - sets the size of a resizable multi-dimensional array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetMultiDimArraySize( CGparameter param,  
                             const int * sizes );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter handle.

sizes

An array of sizes for each dimension of the array.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetMultiDimArraySize sets the size of each dimension of resizable multi-dimensional array parameter **param**. **sizes** must be an array that has **N** number of elements where **N** is equal to the result of *cgGetArrayDimension*.

EXAMPLES

If you have Cg program with a parameter like this :

```
/* ... */

float4 main(float4 myarray[][][])
{
    /* ... */
}
```

You can set the sizes of each dimension of the **myarray** array parameter like so :

```
const int sizes[] = { 3, 2, 4 };
CGparameter myArrayParam =
    cgGetNamedProgramParameter(program, CG_PROGRAM, "myarray");

cgSetMultiDimArraySize(myArrayParam, sizes);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **sizes** is **NULL**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if any value in **sizes** is less than or equal to **0**.

CG_PARAMETER_IS_NOT_RESIZABLE_ARRAY_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a resizable array.

HISTORY

cgSetMultiDimArraySize was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetArraySize, *cgGetArrayDimension*, *cgSetArraySize*

4.312 cgSetParameter

NAME

cgSetParameter - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float or double */

void cgSetParameter1{ifd}( CGparameter param,
                           TYPE x );

void cgSetParameter2{ifd}( CGparameter param,
                           TYPE x,
                           TYPE y );

void cgSetParameter3{ifd}( CGparameter param,
                           TYPE x,
                           TYPE y,
                           TYPE z );

void cgSetParameter4{ifd}( CGparameter param,
                           TYPE x,
                           TYPE y,
                           TYPE z,
                           TYPE w );

void cgSetParameter{1234}{ifd}v( CGparameter param,
                                 const TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x, y, z, and w

The values to which to set the parameter.

v

The values to set the parameter to for the array versions of the set functions.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgSetParameter** functions set the value of a given scalar or vector parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function takes either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values depending on the function that is used. If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

The functions with the **v** at the end of their names take an array of values instead of explicit parameters.

Once **cgSetParameter** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. *cgGL*) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. *OpenGL*) calls.

Note: Previous releases of Cg allowed you to store more values in a parameter than indicated by the parameter's type. For example, one could use *cgGLSetParameter4f* to store four values into a parameter of type **CG_FLOAT** (not

CG_FLOAT4). All four values could later be retrieved using a get call which requested more than one value. However, this feature conflicts with the GLSL approach and also leads to issues with parameters mapped into BUFFERS. Therefore, beginning with Cg 2.0 any components beyond the number indicated by the parameter type are ignored.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

The **d** and **f** versions of **cgSetParameter** were introduced in Cg 1.2.

The **i** versions of **cgSetParameter** were introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.313 cgSetParameter1d

NAME

cgSetParameter1d - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1d( CGparameter param,
                      double x );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x

The value to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1d sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1d** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1dv was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.314 cgSetParameter1dv

NAME

cgSetParameter1dv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1dv( CGparameter param,  
                       const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

v

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1dv sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1dv** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1dv was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.315 cgSetParameter1f

NAME

cgSetParameter1f - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1f( CGparameter param,  
                       float x );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x

The value to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1f sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1f** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1f was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.316 cgSetParameter1fv

NAME

cgSetParameter1fv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1fv( CGparameter param,  
                       const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

v

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1fv sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1fv** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1fv was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.317 cgSetParameter1i

NAME

cgSetParameter1i - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1i( CGparameter param,  
                       int x );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x

The value to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1i sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1i** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1i was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.318 cgSetParameter1iv

NAME

cgSetParameter1iv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter1iv( CGparameter param,  
                       const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

v

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter1iv sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

Once **cgSetParameter1iv** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. **cgGL**) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. **OpenGL**) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter1iv was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.319 cgSetParameter2d

NAME

cgSetParameter2d - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2d( CGparameter param,
```

```
double x,
double y );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter2d sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter2d** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. *cgGL*) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter2d was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, *cgGetParameterValues*

4.320 cgSetParameter2dv

NAME

cgSetParameter2dv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2dv( CGparameter param,
                       const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter2dv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter2dv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter2dv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.321 cgSetParameter2f

NAME

`cgSetParameter2f` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2f( CGparameter param,  
                      float x,  
                      float y );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter2f sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter2f** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter2f was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.322 **cgSetParameter2fv**

NAME

cgSetParameter2fv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2fv( CGparameter param,  
                        const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter2fv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter2fv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter2fv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.323 cgSetParameter2i

NAME

`cgSetParameter2i` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2i( CGparameter param,  
                      int x,  
                      int y );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter2i sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter2i** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter2i was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.324 **cgSetParameter2iv**

NAME

cgSetParameter2iv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter2iv( CGparameter param,  
                        const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter2iv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter2iv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter2iv` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.325 cgSetParameter3d

NAME

`cgSetParameter3d` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter3d( CGparameter param,  
                      double x,  
                      double y,  
                      double z );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter3d sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter3d** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. `OpenGL`) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter3d was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.326 **cgSetParameter3dv**

NAME

cgSetParameter3dv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter3dv( CGparameter param,  
                        const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter3dv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter3dv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter3dv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.327 cgSetParameter3f

NAME

`cgSetParameter3f` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter3f( CGparameter param,  
                      float x,  
                      float y,  
                      float z );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter3f sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter3f** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter3f was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.328 cgSetParameter3fv

NAME

cgSetParameter3fv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter3fv( CGparameter param,  
                       const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter3fv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter3fv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. `OpenGL`) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter3fv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.329 cgSetParameter3i

NAME

`cgSetParameter3i` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetParameter3i( CGparameter param,
                      int x,
                      int y,
                      int z );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter3i sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter3i** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter3i was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.330 **cgSetParameter3iv**

NAME

cgSetParameter3iv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter3iv( CGparameter param,
                       const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter3iv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter3iv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter3iv` was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.331 cgSetParameter4d

NAME

`cgSetParameter4d` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4d( CGparameter param,  
                      double x,  
                      double y,  
                      double z,  
                      double w );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x, y, z, w

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter4d sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter4d** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter4d was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.332 cgSetParameter4dv

NAME

cgSetParameter4dv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4dv( CGparameter param,  
                       const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter4dv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter4dv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter4dv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

`cgGetParameterValue`

4.333 cgSetParameter4f

NAME

`cgSetParameter4f` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4f( CGparameter param,  
                      float x,  
                      float y,  
                      float z,  
                      float w );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z, w`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter4f sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter4f** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. `OpenGL`) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter4f was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.334 **cgSetParameter4fv**

NAME

cgSetParameter4fv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4fv( CGparameter param,  
                        const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameter4fv` sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once `cgSetParameter4fv` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the `CG_CURRENT` enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. `OpenGL`) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameter4fv` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.335 cgSetParameter4i

NAME

`cgSetParameter4i` - set the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4i( CGparameter param,  
                      int x,  
                      int y,  
                      int z,  
                      int w );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z, w`

The values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter4i sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter4i** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter4i was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue, cgGetParameterValues

4.336 **cgSetParameter4iv**

NAME

cgSetParameter4iv - sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameter4iv( CGparameter param,  
                        const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values to use to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameter4iv sets the value of a given scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than **param** requires, the extra values will be ignored.

Once **cgSetParameter4iv** has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG_CURRENT** enumerant with *cgGetParameterValues*.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. cgGL) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. OpenGL) calls.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

HISTORY

cgSetParameter4iv was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterValue

4.337 cgSetParameterSemantic

NAME

cgSetParameterSemantic - set a program parameter's semantic

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterSemantic( CGparameter param,  
                             const char * semantic );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The program parameter.

`semantic`

The semantic.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgSetParameterSemantic` allows the application to set the semantic of a parameter in a Cg program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a leaf node, or if the semantic string is `NULL`.

HISTORY

`cgSetParameterSemantic` was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterSemantic, cgGetSemanticCasePolicy, cgSetSemanticCasePolicy, cgGetParameterResource, cgGetParameterResourceIndex, cgGetParameterName, cgGetParameterType

4.338 `cgSetParameterSettingMode`

NAME

`cgSetParameterSettingMode` - set the parameter setting mode for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterSettingMode( CGcontext context,
                                CGenum parameterSettingMode );
```

PARAMETERS

`context`

The context in which to set the parameter setting mode.

`parameterSettingMode`

The mode to which `context` will be set. Must be one of the following :

* **CG_IMMEDIATE_PARAMETER_SETTING**

* **CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING**

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterSettingMode controls the behavior of the context when setting parameters. With deferred parameter setting, the corresponding 3D API parameter is not immediately updated by *cgSetParameter* commands. If the application does not need to access these 3D API parameter values, then this mode allows improved performance by avoiding unnecessary 3D API calls.

Parameters of variability **CG_VARYING** are never deferred.

When the parameter setting mode is **CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING**, non-erroneous *cgSetParameter* commands record the updated parameter value but do not immediately update the corresponding 3D API parameter. Instead the parameter is marked internally as *update deferred*. The 3D API commands required to update any program parameters marked *update deferred* are performed as part of the next program bind (see *cgGLBindProgram* or *cgD3D9BindProgram*).

If a context's parameter setting mode was **CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING** and one or more parameters are marked *update deferred*, changing the parameter setting mode to **CG_IMMEDIATE_PARAMETER_SETTING** does not cause parameters marked *update deferred* to be updated. The application can use *cgUpdateProgramParameters* or *cgUpdatePassParameters* to force the updating of parameters marked *update deferred*.

parameterSettingMode must be one of the following enumerants :

* **CG_IMMEDIATE_PARAMETER_SETTING**

Non-erroneous *cgSetParameter* commands immediately update the corresponding 3D API parameter. This is the default mode.

* **CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING**

Non-erroneous *cgSetParameter* commands record the updated parameter value but do not immediately update the corresponding 3D API parameter. These updates will happen during the next program bind. The updates can be explicitly forced to occur by using *cgUpdateProgramParameters* or *cgUpdatePassParameters*.

EXAMPLES

Change context to use deferred parameter updates:

```
cgSetParameterSettingMode(myCgContext, CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING);
```

Change context to its initial behavior of performing parameter updates immediately:

```
cgSetParameterSettingMode(myCgContext, CG_IMMEDIATE_PARAMETER_SETTING);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **parameterSettingMode** is not **CG_IMMEDIATE_PARAMETER_SETTING** or **CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING**.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterSettingMode was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterSettingMode, *cgUpdateProgramParameters*, *cgUpdatePassParameters*, *cgSetParameter*, *cgSetParameterVariability*, *cgGetParameterVariability*, *cgGLBindProgram*, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

4.339 cgSetParameterValue**NAME**

cgSetParameterValue - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* TYPE is int, float or double */

void cgSetParameterValue{ifd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                   int nelements,
                                   const TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array v.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValue allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that will cause any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in either row-major or column-major order, as signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name.

For example, *cgSetParameterValueic* sets the given parameter using the supplied array of integer data, and initializes matrices in column-major order.

If v is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, ntotal, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

Note: Previous releases of Cg allowed you to store more values in a parameter than indicated by the parameter's type. For example, one could use *cgGLSetParameter4f* to store four values into a parameter of type **CG_FLOAT** (not **CG_FLOAT4**). All four values could later be retrieved using a get call which requested more than one value. However, this feature conflicts with the GLSL approach and also leads to issues with parameters mapped into **BUFFERS**. Therefore, beginning with Cg 2.0 any components beyond the number indicated by the parameter type are ignored.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

The **cgSetParameterValue** functions were introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterRows, *cgGetParameterColumns*, *cgGetArrayTotalSize*, *cgGetParameterValue*

4.340 cgSetParameterValuedc

NAME

cgSetParameterValuedc - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValuedc( CGparameter param,
                           int nelements,
                           const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValuedc allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in column-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValuedc was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.341 cgSetParameterValuedr

NAME

cgSetParameterValuedr - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValuedr( CGparameter param,
```

```
int nelements,  
const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValuedr allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in row-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);  
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);  
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);  
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;  
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValuedr was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.342 cgSetParameterValuefc

NAME

cgSetParameterValuefc - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValuefc( CGparameter param,
                           int nelements,
                           const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValuefc allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in column-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows( param );
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns( param );
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize( param );
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if ( asize > 0 ) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValuefc was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.343 cgSetParameterValuefr

NAME

cgSetParameterValuefr - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValuefr( CGparameter param,  
                           int nelements,  
                           const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValuefr allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in row-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows( param );  
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns( param );  
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize( param );
```



```
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValuefr was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.344 cgSetParameterValueic

NAME

cgSetParameterValueic - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValueic( CGparameter param,
                           int nelements,
                           const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValueic allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in column-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValueic was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.345 cgSetParameterValueir

NAME

cgSetParameterValueir - set the value of any numeric parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterValueir( CGparameter param,
                           int nelements,
                           const int * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The program parameter whose value will be set.

nelements

The number of elements in array **v**.

v

Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterValueir allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array.

The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

Any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in row-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```

int nrows = cgGetParameterRows (param) ;
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns (param) ;
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize (param) ;
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;

```

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is a varying input to a fragment program.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

CG_NOT_ENOUGH_DATA_ERROR is generated if **nelements** is less than the total size of **param**.

CG_NON_NUMERIC_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterValueir was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterValue, cgGetParameterRows, cgGetParameterColumns, cgGetArrayTotalSize, cgGetParameterValue

4.346 cgSetParameterVariability

NAME

cgSetParameterVariability - set a parameter's variability

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterVariability( CGparameter param,  
                                CGenum vary );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter.

vary

The variability to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetParameterVariability allows the application to change the variability of a parameter.

Currently parameters may not be changed to or from **CG_VARYING** variability. Also, the variability of uniform buffer parameters and their member parameters may not be changed. However, other parameters of **CG_UNIFORM** or **CG_LITERAL** variability may be changed.

Valid values for **vary** include :

CG_UNIFORM

A uniform parameter is one whose value does not change with each invocation of a program, but whose value can change between groups of program invocations.

CG_LITERAL

A literal parameter is folded out at compile time. Making a uniform parameter literal will often make a program more efficient at the expense of requiring a compile every time the value is set.

CG_DEFAULT

By default, the variability of a parameter will be overridden by the a source parameter connected to it unless it is changed with **cgSetParameterVariability**. If it is set to **CG_DEFAULT** it will restore the default state of assuming the source parameters variability.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **vary** is not **CG_UNIFORM**, **CG_LITERAL**, or **CG_DEFAULT**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_VARIABILITY_ERROR is generated if the parameter could not be changed to the variability indicated by **vary**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **vary** is **CG_LITERAL** and **param** is not a numeric parameter, or if **param** is a uniform buffer or a member of a uniform buffer.

HISTORY

cgSetParameterVariability was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetParameterVariability

4.347 cgSetPassProgramParameters

NAME

cgSetPassProgramParameters - set uniform parameters specified via a compile statement

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetPassProgramParameters( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

Given the handle to a program specified in a pass in a CgFX file, **cgSetPassProgramParameters** sets the values of the program's uniform parameters given the expressions in the **compile** statement in the CgFX file.

(This entrypoint is normally only needed by state managers and doesn't need to be called by users.)

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgSetPassProgramParameters was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateEffect, cgCreateEffectFromFile

4.348 cgSetPassState

NAME

cgSetPassState - calls the state setting callback functions for all state assignments in a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetPassState( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass handle.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetPassState sets all of the graphics state defined in a pass by calling the state setting callbacks for all of the state assignments in the pass.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_ERROR is generated if the technique of which **pass** is a part has failed validation.

HISTORY

cgSetPassState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgResetPassState, cgCallStateSetCallback

4.349 cgSetProgramBuffer

NAME

cgSetProgramBuffer - set a buffer for a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetProgramBuffer( CGprogram program,  
                        int bufferIndex,  
                        CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

`program`

The program for which the buffer will be set.

`bufferIndex`

The buffer index of **program** to which **buffer** will be bound.

`buffer`

The buffer to be bound.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetProgramBuffer sets the buffer for a given buffer index of a program. A **NULL** buffer handle means the given buffer index should not be bound to a buffer.

bufferIndex must be non-negative and within the program's range of buffer indices. For OpenGL programs, **bufferIndex** can be 0 to 11. For Direct3D10 programs, **bufferIndex** can be 0 to 15.

When the next program bind operation occurs, each buffer index which is set to a valid buffer handle is bound (along with the program) for use by the 3D API. No buffer bind operation occurs for buffer indices bound to a **NULL** buffer handle.

EXAMPLES

```
cgSetProgramBuffer( myProgram, 2, myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

CG_BUFFER_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE_ERROR is generated if **bufferIndex** is not within the valid range of buffer indices for **program**.

HISTORY

cgSetProgramBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGetProgramBuffer, cgGLBindProgram, cgD3D9BindProgram

4.350 cgSetProgramOutputVertices

NAME

cgSetProgramOutputVertices - set the maximum number of geometry program output vertices

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetProgramOutputVertices( CGprogram prog, int vertices );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

vertices

The maximum number of geometry program output vertices or **-1** to use the compiler-detected upper bound.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetProgramOutputVertices allows the application to specify the maximum number of output vertices for a geometry program. In many cases an upper bound can be determined by the compiler and does not need to be specified by the application. If an upper bound can not be determined by the compiler and isn't specified by the application, then the maximum supported number of outputs will be used, with possible performance implications.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgSetProgramOutputVertices was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramOutputVertices, cgSetProgramProfile, gp4gp, gp5gp, glslg.

4.351 cgSetProgramProfile

NAME

cgSetProgramProfile - set a program's profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetProgramProfile( CGprogram program,  
                          CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program.

profile

The profile to be used when compiling the program.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetProgramProfile allows the application to specify the profile to be used when compiling the given program. When called, the program will be unloaded if it is currently loaded, and marked as uncompiled. When the program is next compiled (see *cgSetAutoCompile*), the given **profile** will be used. **cgSetProgramProfile** can be used to override the profile specified in a CgFX **compile** statement, or to change the profile associated with a program created by a call to *cgCreateProgram*.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a valid profile enumerant.

HISTORY

cgSetProgramProfile was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramProfile, cgGetProfile, cgGetProfileString, cgCreateProgram, cgSetAutoCompile

4.352 cgSetProgramStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetProgramStateAssignment - set the value of a program state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetProgramStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,
                                    CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment of type **CG_PROGRAM_TYPE**.

program

The program object to which **sa** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetProgramStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of program type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a program type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgSetProgramStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.353 cgSetSamplerState

NAME

cgSetSamplerState - initializes the state specified for a sampler parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetSamplerState( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter handle.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetSamplerState sets the sampler state for a sampler parameter that was specified via a **sampler_state** block in a CgFX file. The corresponding sampler should be bound via the graphics API before this call is made.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgSetSamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateSamplerState, cgGetFirstSamplerState, cgGetNamedSamplerState, cgGetNextState

4.354 cgSetSamplerStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetSamplerStateAssignment - sets a state assignment to a sampler effect parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetSamplerStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,
                                   CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A state assignment of a sampler type (one of **CG_SAMPLER1D**, **CG_SAMPLER2D**, **CG_SAMPLER3D**, **CG_SAMPLERCUBE**, or **CG_SAMPLERRECT**).

param

An effect parameter of a sampler type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetSamplerStateAssignment sets a state assignment of a sampler type to an effect parameter of the same sampler type.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter effectParam = cgCreateEffectParameter(effect,
                                                  "normalizeCube",
                                                  CG_SAMPLERCUBE);
CGstate state = cgGetNamedSamplerState(context, "TextureCubeMap");
CGstateassignment sa = cgCreateStateAssignment(technique, state);
CGbool ok = cgSetSamplerStateAssignment(sa, effectParam);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a sampler type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgSetSamplerStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue, *cgSetTextureStateAssignment*, *cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetBoolStateAssignment*, *cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetFloatStateAssignment*, *cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment*, *cgSetIntStateAssignment*, *cgSetProgramStateAssignment*, *cgSetStringStateAssignment*

4.355 cgSetSemanticCasePolicy

NAME

cgSetSemanticCasePolicy - set semantic case policy

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgSetSemanticCasePolicy( CGLenum casePolicy );
```

PARAMETERS

casePolicy

An enumerant describing the desired semantic case policy for the library. The following enumerants are allowed:

CG_FORCE_UPPER_CASE_POLICY

Semantics strings will be converted to all upper-case letters. This is the default policy.

CG_UNCHANGED_CASE_POLICY

Semantic strings will be left unchanged.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the previous semantic case policy, or **CG_UNKNOWN** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetSemanticCasePolicy allows an application to change the semantic case policy used by the Cg library. A policy of **CG_FORCE_UPPER_CASE_POLICY** means that semantic strings returned by *cgGetParameterSemantic* will have been converted to all upper-case letters. This is the default policy for the library. If the policy is changed to **CG_UNCHANGED_CASE_POLICY** no case conversion will be done to the semantic strings.

EXAMPLES

```
/* set to return original semantic strings */
cgSetSemanticCasePolicy (CG_UNCHANGED_CASE_POLICY);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **casePolicy** is not **CG_FORCE_UPPER_CASE_POLICY** or **CG_UNCHANGED_CASE_POLICY**.

HISTORY

cgSetSemanticCasePolicy was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetSemanticCasePolicy, cgGetParameterSemantic, cgSetParameterSemantic

4.356 cgSetStateCallbacks

NAME

cgSetStateCallbacks - registers the callback functions for a state assignment

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetStateCallbacks ( CGstate state,
                          CGstatecallback set,
                          CGstatecallback reset,
                          CGstatecallback validate );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state handle.

set

The pointer to the callback function to call for setting the state of state assignments based on **state**. This may be a **NULL** pointer.

reset

The pointer to the callback function to call for resetting the state of state assignments based on **state**. This may be a **NULL** pointer.

validate

The pointer to the callback function to call for validating the state of state assignments based on **state**. This may be a **NULL** pointer.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetStateCallbacks sets the three callback functions for a state definition. These functions are later called when the state a particular state assignment based on this state must be set, reset, or validated. Any of the callback functions may be specified as **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

HISTORY

cgSetStateCallbacks was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgSetPassState, cgCallStateSetCallback, cgCallStateResetCallback, cgCallStateValidateCallback, cgValidateTechnique

4.357 cgSetStateLatestProfile

NAME

cgSetStateLatestProfile - sets a state's designated latest profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgSetStateLatestProfile( CGstate state, CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

state

The state handle.

profile

The profile to designate as the state's latest profile.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetStateLatestProfile sets the specified state's designated latest profile for states of type **CG_PROGRAM_TYPE**.

This profile is used to compile the program for a state assignment for the state where the profile in the **compile** statement is the identifier **latest**.

EXAMPLES

This shows how to force the designated latest state profile for the **FragmentProgram** state assignment to be the *arbfp1* profile (even if *cgGLRegisterStates* was to register a different profile).

```
cgGLRegisterStates(context);
CGstate state = cgGetNamedState(context, "FragmentProgram");
cgSetStateLatestProfile(state, CG_PROFILE_ARBFP1);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **state** is not a valid state.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if the type of **state** is not **CG_PROGRAM_TYPE**.

HISTORY

cgSetStateLatestProfile was introduced in Cg 2.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGetNamedState, *cgGetStateLatestProfile*, *cgGLRegisterStates*

4.358 cgSetStringAnnotation

NAME

cgSetStringAnnotation - set the value of a string annotation

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbool cgSetStringAnnotation( CGannotation ann,
                             const char * value );
```

PARAMETERS

ann

The annotation that will be set.

value

The value to which **ann** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the annotation.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetStringAnnotation sets the value of an annotation of string type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ANNOTATION_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a valid annotation.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not an annotation of string type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **ann** is not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetStringAnnotation was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStringAnnotationValue, cgSetBoolAnnotation, cgSetIntAnnotation, cgSetFloatAnnotation

4.359 cgSetStringParameterValue

NAME

cgSetStringParameterValue - set the value of a string parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetStringParameterValue( CGparameter param,  
                               const char * value );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose value will be set.

value

The string to set the parameter's value as.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetStringParameterValue allows the application to set the value of a string parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not string-typed.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **value** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgSetStringParameterValue was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO*cgGetStringParameterValue*

4.360 cgSetStringStateAssignment

NAME**cgSetStringStateAssignment** - set the value of a string state assignment**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetStringStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                   const char * value );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A handle to a state assignment of type **CG_STRING**.

value

The value to which **sa** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetStringStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of string type.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of a string type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

HISTORY

cgSetStringStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetTextureStateAssignment

4.361 cgSetTextureStateAssignment

NAME

cgSetTextureStateAssignment - sets a state assignment to a texture effect parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgSetTextureStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa,  
                                   CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

sa

A state assignment of type **CG_TEXTURE**.

param

An effect parameter of type **CG_TEXTURE**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if it succeeds in setting the state assignment.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetTextureStateAssignment sets the value of a state assignment of texture type to an effect parameter of type **CG_TEXTURE**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGparameter effectParam = cgCreateEffectParameter(effect,  
                                                  "normalizeCube",  
                                                  CG_SAMPLERCUBE);  
CGstate state = cgGetNamedSamplerState(context, "Texture");  
CGstateassignment sa = cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment(effectParam, state);  
CGbool ok = cgSetTextureStateAssignment(sa, value);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment.

CG_STATE_ASSIGNMENT_TYPE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is not a state assignment of texture type.

CG_ARRAY_SIZE_MISMATCH_ERROR is generated if **sa** is an array and not a scalar.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgSetTextureStateAssignment was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue, cgSetSamplerStateAssignment, cgSetBoolArrayStateAssignment, cgSetBoolStateAssignment, cgSetFloatArrayStateAssignment, cgSetFloatStateAssignment, cgSetIntArrayStateAssignment, cgSetIntStateAssignment, cgSetProgramStateAssignment, cgSetStringStateAssignment

4.362 cgSetUniformBufferParameter**NAME**

cgSetUniformBufferParameter - associate a buffer with a uniform buffer parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetUniformBufferParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter with which **buffer** will be associated.

buffer

The buffer to be associated with **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgSetUniformBufferParameter sets the buffer for a given uniform buffer parameter. A **NULL** buffer handle means the given uniform buffer parameter should not be bound to a buffer.

When the next program bind operation occurs, each uniform buffer which is set to a valid buffer handle is bound (along with the program) for use by the 3D API. No buffer bind operation occurs for uniform buffer parameters bound to a **NULL** buffer handle.

EXAMPLES

```
cgSetUniformBufferParameter( myParam, myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_TYPE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a uniform buffer parameter.

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgSetUniformBufferParameter was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetUniformBufferParameter, cgCreateBuffer, cgGLBindProgram, cgD3D9BindProgram

4.363 cgUnmapBuffer

NAME

cgUnmapBuffer - unmap buffer from application's address space

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgUnmapBuffer( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer which will be unmapped from the application's address space.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgUnmapBuffer unmaps a buffer from the application's address space.

EXAMPLES

```
unsigned char *bufferPtr = cgMapBuffer( myBuffer, CG_MAP_READ_WRITE );  
memcpy( data, bufferPtr, size );  
cgUnmapBuffer( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgUnmapBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgMapBuffer, cgSetBufferData, cgSetBufferSubData, cgSetParameter

4.364 cgUpdatePassParameters

NAME

cgUpdatePassParameters - update the deferred parameters for a pass

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgUpdatePassParameters( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

`pass`

The pass for which deferred parameters will be updated.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgUpdatePassParameters is a convenience routine which calls *cgUpdateProgramParameters* for all programs of a pass.

EXAMPLES

```

cgsetParameterSettingMode(context, CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING);

CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffectFromFile( context, "tst.cgfx", NULL );

CGtechnique tech1 = cgGetNamedTechnique( effect, "tech1" );

CGpass pass1 = cgGetNamedPass( tech1, "pass1" );

cgSetPassState(pass1);

for (some number of times)
{
    cgsetParameter(uniform1, ...);
    cgsetParameter(uniform2, ...);
    cgUpdatePassParameters(pass1);
    DrawSomeGeometry();
}

cgResetPassState(pass1);

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **pass** is not a valid pass.

HISTORY

cgUpdatePassParameters was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgsetParameterSettingMode, *cggetParameterSettingMode*, *cgUpdateProgramParameters*, *cgsetParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

4.365 cgUpdateProgramParameters

NAME

cgUpdateProgramParameters - update the 3D API state for deferred parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgUpdateProgramParameters( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program for which deferred parameters will be sent to the corresponding 3D API parameters.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgUpdateProgramParameters performs the appropriate 3D API commands to set the 3D API resources for all of **program**'s parameters that are marked *update deferred* and clears the *update deferred* state of these parameters. **cgUpdateProgramParameters** does nothing when none of **program**'s parameters are marked *update deferred*.

cgUpdateProgramParameters assumes the specified program has already been bound using the appropriate 3D API commands. Results are undefined if the program is not actually bound by the 3D API when **cgUpdateProgramParameters** is called, with the likely result being that the 3D API state for **program**'s parameters will be mis-loaded.

EXAMPLES

```
/* assumes cgGetProgramContext(program) == context */  
  
if (cgGetParameterSettingMode(context) == CG_DEFERRED_PARAMETER_SETTING) {  
    cgUpdateProgramParameters(program);  
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgUpdateProgramParameters was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgSetParameterSettingMode, *cgGetParameterSettingMode*, *cgUpdatePassParameters*, *cgSetParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

4.366 cgValidateTechnique

NAME

cgValidateTechnique - validate a technique from an effect

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgValidateTechnique( CGtechnique tech );
```

PARAMETERS

`tech`

The technique handle to validate.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if all of the state assignments in all of the passes in **tech** are valid and can be used on the current hardware.

Returns **CG_FALSE** if any state assignment fails validation, or if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgValidateTechnique iterates over all of the passes of a technique and tests to see if every state assignment in the pass passes validation.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect effect = cgCreateEffectFromFile(context, filename, NULL);

CGtechnique tech = cgGetFirstTechnique(effect);
while (tech && cgValidateTechnique(tech) == CG_FALSE) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Technique %s did not validate. Skipping.\n",
            cgGetTechniqueName(tech));
    tech = cgGetNextTechnique(tech);
}

if (tech) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Using technique %s.\n", cgGetTechniqueName(tech));
} else {
    fprintf(stderr, "No valid technique found\n");
    exit(1);
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_TECHNIQUE_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **tech** is not a valid technique.

HISTORY

cgValidateTechnique was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgCallStateValidateCallback, cgSetStateCallbacks

CGGL API

5.1 cgGLBindProgram

NAME

cgGLBindProgram - bind a program to the current state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLBindProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to bind to the current state.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLBindProgram binds a program to the current state. The program must have been loaded with *cgGLLoadProgram* before it can be bound. Also, the profile of the program must be enabled for the binding to work. This may be done with the *cgGLEnableProfile* function.

For profiles that do not support program local parameters (e.g. the vp20 profile), **cgGLBindProgram** will reset all uniform parameters that were set with any of the Cg parameter setting functions

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **program**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_PROGRAM_BIND_ERROR is generated if the program fails to bind for any reason.

HISTORY

cgGLBindProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLLoadProgram, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetTextureParameter, cgGLEnableProfile

5.2 cgGLCreateBufferFromObject

NAME

cgGLCreateBufferFromObject - create a Cg buffer from an OpenGL buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgGLCreateBufferFromObject( CGcontext context,  
                                     GLuint obj,  
                                     CGbool manageObject );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

obj

One of the usage flags specified as valid for **glBufferData**.

manageObject

A boolean switch which controls whether **obj** will be deleted by the runtime when the **CGbuffer** object returned by **cgGLCreateBufferFromObject** is destroyed.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLCreateBufferFromObject creates a Cg buffer from a preexisting OpenGL buffer object. This GL object will be deleted by the runtime when the Cg buffer is destroyed if **manageObject** is **CG_TRUE**. Otherwise the application is responsible for deleting the GL object **obj**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgGLCreateBufferFromObject( myCgContext, glBufferId, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_MEMORY_ALLOC_ERROR is generated if a buffer couldn't be created.

HISTORY

cgGLCreateBufferFromObject was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgDestroyBuffer, cgGLCreateBuffer, cgGLGetBufferObject

5.3 cgGLCreateBuffer**NAME**

cgGLCreateBuffer - create an OpenGL buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

CGbuffer cgGLCreateBuffer( CGcontext context,
                           int size,
                           const void *data,
                           GLenum bufferUsage );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

size

The length in bytes of the buffer to create.

data

The initial data to be copied into the buffer. NULL will fill the buffer with zero.

bufferUsage

One of the usage flags specified as valid for **glBufferData**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLCreateBuffer creates an OpenGL buffer object.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgGLCreateBuffer( myCgContext, sizeof( float ) * 16,
                                     myData, GL_STATIC_DRAW );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_MEMORY_ALLOC_ERROR is generated if a buffer couldn't be created.

HISTORY

cgGLCreateBuffer was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGLCreateBufferFromObject, cgGLGetBufferObject

5.4 cgGLDetectGLSLVersion

NAME

cgGLDetectGLSLVersion - detect the GLSL version of the current OpenGL context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGGLgslversion cgGLDetectGLSLVersion( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGGLgslversion** enumerant.

Returns **CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLDetectGLSLVersion returns the highest GLSL version supported by the current OpenGL context and the Cg Runtime. See *gsl* for supported GLSL version details.

EXAMPLES

```
/* Create Cg context ... */  
/* Create OpenGL context ... */  
CGGLgslversion gslVersion = cgGLDetectGLSLVersion();  
cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion(context, gslVersion);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLDetectGLSLVersion was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

gsl, cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion, cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

5.5 cgGLDisableClientState

NAME

cgGLDisableClientState - disables a vertex attribute in the OpenGL state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableClientState( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The varying parameter for which the client state will be disabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLDisableClientState disables the vertex attribute associated with the given varying parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLDisableClientState( param );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLDisableClientState was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLEnableClientState

5.6 cgGLDisableProfile

NAME

cgGLDisableProfile - disable a profile within OpenGL

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableProfile( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The enumerant for the profile to disable.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLDisableProfile disables a profile by making the necessary OpenGL calls. For most profiles, this will simply make a call to **glDisable** with the appropriate enumerator.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLDisableProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLEnableProfile

5.7 cgGLDisableProgramProfiles

NAME

cgGLDisableProgramProfiles - disable all profiles associated with a combined program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableProgramProfiles( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The combined program for which the profiles will be disabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLDisableProgramProfiles disables the profiles for all of the programs in a combined program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if the profile for any of the programs in **program** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLDisableProgramProfiles was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGLEnableProgramProfiles, cgCombinePrograms

5.8 cgGLDisableTextureParameter

NAME

cgGLDisableTextureParameter - disables the texture unit associated with a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableTextureParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter which will be disabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLDisableTextureParameter unbinds and disables the texture object associated **param**.

See *cgGLEnableTextureParameter* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLDisableTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLEnableTextureParameter, cgGLSetTextureParameter

5.9 cgGLEnableClientState

NAME

cgGLEnableClientState - enables a vertex attribute in the OpenGL state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableClientState( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The varying parameter for which the client state will be enabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLEnableClientState enables the vertex attribute associated with the given varying parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLEnableClientState(param);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLEnableClientState was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLDisableClientState

5.10 cgGLEnableProfile

NAME

cgGLEnableProfile - enable a profile within OpenGL

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableProfile( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The enumerant for the profile to enable.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLEnableProfile enables a profile by making the necessary OpenGL calls. For most profiles, this will simply make a call to **glEnable** with the appropriate enumerator.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLEnableProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLDisableProfile

5.11 cgGLEnableProgramProfiles

NAME

cgGLEnableProgramProfiles - enable all profiles associated with a combined program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableProgramProfiles( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The combined program for which the profiles will be enabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLEnableProgramProfiles enables the profiles for all of the programs in a combined program.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if the profile for any of the programs in **program** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLEnableProgramProfiles was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgGLDisableProgramProfiles, *cgCombinePrograms*

5.12 cgGLEnableTextureParameter

NAME

cgGLEnableTextureParameter - enables the texture unit associated with a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableTextureParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter which will be enabled.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLEnableTextureParameter binds and enables the texture object associated with **param**. It must be called after *cgGLSetTextureParameter* is called but before the geometry is drawn.

cgGLDisableTextureParameter should be called once all of the geometry is drawn to avoid applying the texture to the wrong geometry and shaders.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile. In particular, if **param** is not a parameter handle retrieved from a **CGprogram** but was instead retrieved from a **CGeffect** or is a shared parameter created at runtime, this error will be generated since those parameters do not have a profile associated with them.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a texture parameter or if the enable operation fails for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLEnableTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLDisableTextureParameter, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*

5.13 cgGLGetBufferObject

NAME

cgGLGetBufferObject - get OpenGL buffer object for a buffer

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLuint cgGLGetBufferObject( CGBuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer for which the associated OpenGL buffer object will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the OpenGL buffer object associated with **buffer**.

Returns **0** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetBufferObject returns the OpenGL buffer object associated with a buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
GLuint id = cgGLGetBufferObject( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgGLGetBufferObject was introduced in Cg 2.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgGLCreateBuffer

5.14 cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion

NAME

cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion - get the current GLSL version from a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGGLslversion cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the the current GLSL version will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the GLSL version for **context**.

Returns CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion gets the current GLSL version setting from **context**. See *cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion, *cgGLDetectGLSLVersion*, *cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions*, *cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions*

5.15 cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions

NAME

cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions - get the best set of compiler options for a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
char const ** cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions( CGcontext context, CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context scope for profile-specific options.

profile

The profile whose optimal arguments are requested.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated array of strings representing the optimal set of compiler options for **profile** in **context**.

Returns **NULL** if **profile** isn't supported by the current driver or GPU.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions returns the best set of compiler options for a given profile on the current driver and GPU. Note that different driver/GPU combinations might return different sets of options for the same **profile** value.

The elements of the returned array are meant to be used as part of the **args** parameter to *cgCreateProgram* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile*.

The strings returned for each value of **profile** remain valid until the next time **cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions** is called with the same values of **context** and **profile**.

The application does **not** need to destroy the returned strings.

Note: **cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions** replaces **cgGLGetOptimalOptions**.

EXAMPLES

```
char const ** ppOptions = cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions(context, vertProfile);

if (ppOptions && *ppOptions) {
    while (*ppOptions) {
        printf("%s\n", *ppOptions);
        ppOptions++;
    }
}

const char* vertOptions[] = { myCustomArgs,
                             ppOptions,
                             NULL };

CGprogram myVS = cgCreateProgramFromFile( context,
                                         CG_SOURCE,
                                         "vshader.cg",
                                         vertProfile,
                                         "VertexShader",
                                         vertOptions);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions, *cgGLGetLatestProfile*, *cgCreateProgram*, *cgCreateProgramFromFile*

5.16 cgGLGetGLSLVersion

NAME

cgGLGetGLSLVersion - get the GLSL version enumerant from a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGGLglslversion cgGLGetGLSLVersion(const char *version_string);
```

PARAMETERS

version_string

A string containing the GLSL version name.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the CGGLglslversion enumerant associated with **version_string**.

Returns **CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetGLSLVersion returns the CGGLglslversion enumerant from a string.

EXAMPLES

```
CGGLglslversion v100 = cgGLGetGLSLVersion("1");
CGGLglslversion v110 = cgGLGetGLSLVersion("1.1");
CGGLglslversion v120 = cgGLGetGLSLVersion("1.20");
CGGLglslversion vFoo = cgGLGetGLSLVersion("foo");
```

```
assert(v100==CG_GL_GLSL_100);
assert(v110==CG_GL_GLSL_110);
assert(v120==CG_GL_GLSL_120);
assert(vFoo==CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **version_string** is **NULL**.

HISTORY

cgGLGetGLSLVersion was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetGLSLVersionString, *cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion*, *cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion*

5.17 cgGLGetGLSLVersionString

NAME

cgGLGetGLSLVersionString - get the GLSL version string for a CGGLglslversion enumerant

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
const char * cgGLGetGLSLVersionString( CGGLglslversion version );
```

PARAMETERS

version

CGGLglsIversion enumerant value.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the string associated with the given GLSL version enumerant.

Returns **NULL** if **version** is not a recognized enumerant.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetGLSLVersionString returns a GLSL version string from a CGGLglsIversion enumerant value.

EXAMPLES

```
printf("GLSL Version %s\n", cgGLGetGLSLVersionString(CG_GL_GLSL_120));
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLGetGLSLVersionString was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetGLSLVersion, cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion, cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

5.18 cgGLGetLatestProfile

NAME

cgGLGetLatestProfile - get the latest profile for a profile class

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGLGetLatestProfile( CGGLenum profileClass );
```

PARAMETERS

profileClass

The class of profile that will be returned. Must be one of the following :

- * **CG_GL_VERTEX**
- * **CG_GL_GEOMETRY**
- * **CG_GL_FRAGMENT**
- * **CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL**
- * **CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION**

RETURN VALUES

Returns a profile enumerator for the latest profile of the given class.

Returns `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN` if no appropriate profile is available or an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLGetLatestProfile` returns the best available profile of a given class. The OpenGL extensions are checked to determine the best profile which is supported by the current GPU, driver, and cgGL library combination.

`profileClass` may be one of the following enumerants :

* `CG_GL_VERTEX`

The latest available vertex profile will be returned.

* `CG_GL_GEOMETRY`

The latest available geometry profile will be returned.

* `CG_GL_FRAGMENT`

The latest available fragment profile will be returned.

* `CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL`

The latest available tessellation control profile will be returned.

* `CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION`

The latest available tessellation evaluation profile will be returned.

`cgGLGetLatestProfile` can be used in conjunction with `cgCreateProgram` to ensure that more optimal profiles are used as they are made available, even though they might not have been available at compile time or with a different version of the runtime.

Starting in Cg 2.2, certain environment variables can *override* the value returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`:

If `cgGLGetLatestProfile` is called with `profileClass` being `CG_GL_VERTEX` and an environment variable named `CGGL_LATEST_VERTEX_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that `cgGetProfile` translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), the `CGprofile` value returned by `cgGetProfile` is returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`.

If `cgGLGetLatestProfile` is called with `profileClass` being `CG_GL_GEOMETRY` and an environment variable named `CGGL_LATEST_GEOMETRY_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that `cgGetProfile` translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), the `CGprofile` value returned by `cgGetProfile` is returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`.

If `cgGLGetLatestProfile` is called with `profileClass` being `CG_GL_FRAGMENT` and an environment variable named `CGGL_LATEST_FRAGMENT_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that `cgGetProfile` translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), the `CGprofile` value returned by `cgGetProfile` is returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`.

If `cgGLGetLatestProfile` is called with `profileClass` being `CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL` and an environment variable named `CGGL_LATEST_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that `cgGetProfile` translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), the `CGprofile` value returned by `cgGetProfile` is returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`.

If `cgGLGetLatestProfile` is called with `profileClass` being `CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION` and an environment variable named `CGGL_LATEST_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that `cgGetProfile` translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), the `CGprofile` value returned by `cgGetProfile` is returned by `cgGLGetLatestProfile`.

EXAMPLES

```

/* Output information about available profiles */
printf("vertex profile:  %s\n",
       cgGetProfileString(cgGLGetLatestProfile(CG_GL_VERTEX)));
printf("geometry profile: %s\n",
       cgGetProfileString(cgGLGetLatestProfile(CG_GL_GEOMETRY)));
printf("fragment profile: %s\n",
       cgGetProfileString(cgGLGetLatestProfile(CG_GL_FRAGMENT)));
printf("tessellation control profile: %s\n",
       cgGetProfileString(cgGLGetLatestProfile(CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL)));
printf("tessellation evaluation profile: %s\n",
       cgGetProfileString(cgGLGetLatestProfile(CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION)));

```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **profileClass** is not **CG_GL_VERTEX**, **CG_GL_GEOMETRY**, **CG_GL_FRAGMENT**, **CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL**, or **CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION**.

HISTORY

cgGLGetLatestProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

CG_GL_GEOMETRY support was introduced in Cg 2.0.

CG_GL_TESSELLATION_CONTROL and **CG_GL_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION** support was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetOptimalOptions, *cgCreateProgram*

5.19 cgGLGetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgGLGetManageTextureParameters - gets the manage texture parameters flag from a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLGetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the automatic texture management setting will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the manage textures setting for **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetManageTextureParameters gets the current manage textures setting from **context**. See *cgGLSetManageTextureParameters* for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLGetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetManageTextureParameters, cgGLBindProgram, cgGLUnbindProgram

5.20 cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc - get the values from a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc( CGparameter param,  
                                     long offset,  
                                     long nelements,  
                                     double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array into which to retrieve the values. The size of **v** must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc retrieves an array of values from a matrix array parameter using column-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.21 cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr - get the values from a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr( CGparameter param,  
                                     long offset,  
                                     long nelements,  
                                     double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array into which to retrieve the values. The size of **v** must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr retrieves an array of values from a matrix array parameter using row-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.22 cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc - get the values from a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc( CGparameter param,
                                     long offset,
                                     long nelements,
                                     float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array into which to retrieve the values. The size of **v** must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc retrieves an array of values from a matrix array parameter using column-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.23 cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr - get the values from a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr( CGparameter param,
                                     long offset,
                                     long nelements,
                                     float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array into which to retrieve the values. The size of **v** must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr retrieves an array of values from a matrix array parameter using row-major ordering.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.24 cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray - get the values from an matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray(fd){rc}( CGparameter param,
                                           long offset,
                                           long nelements,
                                           TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array into which to retrieve the values. The size of the array must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray** functions retrieve an array of values from a matrix array parameter.

There are versions of the function that return either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of the function that assume the array of values is laid out in either row or column order signified by **r** or **c** respectively in the function name.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if the **offset** or the **nelements** parameter is out of the array bounds.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

The **cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.25 cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc( CGparameter param,  
                               double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

matrix

An array of **double**s into which the matrix values will be retrieved. The size must be the number of rows times the number of columns of **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc retrieves the values from a matrix parameter using column-major ordering.

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.26 cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr( CGparameter param,  
                               double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

matrix

An array of **doubles** into which the matrix values will be retrieved. The size must be the number of rows times the number of columns of **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr retrieves the values from a matrix parameter using row-major ordering.

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.27 cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc( CGparameter param,  
                               float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

matrix

An array of **floats** into which the matrix values will be retrieved. The size must be the number of rows times the number of columns of **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc retrieves the values from a matrix parameter using column-major ordering.

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.28 cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr( CGparameter param,  
                               float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

matrix

An array of **floats** into which the matrix values will be retrieved. The size must be the number of rows times the number of columns of **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr retrieves the values from a matrix parameter using row-major ordering.

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.29 cgGLGetMatrixParameter

NAME

cgGLGetMatrixParameter - get the values from a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```

#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLGetMatrixParameter{fd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                     TYPE * matrix );

```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

matrix

An array into which the values will be retrieved. The size must be the number of rows times the number of columns of **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLGetMatrixParameter** functions retrieve the values from a matrix parameter.

There are versions of the function that return either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of the function that assume the array of values is laid out in either row or column order signified by **r** or **c** respectively in the function name.

The **cgGLGetMatrixParameter** functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

The **cgGLGetMatrixParameter** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.30 cgGLGetOptimalOptions

NAME

cgGLGetOptimalOptions - deprecated, use **cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions**

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
char const ** cgGLGetOptimalOptions( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile whose optimal arguments are requested.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated array of strings representing the optimal set of compiler options for **profile**.

Returns **NULL** if **profile** isn't supported by the current driver or GPU.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetOptimalOptions returns the best set of compiler options for a given profile on the current driver and GPU. Note that different driver/GPU combinations might return different sets of options for the same **profile** value.

The elements of the returned array are meant to be used as part of the **args** parameter to *cgCreateProgram* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile*.

The strings returned for each value of **profile** remain valid until the next time **cgGLGetOptimalOptions** is called with this **profile** value.

The application does **not** need to destroy the returned strings.

EXAMPLES

```
char const ** ppOptions = cgGLGetOptimalOptions(vertProfile);

if (ppOptions && *ppOptions) {
    while (*ppOptions) {
        printf("%s\n", *ppOptions);
        ppOptions++;
    }
}

const char* vertOptions[] = { myCustomArgs,
                             ppOptions,
                             NULL };

CGprogram myVS = cgCreateProgramFromFile( context,
                                         CG_SOURCE,
                                         "vshader.cg",
                                         vertProfile,
                                         "VertexShader",
                                         vertOptions);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLGetOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 2.2.

cgGLGetOptimalOptions was deprecated in Cg 3.1, use **cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions**.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions

5.31 cgGLGetParameter1d

NAME

cgGLGetParameter1d - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameter1d( CGparameter param,
                        double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter1d extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter1d may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter1d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.32 cgGLGetParameter1f

NAME

cgGLGetParameter1f - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameter1f( CGparameter param,
                        float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

- param**
The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.
- v**
Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter1f extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions. **cgGLGetParameter1f** may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile. **CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter1f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.33 cgGLGetParameter2d

NAME

cgGLGetParameter2d - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameter2d( CGparameter param,
                        double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

`v`

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLGetParameter2d` extracts parameter values set by the `cgGLSetParameter` functions.

`cgGLGetParameter2d` may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR` is generated if `param`'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGLGetParameter2d` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

`cgGLSetParameter`, `cgGLGetParameterArray`

5.34 cgGLGetParameter2f

NAME

`cgGLGetParameter2f` - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameter2f( CGparameter param,  
                        float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

`v`

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter2f extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter2f may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter2f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.35 cgGLGetParameter3d

NAME

cgGLGetParameter3d - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameter3d( CGparameter param,
                        double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter3d extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter3d may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter3d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.36 cgGLGetParameter3f

NAME

cgGLGetParameter3f - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameter3f( CGparameter param,  
                        float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter3f extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter3f may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter3f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.37 cgGLGetParameter4d**NAME**

cgGLGetParameter4d - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameter4d( CGparameter param,  
                        double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter4d extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter4d may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter4d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.38 cgGLGetParameter4f

NAME

cgGLGetParameter4f - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameter4f( CGparameter param,
                        float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameter4f extracts parameter values set by the *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

cgGLGetParameter4f may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameter4f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.39 cgGLGetParameterArray1d

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray1d - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameterArray1d( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray1d retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 1 value per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray1d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.40 cgGLGetParameterArray1f

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray1f - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLGetParameterArray1f( CGparameter param,  
                             long offset,  
                             long nelements,  
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray1f retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 1 value per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray1f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.41 cgGLGetParameterArray2d**NAME**

cgGLGetParameterArray2d - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameterArray2d( CGparameter param,
                               long offset,
                               long nelements,
                               const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of v must be **2 * nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray2d retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 2 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

`cgGLGetParameterArray2d` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameter*, *cgGLSetParameterArray*

5.42 cgGLGetParameterArray2f

NAME

`cgGLGetParameterArray2f` - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameterArray2f( CGparameter param,  
                             long offset,  
                             long nelements,  
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **2 * nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLGetParameterArray2f` retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 2 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray2f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameter*, *cgGLSetParameterArray*

5.43 cgGLGetParameterArray3d

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray3d - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameterArray3d( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **3 * nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray3d retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 3 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray3d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameter*, *cgGLSetParameterArray*

5.44 cgGLGetParameterArray3f

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray3f - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLGetParameterArray3f( CGparameter param,
                             long offset,
                             long nelements,
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **3 * nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray3f retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 3 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray3f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.45 cgGLGetParameterArray4d

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray4d - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameterArray4d( CGparameter param,
                             long offset,
                             long nelements,
                             const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **4 * nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray4d retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 4 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray4d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.46 cgGLGetParameterArray4f

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray4f - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLGetParameterArray4f( CGparameter param,  
                             long offset,  
                             long nelements,  
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of v must be 4 * **nelements**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetParameterArray4f retrieves the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

The function retrieves 4 values per array element.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

cgGLGetParameterArray4f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameter*, *cgGLSetParameterArray*

5.47 cgGLGetParameterArray

NAME

cgGLGetParameterArray - get the values from an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLGetParameterArray{1234}{fd}( CGparameter param,
                                       long offset,
                                       long nelements,
                                       const TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start getting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written. The size of **v** must be **nelements** times the vector size indicated by the number in the function name.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLGetParameterArray** functions retrieve the values from a scalar or vector array parameter.

There are versions of each function that return either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

Either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values per array element is returned depending on which function is used.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

The **cgGLGetParameterArray** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray

5.48 cgGLGetParameter

NAME

cgGLGetParameter - get the values from a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLGetParameter{1234}{fd}( CGparameter param,
                                TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter from which the values will be retrieved.

v

Destination buffer into which the values will be written.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLGetParameter** functions extract the values set by *cgGLSetParameter* functions.

There are versions of the function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

Each function returns either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values.

These functions may only be called with uniform numeric parameters.

Note: Previous releases of Cg allowed you to store more values in a parameter than indicated by the parameter's type. For example, one could use *cgGLSetParameter4f* to store four values into a parameter of type **CG_FLOAT** (not **CG_FLOAT4**). All four values could later be retrieved using a get call which requested more than one value. However, this feature conflicts with the GLSL approach and also leads to issues with parameters mapped into BUFFERS. Therefore, beginning with Cg 2.0 any components beyond the number indicated by the parameter type are ignored.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

HISTORY

The **cgGLGetParameter** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.49 cgGLGetProgramID

NAME

cgGLGetProgramID - get the OpenGL program ID associated with a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLuint cgGLGetProgramID( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

`program`

The program for which the OpenGL program ID will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **GLuint** associated with the GL program object for profiles that use program object.

Returns **0** for profiles that do not have OpenGL programs (e.g. fp20).

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetProgramID returns the identifier to the OpenGL program object associated with **program**. **cgGLGetProgramID** should not be called before *cgGLLoadProgram* is called.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **program**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGLGetProgramID was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGLLoadProgram, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.50 cgGLGetTextureEnum

NAME

cgGLGetTextureEnum - get the OpenGL enumerant for the texture unit associated with a parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLenum cgGLGetTextureEnum( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The texture parameter for which the OpenGL texture unit enumerant will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **GLenum** of the form **GL_TEXTURE#_ARB**.

Returns **GL_INVALID_OPERATION** if an error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetTextureEnum returns the OpenGL enumerant for the texture unit assigned to **param**. The enumerant has the form **GL_TEXTURE#_ARB** where **#** is the texture unit number.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a texture parameter or if the operation fails for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLGetTextureEnum was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetTextureParameter

5.51 cgGLGetTextureParameter

NAME

cgGLGetTextureParameter - get the OpenGL object from a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLuint cgGLGetTextureParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter for which the OpenGL texture object will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the OpenGL object to which the texture was set.

Returns **0** if the parameter has not been set.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLGetTextureParameter gets the OpenGL object from a texture parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLGetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetTextureParameter, cgGLGetParameter

5.52 cgGLIsProfileSupported

NAME

cgGLIsProfileSupported - determine if a profile is supported by cgGL

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLIsProfileSupported( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile which will be checked for support.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** is supported by the cgGL library.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLIsProfileSupported returns **CG_TRUE** if the profile indicated by **profile** is supported by the cgGL library. A profile may not be supported if required OpenGL extensions are not available.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLIsProfileSupported was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLEnableProfile, cgGLDisableProfile

5.53 cgGLIsProgramLoaded

NAME

cgGLIsProgramLoaded - determine if a program is loaded

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLIsProgramLoaded( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program which will be checked.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been loaded.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLIsProgramLoaded returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been loaded with *cgGLLoadProgram* and **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGLIsProgramLoaded was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGLLoadProgram cgGLBindProgram

5.54 cgGLLoadProgram

NAME

cgGLLoadProgram - prepares a program for binding

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLLoadProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program which will be loaded.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLLoadProgram prepares a program for binding. All programs must be loaded before they can be bound to the current state. See *cgGLBindProgram* for more information about binding programs.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **program**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

CG_PROGRAM_LOAD_ERROR is generated if the program fails to load for any reason.

HISTORY

cgGLLoadProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLIsProgramLoaded, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.55 cgGLRegisterStates

NAME

cgGLRegisterStates - registers graphics pass states for CgFX files

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLRegisterStates( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to register the states.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLRegisterStates registers a set of states for the passes in a CgFX effect file. These states correspond to the set of OpenGL state that is relevant and/or useful to be setting in passes in effect files. See the Cg User's Guide for complete documentation of the *states* that are made available after calling **cgGLRegisterStates**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
HGLRC glcontext = wglCreateContext(hdc);
wglMakeCurrent(hdc, glcontext);
cgGLRegisterStates(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgGLRegisterStates was introduced in Cg 1.4.

Starting with Cg 2.2, **cgGLRegisterStates** calls *cgSetStateLatestProfile* for program states it creates and registers the latest profile returned by *cgGLGetLatestProfile* for the appropriate program domain.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, *cgSetStateLatestProfile*, *cgSetPassState*, *cgResetPassState*, *cgCallStateValidateCallback*, *cgD3D9RegisterStates*

5.56 cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion

NAME

cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion - set the current GLSL version for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion( CGcontext context,
                                CGGLglslversion version );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which the GLSL version will be changed.

version

The GLSL version to be used by the runtime for **context**. See the *gsl* documentation for further details.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion sets the current GLSL version for a context. This version will be sent as a profile option when compiling programs or effects for GLSL profiles.

If an environment variable named `CGGL_GLSL_VERSION` is set in the application's environment to a string that translates to a valid, supported GLSL version then **cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion** is effectively a noop as the GLSL version specified by `CGGL_GLSL_VERSION` is always used instead of **version** and will always be returned by *cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion*. Valid values for `CGGL_GLSL_VERSION` are "100", "110", "120", "1.00", "1.10", and "1.20". If `CGGL_GLSL_VERSION` is set to any other value it is ignored.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if **version** is not **CG_GL_GLSL_DEFAULT**, **CG_GL_GLSL_100**, **CG_GL_GLSL_110** or **CG_GL_GLSL_120**.

HISTORY

cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion, *cgGLDetectGLSLVersion*, *cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions*, *cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions*

5.57 cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions

NAME

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions - set the implicit compiler optimization options for a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions( CGcontext context, CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context for which the optimal options will be set.

profile

The profile for which the optimal options will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions sets implicit compiler arguments that are appended to the argument list passed to *cgCreateProgram*. The arguments are chosen based on the the available compiler arguments, GPU, and driver.

The arguments will be appended to the argument list every time *cgCreateProgram* is called until the **CGcontext** is destroyed.

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions needs to be called for each **CGcontext**.

Note: **cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions** replaces **cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions, cgCreateProgram

5.58 cgGLSetDebugMode

NAME

cgGLSetDebugMode - control whether the cgGL runtime calls **glGetError**

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetDebugMode( CGbool debug );
```

PARAMETERS

debug

Flag indicating whether the library should use OpenGL error checking.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The OpenGL Cg runtime calls **glGetError** at various points to verify that no errors have occurred. While this is helpful during development, the resulting performance penalty may be deemed too severe. **cgGLSetDebugMode** allows the application to turn off the OpenGL error checking if so desired.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLSetDebugMode( CG_TRUE ); // Enables debug mode
cgGLSetDebugMode( CG_FALSE ); // Disables debug mode
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLSetDebugMode was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgSetErrorHandler, cgGetError

5.59 cgGLSetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgGLSetManageTextureParameters - set the manage texture parameters flag for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context,  
                                     CGbool flag );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which the automatic texture management behavior will be changed.

flag

A boolean switch which controls automatic texture management by the runtime.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

By default, cgGL does not manage any texture state in OpenGL. It is up to the user to enable and disable textures using *cgGLEnableTextureParameter* and *cgGLDisableTextureParameter* respectively. This behavior is the default in order to avoid conflicts with texture state on geometry that's rendered with the fixed function pipeline or without cgGL.

If automatic texture management is desired, **cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** may be called with **flag** set to **CG_TRUE** before *cgGLBindProgram* is called. Whenever *cgGLBindProgram* is called, the cgGL runtime will make all the appropriate texture parameter calls on the application's behalf.

cgGLUnbindProgram may be used to reset the texture state

Calling **cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** with **flag** set to **CG_FALSE** will disable automatic texture management.

NOTE: When **cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** is set to **CG_TRUE**, applications should not make texture state change calls to OpenGL (such as **glBindTexture**, **glActiveTexture**, etc.) after calling *cgGLBindProgram*, unless the application is trying to override some parts of cgGL's texture management.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgGLSetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetManageTextureParameters, *cgGLBindProgram*, *cgGLUnbindProgram*

5.60 cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc ( CGparameter param,
                                     long offset,
                                     long nelements,
                                     const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values to which to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values with size **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc sets the value of a matrix array parameter from an array of **doubles** laid out in column-major order.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, *cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray*

5.61 cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr

NAME

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr` - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr( CGparameter param,  
                                     long offset,  
                                     long nelements,  
                                     const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values to which to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values with size **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr` sets the value of a matrix array parameter from an array of **doubles** laid out in row-major order.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, *cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray*

5.62 cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc( CGparameter param,
                                     long offset,
                                     long nelements,
                                     const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values to which to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values with size **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc` sets the value of a matrix array parameter from an array of **floats** laid out in column-major order.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, *cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray*

5.63 cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr

NAME

`cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr` - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr( CGparameter param,
                                     long offset,
                                     long nelements,
                                     const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values to which to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values with size **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr sets the value of a matrix array parameter from an array of **floats** laid out in row-major order.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray

5.64 cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray - set the value of an array matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray{fd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                           long offset,
                                           long nelements,
                                           const TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values to which to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values with size **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray** functions set the value of a scalar or vector array parameter.

There are versions of the function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of the function that assume the array of values are laid out in either row or column order signified by **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if the elements of **param** are not matrix parameters.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

The **cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray

5.65 cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc( CGparameter param,  
                               const double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc sets the value of a matrix parameter from an array of **doubles** laid out in column-major order.

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.66 cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr( CGparameter param,  
                               const double * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr sets the value of a matrix parameter from an array of **doubles** laid out in row-major order.

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.67 cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc( CGparameter param,
                               const float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc sets the value of a matrix parameter from an array of **floats** laid out in column-major order.

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.68 cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr - set the values of a matrix array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr( CGparameter param,  
                               const float * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr sets the value of a matrix parameter from an array of **floats** laid out in row-major order.

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.69 cgGLSetMatrixParameter

NAME

cgGLSetMatrixParameter - set the value of a matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLSetMatrixParameter{fd}{rc}( CGparameter param,
                                     const TYPE * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An array of values used to set the matrix parameter. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLSetMatrixParameter** functions set the value of a matrix parameter.

There are versions of the function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of the function that assume the array of values are laid out in either row or column order signified by **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

The **cgGLSetMatrixParameter** functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_POINTER_ERROR is generated if **matrix** is **NULL**.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the operation fails for any other reason.

HISTORY

The **cgGLSetMatrixParameter** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetParameter

5.70 cgGLSetOptimalOptions

NAME

cgGLSetOptimalOptions - deprecated, use **cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions**

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetOptimalOptions( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile for which the optimal options will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetOptimalOptions sets implicit compiler arguments that are appended to the argument list passed to *cgCreateProgram*. The arguments are chosen based on the the available compiler arguments, GPU, and driver.

The arguments will be appended to the argument list every time *cgCreateProgram* is called until the last **CGcontext** is destroyed, after which this function should be called again.

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLSetOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 1.1.

cgGLSetOptimalOptions was deprecated in Cg 3.1, use **cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions**.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions

5.71 cgGLSetParameter1d

NAME

cgGLSetParameter1d - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter1d( CGparameter param,  
                        double x );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x`

The value to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter1d sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

cgGLSetParameter1d may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double x = 1.0;
```

```
cgGLSetParameter1d(param, x);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter1d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.72 cgGLSetParameter1dv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter1dv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter1dv( CGparameter param,  
                          const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter1dv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

cgGLSetParameter1dv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double x = 1.0;
```

```
cgGLSetParameter1dv(param, &x);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter1dv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.73 cgGLSetParameter1f

NAME

cgGLSetParameter1f - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter1f( CGparameter param,  
                        float x );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x`

The value to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter1f sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

cgGLSetParameter1f may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float x = 1.0f;
```

```
cgGLSetParameter1f(param, x);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter1f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.74 cgGLSetParameter1fv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter1fv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter1fv( CGparameter param,  
                          const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter1fv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

cgGLSetParameter1fv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float x = 1.0f;
```

```
cgGLSetParameter1fv(param, &x);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter1fv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.75 cgGLSetParameter2d

NAME

cgGLSetParameter2d - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter2d( CGparameter param,  
                        double x,  
                        double y );
```


PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter2d sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter2d may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLSetParameter2d(param, 1.0, 2.0);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter2d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.76 cgGLSetParameter2dv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter2dv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter2dv( CGparameter param,
                          const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLSetParameter2dv` sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

`cgGLSetParameter2dv` may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double v[] = {1.0, 2.0};  
  
cgGLSetParameter2dv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR` is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgGLSetParameter2dv` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.77 cgGLSetParameter2f

NAME

`cgGLSetParameter2f` - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLSetParameter2f( CGparameter param,  
                        float x,  
                        float y );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter2f sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter2f may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLSetParameter2f(param, 1.0f, 2.0f);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter2f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetTextureParameter, cgGLBindProgram

5.78 cgGLSetParameter2fv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter2fv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameter2fv( CGparameter param,
                          const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLSetParameter2fv` sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

`cgGLSetParameter2fv` may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float v[] = {1.0f, 2.0f};  
cgGLSetParameter2fv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR` is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

`CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

`CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR` is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgGLSetParameter2fv` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.79 cgGLSetParameter3d

NAME

`cgGLSetParameter3d` - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLSetParameter3d( CGparameter param,  
                        double x,  
                        double y,  
                        double z );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter3d sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter3d may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double x, y, z;

// assign appropriate values to x, y, & z, then...

cgGLSetParameter3d(param, x, y, z);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter3d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.80 cgGLSetParameter3dv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter3dv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameter3dv( CGparameter param,
                          const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter3dv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter3dv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double v[] = {1.0, 2.0, 3.0};  
cgGLSetParameter3dv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter3dv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.81 cgGLSetParameter3f

NAME

cgGLSetParameter3f - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLSetParameter3f( CGparameter param,  
                        float x,  
                        float y,  
                        float z );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter3f sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter3f may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float x, y, z;

// assign appropriate values to x, y, & z, then...

cgGLSetParameter3f(param, x, y, z);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter3f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.82 cgGLSetParameter3fv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter3fv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameter3fv( CGparameter param,
                          const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`v`

Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter3fv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter3fv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float v[] = {1.0f, 2.0f, 3.0f};  
cgGLSetParameter3fv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter3fv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.83 cgGLSetParameter4d

NAME

cgGLSetParameter4d - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLSetParameter4d( CGparameter param,  
                        double x,  
                        double y,
```



```
double z,
double w );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z, w`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter4d sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter4d may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double x, y, z, w;

// assign appropriate values to x, y, & z, then...

cgGLSetParameter4d(param, x, y, z, w);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter4d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.84 cgGLSetParameter4dv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter4dv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameter4dv( CGparameter param,
                          const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param
The parameter that will be set.

v
Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter4dv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter4dv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
double v[] = {1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0};

cgGLSetParameter4dv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter4dv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.85 cgGLSetParameter4f

NAME

cgGLSetParameter4f - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameter4f( CGparameter param,
                        float x,
                        float y,
                        float z,
                        float w );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter that will be set.

`x, y, z, w`

The values to which **param** will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter4f sets the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter4f may be called with uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float x, y, z, w;

// assign appropriate values to x, y, & z, then...

cgGLSetParameter4f(param, x, y, z, w);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter4f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.86 cgGLSetParameter4fv

NAME

cgGLSetParameter4fv - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameter4fv( CGparameter param,
                          const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param
The parameter that will be set.

v
Array of values used to set **param**.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameter4fv sets the values of a scalar or vector parameter from the given array of values.

If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

cgGLSetParameter4fv may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions only work with uniform parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
float v[] = {1.0f, 2.0f, 3.0f, 4.0f};

cgGLSetParameter4fv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameter4fv was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, *cgGLSetParameterArray*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameter*, *cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray*, *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.87 cgGLSetParameterArray1d

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray1d - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterArray1d( CGparameter param,
                               long offset,
                               long nelements,
                               const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray1d sets 1 value per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray1d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.88 cgGLSetParameterArray1f

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray1f - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterArray1f( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray1f sets 1 value per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgGLSetParameterArray1f` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.89 cgGLSetParameterArray2d

NAME

`cgGLSetParameterArray2d` - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterArray2d( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The array parameter that will be set.

`offset`

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

`nelements`

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

`v`

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **2 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

`cgGLSetParameterArray2d` sets 2 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

`CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR` is generated if `param`'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

`CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR` is generated if `param` is not an array parameter.

`CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR` is generated if `offset` or `nelements` is outside the bounds of `param`.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray2d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.90 cgGLSetParameterArray2f

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray2f - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameterArray2f( CGparameter param,  
                             long offset,  
                             long nelements,  
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **2 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray2f sets 2 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray2f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.91 cgGLSetParameterArray3d

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray3d - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterArray3d( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **3 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray3d sets 3 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray3d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.92 cgGLSetParameterArray3f

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray3f - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterArray3f( CGparameter param,
                              long offset,
                              long nelements,
                              const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **3 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray3f sets 3 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray3f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.93 cgGLSetParameterArray4d

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray4d - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameterArray4d( CGparameter param,  
                               long offset,  
                               long nelements,  
                               const double * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **4 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray4d sets 4 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray4d was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.94 cgGLSetParameterArray4f

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray4f - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetParameterArray4f( CGparameter param,  
                             long offset,  
                             long nelements,  
                             const float * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of **4 * nelements** values.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterArray4f sets 4 values per element of a scalar or vector array parameter.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterArray4f was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, *cgGLGetParameterArray*

5.95 cgGLSetParameterArray

NAME

cgGLSetParameterArray - set the values of an array parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLSetParameterArray{1234}{fd}( CGparameter param,
                                       long offset,
                                       long nelements,
                                       const TYPE * v );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The array parameter that will be set.

offset

An offset into the array parameter at which to start setting elements. A value of **0** will begin at the first element of the array.

nelements

The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the total number of elements in the array minus the value of **offset**.

v

The array of values used to set the parameter. This must be a contiguous set of values that total **nelements** times the vector size indicated by the number in the function name.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLSetParameterArray** functions set the value of a scalar or vector array parameter.

Either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values per array element will be set, depending on which function is used.

There are versions of the function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_ARRAY_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

CG_OUT_OF_ARRAY_BOUNDS_ERROR is generated if **offset** or **nelements** is outside the bounds of **param**.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

The **cgGLSetParameterArray** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter, cgGLGetParameterArray

5.96 cgGLSetParameter

NAME

cgGLSetParameter - set the values of a scalar or vector parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* TYPE is float or double */

void cgGLSetParameter1(fd)( CGparameter param,
```

```

        TYPE x );

void cgGLSetParameter2{fd}( CGparameter param,
        TYPE x,
        TYPE y );

void cgGLSetParameter3{fd}( CGparameter param,
        TYPE x,
        TYPE y,
        TYPE z );

void cgGLSetParameter4{fd}( CGparameter param,
        TYPE x,
        TYPE y,
        TYPE z,
        TYPE w );

void cgGLSetParameter{1234}{fd}v( CGparameter param,
        const TYPE * v );

```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

x, y, z, and w

The values used to set the parameter.

v

An array of values used to set the parameter for the array versions of the set functions.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

The **cgGLSetParameter** functions set the value of a scalar or vector parameter.

The function takes either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values depending on which version is used. If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by **f** or **d** in the function name.

The functions with **v** at the end of their names take an array of values instead of explicit parameters.

The **cgGLSetParameter** functions may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, the *cgGLGetParameter* functions will only work with uniform parameters.

Note: Previous releases of Cg allowed you to store more values in a parameter than indicated by the parameter's type. For example, one could use *cgGLSetParameter4f* to store four values into a parameter of type **CG_FLOAT** (not **CG_FLOAT4**). All four values could later be retrieved using a get call which requested more than one value. However, this feature conflicts with the GLSL approach and also leads to issues with parameters mapped into BUFFERS. Therefore, beginning with Cg 2.0 any components beyond the number indicated by the parameter type are ignored.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLSetParameter1f(param, x);
cgGLSetParameter1d(param, x);

cgGLSetParameter2f(param, x, y);
cgGLSetParameter2d(param, x, y);

cgGLSetParameter3f(param, x, y, z);
cgGLSetParameter3d(param, x, y, z);

cgGLSetParameter4f(param, x, y, z, w);
cgGLSetParameter4d(param, x, y, z, w);

cgGLSetParameter1fv(param, &v);
cgGLSetParameter1dv(param, &v);

cgGLSetParameter2fv(param, &v);
cgGLSetParameter2dv(param, &v);

cgGLSetParameter3fv(param, &v);
cgGLSetParameter3dv(param, &v);

cgGLSetParameter4fv(param, &v);
cgGLSetParameter4dv(param, &v);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

The **cgGLSetParameter** functions were introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetParameter, cgGLSetParameterArray, cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray, cgGLSetTextureParameter, cgGLBindProgram

5.97 cgGLSetParameterPointer

NAME

cgGLSetParameterPointer - sets a varying parameter with an attribute array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterPointer( CGparameter param,
                             GLint fsize,
                             GLenum type,
                             GLsizei stride,
                             const GLvoid * pointer );
```


PARAMETERS

param

The parameter that will be set.

fsize

The number of coordinates per vertex.

type

The data type of each coordinate. Possible values are **GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE**, **GL_SHORT**, **GL_INT**, **GL_FLOAT**, and **GL_DOUBLE**.

stride

The byte offset between consecutive vertices. When **stride** is **0** the array is assumed to be tightly packed.

pointer

The pointer to the first coordinate in the vertex array.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetParameterPointer sets a varying parameter to a given vertex array in the typical OpenGL style. See the OpenGL documentation on the various vertex array functions (e.g. **glVertexPointer**, **glNormalPointer**, etc...) for more information.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_UNSUPPORTED_GL_EXTENSION_ERROR is generated if **param** required an OpenGL extension that is not available.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetParameterPointer was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetParameter

5.98 cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter

NAME

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter - set the values of a matrix parameter to a matrix in the OpenGL state

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                  CGGLenum matrix,  
                                  CGGLenum transform );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The matrix parameter that will be set.

matrix

An enumerant indicating which matrix should be retrieved from the OpenGL state. Must be one of the following :

- * **CG_GL_MODELVIEW_MATRIX**
- * **CG_GL_PROJECTION_MATRIX**
- * **CG_GL_TEXTURE_MATRIX**
- * **CG_GL_MODELVIEW_PROJECTION_MATRIX**

transform

An enumerant indicating an optional transformation that may be applied to the matrix before it is set. Must be one of the following :

- * **CG_GL_MATRIX_IDENTITY**
- * **CG_GL_MATRIX_TRANSPOSE**
- * **CG_GL_MATRIX_INVERSE**
- * **CG_GL_MATRIX_INVERSE_TRANSPOSE**

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter sets a matrix parameter to the values retrieved from an OpenGL state matrix. The state matrix to retrieve is indicated by **matrix**, which may be one of the following :

- * **CG_GL_MODELVIEW_MATRIX**
Get the current modelview matrix.
- * **CG_GL_PROJECTION_MATRIX**
Get the current projection matrix.
- * **CG_GL_TEXTURE_MATRIX**
Get the current texture matrix.
- * **CG_GL_MODELVIEW_PROJECTION_MATRIX**
Get the concatenated modelview and projection matrices.

The **transform** parameter specifies an optional transformation which will be applied to the retrieved matrix before setting the values in the parameter. **transform** must be one of the following :

*** CG_GL_MATRIX_IDENTITY**

Don't apply any transform, leaving the matrix as is.

*** CG_GL_MATRIX_TRANSPOSE**

Transpose the matrix.

*** CG_GL_MATRIX_INVERSE**

Invert the matrix.

*** CG_GL_MATRIX_INVERSE_TRANSPOSE**

Transpose and invert the matrix.

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter may only be called with a uniform matrix parameter. If the size of the matrix is less than 4x4, the upper left corner of the matrix that fits into the given matrix parameter will be returned.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_NOT_MATRIX_PARAM_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

CG_INVALID_ENUMERANT_ERROR is generated if either **matrix** or **transform** is not one of the allowed enumerant values.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetMatrixParameter, cgGLGetMatrixParameter

5.99 cgGLSetTextureParameter

NAME

cgGLSetTextureParameter - sets the value of a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetTextureParameter( CGparameter param,  
                               GLuint texobj );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter that will be set.

texobj

An OpenGL texture object name to which the parameter will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetTextureParameter sets the value of a texture parameter to an OpenGL texture object.

Note that in order to use the texture, either *cgGLEnableTextureParameter* must be called after **cgGLSetTextureParameter** and before the geometry is drawn, or *cgGLSetManageTextureParameters* must be called with a value of **CG_TRUE**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLGetTextureParameter, cgGLSetParameter

5.100 cgGLSetupSampler

NAME

cgGLSetupSampler - initializes a sampler's state and texture object handle

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetupSampler( CGparameter param,  
                       GLuint texobj );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter that will be set.

texobj

An OpenGL texture object name to which the parameter will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLSetupSampler initializes a sampler; like *cgGLSetTextureParameter*, it informs the OpenGL Cg runtime which OpenGL texture object to associate with the sampler. Furthermore, if the sampler was defined in the source file with a **sampler_state** block that specifies sampler state, this sampler state is initialized for the given texture object.

Note that in order to use the texture, either *cgGLEnableTextureParameter* must be called after *cgGLSetTextureParameter* and before the geometry is drawn, or *cgGLSetManageTextureParameters* must be called with a value of **CG_TRUE**.

EXAMPLES

to-be-written

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgGLSetupSampler was introduced in Cg 1.4.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetTextureParameter, cgGLGetTextureParameter, cgGLSetManageTextureParameters

5.101 cgGLUnbindProgram

NAME

cgGLUnbindProgram - unbinds the program bound in a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLUnbindProgram( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile from which to unbind any bound program.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLUnbindProgram unbinds the program which is bound in the profile specified by **profile**. It also resets the texture state back to the state it was in at the point *cgGLBindProgram* was first called with a program in the given profile.

EXAMPLES

```
cgGLUnbindProgram(CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1);  
cgGLUnbindProgram(CG_PROFILE_ARBFP1);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROFILE_ERROR is generated if **profile** is not a supported OpenGL profile.

HISTORY

cgGLUnbindProgram was introduced in Cg 1.2.

SEE ALSO

cgGLSetManageTextureParameters, *cgGLBindProgram*

5.102 cgGLUnloadProgram

NAME

cgGLUnloadProgram - destroy the OpenGL shader object associated with a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>  
  
void cgGLUnloadProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program for which to destroy the shader object. The **CGprogram** handle is still valid after this call.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgGLUnloadProgram destroys the OpenGL shader object for a program.

This call does not destroy the **CGprogram** itself, only the associated GL shader object. Use *cgDestroyProgram* to free the **CGprogram** itself. Also note that freeing a **CGprogram** using the core runtime implicitly calls this routine to avoid resource leaks.

EXAMPLES

```
// prog is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
cgGLUnloadProgram(prog);

CGbool loaded = cgGLIsProgramLoaded(prog); // loaded == CG_FALSE
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **program** is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgGLUnloadProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGLLoadProgram, cgGLIsProgramLoaded, cgDestroyProgram

CGD3D9 API

6.1 cgD3D9BindProgram

NAME

cgD3D9BindProgram - activate a program with D3D

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

HRESULT cgD3D9BindProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to activate with D3D.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9BindProgram activates a program with D3D. The program is activated using **IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShader** or **IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShader** depending on the program's profile type.

D3D allows only one vertex shader and one pixel shader to be active at any given time, so activating a program of a given type implicitly deactivates any other program of a that type.

If parameter shadowing is enabled for **program**, this call will set the D3D state for all shadowed parameters associated with **program**. If a parameter associated with **program** has not been shadowed when this function is called, the D3D state associated with that parameter is not modified.

If parameter shadowing is disabled, only the D3D shader is activated, and no other D3D state is modified.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg and pixelProg are CGprograms initialized elsewhere
// pDev is an IDirect3DDevice9 interface intialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hr = cgD3D9BindProgram(vertexProg);
```

```
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D9BindProgram(pixelProg);  
// Draw a quad using the vertex and pixel shader  
// A vertex and index buffer are set up elsewhere.  
HRESULT hr3 = pDev->DrawIndexedPrimitive(D3DPT_TRIANGLELIST, 0, 4, 0, 2);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D9BindProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9LoadProgram, *cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing*, *cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled*,
cgD3D9SetUniform, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix*, *cgD3D9SetTextureParameter*

6.2 cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing

NAME

cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing - enable or disable debug output

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>  
  
void cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing( CGbool enable );
```

PARAMETERS

enable

A boolean switch which controls debugging output by the library.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing enables or disables debug output for an application when using the debug DLL.

If an error callback is registered, breakpoints can be set for Debug DLL debug traces by testing the result of *cgGetError* for **cgD3D9DebugTrace**. Breakpoints can be set for D3D errors by testing for **cgD3D9Failed** and using *cgD3D9GetLastError* to determine the particular D3D error that occurred.

EXAMPLES

```
cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing(CG_TRUE);  
// use code to be debugged  
...  
cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing(CG_FALSE);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9EnableDebugTracing was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgSetErrorCallback, *cgGetError*, *cgD3D9GetLastError*

6.3 cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing

NAME

cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing - enable or disable parameter shadowing for a program

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing( CGprogram program,
                                         CGbool enable );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program in which to set the parameter shadowing state.

enable

A boolean switch which controls parameter shadowing for **program**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing enables or disables parameter shadowing for a program.

If parameter shadowing is enabled for a program, any call to set the value of a parameter for that program does not set any D3D state. Instead it merely shadows the value so it can be set during a subsequent call to *cgD3D9BindProgram*.

If parameter shadowing is disabled, these calls immediately sets the D3D state and do not shadow the value.

When using this call to disable parameter shadowing, all shadowed parameters for that program are immediately invalidated. No D3D calls are made, so any active program retains its current D3D state. However, subsequent calls to *cgD3D9BindProgram* for that program will not apply any shadowed state. Parameter shadowing for the program will continue to be disabled until explicitly enabled with another call to **cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing**.

Parameter shadowing can also be specified during a call to *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

EXAMPLES

```
// prog is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hres = cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing(prog, CG_FALSE);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

HISTORY

cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled, *cgD3D9LoadProgram*

6.4 cgD3D9GetDevice

NAME

cgD3D9GetDevice - retrieves the current D3D9 device associated with the runtime

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

IDirect3DDevice9 * cgD3D9GetDevice( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the current D3D9 device associated with the runtime.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetDevice retrieves the current D3D9 device associated with the runtime. Note that the returned device pointer may be **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

```
IDirect3DDevice9* curDevice = cgD3D9GetDevice();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetDevice was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetDevice

6.5 cgD3D9GetLastError

NAME

cgD3D9GetLastError - get the last D3D error that occurred

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9GetLastError( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call.

Returns **D3D_OK** if no D3D error has occurred since the last call to **cgD3D9GetLastError**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetLastError retrieves the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call. The last error is always cleared immediately after the call.

EXAMPLES

```
HRESULT lastError = cgD3D9GetLastError();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetLastError was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT

6.6 cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile

NAME

cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile - get the latest supported pixel shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest pixel shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN` if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile retrieves the latest pixel shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 2.2, if the environment variable `CGD3D9_LATEST_PIXEL_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestPixelProfile = cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile

6.7 cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile

NAME

cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile - get the latest supported vertex shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest vertex shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN` if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile retrieves the latest vertex shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 2.2, if the environment variable `CGD3D9_LATEST_VERTEX_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestVertexProfile = cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile

6.8 cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters - get the manage texture parameters flag from a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the automatic texture management setting will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the manage texture management flag from **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters returns the manage texture management flag from context. See *cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbool manage = cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters( pCtx );
if( manage )
    doSomething();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters

6.9 cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions

NAME

cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions - get the best set of compiler options for a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
char const ** cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile whose optimal arguments are requested.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated array of strings representing the optimal set of compiler options for **profile**.

Returns **NULL** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions returns the best set of compiler options for a given profile. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most optimal options.

The elements of the returned array are meant to be used as part of the **args** parameter to *cgCreateProgram* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile*.

The returned string does not need to be destroyed by the application. However, the contents could change if the function is called again for the same profile but a different D3D device.

EXAMPLES

```
const char* vertOptions[] = { myCustomArgs,
                             cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions(vertProfile),
                             NULL };

// create the vertex shader
CGprogram myVS = cgCreateProgramFromFile( context,
                                         CG_SOURCE,
                                         "vshader.cg",
                                         vertProfile,
                                         "VertexShader",
                                         vertOptions);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile, cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile, cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile

6.10 cgD3D9GetTextureParameter

NAME

cgD3D9GetTextureParameter - get the value of a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
IDirect3DBaseTexture9 * cgD3D9GetTextureParameter( CGparameter param );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter for which the D3D texture object will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to the D3D texture to which **param** was set.

Return **NULL** if **param** has not been set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetTextureParameter returns the D3D texture pointer to which a texture parameter was set using *cgD3D9SetTextureParameter*. If the parameter has not been set, the **NULL** will be returned.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a texture parameter defined elsewhere...
```

```
HRESULT hr = cgD3D9SetTexture( param, cgD3D9GetTextureParameter( param ) );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetTextureParameter

6.11 cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration

NAME

cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration - get the default vertex declaration stream

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration( CGprogram program,  
                                   D3DVERTEXELEMENT9 decl[MAXD3DDECLLENGTH] );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program from which to retrieve the vertex declaration.

decl

A **D3DVERTEXELEMENT9** array that will be filled with the D3D9 vertex declaration.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** on success.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration retrieves the default vertex declaration stream for a program. The declaration always uses a tightly packed single stream. The stream is always terminated with **D3DDECL_END()**, so this can be used to determine the actual length of the returned declaration.

The default vertex declaration is always a single stream. There will be one **D3DVERTEXELEMENT9** element for each varying input parameter.

If you want to use a custom vertex declaration, you can test that declaration for compatibility by calling *cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration*.

EXAMPLES

For example:

```
void main( in float4 pos : POSITION,  
           in float4 dif : COLOR0,  
           in float4 tex : TEXCOORD0,  
           out float4 hpos : POSITION );
```

would have this default vertex declaration:

```
const D3DVERTEXELEMENT9 decl[] = {  
    { 0, 0, D3DDECLTYPE_FLOAT4, D3DDECLMETHOD_DEFAULT, D3DDECLUSAGE_POSITION, 0 },  
    { 0, 16, D3DDECLTYPE_FLOAT4, D3DDECLMETHOD_DEFAULT, D3DDECLUSAGE_COLOR, 0 },  
    { 0, 32, D3DDECLTYPE_FLOAT4, D3DDECLMETHOD_DEFAULT, D3DDECLUSAGE_TEXCOORD, 0 },  
    D3DDECL_END()  
};
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if program is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO*cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration*

6.12 cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled

NAME**cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled** - determine if parameter shadowing is enabled**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to check for parameter shadowing.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if parameter shadowing is enabled for **program**.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled determines if parameter shadowing is enabled for **program**.

EXAMPLES

```
// program is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
CGbool isShadowing = cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled(program);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9IsParameterShadowingEnabled was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO*cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing, cgD3D9LoadProgram*

6.13 cgD3D9IsProfileSupported

NAME**cgD3D9IsProfileSupported** - determine if a profile is supported by cgD3D9

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

CGbool cgD3D9IsProfileSupported( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile which will be checked for support.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** is supported by the cgD3D9 library.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

However if *cgD3D9SetDevice* has not been called to register a IDirect3DDevice9 device yet, this routine returns **CG_TRUE** for all valid D3D9 profiles.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9IsProfileSupported returns **CG_TRUE** if the profile indicated by **profile** is supported by the cgD3D9 library.

EXAMPLES

```
// assuming the program requires Shader Model 3.0 ...

if ((!cgD3D9IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_VS_3_0)) ||
    (!cgD3D9IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_PS_3_0))) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Sorry, required profiles not supported on this system.\n");
    exit(1);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9IsProfileSupported was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile, *cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile*

6.14 cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded

NAME

cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded - determine if a program has been loaded

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

CGbool cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program which will be checked.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been loaded using *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded determines if a program has been loaded using *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

EXAMPLES

```
// program is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
CGbool isLoaded = cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded(program);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9IsProgramLoaded was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9LoadProgram

6.15 cgD3D9LoadProgram

NAME

cgD3D9LoadProgram - create a D3D shader and enable the expanded interface routines

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

HRESULT cgD3D9LoadProgram( CGprogram program,
                           CGbool paramShadowing,
                           DWORD assemFlags );
```

PARAMETERS

program

A program whose compiled output is used to create the D3D shader.

paramShadowing

Indicates if parameter shadowing is desired for **program**.

assemFlags

The flags to pass to **D3DXAssembleShader**. See the D3D documentation for a list of valid flags.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds or **program** has already been loaded.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9LoadProgram creates a D3D shader for a program and enables use of expanded interface routines for that program.

cgD3D9LoadProgram assembles the compiled Cg output for **program** using **D3DXAssembleShader** and then creates a D3D shader using **IDirect3DDevice9::CreateVertexShader** or **IDirect3DDevice9::CreatePixelShader** depending on the program's profile.

Parameter shadowing is enabled or disabled for the program with **paramShadowing**. This behavior can be changed after creating the program by calling *cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing*.

The D3D shader handle is not returned. If the shader handle is desired by the application, the expanded interface should not be used for that program.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg is a CGprogram using a vertex profile
// pixelProg is a CGprogram using a pixel profile
...
HRESULT hr1 = cgD3D9LoadProgram(vertexProg, TRUE, D3DXASM_DEBUG);
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D9LoadProgram(pixelProg, TRUE, 0);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPROFILE is returned if **program**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D9LoadProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9EnableParameterShadowing, *cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration*, *cgD3D9SetDevice*

6.16 cgD3D9RegisterStates

NAME

cgD3D9RegisterStates - registers graphics pass states for CgFX files

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

void cgD3D9RegisterStates( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to register the states.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9RegisterStates registers a set of states for passes in techniques in CgFX effect files. These states correspond to the set of D3D states that is relevant and/or useful to be set in passes in effect files. See the Cg User's Guide for complete documentation of the *states* that are made available after calling **cgD3D9RegisterStates**.

EXAMPLES

```
// register D3D9 states for this context
```

```
CGcontext = cgCreateContext();
cgD3D9RegisterStates(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D9RegisterStates was introduced in Cg 1.5.

Starting with Cg 2.2, when **cgD3D9RegisterStates** creates program states it calls *cgSetStateLatestProfile* to register the latest profile for the appropriate program domain. The latest profile value is determined via *cgD3D9GetLatestVertexProfile* or *cgD3D9GetLatestPixelProfile*

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, *cgSetStateLatestProfile*, *cgSetPassState*, *cgResetPassState*, *cgCallStateValidateCallback*, *cgGLRegisterStates*, *cgD3D10RegisterStates*

6.17 cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage

NAME

cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage - get the D3DDECLUSAGE member associated with a resource

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
BYTE cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage( CGresource resource );
```

PARAMETERS

resource

Enumerated type indicating the resource to convert to a **D3DDECLUSAGE**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the **D3DDECLUSAGE** member associated with **resource**. This is generally the **CGresource** name with the index stripped off.

Returns **CGD3D9_INVALID_USAGE** if the resource is not a vertex shader input resource.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage converts a **CGresource** enumerated type to a member of the **D3DDECLUSAGE** enum. The returned type is not an explicit member of the enum to match the associated member of the **D3DVERTEXELEMENT9** struct, and also to allow for an error return condition.

The returned value can be used as the **Usage** member of the **D3DVERTEXELEMENT9** struct to create a vertex declaration for a shader. See the D3D9 documentation for the full details on declaring vertex declarations in D3D9.

EXAMPLES

```
D3DVERTEXELEMENT9 elt =
{
    0, 0,
    D3DDECLTYPE_FLOAT3,
    D3DDECLMETHOD_DEFAULT,
    cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage(CG_TEXCOORD3),
    cgD3D9GetParameterResourceIndex(CG_TEXCOORD3)
};
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration, cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration

6.18 cgD3D9SetDevice

NAME

cgD3D9SetDevice - set the D3D device

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetDevice( IDirect3DDevice9 * device );
```

PARAMETERS

device

Pointer to an **IDirect3DDevice9** interface that the expanded interface will use for any D3D-specific routine it may call. This parameter can be **NULL** to free all D3D resources used by the expanded interface and remove its reference to the D3D device.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetDevice informs the expanded interface of the new D3D device. This will destroy any D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D9LoadProgram* and use the new D3D device to recreate them. The expanded interface will increment the reference count to the D3D device, so this function must eventually be called with **NULL** to release that reference so D3D can be properly shut down.

If **device** is **NULL**, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D9LoadProgram* are destroyed. However, these programs are still considered managed by the expanded interface, so if a new D3D device is set later these programs will be recreated using the new D3D device.

If a new device is being set, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D9LoadProgram* are rebuilt using the new device. All shadowed parameters for these programs are maintained across D3D device changes except texture parameters. Since textures in D3D are bound to a particular D3D device, these resources cannot be saved across device changes. When these textures are recreated for the new D3D device, they must be re-bound to the sampler parameter.

Note that calling **cgD3D9SetDevice(NULL)** does not destroy any core runtime resources (**CGprograms**, **CGparameters**, etc.) used by the expanded interface. These must be destroyed separately using *cgDestroyProgram* and *cgDestroyContext*.

EXAMPLES

```
// pDev is an IDirect3DDevice9 interface initialized elsewhere
...
cgD3D9SetDevice(pDev);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetDevice was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetDevice, *cgDestroyProgram*, *cgDestroyContext*, *cgD3D9LoadProgram*

6.19 cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters - set the manage texture parameters flag for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

void cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context,
                                       CGbool flag );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which the automatic texture management behavior will be changed.

flag

A boolean switch which controls automatic texture management by the runtime.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

By default, `cgD3D9` does not manage any texture state in D3D. It is up to the user to enable and disable textures using D3D. This behavior is the default to avoid conflicts with texture state on geometry that's rendered with the fixed function pipeline or without `cgD3D9`.

If automatic texture management is desired, `cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters` may be called with flag set to `CG_TRUE` before `cgD3D9BindProgram` is called. Whenever `cgD3D9BindProgram` is called, the `cgD3D9` runtime will make all the appropriate texture parameter calls on the application's behalf.

Calling `cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters` with flag set to `CG_FALSE` will disable automatic texture management.

NOTE: When `cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters` is set to `CG_TRUE`, applications should not make texture state change calls to D3D after calling `cgD3D9BindProgram`, unless the application is trying to override some parts of `cgD3D9`'s texture management.

EXAMPLES

```
// Enable automatic texture management
cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters( pCtx, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

`cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters` was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetManageTextureParameters, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

6.20 cgD3D9SetSamplerState

NAME

`cgD3D9SetSamplerState` - set the state associated with a sampler parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

HRESULT cgD3D9SetSamplerState( CGparameter param,
```

```
D3DSAMPLERSTATETYPE type,
DWORD value );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose state is to be set.

type

The D3D sampler state to set.

value

A value appropriate for **type**. See the D3D documentation for appropriate values for each valid type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetSamplerState sets the state associated with a sampler parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter handle of type sampler
...
// Set this sampler for tri-linear filtering
cgD3D9SetSamplerState(param, D3DSAMP_MAGFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR);
cgD3D9SetSamplerState(param, D3DSAMP_MINFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR);
cgD3D9SetSamplerState(param, D3DSAMP_MIPFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPROFILE is returned if **params**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTSAMPLER is returned if **param** is not a sampler.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetSamplerState was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetTexture, *cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode*

6.21 cgD3D9SetTextureParameter

NAME

cgD3D9SetTextureParameter - sets the value of a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
void cgD3D9SetTextureParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                IDirect3DBaseTexture9 * texture );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter that will be set.

texture

An D3D texture to which the parameter will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetTextureParameter sets the value of a texture parameter to a given D3D9 texture object.

cgD3D9SetTextureParameter is to be used for setting texture parameters in a CgFX effect instead of *cgD3D9SetTexture*.

EXAMPLES

```
IDirect3DTexture9 *myTexture;  
// Assume myTexture is loaded here...  
  
// param is an effect sampler parameter  
cgD3D9SetTextureParameter( param, myTexture );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if param is not a valid parameter handle.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9GetTextureParameter, *cgD3D9SetManageTextureParameters*

6.22 cgD3D9SetTexture

NAME

cgD3D9SetTexture - set the texture for a sampler parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetTexture( CGparameter param,
                          IDirect3DBaseTexture9 * texture );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose values are to be set.

texture

Pointer to an **IDirect3DBaseTexture9**, the texture to set for **param**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetTexture sets the texture for a sampler parameter.

When parameter shadowing is enabled, the D3D runtime will maintain a reference (via **AddRef**) to **texture**, so care must be taken to set the parameter back to **NULL** when the texture is no longer needed. Otherwise the reference count will not reach zero and the texture's resources will not get destroyed. When destroying the program that the parameter is associated with, all references to these textures are automatically removed.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter handle of type sampler
// tex is an IDirect3DTexture9* intialized elsewhere
...
cgD3D9SetTexture(param, tex);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPROFILE is returned if **params**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTSAMPLER is returned if **param** is not a sampler.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetTexture was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetSamplerState, *cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode*

6.23 cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode

NAME

cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode - set the texture wrap mode for a sampler parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode( CGparameter param,  
                                   DWORD value );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose wrap mode is to be set.

value

The texture wrap mode. **value** can be zero (0) or a combination of **D3DWRAP_U**, **D3DWRAP_V**, and **D3DWRAP_W**. See the D3D documentation for an explanation of texture wrap modes (**D3DRS_WRAP0-7**).

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode sets the texture wrap mode associated with a sampler parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter handle of type sampler  
...  
// Set this sampler for wrapping in 2D  
cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode(param, D3DWRAP_U | D3DWRAP_V);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPROFILE is returned if **params**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTSAMPLER is returned if **param** is not a sampler.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetTextureWrapMode was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetTexture, cgD3D9SetSamplerState

6.24 cgD3D9SetUniformArray**NAME**

cgD3D9SetUniformArray - set the elements of an array of uniform parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

HRESULT cgD3D9SetUniformArray( CGparameter param,
                               DWORD offset,
                               DWORD numItems,
                               const void * values );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose array elements are to be set. It must be a uniform parameter that is not a sampler.

offset

The offset at which to start setting array elements.

numItems

The number of array elements to set.

values

An array of floats, the elements in the array to set for param. The amount of data required depends on the type of parameter, but is always specified as an array of one or more floating point values. The type is **void*** so a compatible user-defined structure can be passed in without type-casting. Use *cgD3D9TypeToSize* to determine how many values are required for a particular type. This size multiplied by **numItems** is the number of values this function expects.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetUniformArray sets the elements for an array of uniform parameters. All values should be of type float. There is assumed to be enough values to set all specified elements of the array.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter handle of type float3
// arrayParam is a CGparameter handle of type float2x2[3]
...
// initialize the data for each parameter
D3DXVECTOR3 paramData(1,2,3);
float arrayData[2][2][2] =
```

```
{
    0,1,
    2,3,
    4,5,
    6,7
};
...
// non-arrays can be set, but only when offset=0 and numItems=1.
cgD3D9SetUniformArray(param, paramData, 0, 1);
// set the 2nd and 3rd elements of the array
cgD3D9SetUniform(arrayParam, arrayData, 1, 2);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_NULLVALUE is returned if **values** is **NULL**.

CGD3D9ERR_OUTOFRANGE is returned if **offset** plus **numItems** is out of the range of **param**.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetUniformArray was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetUniform, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix*, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray*, *cgD3D9TypeToSize*

6.25 cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray

NAME

cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray - set the elements for an array of uniform matrix parameters

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray( CGparameter param,
                                     DWORD offset,
                                     DWORD numItems,
                                     const D3DMATRIX * matrices );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose array elements are to be set. It must be a uniform matrix parameter.

offset

The offset at which to start setting array elements.

numItems

The number of array elements to set.

matrices

An array of matrices to set for **param**. The upper-left portion of each matrix is extracted to fit the size of the input parameter. **numItems** matrices are expected to be passed to the function.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray sets the elements for an array of uniform matrix parameters.

EXAMPLES

```
// matrixParam is a CGparameter handle of type float3x2
// arrayParam is a CGparameter handle of type float4x4[4]
...
// initialize the data for each parameter
D3DXMATRIX matTexTransform(
    0.5f, 0,    0, 0,
    0    , 0.5f, 0, 0,
    0.5f, 0.5f, 0, 0,
    0    , 0,    0, 0
);
D3DXMATRIX matRot[2];
D3DXMatrixRotationAxis(&matRot[0], &D3DXVECTOR3(0,0,1), D3DX_PI*0.5f);
D3DXMatrixRotationAxis(&matRot[1], &D3DXVECTOR3(0,1,0), D3DX_PI*0.5f);
...
// only use the upper-left portion.
// non-arrays can be set, but only when offset=0 and numItems=1.
cgD3D9SetUniformArray(matrixParam, &matTexTransform, 0, 1);
// set the 3rd and 4th elements of the array
cgD3D9SetUniformArray(arrayParam, matRot, 2, 2);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTMATRIX is returned if **param** is not a matrix.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_NULLVALUE is returned if **matrices** is **NULL**.

CGD3D9ERR_OUTOFRANGE is returned if **offset** plus **numItems** is out of the range of **param**.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

`cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray` was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetUniform, *cgD3D9SetUniformArray*, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix*, *cgD3D9TypeToSize*

6.26 cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix

NAME

`cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix` - set the values of a uniform matrix parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix( CGparameter param,  
                                const D3DMATRIX * matrix );
```

PARAMETERS

`param`

The parameter whose values are to be set. It must be a uniform matrix parameter.

`matrix`

The matrix to set for the parameter. The upper-left portion of the matrix is extracted to fit the size of `param`.

RETURN VALUES

Returns `D3D_OK` if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

`cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix` sets the values of a uniform matrix parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
// matrixParam is a CGparameter handle of type float3x2  
// arrayParam is a CGparameter handle of type float4x4[2]  
...  
// initialize the data for each parameter  
D3DXMATRIX matTexTransform(  
    0.5f,    0, 0, 0,  
    0, 0.5f, 0, 0,  
    0.5f, 0.5f, 0, 0,  
    0,    0, 0, 0  
);  
D3DXMATRIX matRot[2];  
D3DXMatrixRotationAxis(&matRot[0], &D3DXVECTOR3(0,0,1), D3DX_PI*0.5f);  
D3DXMatrixRotationAxis(&matRot[1], &D3DXVECTOR3(0,1,0), D3DX_PI*0.5f);  
...  
// only use the upper-left portion  
cgD3D9SetUniform(matrixParam, &matTexTransform);
```

```
// you can use arrays, but you must set the entire array
cgD3D9SetUniform(arrayParam, matRot);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTMATRIX is returned if **param** is not a matrix.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetUniform, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray*, *cgD3D9TypeToSize*

6.27 cgD3D9SetUniform

NAME

cgD3D9SetUniform - set the value of a uniform parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D9SetUniform( CGparameter param,
                          const void * values );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The parameter whose values are to be set. **param** must be a uniform parameter that is not a sampler.

values

The values to which to set **param**. The amount of data required depends on the type of parameter, but is always specified as an array of one or more floating point values. The type is **void*** so a compatible user-defined structure can be passed in without type-casting. Use *cgD3D9TypeToSize* to determine how many values are required for a particular type.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9SetUniform sets the value for a uniform parameter. All values should be of type float. There is assumed to be enough values to set all elements of the parameter.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter handle of type float3
// matrixParam is a CGparameter handle of type float2x3
// arrayParam is a CGparameter handle of type float2x2[3]
...
// initialize the data for each parameter
D3DXVECTOR3 paramData(1,2,3);
float matrixData[2][3] =
{
    0,1,2,
    3,4,5
};
float arrayData[3][2][2] =
{
    0,1,
    2,3,
    4,5,
    6,7,
    8,9,
    0,1
};
...
// set the parameters
cgD3D9SetUniform(param, paramData);
cgD3D9SetUniform(matrixParam, matrixData);
// you can use arrays, but you must set the entire array
cgD3D9SetUniform(arrayParam, arrayData);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTUNIFORM is returned if **param** is not a uniform parameter.

CGD3D9ERR_INVALIDPARAM is returned if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

HISTORY

cgD3D9SetUniform was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9SetUniformArray, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrix*, *cgD3D9SetUniformMatrixArray*, *cgD3D9TypeToSize*

6.28 cgD3D9TranslateCGerror

NAME

cgD3D9TranslateCGerror - convert a Cg runtime error into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

const char * cgD3D9TranslateCGerror( CGerror error );
```

PARAMETERS

error

The error code to translate. Can be a core runtime error or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing **error**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9TranslateCGerror converts a Cg runtime error into a string. This routine should be called instead of the core runtime routine *cgGetErrorString* because it will also translate errors that the Cg D3D runtime generates.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
CGerror error = cgGetLastError();
if (error != CG_NO_ERROR)
{
    sprintf(buf, "An error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D9TranslateCGerror(error));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9TranslateCGerror was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetErrorString, *cgSetErrorCallback*

6.29 cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT

NAME

cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT - convert an HRESULT into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

const char * cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT( HRESULT hr );
```

PARAMETERS

hr

The **HRESULT** to translate. Can be a generic **HRESULT** or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing the error.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT converts an **HRESULT** into a string. This routine should be called instead of **DXGetErrorDescription9** because it will also translate errors that the Cg D3D runtime generates.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
HRESULT hres = cgD3D9GetLastError();
if (FAILED(hres))
{
    sprintf(buf, "A D3D error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT(hres));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9TranslateHRESULT was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9TranslateCGError, *cgGetErrorString*, *cgSetErrorCallback*

6.30 cgD3D9TypeToSize

NAME

cgD3D9TypeToSize - get the size of a CGtype enumerated type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

DWORD cgD3D9TypeToSize( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

Member of the **CGtype** enumerated type whose size is to be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size of **type** in terms of consecutive floating point values.

Returns **0** if the type does not have an inherent size. Sampler types fall into this category.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9TypeToSize retrieves the size of a **CGtype** enumerated type in terms of consecutive floating point values.

If the type does not have an inherent size, the return value is 0. Sampler types fall into this category.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter initialized earlier
...
DWORD size = cgD3D9TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(param));

// (sanity check that parameters have the expected size)
...
assert(cgD3D9TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(vsModelView)) == 16);
assert(cgD3D9TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(psColor)) == 4);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9TypeToSize was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage, cgD3D9GetVertexDeclaration, cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration

6.31 cgD3D9UnbindProgram

NAME

cgD3D9UnbindProgram - de-activate a program with D3D

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

HRESULT cgD3D9UnbindProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to de-activate with D3D.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9UnbindProgram de-activates a program with D3D. The program is de-activated using **IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShader** or **IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShader** with a **NULL** argument depending on the program's profile type.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg and pixelProg are CGprograms initialized elsewhere
// pDev is an IDirect3DDevice9 interface intialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hr = cgD3D9BindProgram(vertexProg);
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D9BindProgram(pixelProg);
// Draw a quad using the vertex and pixel shader
// A vertex and index buffer are set up elsewhere.
HRESULT hr3 = pDev->DrawIndexedPrimitive(D3DPT_TRIANGLELIST, 0, 4, 0, 2);

cgD3D9UnbindProgram(vertexProg);
cgD3D9UnbindProgram(pixelProg);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D9UnbindProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9LoadProgram, *cgD3D9BindProgram*

6.32 cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms

NAME

cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms - unload all D3D programs

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

void cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms unloads all of the currently loaded D3D programs.

See *cgD3D9UnloadProgram* for details on what the runtime does when unloading a program.

EXAMPLES

```
// unload all D3D programs
cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms was introduced in Cg 1.5.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9UnloadProgram

6.33 cgD3D9UnloadProgram

NAME

cgD3D9UnloadProgram - destroy D3D shader and disable use of expanded interface routines

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>
HRESULT cgD3D9UnloadProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program for which to disable expanded interface management. The **CGprogram** handle is still valid after this call.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9UnloadProgram destroys the D3D shader for a program and disables use of expanded interface routines for that program.

This call does not destroy the **CGprogram** itself. It only destroys the resources used by the expanded interface, such as the D3D shader object and any shadowed parameters. Use the core runtime function *cgDestroyProgram* to free the

CGprogram itself. Also note that freeing a **CGprogram** using the core runtime implicitly calls this routine to avoid resource leaks.

This call is only necessary if specific lifetime control of expanded interface resources outside the lifetime of their associated **CGprogram** is desired. For instance, if the expanded interface is no longer used, but the **CGprogram** handle will still be used.

EXAMPLES

```
// prog is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hres = cgD3D9UnloadProgram(prog);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D9Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D9ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D9LoadProgram*.

CGD3D9ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D9SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D9UnloadProgram was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9UnloadAllPrograms, *cgDestroyProgram*

6.34 cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration

NAME

cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration - validate a custom D3D9 vertex declaration stream

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D9.h>

CGbool cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration( CGprogram program,
                                        const D3DVERTEXELEMENT9 * decl );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to test for compatibility.

decl

The D3D9 custom vertex declaration stream to test for compatibility. It must be terminated by **D3DDECL_END()**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if the vertex stream is compatible.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration tests a custom D3D9 vertex declaration stream for compatibility with the inputs expected by a program.

For a vertex stream to be compatible with a program's expected inputs it must have a **D3DVERTEXELEMENT9** element for each varying input parameter that the program uses.

EXAMPLES

```
// Decl is a custom vertex declaraton already setup  
  
CGbool ret = cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration( program, Decl );  
if( ret == CG_FALSE )  
    printf( "Vertex declaration not compatable with "  
           "the program's varying parameters.\n" );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if program is not a valid program handle.

HISTORY

cgD3D9ValidateVertexDeclaration was introduced in Cg 1.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D9ResourceToDeclUsage

CGD3D10 API

7.1 cgD3D10BindProgram

NAME

cgD3D10BindProgram - activate a program with D3D

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

HRESULT cgD3D10BindProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to activate with D3D.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10BindProgram activates a program with D3D. The program is activated using **ID3D10Device::SetVertexShader** or **ID3D10Device::SetPixelShader** depending on the program's profile type.

D3D allows only one vertex shader and one pixel shader to be active at any given time, so activating a program of a given type implicitly deactivates any other program of a that type.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg and pixelProg are CGprograms initialized elsewhere
// pDev is an ID3D10Device interface intialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hr = cgD3D10BindProgram(vertexProg);
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D10BindProgram(pixelProg);
// Draw a quad using the vertex and pixel shader
// A vertex and index buffer are set up elsewhere.
HRESULT hr3 = pDev->DrawIndexedPrimitive(D3DPT_TRIANGLELIST, 0, 4, 0, 2);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D10Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D10ERR_NOTLOADED is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D10LoadProgram*.

CGD3D10ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D10SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D10BindProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10LoadProgram, *cgD3D10SetTextureParameter*

7.2 cgD3D10CreateBuffer

NAME

cgD3D10CreateBuffer - create a D3D10 buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgD3D10CreateBuffer( CGcontext context,  
                             int size,  
                             const void *data,  
                             D3D10_USAGE bufferUsage );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

size

The length in bytes of the buffer to create.

data

The initial data to be copied into the buffer. **NULL** will fill the buffer with zero.

bufferUsage

A D3D10 usage flag as specified by **D3D10_USAGE**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10CreateBuffer creates a D3D10 buffer object.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgD3D10CreateBuffer( myCgContext, sizeof( float ) * 16,
                                         myData, D3D10_USAGE_DEFAULT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_MEMORY_ALLOC_ERROR is generated if a buffer couldn't be created.

HISTORY

cgD3D10CreateBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, *cgD3D11CreateBuffer*, *cgGLCreateBuffer*, *cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject*,
cgD3D10GetBufferObject

7.3 cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject

NAME

cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject - create a Cg buffer from a D3D10 buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject( CGcontext context,
                                       ID3D10Buffer * obj,
                                       CGbool manageObject );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

obj

A D3D10 buffer object created by the application.

manageObject

A boolean switch which controls whether **obj** will be deleted by the runtime when the **CGbuffer** object returned by **cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject** is destroyed.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject creates a Cg buffer from a preexisting D3D10 buffer object. This D3D10 object will be deleted by the runtime when the Cg buffer is destroyed if **manageObject** is **CG_TRUE**. Otherwise the application is responsible for deleting the D3D10 object **obj**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject( myCgContext, d3d10BufferObj, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgDestroyBuffer, cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex

7.4 cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex

NAME

cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex - Returns a pointer to an ID3D10Buffer interface by the constant buffer index.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
ID3D10Buffer * cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex( CGprogram Program,  
                                         UINT Index );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

The Cg program containing the buffer.

Index

A zero-based index.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an ID3D10Buffer interface containing the constant buffer.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex returns a pointer to an ID3D10Buffer interface containing the constant buffer for manual manipulation. If the user manually changes the constant values in this way, the constant values contained in the corresponding CGbuffer (if exists) will be stale.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10Buffer * myConstantBuffer = cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex( myCgProgram, 0 );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR if Program is not a valid Cg program.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetBufferByIndex was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO*cgCreateBuffer*

7.5 cgD3D10GetBufferObject

NAME**cgD3D10GetBufferObject** - get the D3D10 buffer object for a buffer**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
ID3D10Buffer * cgD3D10GetBufferObject( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer for which the associated D3D10 buffer object will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the D3D10 buffer object associated with **buffer**.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetBufferObject returns the D3D10 buffer object associated with a buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10Buffer * id = cgD3D10GetBufferObject( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetBufferObject was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO*cgCreateBuffer, cgD3D10CreateBuffer, cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject*

7.6 cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram

NAME

cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram - Gets the compiled shader as a ID3D10Blob returned from Direct3D after **cgD3D10LoadProgram** is called.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
ID3D10Blob * cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program handle after a call to `cgD3D10LoadProgram` has been made.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a `ID3D10Blob` object containing the compiled shader code.

Returns `NULL` if the program was not loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram allows the user to get back the compiled shader from Direct3D once `cgD3D10LoadProgram` has been called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram myCgProgram = cgCreateProgram( ... ); cgD3D10LoadProgram( myCgProgram, 0 );
```

```
ID3D10Blob * obj = cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram( myCgProgram );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **program** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10LoadProgram

7.7 cgD3D10GetDevice

NAME

cgD3D10GetDevice - retrieves the current D3D10 device associated with a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
ID3D10Device * cgD3D10GetDevice( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to get the current device.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the current D3D10 device associated with **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetDevice retrieves the current D3D10 device associated with **context**. Note that the returned device pointer may be **NULL**.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10Device* curDevice = cgD3D10GetDevice(ctx);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetDevice was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetDevice

7.8 cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass

NAME

cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass - Gets the compiled vertex shader signature as a ID3D10Blob from a pass of a validated technique.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
ID3D10Blob * cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass handle after validation of a CgFX technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a ID3D10Blob object containing the vertex shader signature.

Returns **NULL** if the program was not loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass allows the user to get back the vertex shader signature of a pass of a validated CgFX technique.

EXAMPLES

```
myCgEffect = cgCreateEffectFromFile( myCgContext, "effect.cgfx", NULL );
myCgTechnique = cgGetFirstTechnique( myCgEffect );

if( cgValidateTechnique( myCgTechnique ) != CG_FALSE )
{
    const D3D10_INPUT_ELEMENT_DESC layout[] =
    {
        { "POSITION", 0, DXGI_FORMAT_R32G32B32_FLOAT, 0, 0, D3D10_INPUT_PER_VERTEX_DATA, 0 },
    };

    CGpass myPass = cgGetFirstPass( myCgTechnique );

    ID3D10Blob * pVSBuf = cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass( myPass );

    hr = pDevice->CreateInputLayout( layout, 1, pVSBuf->GetBufferPointer(),
        pVSBuf->GetBufferSize(), &g_pVertexLayout );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **pass** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetIASignatureByPass was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetCompiledProgram

7.9 cgD3D10GetLastError

NAME

cgD3D10GetLastError - get the last D3D error that occurred

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D10GetLastError( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call.

Returns **D3D_OK** if no D3D error has occurred since the last call to **cgD3D10GetLastError**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetLastError retrieves the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call. The last error is always cleared immediately after the call.

EXAMPLES

```
HRESULT lastError = cgD3D10GetLastError();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetLastError was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT

7.10 cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile

NAME

cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile - get the latest supported geometry shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

CGprofile cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest geometry shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile retrieves the latest geometry shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 2.2, if the environment variable **CGD3D10_LATEST_GEOMETRY_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestGeometryProfile = cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile, *cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile*

7.11 cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile

NAME

cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile - get the latest supported pixel shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest pixel shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile retrieves the latest pixel shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 2.2, if the environment variable **CGD3D10_LATEST_PIXEL_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProperty* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestPixelProfile = cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile, *cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile*

7.12 cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile

NAME

cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile - get the latest supported vertex shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest vertex shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile retrieves the latest vertex shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 2.2, if the environment variable **CGD3D10_LATEST_VERTEX_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProperty* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestVertexProfile = cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile, *cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile*

7.13 cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters - get the manage texture parameters flag from a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the automatic texture management setting will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the manage texture management flag from **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters returns the manage texture management flag from context. See *cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbool manage = cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters( pCtx );
if( manage )
    doSomething();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters

7.14 cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions

NAME

cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions - get the best set of compiler options for a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

char const ** cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile whose optimal arguments are requested.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated array of strings representing the optimal set of compiler options for **profile**.

Returns **NULL** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions returns the best set of compiler options for a given profile. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most optimal options.

The elements of the returned array are meant to be used as part of the **args** parameter to *cgCreateProgram* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile*.

The returned string does not need to be destroyed by the application. However, the contents could change if the function is called again for the same profile but a different D3D device.

EXAMPLES

```
const char* vertOptions[] = { myCustomArgs,
                             cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions(vertProfile),
                             NULL };

// create the vertex shader
CGprogram myVS = cgCreateProgramFromFile( context,
                                         CG_SOURCE,
                                         "vshader.cg",
                                         vertProfile,
                                         "VertexShader",
                                         vertOptions);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile, cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile, cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile

7.15 cgD3D10GetProgramErrors

NAME

cgD3D10GetProgramErrors - Gets a list of errors returned from Direct3D if the program did not load.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

ID3D10Blob * cgD3D10GetProgramErrors( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program handle after a call to `cgD3D10LoadProgram` has been made.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a `ID3D10Blob` object containing a list of errors if the program did not load.

Returns `NULL` if the program was loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10GetProgramErrors allows the user to get back the compiled shader from Direct3D once `cgD3D10LoadProgram` has been called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram myCgProgram = cgCreateProgram( ... ); cgD3D10LoadProgram( myCgProgram, 0 );
ID3D10Blob * err = cgD3D10GetProgramErrors( myCgProgram );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **program** is invalid;

HISTORY

cgD3D10GetProgramErrors was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10LoadProgram

7.16 cgD3D10IsProfileSupported

NAME

cgD3D10IsProfileSupported - determine if a profile is supported by cgD3D10

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D10IsProfileSupported( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile which will be checked for support.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** is supported by the cgD3D10 library.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

However if *cgD3D10SetDevice* has not been called to register a **ID3D10Device** device yet, this routine returns **CG_TRUE** for all valid D3D10 profiles.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10IsProfileSupported returns **CG_TRUE** if the profile indicated by **profile** is supported by the cgD3D10 library.

EXAMPLES

```
// assuming the program requires Shader Model 3.0 ...

if (!cgD3D10IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_VS_3_0) ||
    !cgD3D10IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_PS_3_0)) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Sorry, required profiles not supported on this system.\n");
    exit(1);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10IsProfileSupported was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile, *cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile*

7.17 cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded

NAME

cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded - determine if a program has been loaded

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

CGbool cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program which will be checked.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been loaded using *cgD3D10LoadProgram*.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded determines if a program has been loaded using *cgD3D10LoadProgram*.

EXAMPLES

```
// program is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
CGbool isLoaded = cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded(program);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10IsProgramLoaded was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10LoadProgram

7.18 cgD3D10LoadProgram

NAME

cgD3D10LoadProgram - create a D3D shader and enable the expanded interface routines

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D10LoadProgram( CGprogram program,  
                             UINT flags );
```

PARAMETERS

program

A program whose compiled output is used to create the D3D shader.

flags

The flags to pass to **D3DXAssembleShader**. See the D3D documentation for a list of valid flags.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds or **program** has already been loaded.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10LoadProgram creates a D3D shader for a program and enables use of expanded interface routines for that program.

cgD3D10LoadProgram assembles the compiled Cg output for **program** using **D3DXAssembleShader** and then creates a D3D shader using **ID3D10Device::CreateVertexShader** or **ID3D10Device::CreatePixelShader** depending on the program's profile.

The D3D shader handle is not returned. If the shader handle is desired by the application, the expanded interface should not be used for that program.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg is a CGprogram using a vertex profile  
// pixelProg is a CGprogram using a pixel profile  
...  
HRESULT hr1 = cgD3D10LoadProgram(vertexProg, TRUE, D3DXASM_DEBUG);  
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D10LoadProgram(pixelProg, TRUE, 0);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D10Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

CGD3D10ERR_INVALIDPROFILE is returned if **program**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

CGD3D10ERR_NODEVICE is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D10SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D10LoadProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO*cgD3D10SetDevice*

7.19 cgD3D10RegisterStates

NAME**cgD3D10RegisterStates** - registers graphics pass states for CgFX files**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

void cgD3D10RegisterStates( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to register the states.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10RegisterStates registers a set of states for passes in techniques in CgFX effect files. These states correspond to the set of D3D states that is relevant and/or useful to be set in passes in effect files. See the Cg User's Guide for complete documentation of the *states* that are made available after calling **cgD3D10RegisterStates**.

EXAMPLES

```
// register D3D10 states for this context

CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
cgD3D10RegisterStates(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D10RegisterStates was introduced in Cg 2.1.

Starting with Cg 2.2, **cgD3D10RegisterStates** calls *cgSetStateLatestProfile* for program states it creates and registers the latest profile returned by *cgD3D10GetLatestVertexProfile*, *cgD3D10GetLatestGeometryProfile* or *cgD3D10GetLatestPixelProfile* for the appropriate program domain.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, *cgSetStateLatestProfile*, *cgSetPassState*, *cgResetPassState*, *cgCallStateValidateCallback*, *cgGLRegisterStates*, *cgD3D9RegisterStates*

7.20 cgD3D10SetDevice

NAME

cgD3D10SetDevice - set the D3D device

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D10SetDevice( CGcontext context,  
                          ID3D10Device * device );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to set the current device.

device

Pointer to an **ID3D10Device** interface that the expanded interface will use for any D3D-specific routine it may call. This parameter can be **NULL** to free all D3D resources used by the expanded interface and remove its reference to the D3D device.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10SetDevice informs the expanded interface of the new D3D device. This will destroy any D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D10LoadProgram* and use the new D3D device to recreate them. The expanded interface will increment the reference count to the D3D device, so this function must eventually be called with **NULL** to release that reference so D3D can be properly shut down.

If **device** is **NULL**, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D10LoadProgram* are destroyed. However, these programs are still considered managed by the expanded interface, so if a new D3D device is set later these programs will be recreated using the new D3D device.

If a new device is being set, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D10LoadProgram* are rebuilt using the new device. All shadowed parameters for these programs are maintained across D3D device changes except texture parameters. Since textures in D3D are bound to a particular D3D device, these resources cannot be saved across device changes. When these textures are recreated for the new D3D device, they must be re-bound to the sampler parameter.

Note that calling **cgD3D10SetDevice(NULL)** does not destroy any core runtime resources (**CGprograms**, **CGparameters**, etc.) used by the expanded interface. These must be destroyed separately using *cgDestroyProgram* and *cgDestroyContext*.

EXAMPLES

```
// pDev is an ID3D10Device interface initialized elsewhere  
...  
cgD3D10SetDevice(pDev);
```

ERRORS

cgD3D10Failed is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

HISTORY

cgD3D10SetDevice was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetDevice, cgDestroyProgram, cgDestroyContext, cgD3D10LoadProgram

7.21 cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters**NAME**

cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters - set the manage texture parameters flag for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
void cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context,
                                         CGbool flag );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which the automatic texture management behavior will be changed.

flag

A boolean switch which controls automatic texture management by the runtime.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

By default, cgD3D10 does not manage any texture state in D3D. It is up to the user to enable and disable textures using D3D. This behavior is the default to avoid conflicts with texture state on geometry that's rendered with the fixed function pipeline or without cgD3D10.

If automatic texture management is desired, **cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters** may be called with flag set to **CG_TRUE** before *cgD3D10BindProgram* is called. Whenever *cgD3D10BindProgram* is called, the cgD3D10 runtime will make all the appropriate texture parameter calls on the application's behalf.

Calling **cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters** with flag set to **CG_FALSE** will disable automatic texture management.

NOTE: When **cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters** is set to **CG_TRUE**, applications should not make texture state change calls to D3D after calling *cgD3D10BindProgram*, unless the application is trying to override some parts of cgD3D10's texture management.

EXAMPLES

```
// Enable automatic texture management
cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters( pCtx, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10GetManageTextureParameters, cgD3D10BindProgram

7.22 cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter

NAME

cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter - Sets a sampler state object to a Cg sampler parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
void cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                       ID3D10SamplerState * samplerState );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose state is to be set.

samplerState

The D3D sampler state to set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter sets the sampler state associated with a sampler parameter.

NULL means default sampler state.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10SamplerState * sstate = NULL; Device->CreateSamplerState( &samplerDesc, &sstate );  
cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter( myCgSamplerParam, sstate );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter

7.23 cgD3D10SetTextureParameter

NAME

cgD3D10SetTextureParameter - sets the value of a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
void cgD3D10SetTextureParameter( CGparameter param,
                                ID3D10Resource * texture );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter that will be set.

texture

An D3D texture to which the parameter will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10SetTextureParameter sets the value of a texture parameter to a given D3D10 texture object.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10Resource *myTexture;
// Assume myTexture is loaded here...

// .. and param is an effect sampler parameter
cgD3D10SetTextureParameter( param, myTexture );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if param is not a valid parameter handle.

HISTORY

cgD3D10SetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetManageTextureParameters

7.24 cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter

NAME

cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter - Sets a texture resource and sampler state object to a Cg sampler parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                             ID3D10Resource * texture,  
                                             ID3D10SamplerState * samplerState );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose texture and state is to be set.

texture

The texture resource object being set.

samplerState

The sampler state object being set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter accomplishes the same thing as calling both **cgD3D10SetTextureParameter** and **cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter** together.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D10Resource * myTexture; ID3D10SamplerState * mySamplerState;
```

```
Device->CreateTexture2D( &desc, &initialData, &myTexture ); Device->CreateSamplerState( &desc, &mySamplerState );
```

```
cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter( myCgSamplerParam, myTexture, mySamplerState );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D10SetTextureSamplerStateParameter was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetTextureParameter, cgD3D10SetSamplerStateParameter

7.25 cgD3D10TranslateCGerror

NAME

cgD3D10TranslateCGerror - convert a Cg runtime error into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
const char * cgD3D10TranslateCError( CError error );
```

PARAMETERS

error

The error code to translate. Can be a core runtime error or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing **error**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10TranslateCError converts a Cg runtime error into a string. This routine should be called instead of the core runtime routine *cgGetErrorString* because it will also translate errors that the Cg D3D runtime generates.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
CError error = cgGetLastError();
if (error != CG_NO_ERROR)
{
    sprintf(buf, "An error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D10TranslateCError(error));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10TranslateCError was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgGetErrorString, *cgSetErrorCallback*

7.26 cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT

NAME

cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT - convert an HRESULT into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>
```

```
const char * cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT( HRESULT hr );
```

PARAMETERS

hr

The **HRESULT** to translate. Can be a generic **HRESULT** or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing the error.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT converts an **HRESULT** into a string. This routine should be called instead of **DXGetErrorDescription10** because it will also translate errors that the Cg D3D runtime generates.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
HRESULT hres = cgD3D10GetLastError();
if (FAILED(hres))
{
    sprintf(buf, "A D3D error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT(hres));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10TranslateHRESULT was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10TranslateCgError, *cgGetErrorString*, *cgSetErrorCallback*

7.27 cgD3D10TypeToSize

NAME

cgD3D10TypeToSize - get the size of a CGtype enumerated type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

DWORD cgD3D10TypeToSize( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

Member of the **CGtype** enumerated type whose size is to be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size of **type** in terms of consecutive floating point values.

Returns **0** if the type does not have an inherent size. Sampler types fall into this category.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10TypeToSize retrieves the size of a **CGtype** enumerated type in terms of consecutive floating point values.

If the type does not have an inherent size, the return value is 0. Sampler types fall into this category.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter initialized earlier
...
DWORD size = cgD3D10TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(param));

// (sanity check that parameters have the expected size)
...
assert(cgD3D10TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(vsModelView)) == 16);
assert(cgD3D10TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(psColor)) == 4);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D10TypeToSize was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10SetDevice

7.28 cgD3D10UnbindProgram

NAME

cgD3D10UnbindProgram - Unbinds a D3D10 program.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

void cgD3D10UnbindProgram( CGprogram Program );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

A program whose profile is used to unbind the program from the API.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10UnbindProgram Unbinds a D3D10 program from the profile of the given program 'Program.'

EXAMPLES

```
// CGprogram vertexProg;
//...
cgD3D10UnbindProgram( vertexProg );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if Program is not a valid program.

HISTORY

cgD3D10UnbindProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10BindProgram

7.29 cgD3D10UnloadProgram

NAME

cgD3D10UnloadProgram - Unloads a D3D shader from the runtime data structures

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D10.h>

void cgD3D10UnloadProgram( CGprogram Program );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

A program whose compiled output is used to create the D3D shader.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D10UnloadProgram Unloads a D3D shader from the runtime data structures.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg is a CGprogram using a vertex profile
...
cgD3D10UnloadProgram( vertexProg );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if Program is not a valid program.

HISTORY

cgD3D10UnloadProgram was introduced in Cg 2.1.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D10LoadProgram

CGD3D11 API

8.1 cgD3D11BindProgram

NAME

cgD3D11BindProgram - activate a program with D3D

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

HRESULT cgD3D11BindProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program to activate with D3D.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11BindProgram activates a program with D3D. The program is activated using **ID3D11DeviceContext::VSSetShader** or **ID3D11DeviceContext::PSSetShader** depending on the program's profile type.

D3D allows only one vertex shader and one pixel shader to be active at any given time, so activating a program of a given type implicitly deactivates any other program of a that type.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg and pixelProg are CGprograms initialized elsewhere
// pDevContext is an ID3D11DeviceContext interface intialized elsewhere
...
HRESULT hr = cgD3D11BindProgram(vertexProg);
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D11BindProgram(pixelProg);
```

ERRORS

E_FAIL is returned if **program** was not loaded with the *cgD3D11LoadProgram*.

E_FAIL is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D11SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D11BindProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11LoadProgram, *cgD3D11SetTextureParameter*

8.2 cgD3D11CreateBuffer

NAME

cgD3D11CreateBuffer - create a D3D11 buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgD3D11CreateBuffer( CGcontext context,  
                             int size,  
                             const void *data,  
                             D3D11_USAGE bufferUsage );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

size

The length in bytes of the buffer to create.

data

The initial data to be copied into the buffer. **NULL** will fill the buffer with zero.

bufferUsage

A D3D11 usage flag as specified by **D3D11_USAGE**.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11CreateBuffer creates a D3D11 buffer object.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgD3D11CreateBuffer( myCgContext, sizeof( float ) * 16,  
                                         myData, D3D11_USAGE_DEFAULT );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

CG_MEMORY_ALLOC_ERROR is generated if a buffer couldn't be created.

HISTORY

cgD3D11CreateBuffer was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, *cgD3D10CreateBuffer*, *cgGLCreateBuffer*, *cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject*,
cgD3D11GetBufferObject

8.3 cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject

NAME

cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject - create a Cg buffer from a D3D11 buffer object

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGbuffer cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject( CGcontext context,
                                         ID3D11Buffer * obj,
                                         CGbool manageObject );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context to which the new buffer will be added.

obj

A D3D11 buffer object created by the application.

manageObject

A boolean switch which controls whether **obj** will be deleted by the runtime when the **CGbuffer** object returned by **cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject** is destroyed.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a **CGbuffer** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject creates a Cg buffer from a preexisting D3D11 buffer object. This D3D11 object will be deleted by the runtime when the Cg buffer is destroyed if **manageObject** is **CG_TRUE**. Otherwise the application is responsible for deleting the D3D11 object **obj**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbuffer myBuffer = cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject( myCgContext, d3d11BufferObj, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgDestroyBuffer, cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex

8.4 cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex

NAME

cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex - Returns a pointer to an ID3D11Buffer interface by the constant buffer index.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
ID3D11Buffer * cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex( CGprogram Program,  
                                         UINT Index );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

The Cg program containing the buffer.

Index

A zero-based index.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to an ID3D11Buffer interface containing the constant buffer.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex returns a pointer to an ID3D11Buffer interface containing the constant buffer for manual manipulation. If the user manually changes the constant values in this way, the constant values contained in the corresponding CGbuffer (if exists) will be stale.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11Buffer * myConstantBuffer = cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex( myCgProgram, 0 );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR if Program is not a valid Cg program.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetBufferByIndex was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer

8.5 cgD3D11GetBufferObject

NAME

cgD3D11GetBufferObject - get the D3D11 buffer object for a buffer

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
ID3D11Buffer * cgD3D11GetBufferObject( CGbuffer buffer );
```

PARAMETERS

buffer

The buffer for which the associated D3D11 buffer object will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the D3D11 buffer object associated with **buffer**.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetBufferObject returns the D3D11 buffer object associated with a buffer.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11Buffer * id = cgD3D11GetBufferObject( myBuffer );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_BUFFER_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **buffer** is not a valid buffer.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetBufferObject was introduced in Cg 3.1.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateBuffer, cgD3D11CreateBuffer, cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject

8.6 cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram

NAME

cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram - Gets the compiled shader as a ID3DBlob returned from Direct3D after **cgD3D11LoadProgram** is called.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
ID3DBlob * cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program handle after a call to `cgD3D11LoadProgram` has been made.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a `ID3DBlob` object containing the compiled shader code.

Returns `NULL` if the program was not loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram allows the user to get back the compiled shader from Direct3D once `cgD3D11LoadProgram` has been called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram myCgProgram = cgCreateProgram( ... ); cgD3D11LoadProgram( myCgProgram, 0 );  
ID3DBlob * obj = cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram( myCgProgram );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **program** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11LoadProgram

8.7 cgD3D11GetDevice

NAME

cgD3D11GetDevice - retrieves the current D3D11 device associated with a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>  
  
ID3D11Device * cgD3D11GetDevice( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which to get the current device.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the current D3D11 device associated with **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetDevice retrieves the current D3D11 device associated with **context**. Note that the returned device pointer may be `NULL`.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11Device* curDevice = cgD3D11GetDevice(ctx);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetDevice was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetDevice

8.8 cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass

NAME

cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass - Gets the compiled vertex shader signature as a ID3DBlob from a pass of a validated technique.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
ID3DBlob * cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass( CGpass pass );
```

PARAMETERS

pass

The pass handle after validation of a CgFX technique.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a ID3DBlob object containing the vertex shader signature.

Returns NULL if the program was not loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass allows the user to get back the vertex shader signature of a pass of a validated CgFX technique.

EXAMPLES

```
myCgEffect = cgCreateEffectFromFile( myCgContext, "effect.cgfx", NULL );
myCgTechnique = cgGetFirstTechnique( myCgEffect );
```

```
if( cgValidateTechnique( myCgTechnique ) != CG_FALSE )
{
    const D3D11_INPUT_ELEMENT_DESC layout[] =
    {
        { "POSITION", 0, DXGI_FORMAT_R32G32B32_FLOAT, 0, 0, D3D11_INPUT_PER_VERTEX_DATA, 0 },
    };

    CGpass myPass = cgGetFirstPass( myCgTechnique );
```

```
ID3DBlob * pVSBuf = cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass( myPass );

hr = pDevice->CreateInputLayout( layout, 1, pVSBuf->GetBufferPointer(),
    pVSBuf->GetBufferSize(), &g_pVertexLayout );
}
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **pass** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetIASignatureByPass was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetCompiledProgram

8.9 cgD3D11GetLastError

NAME

cgD3D11GetLastError - get the last D3D error that occurred

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D11GetLastError( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call.

Returns **D3D_OK** if no D3D error has occurred since the last call to **cgD3D11GetLastError**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetLastError retrieves the last D3D error that occurred during an expanded interface function call. The last error is always cleared immediately after the call.

EXAMPLES

```
HRESULT lastError = cgD3D11GetLastError();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetLastError was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO*cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT*

8.10 cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile

NAME**cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile** - get the latest supported domain shader version**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest domain shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.**DESCRIPTION**

cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile retrieves the latest domain shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 3.0, if the environment variable **CGD3D11_LATEST_DOMAIN_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestDomainProfile = cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY**cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile** was introduced in Cg 3.0.**SEE ALSO**

cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile, *cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile*,
cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

8.11 cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile

NAME

cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile - get the latest supported geometry shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest geometry shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile retrieves the latest geometry shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 3.0, if the environment variable **CGD3D11_LATEST_GEOMETRY_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestGeometryProfile = cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile, *cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile*,
cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

8.12 cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile

NAME

cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile - get the latest supported hull shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest hull shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile retrieves the latest hull shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 3.0, if the environment variable **CGD3D11_LATEST_HULL_PROFILE** is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not **CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN**), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestHullProfile = cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile, *cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile*,
cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

8.13 cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile

NAME

cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile - get the latest supported pixel shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest pixel shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN` if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile retrieves the latest pixel shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 3.0, if the environment variable `CGD3D11_LATEST_PIXEL_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestPixelProfile = cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile, *cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile*,
cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

8.14 cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

NAME

cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile - get the latest supported vertex shader version

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile( void );
```

PARAMETERS

None.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the latest vertex shader version supported by the current D3D device.

Returns `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN` if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile retrieves the latest vertex shader version that the current D3D device supports. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most current version supported.

Starting in Cg 3.0, if the environment variable `CGD3D11_LATEST_VERTEX_PROFILE` is set in the application's environment to a string that *cgGetProfile* translates to a valid profile (meaning not `CG_PROFILE_UNKNOWN`), then it is this **CGprofile** value that will be returned by **cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile**.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprofile bestVertexProfile = cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestDomainProfile, *cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestHullProfile*,
cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile

8.15 cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters - get the manage texture parameters flag from a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context from which the automatic texture management setting will be retrieved.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the manage texture management flag from **context**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters returns the manage texture management flag from context. See *cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters* for more information.

EXAMPLES

```
CGbool manage = cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters( pCtx );
if( manage )
    doSomething();
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters

8.16 cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions

NAME

cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions - get the best set of compiler options for a profile

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

char const ** cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile whose optimal arguments are requested.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a null-terminated array of strings representing the optimal set of compiler options for **profile**.

Returns **NULL** if no D3D device is currently set.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions returns the best set of compiler options for a given profile. This is an expanded interface function because it needs to know about the D3D device to determine the most optimal options.

The elements of the returned array are meant to be used as part of the **args** parameter to *cgCreateProgram* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile*.

The returned string does not need to be destroyed by the application. However, the contents could change if the function is called again for the same profile but a different D3D device.

EXAMPLES

```
const char* vertOptions[] = { myCustomArgs,
                             cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions(vertProfile),
                             NULL };

// create the vertex shader
CGprogram myVS = cgCreateProgramFromFile( context,
                                         CG_SOURCE,
                                         "vshader.cg",
                                         vertProfile,
                                         "VertexShader",
                                         vertOptions);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetOptimalOptions was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile, cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile, cgCreateProgram, cgCreateProgramFromFile

8.17 cgD3D11GetProgramErrors

NAME

cgD3D11GetProgramErrors - Gets a list of errors returned from Direct3D if the program did not load.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
ID3D10Blob * cgD3D11GetProgramErrors( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program handle after a call to **cgD3D11LoadProgram** has been made.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a **ID3DBlob** object containing a list of errors if the program did not load.

Returns **NULL** if the program was loaded.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11GetProgramErrors allows the user to get back the compiled shader from Direct3D once **cgD3D11LoadProgram** has been called.

EXAMPLES

```
CGprogram myCgProgram = cgCreateProgram( ... ); cgD3D11LoadProgram( myCgProgram, 0 );
```

```
ID3DBlob * err = cgD3D11GetProgramErrors( myCgProgram );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if the **program** is invalid;

HISTORY

cgD3D11GetProgramErrors was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11LoadProgram

8.18 cgD3D11IsProfileSupported

NAME

cgD3D11IsProfileSupported - determine if a profile is supported by cgD3D11

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D11IsProfileSupported( CGprofile profile );
```

PARAMETERS

profile

The profile which will be checked for support.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **profile** is supported by the cgD3D10 library.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

However if *cgD3D11SetDevice* has not been called to register a **ID3D11Device** device yet, this routine returns **CG_TRUE** for all valid D3D11 profiles.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11IsProfileSupported returns **CG_TRUE** if the profile indicated by **profile** is supported by the cgD3D11 library.

EXAMPLES

```
// assuming the program requires Shader Model 5.0 ...  
  
if ((!cgD3D11IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_VS_5_0)) ||  
    (!cgD3D11IsProfileSupported(CG_PROFILE_PS_5_0))) {  
    fprintf(stderr, "Sorry, required profiles not supported on this system.\n");  
    exit(1);  
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11IsProfileSupported was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile, cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile

8.19 cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded

NAME

cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded - determine if a program has been loaded

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
CGbool cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded( CGprogram program );
```

PARAMETERS

program

The program which will be checked.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **CG_TRUE** if **program** has been loaded using *cgD3D11LoadProgram*.

Returns **CG_FALSE** otherwise.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded determines if a program has been loaded using *cgD3D11LoadProgram*.

EXAMPLES

```
// program is a CGprogram initialized elsewhere
...
CGbool isLoaded = cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded(program);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11IsProgramLoaded was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11LoadProgram

8.20 cgD3D11LoadProgram

NAME

cgD3D11LoadProgram - create a D3D shader and enable the expanded interface routines

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
HRESULT cgD3D11LoadProgram( CGprogram program,
                             UINT flags );
```

PARAMETERS

program

A program whose compiled output is used to create the D3D shader.

flags

The flags to pass to **D3DCompile**. See the D3D documentation for a list of valid flags.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds or **program** has already been loaded.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11LoadProgram creates a D3D shader for a program and enables use of expanded interface routines for that program.

cgD3D11LoadProgram compiles the compiled Cg output for **program** using **D3DCompile** and then creates a D3D shader using **ID3D11Device::CreateVertexShader** or **ID3D11Device::CreatePixelShader** depending on the program's profile.

The D3D shader handle is not returned. If the shader handle is desired by the application, the expanded interface should not be used for that program.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg is a CGprogram using a vertex profile
// pixelProg is a CGprogram using a pixel profile
...
HRESULT hr1 = cgD3D11LoadProgram(vertexProg, 0);
HRESULT hr2 = cgD3D11LoadProgram(pixelProg, 0);
```

ERRORS

E_FAIL is generated if a D3D function returns an error.

E_FAIL is returned if **program**'s profile is not a supported D3D profile.

E_FAIL is returned if a required D3D device is **NULL**. This usually occurs when an expanded interface routine is called but a D3D device has not been set with *cgD3D11SetDevice*.

HISTORY

cgD3D11LoadProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetDevice

8.21 cgD3D11RegisterStates

NAME

cgD3D11RegisterStates - registers graphics pass states for CgFX files

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

void cgD3D11RegisterStates( CGcontext context );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to register the states.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11RegisterStates registers a set of states for passes in techniques in CgFX effect files. These states correspond to the set of D3D states that is relevant and/or useful to be set in passes in effect files. See the Cg User's Guide for complete documentation of the *states* that are made available after calling **cgD3D11RegisterStates**.

EXAMPLES

```
// register D3D11 states for this context
CGcontext context = cgCreateContext();
cgD3D11RegisterStates(context);
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_CONTEXT_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if **context** is not a valid context.

HISTORY

cgD3D11RegisterStates was introduced in Cg 3.0.

Starting with Cg 3.0, **cgD3D11RegisterStates** calls *cgSetStateLatestProfile* for program states it creates and registers the latest profile returned by *cgD3D11GetLatestVertexProfile*, *cgD3D11GetLatestGeometryProfile* or *cgD3D11GetLatestPixelProfile* for the appropriate program domain.

SEE ALSO

cgCreateState, *cgSetStateLatestProfile*, *cgSetPassState*, *cgResetPassState*, *cgCallStateValidateCallback*, *cgGLRegisterStates*, *cgD3D9RegisterStates*

8.22 cgD3D11SetDevice

NAME

cgD3D11SetDevice - set the D3D device

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

HRESULT cgD3D11SetDevice( CGcontext context,
                          ID3D11Device * device );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which to set the current device.

device

Pointer to an **ID3D11Device** interface that the expanded interface will use for any D3D-specific routine it may call. This parameter can be **NULL** to free all D3D resources used by the expanded interface and remove its reference to the D3D device.

RETURN VALUES

Returns **D3D_OK** if the function succeeds.

Returns the D3D failure code if the function fails due to a D3D call.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11SetDevice informs the expanded interface of the new D3D device. This will destroy any D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D11LoadProgram* and use the new D3D device to recreate them. The expanded interface will increment the reference count to the D3D device, so this function must eventually be called with **NULL** to release that reference so D3D can be properly shut down.

If **device** is **NULL**, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D11LoadProgram* are destroyed. However, these programs are still considered managed by the expanded interface, so if a new D3D device is set later these programs will be recreated using the new D3D device.

If a new device is being set, all D3D resources for programs previously loaded with *cgD3D11LoadProgram* are rebuilt using the new device. All shadowed parameters for these programs are maintained across D3D device changes except texture parameters. Since textures in D3D are bound to a particular D3D device, these resources cannot be saved across device changes. When these textures are recreated for the new D3D device, they must be re-bound to the sampler parameter.

Note that calling **cgD3D11SetDevice(NULL)** does not destroy any core runtime resources (**CGprograms**, **CGparameters**, etc.) used by the expanded interface. These must be destroyed separately using *cgDestroyProgram* and *cgDestroyContext*.

EXAMPLES

```
// pDev is an ID3D11Device interface initialized elsewhere
...
cgD3D11SetDevice(pDev);
```

ERRORS

E_FAIL is returned if a D3D function returns an error.

HISTORY

cgD3D11SetDevice was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetDevice, *cgDestroyProgram*, *cgDestroyContext*, *cgD3D11LoadProgram*

8.23 cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters

NAME

cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters - set the manage texture parameters flag for a context

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
void cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters( CGcontext context,
                                         CGbool flag );
```

PARAMETERS

context

The context in which the automatic texture management behavior will be changed.

flag

A boolean switch which controls automatic texture management by the runtime.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

By default, cgD3D11 does not manage any texture state in D3D. It is up to the user to enable and disable textures using D3D. This behavior is the default to avoid conflicts with texture state on geometry that's rendered with the fixed function pipeline or without cgD3D11.

If automatic texture management is desired, **cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters** may be called with flag set to **CG_TRUE** before *cgD3D11BindProgram* is called. Whenever *cgD3D11BindProgram* is called, the cgD3D11 runtime will make all the appropriate texture parameter calls on the application's behalf.

Calling **cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters** with flag set to **CG_FALSE** will disable automatic texture management.

NOTE: When **cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters** is set to **CG_TRUE**, applications should not make texture state change calls to D3D after calling *cgD3D11BindProgram*, unless the application is trying to override some parts of cgD3D11's texture management.

EXAMPLES

```
// Enable automatic texture management
cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters( pCtx, CG_TRUE );
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11GetManageTextureParameters, *cgD3D11BindProgram*

8.24 cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter

NAME

cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter - Sets a sampler state object to a Cg sampler parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
void cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                      ID3D11SamplerState * samplerState );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose state is to be set.

samplerState

The D3D sampler state to set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter sets the sampler state associated with a sampler parameter.

NULL means default sampler state.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11SamplerState * sstate = NULL; Device->CreateSamplerState( &samplerDesc, &sstate );  
cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter( myCgSamplerParam, sstate );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter

8.25 cgD3D11SetTextureParameter

NAME

cgD3D11SetTextureParameter - sets the value of a texture parameter

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
void cgD3D11SetTextureParameter( CGparameter param,  
                                 ID3D11Resource * texture );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The texture parameter that will be set.

texture

An D3D texture to which the parameter will be set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11SetTextureParameter sets the value of a texture parameter to a given D3D11 texture object.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11Resource *myTexture;
// Assume myTexture is loaded here...

// .. and param is an effect sampler parameter
cgD3D11SetTextureParameter( param, myTexture );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if param is not a valid parameter handle.

HISTORY

cgD3D11SetTextureParameter was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetManageTextureParameters

8.26 cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter

NAME

cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter - Sets a texture resource and sampler state object to a Cg sampler parameter.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

void cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter( CGparameter param,
                                             ID3D11Resource * texture,
                                             ID3D11SamplerState * samplerState );
```

PARAMETERS

param

The sampler parameter whose texture and state is to be set.

texture

The texture resource object being set.

samplerState

The sampler state object being set.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter accomplishes the same thing as calling both **cgD3D11SetTextureParameter** and **cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter** together.

EXAMPLES

```
ID3D11Resource * myTexture; ID3D11SamplerState * mySamplerState;
```

```
Device->CreateTexture2D( &desc, &initialData, &myTexture ); Device->CreateSamplerState( &desc, &mySamplerState );
```

```
cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter( myCgSamplerParam, myTexture, mySamplerState );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR is generated if **param** is invalid.

HISTORY

cgD3D11SetTextureSamplerStateParameter was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetTextureParameter, cgD3D11SetSamplerStateParameter

8.27 cgD3D11TranslateCError

NAME

cgD3D11TranslateCError - convert a Cg runtime error into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>
```

```
const char * cgD3D11TranslateCError( CError error );
```

PARAMETERS

error

The error code to translate. Can be a core runtime error or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing **error**.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11TranslateCError converts a Cg runtime error into a string. This routine should be called instead of the core runtime routine *cgGetErrorString* because it will also translate errors that the Cg D3D runtime generates.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
CError error = cgGetLastError();
if (error != CG_NO_ERROR)
{
    sprintf(buf, "An error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D11TranslateCError(error));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11TranslateCError was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgGetErrorString, *cgSetErrorCallback*

8.28 cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT

NAME

cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT - convert an HRESULT into a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

const char * cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT( HRESULT hr );
```

PARAMETERS

hr

The **HRESULT** to translate. Can be a generic **HRESULT** or a D3D runtime error.

RETURN VALUES

Returns a pointer to a string describing the error.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT converts an **HRESULT** into a string.

This routine will typically be called in debugging situations such as inside an error callback set using *cgSetErrorCallback*.

EXAMPLES

```
char buf[512];
HRESULT hres = cgGetLastError();
if (FAILED(hres))
{
    sprintf(buf, "A D3D error occurred. Error description: '%s'\n",
            cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT(hres));
    OutputDebugString(buf);
}
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11TranslateHRESULT was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11TranslateCError, cgGetErrorString, cgSetErrorCallback

8.29 cgD3D11TypeToSize

NAME

cgD3D11TypeToSize - get the size of a CGtype enumerated type

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

DWORD cgD3D11TypeToSize( CGtype type );
```

PARAMETERS

type

Member of the **CGtype** enumerated type whose size is to be returned.

RETURN VALUES

Returns the size of **type** in terms of consecutive floating point values.

Returns **0** if the type does not have an inherent size. Sampler types fall into this category.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11TypeToSize retrieves the size of a **CGtype** enumerated type in terms of consecutive floating point values.

If the type does not have an inherent size, the return value is 0. Sampler types fall into this category.

EXAMPLES

```
// param is a CGparameter initialized earlier
...
DWORD size = cgD3D11TypeToSize(cgGetParameterType(param));

// (sanity check that parameters have the expected size)
```

```
...
assert (cgD3D11TypeToSize (cgGetParameterType (vsModelView)) == 16);
assert (cgD3D11TypeToSize (cgGetParameterType (psColor)) == 4);
```

ERRORS

None.

HISTORY

cgD3D11TypeToSize was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11SetDevice

8.30 cgD3D11UnbindProgram

NAME

cgD3D11UnbindProgram - Unbinds a D3D11 program.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>

void cgD3D11UnbindProgram( CGprogram Program );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

A program whose profile is used to unbind the program from the API.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11UnbindProgram Unbinds a D3D11 program from the profile of the given program 'Program.'

EXAMPLES

```
// CGprogram vertexProg;
//...
cgD3D11UnbindProgram( vertexProg );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if Program is not a valid program.

HISTORY

cgD3D11UnbindProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11BindProgram

8.31 cgD3D11UnloadProgram

NAME

cgD3D11UnloadProgram - Unloads a D3D shader from the runtime data structures

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgD3D11.h>  
void cgD3D11UnloadProgram( CGprogram Program );
```

PARAMETERS

Program

A program whose compiled output is used to create the D3D shader.

RETURN VALUES

None.

DESCRIPTION

cgD3D11UnloadProgram Unloads a D3D shader from the runtime data structures.

EXAMPLES

```
// vertexProg is a CGprogram using a vertex profile  
...  
cgD3D11UnloadProgram( vertexProg );
```

ERRORS

CG_INVALID_PROGRAM_HANDLE_ERROR is generated if Program is not a valid program.

HISTORY

cgD3D11UnloadProgram was introduced in Cg 3.0.

SEE ALSO

cgD3D11LoadProgram

CG STANDARD LIBRARY

9.1 abs

NAME

abs - returns absolute value of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  abs(float  a);
float1 abs(float1 a);
float2 abs(float2 a);
float3 abs(float3 a);
float4 abs(float4 a);
```

```
half   abs(half   a);
half1  abs(half1  a);
half2  abs(half2  a);
half3  abs(half3  a);
half4  abs(half4  a);
```

```
fixed  abs(fixed  a);
fixed1 abs(fixed1 a);
fixed2 abs(fixed2 a);
fixed3 abs(fixed3 a);
fixed4 abs(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the absolute value.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the absolute value of a scalar or vector.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the absolute value of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

abs for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float abs(float a)
{
```

```
    return max(-a, a);  
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

abs is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

Consider **abs** to be free or extremely inexpensive.

SEE ALSO

max

9.2 acos

NAME

acos - returns arccosine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  acos(float a);  
float1  acos(float1 a);  
float2  acos(float2 a);  
float3  acos(float3 a);  
float4  acos(float4 a);
```

```
half    acos(half a);  
half1   acos(half1 a);  
half2   acos(half2 a);  
half3   acos(half3 a);  
half4   acos(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   acos(fixed a);  
fixed1  acos(fixed1 a);  
fixed2  acos(fixed2 a);  
fixed3  acos(fixed3 a);  
fixed4  acos(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the arccosine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the arccosine of *a* in the range [0,pi], expecting *a* to be in the range [-1,+1].

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arccosine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

acos for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```

// Handbook of Mathematical Functions
// M. Abramowitz and I.A. Stegun, Ed.

// Absolute error <= 6.7e-5
float acos(float x) {
    float negate = float(x < 0);
    x = abs(x);
    float ret = -0.0187293;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret + 0.0742610;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret - 0.2121144;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret + 1.5707288;
    ret = ret * sqrt(1.0-x);
    ret = ret - 2 * negate * ret;
    return negate * 3.14159265358979 + ret;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

acos is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

abs, asin, cos, sqrt

9.3 all

NAME

all - returns true if a boolean scalar or all components of a boolean vector are true.

SYNOPSIS

```

bool all(bool a);
bool all(bool1 a);
bool all(bool2 a);
bool all(bool3 a);
bool all(bool4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Boolean vector or scalar of which to determine if any component is true.

DESCRIPTION

Returns true if a boolean scalar or all components of a boolean vector are true.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

all for a **bool4** vector could be implemented like this.

```
bool all(bool4 a)
{
    return a.x && a.y && a.z && a.w;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

all is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

any

9.4 any

NAME

any - returns true if a boolean scalar or any component of a boolean vector is true.

SYNOPSIS

```
bool any(bool a);
bool any(bool1 a);
bool any(bool2 a);
bool any(bool3 a);
bool any(bool4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Boolean vector or scalar of which to determine if any component is true.

DESCRIPTION

Returns true if a boolean scalar or any component of a boolean vector is true.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

any for a **bool4** vector could be implemented like this.

```
bool any(bool4 a)
{
    return a.x || a.y || a.z || a.w;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

any is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

all

9.5 asin

NAME

asin - returns arcsine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  asin(float a);
float1 asin(float1 a);
float2 asin(float2 a);
float3 asin(float3 a);
float4 asin(float4 a);
```

```
half   asin(half a);
half1  asin(half1 a);
half2  asin(half2 a);
half3  asin(half3 a);
half4  asin(half4 a);
```

```
fixed  asin(fixed a);
fixed1 asin(fixed1 a);
fixed2 asin(fixed2 a);
fixed3 asin(fixed3 a);
fixed4 asin(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the arcsine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the arcsine of *a* in the range $[-\pi/2, +\pi/2]$, expecting *a* to be in the range $[-1, +1]$.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arcsine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

asin for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
// Handbook of Mathematical Functions
// M. Abramowitz and I.A. Stegun, Ed.

float asin(float x) {
    float negate = float(x < 0);
    x = abs(x);
    float ret = -0.0187293;
    ret *= x;
    ret += 0.0742610;
    ret *= x;
    ret -= 0.2121144;
    ret *= x;
    ret += 1.5707288;
    ret = 3.14159265358979*0.5 - sqrt(1.0 - x)*ret;
    return ret - 2 * negate * ret;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

asin is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

abs, acos, sin, sqrt

9.6 atan2

NAME

atan2 - returns arctangent of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  atan2(float y, float x);
float1 atan2(float1 y, float1 x);
float2 atan2(float2 y, float2 x);
float3 atan2(float3 y, float3 x);
float4 atan2(float4 y, float4 x);
```

```
half   atan2(half y, half x);
half1  atan2(half1 y, half1 x);
half2  atan2(half2 y, half2 x);
half3  atan2(half3 y, half3 x);
half4  atan2(half4 y, half4 x);
```

```
fixed  atan2(fixed y, fixed x);
fixed1 atan2(fixed1 y, fixed1 x);
fixed2 atan2(fixed2 y, fixed2 x);
fixed3 atan2(fixed3 y, fixed3 x);
fixed4 atan2(fixed4 y, fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

y

Vector or scalar for numerator of ratio of which to determine the arctangent.

x

Vector or scalar of denominator of ratio of which to determine the arctangent.

DESCRIPTION

atan2 calculates the arctangent of y/x . **atan2** is well defined for every point other than the origin, even if x equals 0 and y does not equal 0.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arctangent of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

atan2 for a **float2** scalar could be implemented as an approximation like this.

```
float2 atan2(float2 y, float2 x)
{
    float2 t0, t1, t2, t3, t4;
```

```

t3 = abs(x);
t1 = abs(y);
t0 = max(t3, t1);
t1 = min(t3, t1);
t3 = float(1) / t0;
t3 = t1 * t3;

t4 = t3 * t3;
t0 = - float(0.013480470);
t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.057477314);
t0 = t0 * t4 - float(0.121239071);
t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.195635925);
t0 = t0 * t4 - float(0.332994597);
t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.999995630);
t3 = t0 * t3;

t3 = (abs(y) > abs(x)) ? float(1.570796327) - t3 : t3;
t3 = (x < 0) ? float(3.141592654) - t3 : t3;
t3 = (y < 0) ? -t3 : t3;

return t3;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

atan2 is supported in all profiles but *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

abs, acos, asin, atan, sqrt, tan

9.7 atan

NAME

atan - returns arctangent of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```

float atan(float a);
float1 atan(float1 a);
float2 atan(float2 a);
float3 atan(float3 a);
float4 atan(float4 a);

half atan(half a);
half1 atan(half1 a);
half2 atan(half2 a);
half3 atan(half3 a);
half4 atan(half4 a);

fixed atan(fixed a);
fixed1 atan(fixed1 a);
fixed2 atan(fixed2 a);
fixed3 atan(fixed3 a);
fixed4 atan(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the arctangent.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the arctangent of x in the range of $-\pi/2$ to $\pi/2$ radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arctangent of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

atan for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float atan(float x) {  
    return atan2(x, float(1));  
}
```

atan2 is typically implemented as an approximation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

atan is supported in all profiles but *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

abs, acos, asin, atan2, sqrt, tan

9.8 bitCount

NAME

bitCount - return the number of bits set in a bitfield.

SYNOPSIS

```
int bitCount(int x)  
int2 bitCount(int2 x)  
int3 bitCount(int3 x)  
int4 bitCount(int4 x)
```

```
int bitCount(uint x)  
int2 bitCount(uint2 x)  
int3 bitCount(uint3 x)  
int4 bitCount(uint4 x)
```

PARAMETERS

x

Bitfield to count bits in.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the count of set bits (value of 1) in the bitfield *x*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

bitCount for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```

int bitCount(int x)
{
    int i;
    int res = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
        mask = 1 << i;
        if (x & mask)
            res ++;
    }
    return res;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

bitCount is supported in *gp5* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldExtract, *bitfieldInsert*, *bitfieldReverse*, *findLSB* and *findMSB*

9.9 bitfieldExtract

NAME

bitfieldExtract - return an extracted range of bits from a bitfield.

SYNOPSIS

```

int bitfieldExtract(int a, int b, int c)
int2 bitfieldExtract(int2 a, int b, int c)
int3 bitfieldExtract(int3 a, int b, int c)
int4 bitfieldExtract(int4 a, int b, int c)

```

```

uint bitfieldExtract(uint a, int b, int c)
uint2 bitfieldExtract(uint2 a, int b, int c)
uint3 bitfieldExtract(uint3 a, int b, int c)
uint4 bitfieldExtract(uint4 a, int b, int c)

```

PARAMETERS

a

Bitfield to extract bits from.

b

Bit offset number. Bit offsets start at 0.

c

Number of bits to extract.

DESCRIPTION

Returns bits from offset *b* of length *c* in the bitfield *a*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

bitfieldExtract for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```
int bitfieldExtract(int a, int b, int c)
{
    int mask = ~(0xffffffff << c);
    if (b > 0)
        return (a >> (b - 1)) & mask;
    else
        return a & mask;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

bitfieldExtract is supported in *gp5* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldInsert, *bitfieldReverse*, *bitCount*, *findLSB* and *findMSB*

9.10 bitfieldInsert

NAME

bitfieldInsert - returns an extracted range of bits from a bitfield.

SYNOPSIS

```
int bitfieldInsert(int a, int b, int c, int d)
int2 bitfieldInsert(int2 a, int b, int c, int d)
int3 bitfieldInsert(int3 a, int b, int c, int d)
int4 bitfieldInsert(int4 a, int b, int c, int d)

uint bitfieldInsert(uint a, uint b, int c, int d)
uint2 bitfieldInsert(uint2 a, uint b, int c, int d)
uint3 bitfieldInsert(uint3 a, uint b, int c, int d)
uint4 bitfieldInsert(uint4 a, uint b, int c, int d)
```

PARAMETERS

- a
Bitfield to insert bits into.
- b
Bit pattern to insert.
- c
Bit offset number.
- d

Number of bits to insert.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the result of inserting bits *B* at offset *C* of length *D* in the bitfield *A*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

bitfieldInsert for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```
int bitfieldInsert(int a, int b, int c, int d)
{
    uint mask = ~(0xffffffff << d) << c;
    mask ^= mask;
    a &= mask;
    return a | (b << c);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

bitfieldInsert is supported in *gp5* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldExtract, *bitfieldReverse*, *bitCount*, *findLSB* and *findMSB*

9.11 bitfieldReverse

NAME

bitfieldReverse - return the reversed bitfield.

SYNOPSIS

```
int bitfieldReverse(int x)
int2 bitfieldReverse(int2 x)
int3 bitfieldReverse(int3 x)
int4 bitfieldReverse(int4 x)

uint bitfieldReverse(uint x)
uint2 bitfieldReverse(uint2 x)
uint3 bitfieldReverse(uint3 x)
uint4 bitfieldReverse(uint4 x)
```

PARAMETERS

x

Bitfield to reverse.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the reverse of the bitfield *x*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

bitfieldReverse for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```
int bitfieldReverse(int x)
{
    int res = 0;
    int i, shift, mask;

    for(i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
        mask = 1 << i;
        shift = 32 - 2*i - 1;
        mask &= x;
        mask = (shift > 0) ? mask << shift : mask >> -shift;
        res |= mask;
    }

    return res;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

bitfieldReverse is supported in *gp5* and *hlsl11* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldInsert, *bitfieldExtract*, *bitCount*, *findLSB* and *findMSB*

9.12 ceil

NAME

ceil - returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

SYNOPSIS

```
float   ceil(float a);
float1  ceil(float1 a);
float2  ceil(float2 a);
float3  ceil(float3 a);
float4  ceil(float4 a);

half    ceil(half a);
half1   ceil(half1 a);
half2   ceil(half2 a);
half3   ceil(half3 a);
half4   ceil(half4 a);

fixed   ceil(fixed a);
fixed1  ceil(fixed1 a);
fixed2  ceil(fixed2 a);
fixed3  ceil(fixed3 a);
fixed4  ceil(fixed4 a);
```


PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the ceiling.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the ceiling or smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**ceil** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float ceil(float v)
{
    return -floor(-v);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT**ceil** is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.**SEE ALSO***floor*

9.13 clamp

NAME**clamp** - returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.**SYNOPSIS**

```
float clamp(float x, float a, float b);
float1 clamp(float1 x, float1 a, float1 b);
float2 clamp(float2 x, float2 a, float2 b);
float3 clamp(float3 x, float3 a, float3 b);
float4 clamp(float4 x, float4 a, float4 b);
```

```
half clamp(half x, half a, half b);
half1 clamp(half1 x, half1 a, half1 b);
half2 clamp(half2 x, half2 a, half2 b);
half3 clamp(half3 x, half3 a, half3 b);
half4 clamp(half4 x, half4 a, half4 b);
```

```
fixed clamp(fixed x, fixed a, fixed b);
fixed1 clamp(fixed1 x, fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 clamp(fixed2 x, fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 clamp(fixed3 x, fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 clamp(fixed4 x, fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

```
float1 clamp(float1 x, float a, float b);
float2 clamp(float2 x, float a, float b);
float3 clamp(float3 x, float a, float b);
float4 clamp(float4 x, float a, float b);
```

```
half1 clamp(half1 x, half a, half b);
```

```
half2 clamp(half2 x, half a, half b);
half3 clamp(half3 x, half a, half b);
half4 clamp(half4 x, half a, half b);

fixed1 clamp(fixed1 x, fixed a, fixed b);
fixed2 clamp(fixed2 x, fixed a, fixed b);
fixed3 clamp(fixed3 x, fixed a, fixed b);
fixed4 clamp(fixed4 x, fixed a, fixed b);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar to clamp.

a

Vector or scalar for bottom of clamp range.

b

Vector or scalar for top of clamp range.

DESCRIPTION

Returns *x* clamped to the range $[a,b]$ as follows:

1. Returns *a* if *x* is less than *a*; else
2. Returns *b* if *x* is greater than *b*; else
3. Returns *x* otherwise.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the clamped result of each element of the vector *x* clamped using the respective element of vectors *a* and *b*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

clamp for **float** scalars could be implemented like this.

```
float clamp(float x, float a, float b)
{
    return max(a, min(b, x));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

clamp is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

max, *min*, *saturate*

9.14 clip

NAME

clip - conditionally kill a pixel before output

SYNOPSIS

```

void clip(float4 x);
void clip(float3 x);
void clip(float2 x);
void clip(float1 x);
void clip(float x);

```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector/scalar condition to clip on

DESCRIPTION

kills the current pixel output if any component of the given vector, or the given scalar, is negative

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

clip is equivalent to

```

void clip(float4 x)
{
    if (any(x < 0))
        discard;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

clip is supported in all pixel/fragment profiles.

SEE ALSO

9.15 cosh

NAME

cosh - returns hyperbolic cosine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```

float cosh(float a);
float1 cosh(float1 a);
float2 cosh(float2 a);
float3 cosh(float3 a);
float4 cosh(float4 a);

half cosh(half a);
half1 cosh(half1 a);
half2 cosh(half2 a);
half3 cosh(half3 a);
half4 cosh(half4 a);

fixed cosh(fixed a);
fixed1 cosh(fixed1 a);
fixed2 cosh(fixed2 a);
fixed3 cosh(fixed3 a);
fixed4 cosh(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic cosine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the hyperbolic cosine of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic cosine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

cosh for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float cosh(float x)
{
    return 0.5 * (exp(x)+exp(-x));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

cosh is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

acos, cos, exp, sinh, tanh

9.16 cos

NAME

cos - returns cosine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  cos(float a);
float1 cos(float1 a);
float2 cos(float2 a);
float3 cos(float3 a);
float4 cos(float4 a);
```

```
half   cos(half a);
half1  cos(half1 a);
half2  cos(half2 a);
half3  cos(half3 a);
half4  cos(half4 a);
```

```
fixed  cos(fixed a);
fixed1 cos(fixed1 a);
fixed2 cos(fixed2 a);
fixed3 cos(fixed3 a);
fixed4 cos(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the cosine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the cosine of a in radians. The return value is in the range $[-1,+1]$.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the cosine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

cos is best implemented as a native cosine instruction, however **cos** for a **float** scalar could be implemented by an approximation like this.

```

cos(float a)
{
    /* C simulation gives a max absolute error of less than 1.8e-7 */
    const float4 c0 = float4( 0.0,          0.5,
                             1.0,          0.0          );
    const float4 c1 = float4( 0.25,        -9.0,
                             0.75,        0.159154943091 );
    const float4 c2 = float4( 24.9808039603, -24.9808039603,
                             -60.1458091736, 60.1458091736 );
    const float4 c3 = float4( 85.4537887573, -85.4537887573,
                             -64.9393539429, 64.9393539429 );
    const float4 c4 = float4( 19.7392082214, -19.7392082214,
                             -1.0,          1.0          );

    /* r0.x = cos(a) */
    float3 r0, r1, r2;

    r1.x = c1.w * a;                // normalize input
    r1.y = frac( r1.x );            // and extract fraction
    r2.x = (float) ( r1.y < c1.x ); // range check: 0.0 to 0.25
    r2.yz = (float2) ( r1.yy >= c1.yz ); // range check: 0.75 to 1.0
    r2.y = dot( r2, c4.zwz );      // range check: 0.25 to 0.75
    r0 = c0.xyz - r1.yyy;          // range centering
    r0 = r0 * r0;
    r1 = c2.xy * r0 + c2.zwz;      // start power series
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.xy;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.zwz;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.xy;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.zwz;
    r0.x = dot( r1, -r2 );         // range extract

    return r0.x;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

cos is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

cos is supported via an approximation (shown above) in the *vs_1_1*, *vp20*, and *arbvp1* profiles.

cos is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, and *ps_1_3* profiles.

SEE ALSO

acos, *dot*, *frac*, *sin*, *sincos*, *tan*

9.17 cross

NAME

cross - returns the cross product of two three-component vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float3 cross(float3 a, float3 b);
```

```
half3  cross(half3 a, half3 b);
```

```
fixed3 cross(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Three-component vector.

b

Three-component vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the cross product of three-component vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

cross for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 cross(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return a.yzx * b.zxy - a.zxy * b.yzx;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

cross is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

dot

9.18 ddx

NAME

ddx - returns approximate partial derivative with respect to window-space X

SYNOPSIS

```
float  ddx(float a);
float1 ddx(float1 a);
float2 ddx(float2 a);
float3 ddx(float3 a);
```

```
float4 ddx(float4 a);

half   ddx(half a);
half1  ddx(half1 a);
half2  ddx(half2 a);
half3  ddx(half3 a);
half4  ddx(half4 a);

fixed  ddx(fixed a);
fixed1 ddx(fixed1 a);
fixed2 ddx(fixed2 a);
fixed3 ddx(fixed3 a);
fixed4 ddx(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to approximate the partial derivative with respect to window-space *X*.

DESCRIPTION

Returns approximate partial derivative of *a* with respect to the window-space (horizontal) *x* coordinate.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the approximate partial derivative of each element of the input vector.

This function is only available in fragment program profiles (but not all of them).

The specific way the partial derivative is computed is implementation-dependent. Typically fragments are rasterized in 2x2 arrangements of fragments (called quad-fragments) and the partial derivatives of a variable is computed by differencing with the adjacent horizontal fragment in the quad-fragment.

The partial derivative computation may incorrect when **ddx** is used in control flow paths where not all the fragments within a quad-fragment have branched the same way.

The partial derivative computation may be less exact (wobbly) when the variable is computed based on varying parameters interpolated with centroid interpolation.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

ddx is not expressible in Cg code.

PROFILE SUPPORT

ddx is supported only in fragment profiles. Vertex and geometry profiles lack the concept of window space.

ddx is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, *ps_1_3*, and *arbfp1* profiles.

SEE ALSO

ddy, *fp30*, *fp40*, *fwidth*, *gp4fp*

9.19 ddy

NAME

ddy - returns approximate partial derivative with respect to window-space *Y*

SYNOPSIS

```
float ddy(float a);
float1 ddy(float1 a);
float2 ddy(float2 a);
float3 ddy(float3 a);
float4 ddy(float4 a);

half ddy(half a);
half1 ddy(half1 a);
half2 ddy(half2 a);
half3 ddy(half3 a);
half4 ddy(half4 a);

fixed ddy(fixed a);
fixed1 ddy(fixed1 a);
fixed2 ddy(fixed2 a);
fixed3 ddy(fixed3 a);
fixed4 ddy(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to approximate the partial derivative with respect to window-space Y.

DESCRIPTION

Returns approximate partial derivative of *a* with respect to the window-space (vertical) *y* coordinate.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the approximate partial derivative of each element of the input vector.

This function is only available in fragment program profiles (but not all of them).

The specific way the partial derivative is computed is implementation-dependent. Typically fragments are rasterized in 2x2 arrangements of fragments (called quad-fragments) and the partial derivatives of a variable is computed by differencing with the adjacent horizontal fragment in the quad-fragment.

The partial derivative computation may incorrect when **ddy** is used in control flow paths where not all the fragments within a quad-fragment have branched the same way.

The partial derivative computation may be less exact (wobbly) when the variable is computed based on varying parameters interpolated with centroid interpolation.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

ddy is not expressible in Cg code.

PROFILE SUPPORT

ddy is supported only in fragment profiles. Vertex and geometry profiles lack the concept of window space.

ddy is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, *ps_1_3*, and *arbfp1* profiles.

SEE ALSO

ddx, *fp30*, *fp40*, *fwidth*, *gp4fp*

9.20 degrees

NAME

degrees - converts values of scalars and vectors from radians to degrees

SYNOPSIS

```
float  degrees(float  a);
float1 degrees(float1 a);
float2 degrees(float2 a);
float3 degrees(float3 a);
float4 degrees(float4 a);

half   degrees(half  a);
half1  degrees(half1 a);
half2  degrees(half2 a);
half3  degrees(half3 a);
half4  degrees(half4 a);

fixed  degrees(fixed  a);
fixed1 degrees(fixed1 a);
fixed2 degrees(fixed2 a);
fixed3 degrees(fixed3 a);
fixed4 degrees(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to convert from radians to degrees.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the scalar or vector converted from radians to degrees.

For vectors, the returned vector contains each element of the input vector converted from radians to degrees.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

degrees for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float degrees(float a)
{
    return 57.29577951 * a;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

degrees is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

cos, *radians*, *sin*, *tan*

9.21 determinant

NAME

determinant - return the scalar determinant of a square matrix

SYNOPSIS

```
float determinant(float1x1 A);
float determinant(float2x2 A);
float determinant(float3x3 A);
float determinant(float4x4 A);
```

PARAMETERS

A

Square matrix of which to compute the determinant.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the determinant of the square matrix *A*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

The various **determinant** functions can be implemented like this:

```
float determinant(float1x1 A)
{
    return A._m00;
}

float determinant(float2x2 A)
{
    return A._m00*A._m11 - A._m01*A._m10;
}

float determinant(float3x3 A)
{
    return dot(A._m00_m01_m02,
               A._m11_m12_m10 * A._m22_m20_m21
               - A._m12_m10_m11 * A._m21_m22_m20);
}

float determinant(float4x4 A) {
    return dot(float4(1,-1,1,-1) * A._m00_m01_m02_m03,
               A._m11_m12_m13_m10*( A._m22_m23_m20_m21*A._m33_m30_m31_m32
                                     - A._m23_m20_m21_m22*A._m32_m33_m30_m31)
               + A._m12_m13_m10_m11*( A._m23_m20_m21_m22*A._m31_m32_m33_m30
                                     - A._m21_m22_m23_m20*A._m33_m30_m31_m32)
               + A._m13_m10_m11_m12*( A._m21_m22_m23_m20*A._m32_m33_m30_m31
                                     - A._m22_m23_m20_m21*A._m31_m32_m33_m30));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

determinant is supported in all profiles except *fp20*, *vs_1_1*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2* and *ps_1_3*. However profiles such as *ps_2_0* without native floating-point will have problems computing the larger determinants and may have ranges issues computing even small determinants.

SEE ALSO*mul, transpose*

9.22 distance

NAME**distance** - return the Euclidean distance between two points**SYNOPSIS**

```

float distance(float pt1, float pt2);
float distance(float1 pt1, float1 pt2);
float distance(float2 pt1, float2 pt2);
float distance(float3 pt1, float3 pt2);
float distance(float4 pt1, float4 pt2);

half distance(half pt1, half pt2);
half distance(half1 pt1, half1 pt2);
half distance(half2 pt1, half2 pt2);
half distance(half3 pt1, half3 pt2);
half distance(half4 pt1, half4 pt2);

fixed distance(fixed pt1, fixed pt2);
fixed distance(fixed1 pt1, fixed1 pt2);
fixed distance(fixed2 pt1, fixed2 pt2);
fixed distance(fixed3 pt1, fixed3 pt2);
fixed distance(fixed4 pt1, fixed4 pt2);

```

PARAMETERS*pt1*

First point.

pt2

Second point.

DESCRIPTIONReturns the Euclidean distance from a first point *pt1* to a second point *pt2*.**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION****distance** for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```

float distance(float3 pt1, float3 pt2)
{
    float3 v = pt2 - pt1;
    return sqrt(dot(v, v));
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT**distance** is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

dot, length, normalize, sqrt

9.23 dot

NAME

dot - returns the scalar dot product of two vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float dot(float a, float b);  
float dot(float1 a, float1 b);  
float dot(float2 a, float2 b);  
float dot(float3 a, float3 b);  
float dot(float4 a, float4 b);
```

```
half dot(half a, half b);  
half dot(half1 a, half1 b);  
half dot(half2 a, half2 b);  
half dot(half3 a, half3 b);  
half dot(half4 a, half4 b);
```

```
fixed dot(fixed a, fixed b);  
fixed dot(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);  
fixed dot(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);  
fixed dot(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);  
fixed dot(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

PARAMETERS

a

First vector.

b

Second vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the scalar dot product of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

dot for **float4** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float dot(float4 a, float4 b)  
{  
    return a.x*b.x + a.y*b.y + a.z*b.z + a.w*b.w;  
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

dot is supported in all profiles.

The **fixed3** dot product is very efficient in the *fp20* and *fp30* profiles.

The **float3** and **float4** dot products are very efficient in the *vp20*, *vp30*, *vp40*, *arbvp1*, *fp30*, *fp40*, and *arbfp1* profiles.

The **float2** dot product is very efficient in the *fp40* profile. In optimal circumstances, two two-component dot products can sometimes be performed at the four-component and three-component dot product rate.

SEE ALSO

cross, lit, mul

9.24 exp2

NAME

exp2 - returns the base-2 exponential of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float   exp2(float a);
float1  exp2(float1 a);
float2  exp2(float2 a);
float3  exp2(float3 a);
float4  exp2(float4 a);
```

```
half    exp2(half a);
half1   exp2(half1 a);
half2   exp2(half2 a);
half3   exp2(half3 a);
half4   exp2(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   exp2(fixed a);
fixed1  exp2(fixed1 a);
fixed2  exp2(fixed2 a);
fixed3  exp2(fixed3 a);
fixed4  exp2(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the base-2 exponential.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the base-2 exponential *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the base-2 exponential of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

```
float3 exp2(float3 a)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = exp2(a[i]); // this is the ANSI C standard library exp2()
    }
    return rv;
}
```

exp2 is typically implemented with a native base-2 exponential instruction.

PROFILE SUPPORT

exp2 is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp, log, pow

9.25 exp

NAME

exp - returns the base-e exponential of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float exp(float a);
float1 exp(float1 a);
float2 exp(float2 a);
float3 exp(float3 a);
float4 exp(float4 a);
```

```
half exp(half a);
half1 exp(half1 a);
half2 exp(half2 a);
half3 exp(half3 a);
half4 exp(half4 a);
```

```
fixed exp(fixed a);
fixed1 exp(fixed1 a);
fixed2 exp(fixed2 a);
fixed3 exp(fixed3 a);
fixed4 exp(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the base-e exponential. The value *e* is approximately 2.71828182845904523536.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the base-e exponential *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the base-e exponential of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

```
float3 exp(float3 a)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = exp(a[i]); // this is the ANSI C standard library exp()
    }
}
```

```

    return rv;
}

```

exp is typically implemented with either a native base-2 exponential instruction or *pow*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

exp is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp2, *log*, *pow*

9.26 faceforward

NAME

faceforward - returns a normal as-is if a vertex's eye-space position vector points in the opposite direction of a geometric normal, otherwise return the negated version of the normal

SYNOPSIS

```

float faceforward(float N, float I, float Ng);
float1 faceforward(float1 N, float1 I, float1 Ng);
float2 faceforward(float2 N, float2 I, float2 Ng);
float3 faceforward(float3 N, float3 I, float3 Ng);
float4 faceforward(float4 N, float4 I, float4 Ng);

half faceforward(half N, half I, half Ng);
half1 faceforward(half1 N, half1 I, half1 Ng);
half2 faceforward(half2 N, half2 I, half2 Ng);
half3 faceforward(half3 N, half3 I, half3 Ng);
half4 faceforward(half4 N, half4 I, half4 Ng);

fixed faceforward(fixed N, fixed I, fixed Ng);
fixed1 faceforward(fixed1 N, fixed1 I, fixed1 Ng);
fixed2 faceforward(fixed2 N, fixed2 I, fixed2 Ng);
fixed3 faceforward(fixed3 N, fixed3 I, fixed3 Ng);
fixed4 faceforward(fixed4 N, fixed4 I, fixed4 Ng);

```

PARAMETERS

N

Perturbed normal vector.

I

Incidence vector (typically a direction vector from the eye to a vertex).

Ng

Geometric normal vector (for some facet the perturbed normal belongs).

DESCRIPTION

Returns a (perturbed) normal as-is if a vertex's eye-space position vector points in the opposite direction of a geometric normal, otherwise return the negated version of the (perturbed) normal

Mathematically, if the dot product of I and Ng is negative, N is returned unchanged; otherwise $-N$ is returned.

This function is inspired by a RenderMan function of the same name though the RenderMan version has only two parameters.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

faceforward for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 faceforward( float3 N, float3 I, float Ng )
{
    return dot(I, Ng) < 0 ? N : -N;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

refract is supported in all profiles.

SEE ALSO

dot, reflect, refract, normalize

9.27 findLSB

NAME

findLSB - return the number of the least significant set bit.

SYNOPSIS

```
int findLSB(int x)
int2 findLSB(int2 x)
int3 findLSB(int3 x)
int4 findLSB(int4 x)
```

```
int findLSB(uint x)
int2 findLSB(uint2 x)
int3 findLSB(uint3 x)
int4 findLSB(uint4 x)
```

PARAMETERS

x

Bitfield to find LSB in.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the bit number of the least significant bit (value of 1) in the bitfield x . If no bits have the value 1 then -1 is returned.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

findLSB for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```

int findLSB(int x)
{
    int i;
    int mask;
    int res = -1;
    for(i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
        mask = 1 << i;
        if (x & mask) {
            res = i;
            break;
        }
    }
    return res;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

findLSB is supported in *gp5* and *hls11* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldExtract, *bitfieldInsert*, *bitfieldReverse*, *bitCount* and *findMSB*

9.28 findMSB

NAME

findMSB - return the number of the most significant bit.

SYNOPSIS

```

int findMSB(int x)
int2 findMSB(int2 x)
int3 findMSB(int3 x)
int4 findMSB(int4 x)

int findMSB(uint x)
int2 findMSB(uint2 x)
int3 findMSB(uint3 x)
int4 findMSB(uint4 x)

```

PARAMETERS

x

Bitfield to find MSB in.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the bit number of the most significant bit (value of 1) in the bitfield *x*. If the number is negative then the position of the first zero bit is returned. If no bits have the value 1 (or 0 in the negative case) then -1 is returned.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

findMSB for an **int** bitfield can be implemented like this:

```
int findMSB(int x)
{
    int i;
    int mask;
    int res = -1;
    if (x < 0) x ^= x;
    for(i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
        mask = 0x80000000 >> i;
        if (x & mask) {
            res = 31 - i;
            break;
        }
    }
    return res;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

findMSB is supported in *gp5* and *hsl11* profiles.

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_gpu_shader5`

bitfieldExtract, *bitfieldInsert*, *bitfieldReverse*, *bitCount* and *findLSB*

9.29 floatToIntBits

NAME

floatToIntBits - returns the 32-bit integer representation of an IEEE 754 floating-point scalar or vector

SYNOPSIS

```
int floatToIntBits(float x);
int1 floatToIntBits(float1 x);
int2 floatToIntBits(float2 x);
int3 floatToIntBits(float3 x);
int4 floatToIntBits(float4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Floating-point vector or scalar to cast to a scalar int or vector of ints.

DESCRIPTION

Returns a representation of the specified floating-point scalar value or vector values according to the IEEE 754 floating-point “single format” bit layout.

Not-A-Number (NaN) floating-point values are canonicalized to the integer value 0x7fc00000 regardless of the specific NaN encoding. The sign bit of the NaN is discarded.

This function is based on Java’s `java.lang.Float` method of the same name. See:

<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/docs/api/java/lang/Float.html>

floatToIntBits requires instructions to be generated to canonicalize NaN values so **floatToIntBits** is typically more expensive than **floatToRawIntBits**.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

floatToIntBits operates consistent with the following ANSI C code:

```
int floatToIntBits(float x)
{
    union {
        float f; // assuming 32-bit IEEE 754 single-precision
        int i;   // assuming 32-bit 2's complement int
    } u;

    if (isnan(x)) {
        return 0x7fc00000;
    } else {
        u.f = x;
        return u.i;
    }
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

floatToIntBits is supported by the *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, and *gp4vp* profiles.

floatToIntBits is *not* supported by pre-G80 profiles.

SEE ALSO

ceil, *floatToRawIntBits*, *floor*, *intBitsToFloat*, *round*, *trunc*

9.30 floatToRawIntBits

NAME

floatToRawIntBits - returns the raw 32-bit integer representation of an IEEE 754 floating-point scalar or vector

SYNOPSIS

```
int floatToRawIntBits(float x);
int1 floatToRawIntBits(float1 x);
int2 floatToRawIntBits(float2 x);
int3 floatToRawIntBits(float3 x);
int4 floatToRawIntBits(float4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Floating-point vector or scalar to raw cast to a scalar int or vector of ints.

DESCRIPTION

Returns a representation of the specified floating-point scalar value or vector values according to the IEEE 754 floating-point “single format” bit layout, preserving Not-a-Number (NaN) values.

This function is based on Java’s `java.lang.Float` method of the same name. See:

<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/docs/api/java/lang/Float.html>

The Cg compiler can typically optimize **floatToRawIntBits** so it has no instruction cost.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

floatToRawIntBits operates consistent with the following ANSI C code:

```
int floatToRawIntBits(float x)
{
    union {
        float f; // assuming 32-bit IEEE 754 single-precision
        int i;   // assuming 32-bit 2's complement int
    } u;

    u.f = x;
    return u.i;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

floatToRawIntBits is supported by the *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, and *gp4vp* profiles.

floatToRawIntBits is *not* supported by pre-G80 profiles.

SEE ALSO

ceil, *floatToIntBits*, *floor*, *intBitsToFloat*, *round*, *trunc*

9.31 floor

NAME

floor - returns largest integer not greater than a scalar or each vector component.

SYNOPSIS

```
float floor(float a);
float1 floor(float1 a);
float2 floor(float2 a);
float3 floor(float3 a);
float4 floor(float4 a);

half floor(half a);
half1 floor(half1 a);
half2 floor(half2 a);
half3 floor(half3 a);
half4 floor(half4 a);

fixed floor(fixed a);
fixed1 floor(fixed1 a);
fixed2 floor(fixed2 a);
fixed3 floor(fixed3 a);
fixed4 floor(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the floor.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the floor or largest integer not greater than a scalar or each vector component.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

floor for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```
float3 floor(float3 v)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = v[i] - frac(v[i]);
    }
    return rv;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

floor is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

ceil, *round*

9.32 fmod

NAME

fmod - returns the remainder of x/y with the same sign as x

SYNOPSIS

```
float  fmod(float x, float y);
float1 fmod(float1 x, float1 y);
float2 fmod(float2 x, float2 y);
float3 fmod(float3 x, float3 y);
float4 fmod(float4 x, float4 y);
```

```
half   fmod(half x, half y);
half1  fmod(half1 x, half1 y);
half2  fmod(half2 x, half2 y);
half3  fmod(half3 x, half3 y);
half4  fmod(half4 x, half4 y);
```

```
fixed  fmod(fixed x, fixed y);
fixed1 fmod(fixed1 x, fixed1 y);
fixed2 fmod(fixed2 x, fixed2 y);
fixed3 fmod(fixed3 x, fixed3 y);
fixed4 fmod(fixed4 x, fixed4 y);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar numerator

y

Vector or scalar denominator

DESCRIPTION

fmod returns the remainder of *x* divided by *y* with the same sign as *x*. If *y* is zero, the result is implementation-defined because of division by zero.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the signed remainder of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

fmod for an **float2** vector could be implemented as:

```
float2 fmod(float2 a, float2 b)
{
    float2 c = frac(abs(a/b))*abs(b);
    return (a < 0) ? -c : c;    /* if ( a < 0 ) c = 0-c */
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

fmod is supported in all profiles but *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

abs, frac

9.33 frac

NAME

frac - returns the fractional portion of a scalar or each vector component.

SYNOPSIS

```
float   frac(float a);
float1  frac(float1 a);
float2  frac(float2 a);
float3  frac(float3 a);
float4  frac(float4 a);

half    frac(half a);
half1   frac(half1 a);
half2   frac(half2 a);
half3   frac(half3 a);
half4   frac(half4 a);

fixed   frac(fixed a);
fixed1  frac(fixed1 a);
fixed2  frac(fixed2 a);
fixed3  frac(fixed3 a);
fixed4  frac(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to return its fractional portion.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the fractional portion of a scalar or each vector component.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**frac** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float frac(float v)
{
    return v - floor(v);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT**frac** is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.**SEE ALSO***ceil, floor, round, trunc*

9.34 frexp

NAME**frexp** - splits scalars and vectors into normalized fraction and a power of 2**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  frexp(float x, out float e);
float1 frexp(float1 x, out float1 e);
float2 frexp(float2 x, out float2 e);
float3 frexp(float3 x, out float3 e);
float4 frexp(float4 x, out float4 e);

half   frexp(half x, out half e);
half1  frexp(half1 x, out half1 e);
half2  frexp(half2 x, out half2 e);
half3  frexp(half3 x, out half3 e);
half4  frexp(half4 x, out half4 e);

fixed  frexp(fixed x, out fixed e);
fixed1 frexp(fixed1 x, out fixed1 e);
fixed2 frexp(fixed2 x, out fixed2 e);
fixed3 frexp(fixed3 x, out fixed3 e);
fixed4 frexp(fixed4 x, out fixed4 e);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar of which to split.

e

Vector or scalar where the exponent of x is output.

DESCRIPTION

This function decomposes x into two parts: a mantissa between 0.5 and 1 (returned by the function) and an exponent output as e .

If the value x is zero, both parts of the result are zero.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the mantissa of each element of the input vector and the output vector contains the exponent of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

The example below is not legal Cg because it uses the `&` address-of operator not supported by Cg in order to call the ANSI C `frexp` routine.

```
float3 frexp(float3 x, out float3 e)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        float eout;

        rv[i] = frexp(a[i], &eout); // this is the ANSI C standard library frexp()
        e[i] = eout;
    }
    return rv;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

`frexp` is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp2, log, pow

9.35 fwidth

NAME

fwidth - returns sum of approximate window-space partial derivatives magnitudes

SYNOPSIS

```
float   fwidth(float a);
float1  fwidth(float1 a);
float2  fwidth(float2 a);
float3  fwidth(float3 a);
float4  fwidth(float4 a);

half    fwidth(half a);
half1   fwidth(half1 a);
half2   fwidth(half2 a);
half3   fwidth(half3 a);
```



```
half4  fwidth(half4 a);

fixed  fwidth(fixed a);
fixed1 fwidth(fixed1 a);
fixed2 fwidth(fixed2 a);
fixed3 fwidth(fixed3 a);
fixed4 fwidth(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to sum its approximate window-space partial derivative magnitudes. with respect to window-space X and Y.

DESCRIPTION

Returns sum of the absolute values of each approximate partial derivative of *a* with respect to both the window-space (horizontal) *x* and (vertical) *l*<*y*) coordinate.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the sum of partial derivative magnitudes of each element of the input vector.

This function can be used to approximate the *fragment width* (hence the name “fwidth”) for level-of-detail computations dependent on change in window-space.

This function is only available in fragment program profiles (but not all of them).

The specific way the partial derivative is computed is implementation-dependent. Typically fragments are rasterized in 2x2 arrangements of fragments (called quad-fragments) and the partial derivatives of a variable is computed by differencing with the adjacent horizontal fragment in the quad-fragment.

The partial derivative computation may incorrect when **fwidth** is used in control flow paths where not all the fragments within a quad-fragment have branched the same way.

The partial derivative computation may be less exact (wobbly) when the variable is computed based on varying parameters interpolated with centroid interpolation.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

fmod for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 fwidth(float3 a)
{
    return abs(ddx(a)) + abs(ddy(a));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

fwidth is supported only in fragment profiles. Vertex and geometry profiles lack the concept of window space.

fwidth is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, *ps_1_3*, and *arbfp1* profiles.

SEE ALSO

ddx, *ddy*, *fp30*, *fp40*, *gp4fp*

9.36 intBitsToFloat

NAME

intBitsToFloat - returns the float value corresponding to a given bit representation of a scalar int value or vector of int values

SYNOPSIS

```
float intBitsToFloat(int x);
float1 intBitsToFloat(int1 x);
float2 intBitsToFloat(int2 x);
float3 intBitsToFloat(int3 x);
float4 intBitsToFloat(int4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Integer vector or scalar to raw cast to a scalar float or vector of floats

DESCRIPTION

Returns the IEEE 754 float scalar value or vector values corresponding to a given 32-bit integer bit representation for a scalar int value or vector of int values.

This function is based on Java's `java.lang.Float` method of the same name. See:

<http://java.sun.com/j2se/1.4.2/docs/api/java/lang/Float.html>

The Cg compiler can typically optimize **intBitsToFloat** so it has no instruction cost.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

intBitsToFloat operates consistent with the following ANSI C code:

```
float floatToRawIntBits(int x)
{
    union {
        float f; // assuming 32-bit IEEE 754 single-precision
        int i;   // assuming 32-bit 2's complement int
    } u;

    u.i = x;
    return u.f;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

intBitsToFloat is supported by the *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, and *gp4vp* profiles.

intBitsToFloat is *not* supported by pre-G80 profiles.

SEE ALSO

ceil, *floatToIntBits*, *floatToRawIntBits*, *floor*, *round*, *trunc*

9.37 inverse

NAME

inverse - return the inverse matrix of a matrix

SYNOPSIS

```
float4x4 inverse(float4x4 A)
float3x3 inverse(float3x3 A)
float2x2 inverse(float2x2 A)
```

PARAMETERS

A

Matrix to invert.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the inverse of the matrix A.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

inverse for a **float2x2** matrix can be implemented like this:

```
float2x2 inverse(float2x2 A)
{
    float2x2 C;

    float det = determinant(A);
    C[0] = A._m11;
    C[1] = -A._m01;
    C[2] = -A._m10;
    C[3] = A._m00;

    return C / det;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

inverse is supported in all profiles except *fp20*, *vs_1_1*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2* and *ps_1_3*.

SEE ALSO

determinant

9.38 isfinite

NAME

isfinite - test whether or not a scalar or each vector component is a finite value

SYNOPSIS

```
bool isfinite(float x);
bool1 isfinite(float1 x);
bool2 isfinite(float2 x);
```

```
bool3 isfinite(float3 x);
bool4 isfinite(float4 x);

bool   isfinite(half x);
bool1  isfinite(half1 x);
bool2  isfinite(half2 x);
bool3  isfinite(half3 x);
bool4  isfinite(half4 x);

bool   isfinite(fixed x);
bool1  isfinite(fixed1 x);
bool2  isfinite(fixed2 x);
bool3  isfinite(fixed3 x);
bool4  isfinite(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar to test for finiteness.

DESCRIPTION

Returns whether or not a scalar or each vector component is a finite value. Infinity and not-a-number (NaN) values are not finite.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

isfinite for **float3** vectors could be implemented like this.

```
bool3 isfinite(float3 s)
{
    // By IEEE 754 rule, 2*Inf equals Inf
    return (s == s) && ((s == 0) || (s != 2*s));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

isfinite is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

isinf, *isnan*

9.39 isinf

NAME

isinf - test whether or not a scalar or each vector component is infinite

SYNOPSIS

```
bool   isinf(float x);
bool1  isinf(float1 x);
bool2  isinf(float2 x);
bool3  isinf(float3 x);
bool4  isinf(float4 x);
```

```
bool   isinf(half x);
bool1  isinf(half1 x);
bool2  isinf(half2 x);
bool3  isinf(half3 x);
bool4  isinf(half4 x);
```

```
bool   isinf(fixed x);
bool1  isinf(fixed1 x);
bool2  isinf(fixed2 x);
bool3  isinf(fixed3 x);
bool4  isinf(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar to test if infinite.

DESCRIPTION

Returns whether or not a scalar or each vector component is a (negative or positive) infinite value. Finite and not-a-number (NaN) values are not infinite.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

isinf for **float3** vectors could be implemented like this.

```
bool3 isinf(float3 s)
{
    // By IEEE 754 rule, 2*Inf equals Inf
    return (2*s == s) && (s != 0);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

isinf is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

isfinite, *isnan*

9.40 isnan

NAME

isnan - test whether or not a scalar or each vector component is not-a-number

SYNOPSIS

```
bool   isnan(float x);
bool1  isnan(float1 x);
bool2  isnan(float2 x);
bool3  isnan(float3 x);
bool4  isnan(float4 x);
```

```
bool   isnan(half x);
bool1  isnan(half1 x);
bool2  isnan(half2 x);
```

```
bool3 isnan(half3 x);
bool4 isnan(half4 x);
```

```
bool isnan(fixed x);
bool1 isnan(fixed1 x);
bool2 isnan(fixed2 x);
bool3 isnan(fixed3 x);
bool4 isnan(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar to test for being NaN.

DESCRIPTION

Returns whether or not a scalar or each vector component is not-a-number (NaN) Finite and infinite values are not NaN.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

isnan for **float3** vectors could be implemented like this.

```
bool3 isnan(float3 s)
{
    // By IEEE 754 rule, NaN is not equal to NaN
    return s != s;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

isnan is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

isfinite, *isinf*

9.41 ldexp

NAME

ldexp - returns *x* times 2 raised to *n*

SYNOPSIS

```
float ldexp(float x, float n);
float1 ldexp(float1 x, float1 n);
float2 ldexp(float2 x, float2 n);
float3 ldexp(float3 x, float3 n);
float4 ldexp(float4 x, float4 n);
```

```
half ldexp(half x, half n);
half1 ldexp(half1 x, half1 n);
half2 ldexp(half2 x, half2 n);
half3 ldexp(half3 x, half3 n);
half4 ldexp(half4 x, half4 n);
```

```

fixed ldexp(fixed x, fixed n);
fixed1 ldexp(fixed1 x, fixed1 n);
fixed2 ldexp(fixed2 x, fixed2 n);
fixed3 ldexp(fixed3 x, fixed3 n);
fixed4 ldexp(fixed4 x, fixed4 n);

```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar.

n

Vector or scalar for power with which to raise 2.

DESCRIPTION

ldexp returns *x* times 2 raised to the power *n*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

ldexp for **float2** vectors *x* and *n* could be implemented as:

```

float2 ldexp(float2 x, float2 n)
{
    return x * exp2(n);
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

ldexp is supported in all profiles but *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

exp2, *modf*, *pow*

9.42 length

NAME

length - return scalar Euclidean length of a vector

SYNOPSIS

```

float length(float v);
float length(float1 v);
float length(float2 v);
float length(float3 v);
float length(float4 v);

```

```

half length(half v);
half length(half1 v);
half length(half2 v);
half length(half3 v);
half length(half4 v);

```

```

fixed length(fixed v);
fixed length(fixed1 v);

```

```
fixed length(fixed2 v);
fixed length(fixed3 v);
fixed length(fixed4 v);
```

PARAMETERS

v

Vector of which to determine the length.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the Euclidean length of a vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

length for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```
float length(float3 v)
{
    return sqrt(dot(v,v));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

length is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

max, normalize, sqrt, dot

9.43 lerp

NAME

lerp - returns linear interpolation of two scalars or vectors based on a weight

SYNOPSIS

```
float lerp(float a, float b, float w);
float1 lerp(float1 a, float1 b, float1 w);
float2 lerp(float2 a, float2 b, float2 w);
float3 lerp(float3 a, float3 b, float3 w);
float4 lerp(float4 a, float4 b, float4 w);

float1 lerp(float1 a, float1 b, float w);
float2 lerp(float2 a, float2 b, float w);
float3 lerp(float3 a, float3 b, float w);
float4 lerp(float4 a, float4 b, float w);

half lerp(half a, half b, half w);
half1 lerp(half1 a, half1 b, half1 w);
half2 lerp(half2 a, half2 b, half2 w);
half3 lerp(half3 a, half3 b, half3 w);
half4 lerp(half4 a, half4 b, half4 w);
```



```

half1 lerp(half1 a, half1 b, half w);
half2 lerp(half2 a, half2 b, half w);
half3 lerp(half3 a, half3 b, half w);
half4 lerp(half4 a, half4 b, half w);

fixed lerp(fixed a, fixed b, fixed w);
fixed1 lerp(fixed1 a, fixed1 b, fixed1 w);
fixed2 lerp(fixed2 a, fixed2 b, fixed2 w);
fixed3 lerp(fixed3 a, fixed3 b, fixed3 w);
fixed4 lerp(fixed4 a, fixed4 b, fixed4 w);

fixed1 lerp(fixed1 a, fixed1 b, fixed w);
fixed2 lerp(fixed2 a, fixed2 b, fixed w);
fixed3 lerp(fixed3 a, fixed3 b, fixed w);
fixed4 lerp(fixed4 a, fixed4 b, fixed w);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar to weight; returned when w is zero.

b

Vector or scalar to weight; returned when w is one.

w

Vector or scalar weight.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the linear interpolation of a and b based on weight w .

a and b are either both scalars or both vectors of the same length. The weight w may be a scalar or a vector of the same length as a and b . w can be any value (so is not restricted to be between zero and one); if w has values outside the $[0,1]$ range, it actually extrapolates.

lerp returns a when w is zero and returns b when w is one.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

lerp for **float3** vectors for a and b and a **float** w could be implemented like this:

```

float3 lerp(float3 a, float3 b, float w)
{
    return a + w*(b-a);
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

lerp is supported in all profiles.

SEE ALSO

saturate, *smoothstep*, *step*

9.44 lit

NAME

lit - computes lighting coefficients for ambient, diffuse, and specular lighting contributions

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 lit(float NdotL, float NdotH, float m);
```

```
half4 lit(half NdotL, half NdotH, half m);
```

```
fixed4 lit(fixed NdotL, fixed NdotH, fixed m);
```

PARAMETERS

NdotL

The dot product of a normalized surface normal and a normalized light vector.

NdotH

The dot product of a normalized surface normal and a normalized half-angle vector (for Blinn-style specular) where the half-angle vector is the sum of the normalized view vector and normalized light vector. Alternatively, the dot product of a normalized light vector and a normalized view vector reflected by a normalized surface normal could be used (for Phong-style specular).

m

A specular exponent, typically described as a measure of shininess. The larger the exponent, the shinier the specular highlight, the smaller the exponent, the duller the specular highlight.

DESCRIPTION

The **lit** function is a helper function useful to compute lighting coefficients for ambient, diffuse, and specular lighting contributions. The function efficiently maps to a native instruction for most GPUs.

lit returns a 4-component vector arranged as follows:

x

The ambient coefficient that is always 1.0.

y

The diffuse coefficient that is zero if *NdotL* is less than zero, and *NdotL* otherwise.

z

The specular coefficient that is zero if either *NdotL* or *NdotH* are less than zero, and otherwise *NdotH* raised to the power *m*.

w

Always 1.0.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

lit accepting <float> parameters could be implemented this way:

```
float4 lit(float NdotL, float NdotH, float m)
{
    float specular = (NdotL > 0) ? pow(max(0.0, NdotH), m);
```

```

    return float4(1.0, max(0.0, NdotL), specular, 1.0);
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

lit is supported in all profiles.

SEE ALSO

dot, max, normalize, pow

9.45 log10

NAME

log10 - returns the base-10 logarithm of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```

float   log10(float a);
float1  log10(float1 a);
float2  log10(float2 a);
float3  log10(float3 a);
float4  log10(float4 a);

```

```

half    log10(half a);
half1   log10(half1 a);
half2   log10(half2 a);
half3   log10(half3 a);
half4   log10(half4 a);

```

```

fixed   log10(fixed a);
fixed1  log10(fixed1 a);
fixed2  log10(fixed2 a);
fixed3  log10(fixed3 a);
fixed4  log10(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the base-10 logarithm.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the base-10 logarithm *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the base-10 logarithm of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

```

float3 log10(float3 a)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = log10(a[i]); // this is the ANSI C standard library log10()
    }
}

```

```
    }  
    return rv;  
}
```

log10 is typically implemented with a native base-10 logarithm instruction.

PROFILE SUPPORT

log10 is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp, log, log2, pow

9.46 log2

NAME

log2 - returns the base-2 logarithm of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float   log2(float a);  
float1  log2(float1 a);  
float2  log2(float2 a);  
float3  log2(float3 a);  
float4  log2(float4 a);  
  
half    log2(half a);  
half1   log2(half1 a);  
half2   log2(half2 a);  
half3   log2(half3 a);  
half4   log2(half4 a);  
  
fixed   log2(fixed a);  
fixed1  log2(fixed1 a);  
fixed2  log2(fixed2 a);  
fixed3  log2(fixed3 a);  
fixed4  log2(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the base-2 logarithm.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the base-2 logarithm *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the base-2 logarithm of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

```
float3 log2(float3 a)  
{  
    float3 rv;
```

```

int i;

for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
    rv[i] = log2(a[i]); // this is the ANSI C standard library log2()
}
return rv;
}

```

log2 is typically implemented with a native base-2 logarithm instruction.

PROFILE SUPPORT

log2 is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp, log, log10, pow

9.47 log

NAME

log - returns the natural logarithm of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```

float   log(float a);
float1  log(float1 a);
float2  log(float2 a);
float3  log(float3 a);
float4  log(float4 a);

```

```

half    log(half a);
half1   log(half1 a);
half2   log(half2 a);
half3   log(half3 a);
half4   log(half4 a);

```

```

fixed   log(fixed a);
fixed1  log(fixed1 a);
fixed2  log(fixed2 a);
fixed3  log(fixed3 a);
fixed4  log(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the natural logarithm.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the natural logarithm *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the natural logarithm of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

```
float3 log(float3 a)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = log(a[i]); // this is the ANSI C standard library log()
    }
    return rv;
}
```

log is typically implemented with a native base-2 logarithm instruction.

PROFILE SUPPORT

log is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp, log10, log2, pow

9.48 max

NAME

max - returns the maximum of two scalars or each respective component of two vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float max(float a, float b);
float1 max(float1 a, float1 b);
float2 max(float2 a, float2 b);
float3 max(float3 a, float3 b);
float4 max(float4 a, float4 b);
```

```
half max(half a, half b);
half1 max(half1 a, half1 b);
half2 max(half2 a, half2 b);
half3 max(half3 a, half3 b);
half4 max(half4 a, half4 b);
```

```
fixed max(fixed a, fixed b);
fixed1 max(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 max(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 max(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 max(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Scalar or vector.

b

Scalar or vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the maximum of two same-typed scalars *a* and *b* or the respective components of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

max for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 max(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return float3(a.x > b.x ? a.x : b.x,
                 a.y > b.y ? a.y : b.y,
                 a.z > b.z ? a.z : b.z);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

max is supported in all profiles. **max** is implemented as a compiler built-in.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

clamp, *min*

9.49 min

NAME

min - returns the minimum of two scalars or each respective component of two vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float min(float a, float b);
float1 min(float1 a, float1 b);
float2 min(float2 a, float2 b);
float3 min(float3 a, float3 b);
float4 min(float4 a, float4 b);
```

```
half min(half a, half b);
half1 min(half1 a, half1 b);
half2 min(half2 a, half2 b);
half3 min(half3 a, half3 b);
half4 min(half4 a, half4 b);
```

```
fixed min(fixed a, fixed b);
fixed1 min(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 min(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 min(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 min(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Scalar or vector.

b

Scalar or vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the minimum of two same-typed scalars *a* and *b* or the respective components of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

min for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 min(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return float3(a.x < b.x ? a.x : b.x,
                 a.y < b.y ? a.y : b.y,
                 a.z < b.z ? a.z : b.z);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

min is supported in all profiles. **min** is implemented as a compiler built-in.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

clamp, max

9.50 modf

NAME

modf - decompose a float into integer and fractional parts

SYNOPSIS

```
float modf(float x, out float i);
float1 modf(float1 x, out float1 i);
float2 modf(float2 x, out float2 i);
float3 modf(float3 x, out float3 i);
float4 modf(float4 x, out float4 i);

half modf(half x, out half i);
half1 modf(half1 x, out half1 i);
half2 modf(half2 x, out half2 i);
half3 modf(half3 x, out half3 i);
half4 modf(half4 x, out half4 i);

fixed modf(fixed x, out fixed i);
fixed1 modf(fixed1 x, out fixed1 i);
fixed2 modf(fixed2 x, out fixed2 i);
fixed3 modf(fixed3 x, out fixed3 i);
fixed4 modf(fixed4 x, out fixed4 i);
```


PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar.

i

Vector or scalar for integer part of *x*.**DESCRIPTION****modf** returns the integer and fractional parts of *x*.**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION****PROFILE SUPPORT****modf** is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.**SEE ALSO***fmod*, *round*

9.51 mul

NAME**mul** - multiply a matrix by a column vector, row vector by a matrix, or matrix by a matrix**SYNOPSIS**

```
float4 mul(float4x4 M, float4 v);
float4 mul(float4x3 M, float3 v);
float4 mul(float4x2 M, float2 v);
float4 mul(float4x1 M, float1 v);
float3 mul(float3x4 M, float4 v);
float3 mul(float3x3 M, float3 v);
float3 mul(float3x2 M, float2 v);
float3 mul(float3x1 M, float1 v);
float2 mul(float2x4 M, float4 v);
float2 mul(float2x3 M, float3 v);
float2 mul(float2x2 M, float2 v);
float2 mul(float2x1 M, float1 v);
float1 mul(float1x4 M, float4 v);
float1 mul(float1x3 M, float3 v);
float1 mul(float1x2 M, float2 v);
float1 mul(float1x1 M, float1 v);
```

```
float4 mul(float4 v, float4x4 M);
float4 mul(float3 v, float3x4 M);
float4 mul(float2 v, float2x4 M);
float4 mul(float1 v, float1x4 M);
float3 mul(float4 v, float4x3 M);
float3 mul(float3 v, float3x3 M);
float3 mul(float2 v, float2x3 M);
float3 mul(float1 v, float1x3 M);
float2 mul(float4 v, float4x2 M);
float2 mul(float3 v, float3x2 M);
```

```
float2 mul(float2 v, float2x2 M);
float2 mul(float1 v, float1x2 M);
float1 mul(float4 v, float4x1 M);
float1 mul(float3 v, float3x1 M);
float1 mul(float2 v, float2x1 M);
float1 mul(float1 v, float1x1 M);
```

```
half4 mul(half4x4 M, half4 v);
half4 mul(half4x3 M, half3 v);
half4 mul(half4x2 M, half2 v);
half4 mul(half4x1 M, half1 v);
half3 mul(half3x4 M, half4 v);
half3 mul(half3x3 M, half3 v);
half3 mul(half3x2 M, half2 v);
half3 mul(half3x1 M, half1 v);
half2 mul(half2x4 M, half4 v);
half2 mul(half2x3 M, half3 v);
half2 mul(half2x2 M, half2 v);
half2 mul(half2x1 M, half1 v);
half1 mul(half1x4 M, half4 v);
half1 mul(half1x3 M, half3 v);
half1 mul(half1x2 M, half2 v);
half1 mul(half1x1 M, half1 v);
```

```
half4 mul(half4 v, half4x4 M);
half4 mul(half3 v, half3x4 M);
half4 mul(half2 v, half2x4 M);
half4 mul(half1 v, half1x4 M);
half3 mul(half4 v, half4x3 M);
half3 mul(half3 v, half3x3 M);
half3 mul(half2 v, half2x3 M);
half3 mul(half1 v, half1x3 M);
half2 mul(half4 v, half4x2 M);
half2 mul(half3 v, half3x2 M);
half2 mul(half2 v, half2x2 M);
half2 mul(half1 v, half1x2 M);
half1 mul(half4 v, half4x1 M);
half1 mul(half3 v, half3x1 M);
half1 mul(half2 v, half2x1 M);
half1 mul(half1 v, half1x1 M);
```

```
fixed4 mul(fixed4x4 M, fixed4 v);
fixed4 mul(fixed4x3 M, fixed3 v);
fixed4 mul(fixed4x2 M, fixed2 v);
fixed4 mul(fixed4x1 M, fixed1 v);
fixed3 mul(fixed3x4 M, fixed4 v);
fixed3 mul(fixed3x3 M, fixed3 v);
fixed3 mul(fixed3x2 M, fixed2 v);
fixed3 mul(fixed3x1 M, fixed1 v);
fixed2 mul(fixed2x4 M, fixed4 v);
fixed2 mul(fixed2x3 M, fixed3 v);
fixed2 mul(fixed2x2 M, fixed2 v);
fixed2 mul(fixed2x1 M, fixed1 v);
fixed1 mul(fixed1x4 M, fixed4 v);
fixed1 mul(fixed1x3 M, fixed3 v);
fixed1 mul(fixed1x2 M, fixed2 v);
fixed1 mul(fixed1x1 M, fixed1 v);
```

```

fixed4 mul(fixed4 v, fixed4x4 M);
fixed4 mul(fixed3 v, fixed3x4 M);
fixed4 mul(fixed2 v, fixed2x4 M);
fixed4 mul(fixed1 v, fixed1x4 M);
fixed3 mul(fixed4 v, fixed4x3 M);
fixed3 mul(fixed3 v, fixed3x3 M);
fixed3 mul(fixed2 v, fixed2x3 M);
fixed3 mul(fixed1 v, fixed1x3 M);
fixed2 mul(fixed4 v, fixed4x2 M);
fixed2 mul(fixed3 v, fixed3x2 M);
fixed2 mul(fixed2 v, fixed2x2 M);
fixed2 mul(fixed1 v, fixed1x2 M);
fixed1 mul(fixed4 v, fixed4x1 M);
fixed1 mul(fixed3 v, fixed3x1 M);
fixed1 mul(fixed2 v, fixed2x1 M);
fixed1 mul(fixed1 v, fixed1x1 M);

float1x1 mul(float1x1 A, float1x1 B);
float1x2 mul(float1x1 A, float1x2 B);
float1x3 mul(float1x1 A, float1x3 B);
float1x4 mul(float1x1 A, float1x4 B);

float1x1 mul(float1x2 A, float2x1 B);
float1x2 mul(float1x2 A, float2x2 B);
float1x3 mul(float1x2 A, float2x3 B);
float1x4 mul(float1x2 A, float2x4 B);

float1x1 mul(float1x3 A, float3x1 B);
float1x2 mul(float1x3 A, float3x2 B);
float1x3 mul(float1x3 A, float3x3 B);
float1x4 mul(float1x3 A, float3x4 B);

float1x1 mul(float1x4 A, float4x1 B);
float1x2 mul(float1x4 A, float4x2 B);
float1x3 mul(float1x4 A, float4x3 B);
float1x4 mul(float1x4 A, float4x4 B);

float2x1 mul(float2x1 A, float1x1 B);
float2x2 mul(float2x1 A, float1x2 B);
float2x3 mul(float2x1 A, float1x3 B);
float2x4 mul(float2x1 A, float1x4 B);

float2x1 mul(float2x2 A, float2x1 B);
float2x2 mul(float2x2 A, float2x2 B);
float2x3 mul(float2x2 A, float2x3 B);
float2x4 mul(float2x2 A, float2x4 B);

float2x1 mul(float2x3 A, float3x1 B);
float2x2 mul(float2x3 A, float3x2 B);
float2x3 mul(float2x3 A, float3x3 B);
float2x4 mul(float2x3 A, float3x4 B);

float2x1 mul(float2x4 A, float4x1 B);
float2x2 mul(float2x4 A, float4x2 B);
float2x3 mul(float2x4 A, float4x3 B);
float2x4 mul(float2x4 A, float4x4 B);

float3x1 mul(float3x1 A, float1x1 B);

```

```
float3x2 mul(float3x1 A, float1x2 B);  
float3x3 mul(float3x1 A, float1x3 B);  
float3x4 mul(float3x1 A, float1x4 B);
```

```
float3x1 mul(float3x2 A, float2x1 B);  
float3x2 mul(float3x2 A, float2x2 B);  
float3x3 mul(float3x2 A, float2x3 B);  
float3x4 mul(float3x2 A, float2x4 B);
```

```
float3x1 mul(float3x3 A, float3x1 B);  
float3x2 mul(float3x3 A, float3x2 B);  
float3x3 mul(float3x3 A, float3x3 B);  
float3x4 mul(float3x3 A, float3x4 B);
```

```
float3x1 mul(float3x4 A, float4x1 B);  
float3x2 mul(float3x4 A, float4x2 B);  
float3x3 mul(float3x4 A, float4x3 B);  
float3x4 mul(float3x4 A, float4x4 B);
```

```
float4x1 mul(float4x1 A, float1x1 B);  
float4x2 mul(float4x1 A, float1x2 B);  
float4x3 mul(float4x1 A, float1x3 B);  
float4x4 mul(float4x1 A, float1x4 B);
```

```
float4x1 mul(float4x2 A, float2x1 B);  
float4x2 mul(float4x2 A, float2x2 B);  
float4x3 mul(float4x2 A, float2x3 B);  
float4x4 mul(float4x2 A, float2x4 B);
```

```
float4x1 mul(float4x3 A, float3x1 B);  
float4x2 mul(float4x3 A, float3x2 B);  
float4x3 mul(float4x3 A, float3x3 B);  
float4x4 mul(float4x3 A, float3x4 B);
```

```
float4x1 mul(float4x4 A, float4x1 B);  
float4x2 mul(float4x4 A, float4x2 B);  
float4x3 mul(float4x4 A, float4x3 B);  
float4x4 mul(float4x4 A, float4x4 B);
```

PARAMETERS

M

Matrix

v

Vector

A

Matrix

B

Matrix

DESCRIPTION

Returns the vector result of multiplying a matrix *M* by a column vector *v*; a row vector *v* by a matrix *M*; or a matrix *A* by a second matrix *B*.

The following are algebraically equal (if not necessarily numerically equal):

```
mul(M,v) == mul(v, transpose(M))
mul(v,M) == mul(transpose(M), v)
```

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

mul for a **float4x3** matrix by a **float3** column vector could be implemented this way:

```
float4 mul(float4x3 M, float3 v)
{
    float4 r;

    r.x = dot( M._m00_m01_m02, v );
    r.y = dot( M._m10_m11_m12, v );
    r.z = dot( M._m20_m21_m22, v );
    r.w = dot( M._m30_m31_m32, v );

    return r;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

mul is supported in all profiles except the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, and *ps_1_3* fragment profiles.

The **fixed3** matrix-by-vector and vector-by-matrix multiplies are very efficient in the *fp30* profile.

SEE ALSO

cross, *dot*, *transpose*

9.52 normalize

NAME

normalize - normalizes a vector

SYNOPSIS

```
float normalize(float v);
float normalize(float1 v);
float normalize(float2 v);
float normalize(float3 v);
float normalize(float4 v);
```

```
half normalize(half v);
half normalize(half1 v);
half normalize(half2 v);
half normalize(half3 v);
half normalize(half4 v);
```

```
fixed normalize(fixed v);
fixed normalize(fixed1 v);
fixed normalize(fixed2 v);
fixed normalize(fixed3 v);
fixed normalize(fixed4 v);
```

PARAMETERS

v

Vector to normalize.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the normalized version of a vector, meaning a vector in the same direction as the original vector but with a Euclidean length of one.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

normalize for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```
float3 normalize(float3 v)
{
    return rsqrt(dot(v, v)) * v;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

normalize is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

distance, dot, length, rsqrt, sqrt

9.53 pack

NAME

pack - packs multiple values into a single 32-bit result

SYNOPSIS

```
float pack_2half(float2 a);
float pack_2half(half2 a);
float pack_2ushort(float2 a);
float pack_2ushort(half2 a);
float pack_4byte(float4 a);
float pack_4byte(half4 a);
float pack_4ubyte(float4 a);
float pack_4ubyte(half4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Value to pack

DESCRIPTION

pack_2half converts the components of a into a pair of 16-bit floating point values. The two converted components are then packed into a single 32-bit result.

pack_2ushort converts the components of a into a pair of 16-bit unsigned integers. The two converted components are then packed into a single 32-bit return value.

pack_4byte converts the four components of a into 8-bit signed integers. The signed integers are such that a representation with all bits set to 0 corresponds to the value $-(128/127)$, and a representation with all bits set to 1 corresponds to $+(127/127)$. The four signed integers are then packed into a single 32-bit result.

pack_4ubyte converts the four components of a into 8-bit unsigned integers. The unsigned integers are such that a representation with all bits set to 0 corresponds to 0.0, and a representation with all bits set to 1 corresponds to 1.0. The four unsigned integers are then packed into a single 32-bit result.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

pack_2half could be implemented this way:

```
float pack_2half(float2 a)
{
    float result;
    return result = (((half)a.y) << 16) | (half)a.x;
}
```

pack_2ushort could be implemented this way:

```
float pack_2ushort(float2 a)
{
    float result;
    ushort.x = round(65535.0 * clamp(a.x, 0.0, 1.0));
    ushort.y = round(65535.0 * clamp(a.y, 0.0, 1.0));
    result = (ushort.y << 16) | ushort.x;
    return result;
}
```

pack_4byte could be implemented this way:

```
float pack_4byte(float4 a)
{
    float result;
    ub.y = round(127 * clamp(a.y, -128/127, 127/127) + 128);
    ub.z = round(127 * clamp(a.z, -128/127, 127/127) + 128);
    ub.w = round(127 * clamp(a.w, -128/127, 127/127) + 128);
    return result = (ub.w << 24) | (ub.z << 16) | (ub.y << 8) | ub.x;
}
```

pack_4ubyte could be implemented this way:

```
float pack_4ubyte(float4 a)
{
    float result;
    ub.x = round(255.0 * clamp(a.x, 0.0, 1.0));
    ub.y = round(255.0 * clamp(a.y, 0.0, 1.0));
    ub.z = round(255.0 * clamp(a.z, 0.0, 1.0));
    ub.w = round(255.0 * clamp(a.w, 0.0, 1.0));
    result = (ub.w << 24) | (ub.z << 16) | (ub.y << 8) | ub.x;
    return result;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

pack is supported in *fp30*, *fp40*, *gp4*, *gp5*

SEE ALSO

unpack

9.54 pow

NAME

pow - returns x to the y -th power of scalars and vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float pow(float x, float y);
float1 pow(float1 x, float1 y);
float2 pow(float2 x, float2 y);
float3 pow(float3 x, float3 y);
float4 pow(float4 x, float4 y);
```

```
half pow(half x, half y);
half1 pow(half1 x, half1 y);
half2 pow(half2 x, half2 y);
half3 pow(half3 x, half3 y);
half4 pow(half4 x, half4 y);
```

```
fixed pow(fixed x, fixed y);
fixed1 pow(fixed1 x, fixed1 y);
fixed2 pow(fixed2 x, fixed2 y);
fixed3 pow(fixed3 x, fixed3 y);
fixed4 pow(fixed4 x, fixed4 y);
```

PARAMETERS

x

A base value.

y

The power to raise the base.

DESCRIPTION

Returns x to the power y .

For vectors, the returned vector contains the power of each element of the base vector raised to the respective element of the exponent vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

pow for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 pow(float3 x, float3 y)
{
    float3 rv;

    for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
        rv[i] = exp(x[i] * log(y[i]));
    }
    return rv;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

exp is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited to constant compile-time evaluation.

SEE ALSO

exp, lit, log, rsqrt, sqrt

9.55 radians

NAME

radians - converts values of scalars and vectors from degrees to radians

SYNOPSIS

```
float radians(float a);
float1 radians(float1 a);
float2 radians(float2 a);
float3 radians(float3 a);
float4 radians(float4 a);
```

```
half radians(half a);
half1 radians(half1 a);
half2 radians(half2 a);
half3 radians(half3 a);
half4 radians(half4 a);
```

```
fixed radians(fixed a);
fixed1 radians(fixed1 a);
fixed2 radians(fixed2 a);
fixed3 radians(fixed3 a);
fixed4 radians(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to convert from degrees to radians.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the scalar or vector converted from degrees to radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains each element of the input vector converted from degrees to radians.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

radians for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float radians(float a)
{
    return 0.017453292 * a;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

radians is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

cos, degrees, sin, tan

9.56 reflect

NAME

reflect - returns the reflectiton vector given an incidence vector and a normal vector.

SYNOPSIS

```
float reflect(float i, float n);
float2 reflect(float2 i, float2 n);
float3 reflect(float3 i, float3 n);
float4 reflect(float4 i, float4 n);
```

PARAMETERS

i

Incidence vector.

n

Normal vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the reflectiton vector given an incidence vector *i* and a normal vector *n*. The resulting vector is the identical number of components as the two input vectors.

The normal vector *n* should be normalized. If *n* is normalized, the output vector will have the same length as the input incidence vector *i*.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

reflect for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 reflect( float3 i, float3 n )
{
    return i - 2.0 * n * dot(n,i);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

reflect is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

dot, *length*, *refract*

9.57 refract

NAME

refract - computes a refraction vector.

SYNOPSIS

```
fixed3 refract(fixed3 i, fixed3 n, fixed eta);
half3 refract(half3 i, half3 n, half eta);
float3 refract(float3 i, float3 n, float eta);
```

PARAMETERS

i

Incidence vector.

n

Normal vector.

eta

Ratio of indices of refraction at the surface interface.

DESCRIPTION

Returns a refraction vector given an incidence vector, a normal vector for a surface, and a ratio of indices of refraction at the surface's interface.

The incidence vector *i* and normal vector *n* should be normalized.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

reflect for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 refract(float3 i, float3 n, float eta)
{
    float cosi = dot(-i, n);
    float cost2 = 1.0f - eta * eta * (1.0f - cosi*cosi);
    float3 t = eta*i + ((eta*cosi - sqrt(abs(cost2))) * n);
    return t * (float3)(cost2 > 0);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

refract is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

abs, cos, dot, reflect, sqrt

9.58 round

NAME

round - returns the rounded value of scalars or vectors

SYNOPSIS

```
float round(float a);
float1 round(float1 a);
float2 round(float2 a);
float3 round(float3 a);
```

```
float4 round(float4 a);

half   round(half   a);
half1  round(half1  a);
half2  round(half2  a);
half3  round(half3  a);
half4  round(half4  a);

fixed  round(fixed  a);
fixed1 round(fixed1 a);
fixed2 round(fixed2 a);
fixed3 round(fixed3 a);
fixed4 round(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Scalar or vector.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the rounded value of a scalar or vector.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the rounded value of each element of the input vector.

The round operation returns the nearest integer to the operand. The value returned by round() if the fractional portion of the operand is 0.5 is profile dependent. On older profiles without built-in round() support, round-to-nearest up rounding is used. On profiles newer than fp40/vp40, round-to-nearest even is used.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

round for **float** could be implemented this way:

```
// round-to-nearest even profiles
float round(float a)
{
    float x = a + 0.5;
    float f = floor(x);
    float r;
    if (x == f) {
        if (a > 0)
            r = f - fmod(f, 2);
        else
            r = f + fmod(f, 2);
    } else
        r = f;
    return r;
}

// round-to-nearest up profiles
float round(float a)
{
    return floor(x + 0.5);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

round is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO*ceil, floor, fmod, trunc***9.59 rsqrt****NAME****rsqrt** - returns reciprocal square root of scalars and vectors.**SYNOPSIS**

```

float  rsqrt(float a);
float1  rsqrt(float1 a);
float2  rsqrt(float2 a);
float3  rsqrt(float3 a);
float4  rsqrt(float4 a);

half    rsqrt(half a);
half1   rsqrt(half1 a);
half2   rsqrt(half2 a);
half3   rsqrt(half3 a);
half4   rsqrt(half4 a);

fixed   rsqrt(fixed a);
fixed1  rsqrt(fixed1 a);
fixed2  rsqrt(fixed2 a);
fixed3  rsqrt(fixed3 a);
fixed4  rsqrt(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS**a**

Vector or scalar of which to determine the reciprocal square root.

DESCRIPTIONReturns an approximation to the reciprocal square root of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the reciprocal square root of each element of the input vector.

The reciprocal square root of zero is ideally infinity. The square root of negative values ideally returns *NaN* (Not a Number).**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION****rsqrt** is best implemented as a native reciprocal square root instruction, however **rsqrt** may be implemented via a **pow** function:

```

float3 rsqrt(float3 a)
{
    return pow(a, -0.5);
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT**rsqrt** is supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified. **rsqrt** is unsupported in the *fp20* profile.In certain profiles such as *vp20*, **rsqrt** computes the absolute value of *a* so negative values of *a* will not return *NaN*.

SEE ALSO

normalize, pow, sqrt

9.60 saturate

NAME

saturate - returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

SYNOPSIS

```
float saturate(float x);
float1 saturate(float1 x);
float2 saturate(float2 x);
float3 saturate(float3 x);
float4 saturate(float4 x);

half saturate(half x);
half1 saturate(half1 x);
half2 saturate(half2 x);
half3 saturate(half3 x);
half4 saturate(half4 x);

fixed saturate(fixed x);
fixed1 saturate(fixed1 x);
fixed2 saturate(fixed2 x);
fixed3 saturate(fixed3 x);
fixed4 saturate(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar to saturate.

DESCRIPTION

Returns *x* saturated to the range [0,1] as follows:

1. Returns 0 if *x* is less than 0; else
2. Returns 1 if *x* is greater than 1; else
3. Returns *x* otherwise.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the saturated result of each element of the vector *x* saturated to [0,1].

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

saturate for **float** scalars could be implemented like this.

```
float saturate(float x)
{
    return max(0, min(1, x));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

saturate is supported in all profiles.

saturate is very efficient in the *fp20*, *fp30*, and *fp40* profiles.

SEE ALSO*clamp, max, min***9.61 sign****NAME****sign** - returns sign of scalar or each vector component.**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  sign(float x);
float1 sign(float1 x);
float2 sign(float2 x);
float3 sign(float3 x);
float4 sign(float4 x);
```

```
half   sign(half x);
half1  sign(half1 x);
half2  sign(half2 x);
half3  sign(half3 x);
half4  sign(half4 x);
```

```
fixed  sign(fixed x);
fixed1 sign(fixed1 x);
fixed2 sign(fixed2 x);
fixed3 sign(fixed3 x);
fixed4 sign(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS*x*

Vector or scalar to determine its sign.

DESCRIPTIONReturns positive one, zero, or negative one for each of the components of *x* based on the component's sign.

1. Returns -1 component if the respective component of *x* is negative.
2. Returns 0 component if the respective component of *x* is zero.
3. Returns 1 component if the respective component of *x* is positive.
4. Ideally, NaN returns NaN.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**sign** for **float3** could be implemented like this.

```
float3 sign(float x)
{
    float3 val = a > 0;
    return val - (a < 0);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT**sign** is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

sign is very efficient in the *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, *gp4fp*, *vp40*, and *vp30* profiles that support the native SSG instruction.

SEE ALSO

max, *min*, *saturate*, *step*

9.62 sincos

NAME

sincos - returns sine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
void sincos(float a, out float s, out float c);
void sincos(float1 a, out float1 s, out float1 c);
void sincos(float2 a, out float2 s, out float2 c);
void sincos(float3 a, out float3 s, out float3 c);
void sincos(float4 a, out float4 s, out float4 c);

void sincos(half a, out half s, out half c);
void sincos(half1 a, out half1 s, out half1 c);
void sincos(half2 a, out half2 s, out half2 c);
void sincos(half3 a, out half3 s, out half3 c);
void sincos(half4 a, out half4 s, out half4 c);

void sincos(fixed a, out fixed s, out fixed c);
void sincos(fixed1 a, out fixed1 s, out fixed1 c);
void sincos(fixed2 a, out fixed2 s, out fixed2 c);
void sincos(fixed3 a, out fixed3 s, out fixed3 c);
void sincos(fixed4 a, out fixed4 s, out fixed4 c);
```

PARAMETERS

- a
Input vector or scalar of which to determine the sine and cosine.
- s
Output vector or scalar for sine results.
- c
Output vector or scalar for cosine results.

DESCRIPTION

Outputs to *s* the sine of *a* in radians, and outputs to *c* the cosine of *a* in radians. The output values are in the range [-1,+1].

For vectors, the output vectors contains the sine or cosine respectively of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

sin is best implemented as a native sine instruction, however **sin** for a **float** scalar could be implemented by an approximation like this.


```

void sincos(float3 a, out float3 s, float3 out c)
{
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        s[i] = sin(a[i]);
        c[i] = cos(a[i]);
    }
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

sincos is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

sincos is supported via an approximation (shown above) in the *vs_1_1*, *vp20*, and *arbvp1* profiles.

sincos is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, and *ps_1_3* profiles.

SEE ALSO

cos, *sin*

9.63 sinh

NAME

sinh - returns hyperbolic sine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```

float   sinh(float a);
float1  sinh(float1 a);
float2  sinh(float2 a);
float3  sinh(float3 a);
float4  sinh(float4 a);

half    sinh(half a);
half1   sinh(half1 a);
half2   sinh(half2 a);
half3   sinh(half3 a);
half4   sinh(half4 a);

fixed   sinh(fixed a);
fixed1  sinh(fixed1 a);
fixed2  sinh(fixed2 a);
fixed3  sinh(fixed3 a);
fixed4  sinh(fixed4 a);

```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic sine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the hyperbolic sine of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic sine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

sinh for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float sinh(float x)
{
    return 0.5 * (exp(x) - exp(-x));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

sinh is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

acos, cos, cosh, exp, tanh

9.64 sin

NAME

sin - returns sine of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float   sin(float a);
float1  sin(float1 a);
float2  sin(float2 a);
float3  sin(float3 a);
float4  sin(float4 a);

half    sin(half a);
half1   sin(half1 a);
half2   sin(half2 a);
half3   sin(half3 a);
half4   sin(half4 a);

fixed   sin(fixed a);
fixed1  sin(fixed1 a);
fixed2  sin(fixed2 a);
fixed3  sin(fixed3 a);
fixed4  sin(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the sine.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the sine of *a* in radians. The return value is in the range [-1,+1].

For vectors, the returned vector contains the sine of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

sin is best implemented as a native sine instruction, however **sin** for a **float** scalar could be implemented by an approximation like this.

```

float sin(float a)
{
    /* C simulation gives a max absolute error of less than 1.8e-7 */
    float4 c0 = float4( 0.0,          0.5,
                       1.0,          0.0          );
    float4 c1 = float4( 0.25,        -9.0,
                       0.75,        0.159154943091 );
    float4 c2 = float4( 24.9808039603, -24.9808039603,
                       -60.1458091736, 60.1458091736 );
    float4 c3 = float4( 85.4537887573, -85.4537887573,
                       -64.9393539429, 64.9393539429 );
    float4 c4 = float4( 19.7392082214, -19.7392082214,
                       -1.0,          1.0          );

    /* r0.x = sin(a) */
    float3 r0, r1, r2;

    r1.x = c1.w * a - c1.x;           // only difference from cos!
    r1.y = frac( r1.x );              // and extract fraction
    r2.x = (float) ( r1.y < c1.x );   // range check: 0.0 to 0.25
    r2.yz = (float2) ( r1.yy >= c1.yz ); // range check: 0.75 to 1.0
    r2.y = dot( r2, c4.zwz );        // range check: 0.25 to 0.75
    r0 = c0.xyz - r1.yyy;            // range centering
    r0 = r0 * r0;
    r1 = c2.xy * r0 + c2.zwz;        // start power series
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.xy;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.zwz;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.xy;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.zwz;
    r0.x = dot( r1, -r2 );           // range extract

    return r0.x;
}

```

PROFILE SUPPORT

sin is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

sin is supported via an approximation (shown above) in the *vs_1_1*, *vp20*, and *arbvp1* profiles.

sin is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, and *ps_1_3* profiles.

SEE ALSO

asin, *cos*, *dot*, *frac*, *sincos*, *tan*

9.65 smoothstep

NAME

smoothstep - interpolate smoothly between two input values based on a third

SYNOPSIS

```

float smoothstep(float a, float b, float x);
float1 smoothstep(float1 a, float1 b, float1 x);
float2 smoothstep(float2 a, float2 b, float2 x);

```

```
float3 smoothstep(float3 a, float3 b, float3 x);
float4 smoothstep(float4 a, float4 b, float4 x);

half smoothstep(half a, half b, half x);
half1 smoothstep(half1 a, half1 b, half1 x);
half2 smoothstep(half2 a, half2 b, half2 x);
half3 smoothstep(half3 a, half3 b, half3 x);
half4 smoothstep(half4 a, half4 b, half4 x);

fixed smoothstep(fixed a, fixed b, fixed x);
fixed1 smoothstep(fixed1 a, fixed1 b, fixed1 x);
fixed2 smoothstep(fixed2 a, fixed2 b, fixed2 x);
fixed3 smoothstep(fixed3 a, fixed3 b, fixed3 x);
fixed4 smoothstep(fixed4 a, fixed4 b, fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Scalar or vector minimum reference value(s).

b

Scalar or vector minimum reference value(s).

x

Scalar or vector.

DESCRIPTION

Interpolates smoothly from 0 to 1 based on x compared to a and b .

1. Returns 0 if $x < a < b$ or $x > a > b$
1. Returns 1 if $x < b < a$ or $x > b > a$
3. Returns a value in the range $[0,1]$ for the domain $[a,b]$.

The slope of $\text{smoothstep}(a, b, a)$ and $\text{smoothstep}(a, b, b)$ is zero.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the smooth interpolation of each element of the vector x .

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

smoothstep for **float** scalars could be implemented this way:

```
float smoothstep(float a, float b, float x)
{
    float t = saturate((x - a) / (b - a));
    return t*t*(3.0 - (2.0*t));
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

smoothstep is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

clamp, *saturate*, *step*

9.66 sqrt

NAME

sqrt - returns square root of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  sqrt(float a);
float1 sqrt(float1 a);
float2 sqrt(float2 a);
float3 sqrt(float3 a);
float4 sqrt(float4 a);

half   sqrt(half a);
half1  sqrt(half1 a);
half2  sqrt(half2 a);
half3  sqrt(half3 a);
half4  sqrt(half4 a);

fixed  sqrt(fixed a);
fixed1 sqrt(fixed1 a);
fixed2 sqrt(fixed2 a);
fixed3 sqrt(fixed3 a);
fixed4 sqrt(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the square root.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the square root of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the square root of each element of the input vector.

The square root of zero is zero.

Ideally, the square root of negative values returns *NaN* (Not a Number).

sqrt often implemented as the reciprocal of a reciprocal square root approximation in older profiles.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

sqrt is best implemented as a native square root instruction, however **sqrt** may be implemented via a **rsqrt** function:

```
float3 sqrt(float3 a)
{
    return 1.0 / rsqrt(a);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

sqrt is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified. **sqrt** is unsupported in the *fp20* profile.

SEE ALSO

normalize, pow, rsqrt

9.67 step

NAME

step - implement a step function returning either zero or one

SYNOPSIS

```
float  step(float  a, float  x);
float1 step(float1 a, float1 x);
float2 step(float2 a, float2 x);
float3 step(float3 a, float3 x);
float4 step(float4 a, float4 x);
```

```
half   step(half   a, half   x);
half1  step(half1  a, half1  x);
half2  step(half2  a, half2  x);
half3  step(half3  a, half3  x);
half4  step(half4  a, half4  x);
```

```
fixed  step(fixed  a, fixed  x);
fixed1 step(fixed1 a, fixed1 x);
fixed2 step(fixed2 a, fixed2 x);
fixed3 step(fixed3 a, fixed3 x);
fixed4 step(fixed4 a, fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Scalar or vector reference value.

x

Scalar or vector.

DESCRIPTION

Implements a step function returning one for each component of *x* that is greater than or equal to the corresponding component in the reference vector *a*, and zero otherwise.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

step for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 step(float3 a, float3 x)
{
    return x >= a;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

step is supported in all profiles.

Support in the *fp20* is limited.

SEE ALSO

max, *min*, *saturate*, *smoothstep*

9.68 tanh

NAME

tanh - returns hyperbolic tangent of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float  tanh(float a);
float1 tanh(float1 a);
float2 tanh(float2 a);
float3 tanh(float3 a);
float4 tanh(float4 a);

half   tanh(half a);
half1  tanh(half1 a);
half2  tanh(half2 a);
half3  tanh(half3 a);
half4  tanh(half4 a);

fixed  tanh(fixed a);
fixed1 tanh(fixed1 a);
fixed2 tanh(fixed2 a);
fixed3 tanh(fixed3 a);
fixed4 tanh(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic tangent.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the hyperbolic tangent of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic tangent of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

tanh for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float tanh(float x)
{
    float exp2x = exp(2*x);
    return (exp2x - 1) / (exp2x + 1);
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

tanh is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

atan, atan2, cosh, exp, sinh, tan

9.69 tan

NAME

tan - returns tangent of scalars and vectors.

SYNOPSIS

```
float tan(float a);
float1 tan(float1 a);
float2 tan(float2 a);
float3 tan(float3 a);
float4 tan(float4 a);

half tan(half a);
half1 tan(half1 a);
half2 tan(half2 a);
half3 tan(half3 a);
half4 tan(half4 a);

fixed tan(fixed a);
fixed1 tan(fixed1 a);
fixed2 tan(fixed2 a);
fixed3 tan(fixed3 a);
fixed4 tan(fixed4 a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Vector or scalar of which to determine the tangent.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the tangent of *a* in radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the tangent of each element of the input vector.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

tan can be implemented in terms of the **sin** and **cos** functions like this:

```
float tan(float a) {
    float s, c;
    sincos(a, s, c);
    return s / c;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

tan is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

tan is supported via approximations of **sin** and **cos** functions (see the respective *sin* and *cos* manual pages for details) in the *vs_1_1*, *vp20*, and *arbvp1* profiles.

tan is unsupported in the *fp20*, *ps_1_1*, *ps_1_2*, and *ps_1_3* profiles.

SEE ALSO

atan, *atan2*, *cos*, *dot*, *frac*, *sin*, *sincos*

9.70 tex1D

NAME

tex1D - performs a texture lookup in a given 1D sampler and, in some cases, a shadow comparison. May also use pre computed derivatives if those are provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float s)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float s, int texelOff)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float2 s)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy, int texelOff)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex1D(sampler1D samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy, int texelOff)

int4 tex1D(isampler1D samp, float s);
int4 tex1D(isampler1D samp, float s, int texelOff);

int4 tex1D(isampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy)
int4 tex1D(isampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1D(usampler1D samp, float s);
unsigned int4 tex1D(usampler1D samp, float s, int texelOff);

unsigned int4 tex1D(usampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy)
unsigned int4 tex1D(usampler1D samp, float s, float dx, float dy,
                    int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. If an extra coordinate compared to the texture dimensionality is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison. The value used in the shadow comparison is always the last component of the coordinate vector.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, may use and derivatives *dx* and *dy*, also may perform shadow comparison and use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1D is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles, variants with integer textures are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dbias, *tex1Dlod*, *tex1Dproj*

9.71 tex1Dbias

NAME

tex1Dbias - 1D texture lookup with bias and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dbias(sampler1D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1Dbias(sampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1Dbias(isampler1D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex1Dbias(isampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1Dbias(usampler1D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1Dbias(usampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to lookup.

s.x
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w
Level of detail bias value.

texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. Level-of-detail bias can be used to artificially blur or sharpen the result of texture sampling.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp30* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1Dlod*, *tex1Dcmpbias*

9.72 tex1Dcmpbias

NAME

tex1Dcmpbias - performs a texture lookup with bias and shadow compare in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dcmpbias(sampler1D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1Dcmpbias(sampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the shadow comparison should be passed right after the normal coordinates. The bias value should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dcmpbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dcmlod, *tex1Dbias*

9.73 tex1Dcmlod

NAME

tex1Dcmlod - performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail and a shadow compare in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dcmlod(sampler1D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1Dcmlod(sampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1Dcmlod(isampler1D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex1Dcmlod(isampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1Dcmlod(usampler1D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1Dcmlod(usampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the shadow comparison should be passed right after the normal coordinates. The level of detail corresponds to the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dcplod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dlod, *tex1Dcmpbias*

9.74 tex1Dfetch

NAME

tex1Dfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dfetch(sampler1D samp, int4 s)
float4 tex1Dfetch(sampler1D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1Dfetch(isampler1D samp, int4 s)
int4 tex1Dfetch(isampler1D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1Dfetch(usampler1D samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1Dfetch(usampler1D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The level of detail is stored in the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. The level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dfetch is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1DARRAYfetch*

9.75 tex1Dlod

NAME

tex1Dlod - 1D texture lookup with specified level of detail and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dlod(sampler1D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1Dlod(sampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1Dlod(isampler1D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex1Dlod(isampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1Dlod(usampler1D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1Dlod(usampler1D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.x

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Level of detail.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dlod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1Dbias*, *tex1Dcmlod*

9.76 tex1Dproj

NAME

tex1Dproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler. May perform a shadow comparison if argument for shadow comparison is provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1Dproj(sampler1D samp, float2 s)
float4 tex1Dproj(sampler1D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex1Dproj(sampler1D samp, float3 s)
float4 tex1Dproj(sampler1D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1Dproj(isampler1D samp, float2 s)
int4 tex1Dproj(isampler1D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1Dproj(usampler1D samp, float2 s)
unsigned int4 tex1Dproj(usampler1D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector. The value used in the shadow comparison, if present, should be passed as the next-to-last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the coordinates used in the lookup are first projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup. If an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison, the value used in the shadow comparison is always the next-to-last component in the coordinate vector.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dproj is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1DARRAYproj*

9.77 tex1Dsize

NAME

tex1Dsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex1Dsize(sampler1D samp, int lod)
int3 tex1Dsize(isampler1D samp, int lod)
int3 tex1Dsize(usampler1D samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1Dsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1DARRAYsize*

9.78 tex1DARRAYbias

NAME

tex1DARRAYbias - performs a texture lookup with bias in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYbias(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYbias(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAYbias(isampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 tex1DARRAYbias(isampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYbias(usampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYbias(usampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer should be passed in the vector component right after the regular coordinates. The bias value should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYbias is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1DARRAY, *tex1DARRAYlod*

9.79 tex1DARRAYcmpbias

NAME

tex1DARRAYcmpbias - performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and bias in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYcmpbias(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYcmpbias(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer is the second coordinate, the third is the value used in the shadow comparison, the fourth corresponds to the bias value.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates, the lookup involves a shadow comparison and may use texel offset *texelOff* to compute the final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYcmpbias is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1DARRAYbias, *tex1DARRAYlod*, *tex1DARRAYcmlod*

9.80 tex1DARRAYcmlod

NAME

tex1DARRAYcmlod - performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and a level of detail in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYcmlod(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYcmlod(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

samp

Sampler array to look up.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer is the second coordinate, the third is the value used in the shadow comparison, the fourth corresponds to the level of detail.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates, the lookup involves a shadow comparison and may use texel offset *texelOff* to compute the final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYcmlod is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1DARRAYlod, *tex1DARRAYbias*, *tex1DARRAYcmlbias*

9.81 tex1DARRAYfetch

NAME

tex1DARRAYfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYfetch(sampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYfetch(sampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAYfetch(isampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s)
int4 tex1DARRAYfetch(isampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYfetch(usampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYfetch(usampler1DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup, the layer is selected by the component right after the regular coordinates, the level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler array *samp* using coordinates *s*. The layer to be accessed is selected by the component right after the regular coordinates, the level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYfetch is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dfetch

9.82 tex1DARRAYlod

NAME

tex1DARRAYlod - 1D texture array lookup with specified level of detail and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYlod(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYlod(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAYlod(isampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 tex1DARRAYlod(isampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYlod(usampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYlod(usampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s.x

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.y

Texture array layer.

s.w

Level of detail.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates.

PROFILE SUPPORT

`tex1DARRAYlod` is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1DARRAY, *tex1DARRAYbias*

9.83 tex1DARRAY

NAME

tex1DARRAY - performs a texture lookup in a given sampler array may use pre computed derivatives and, in some cases, perform a shadow comparison.

SYNOPSIS

```

float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy,
                 int texelOff)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex1DARRAY(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy,
                 int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAY(isampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s)
int4 tex1DARRAY(isampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAY(isampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy)
int4 tex1DARRAY(isampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy,
                int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAY(usampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s)
unsigned int4 tex1DARRAY(usampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAY(usampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy)
unsigned int4 tex1DARRAY(usampler1DARRAY samp, float2 s, float dx, float dy,
                        int texelOff)

```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to look up.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer is passed immediately after the regular coordinates, if an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates. Also may use the derivatives *dx* and *dy*, the lookup may involve a shadow comparison and use texel offset *texelOff* to compute the final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAY is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1DARRAYbias, *tex1DARRAYlod*

9.84 tex1DARRAYproj

NAME

tex1DARRAYproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler array. May perform a shadow comparison if argument for shadow comparison is provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex1DARRAYproj(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYproj(sampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex1DARRAYproj(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex1DARRAYproj(sampler1DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex1DARRAYproj(isampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s)
int4 tex1DARRAYproj(isampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex1DARRAYproj(usampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s)
unsgined int4 tex1DARRAYproj(usampler1DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer should be passed as the component right after the lookup coordinates. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector. The value used in the shadow comparison, if present, should be passed as the next-to-last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler array *samp* using coordinates *s*, the layer used in the lookup is first selected using the coordinate component right after the regular coordinates. The coordinates used in the lookup are then projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup. If an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison, the value used in the shadow comparison is always the next-to-last component in the coordinate vector.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYproj is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *tex1Dproj*

9.85 tex1DARRAYsize

NAME

tex1DARRAYsize - returns the size of a given texture array image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex1DARRAYsize(sampler1DARRAY samp, int lod)
```

```
int3 tex1DARRAYsize(isampler1DARRAY samp, int lod)
```

```
int3 tex1DARRAYsize(usampler1DARRAY samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler array and a level of detail the size of one element of the corresponding texture array for a given level of detail is returned as a result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex1DARRAYsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dsize

9.86 tex2Dbias

NAME

tex2Dbias - 2D texture lookup with bias and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dbias(sampler2D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2Dbias(sampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2Dbias(isampler2D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex2Dbias(isampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2Dbias(usampler2D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2Dbias(usampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to lookup.

s.xy
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w
Level of detail bias value.

texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. Level-of-detail bias can be used to artificially blur or sharpen the result of texture sampling.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp30* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2Dlod*, *tex2Dcmpbias*

9.87 tex2D

NAME

tex2D - performs a texture lookup in a given 2D sampler and, in some cases, a shadow comparison. May also use pre computed derivatives if those are provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float2 s)
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float3 s)
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)
```

```

float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float3 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
float4 tex2D(sampler2D samp, float3 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)

int4 tex2D(isampler2D samp, float2 s)
int4 tex2D(isampler2D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2D(isampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
int4 tex2D(isampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2D(usampler2D samp, float2 s)
unsigned int4 tex2D(usampler2D samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2D(usampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
unsigned int4 tex2D(usampler2D samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy,
                    int texelOff)

```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. If an extra coordinate compared to the texture dimensionality is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison. The value used in the shadow comparison is always the last component of the coordinate vector.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, may use and derivatives *dx* and *dy*, also may perform shadow comparison and use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2D is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer textures are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2Dbias, *tex2Dlod*, *tex2Dproj*

9.88 tex2Dcmpbias

NAME

tex2Dcmpbias - performs a texture lookup with bias and shadow compare in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dcmpbias(sampler2D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2Dcmpbias(sampler2D samp, float4 s, int2 texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xy

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.z

The value used in the shadow comparison.

s.w

The bias value.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dcmpbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2Dcmlod, *tex2Dbias*

9.89 tex2Dcmlod

NAME

tex2Dcmlod - performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail and a shadow compare in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dcmlod(sampler2D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2Dcmlod(sampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the shadow comparison should be passed right after the normal coordinates. The level of detail corresponds to the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with shadow compare and a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dcmlod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2Dlod, *tex2Dcmpbias*

9.90 tex2Dfetch

NAME

tex2Dfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dfetch(sampler2D samp, int4 s)
float4 tex2Dfetch(sampler2D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2Dfetch(isampler2D samp, int4 s)
int4 tex2Dfetch(isampler2D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2Dfetch(usampler2D samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2Dfetch(usampler2D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The level of detail is stored in the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. The level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dfetch is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2DARRAYfetch*

9.91 tex2Dlod

NAME

tex2Dlod - 2D texture lookup with specified level of detail and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dlod(sampler2D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2Dlod(sampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2Dlod(isampler2D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex2Dlod(isampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2Dlod(usampler2D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2Dlod(usampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xy

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Level of detail.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dlod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2Dbias*, *tex2Dcmlod*

9.92 tex2Dproj

NAME

tex2Dproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler. May perform a shadow comparison if argument for shadow comparison is provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2Dproj(sampler2D samp, float3 s)
float4 tex2Dproj(sampler2D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex2Dproj(sampler2D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2Dproj(sampler2D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2Dproj(isampler2D samp, float3 s)
int4 tex2Dproj(isampler2D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2Dproj(usampler2D samp, float3 s)
unsigned int4 tex2Dproj(usampler2D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector. The value used in the shadow comparison, if present, should be passed as the next-to-last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the coordinates used in the lookup are first projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup. If an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison, the value used in the shadow comparison is always the next-to-last component in the coordinate vector.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dproj is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2DARRAYproj*

9.93 tex2Dsize

NAME

tex2Dsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex2Dsize(sampler2D samp, int lod)
int3 tex2Dsize(isampler2D samp, int lod)
int3 tex2Dsize(usampler2D samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2Dsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2DARRAYsize*

9.94 tex2DARRAYbias

NAME

tex2DARRAYbias - performs a texture lookup with bias in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DARRAYbias(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2DARRAYbias(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAYbias(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 tex2DARRAYbias(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYbias(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYbias(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer should be passed in the vector component right after the regular coordinates. The bias value should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates.

PROFILE SUPPORT

`tex2DARRAYbias` is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2DARRAY, *tex2DARRAYlod*

9.95 tex2DARRAYfetch**NAME**

tex2DARRAYfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DARRAYfetch(sampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s)
float4 tex2DARRAYfetch(sampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAYfetch(isampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s)
int4 tex2DARRAYfetch(isampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYfetch(usampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYfetch(usampler2DARRAY samp, int4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

`samp`

Sampler array to lookup.

`s`

Coordinates to perform the lookup, the layer is selected by the component right after the regular coordinates, the level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector.

`texelOff`

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler array *samp* using coordinates *s*. The layer to be accessed is selected by the component right after the regular coordinates, the level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DARRAYfetch is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2Dfetch

9.96 tex2DARRAYlod

NAME

tex2DARRAYlod - 2D texture array lookup with specified level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DARRAYlod(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2DARRAYlod(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAYlod(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 tex2DARRAYlod(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYlod(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYlod(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to lookup.

s.xy

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.z

Texture array layer.

s.w

Level of detail.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DARRAYlod is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2DARRAY, *tex2DARRAYbias*

9.97 tex2DARRAY

NAME

tex2DARRAY - performs a texture lookup in a given sampler array may use pre computed derivatives and, in some cases, perform a shadow comparison.

SYNOPSIS

```

float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy,
                 int texelOff)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, float dx, float dy)
float4 tex2DARRAY(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, float dx, float dy,
                 int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAY(isampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s)
int4 tex2DARRAY(isampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAY(isampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy)
int4 tex2DARRAY(isampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy,
                int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAY(usampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAY(usampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAY(usampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAY(usampler2DARRAY samp, float3 s, float dx, float dy,
                        int texelOff)

```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler array to look up.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used to select the layer is passed immediately after the regular coordinates, if an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates. Also may use the derivatives *dx* and *dy*, the lookup may involve a shadow comparison and use texel offset *texelOff* to compute the final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DARRAY is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2DARRAYbias, *tex2DARRAYlod*

9.98 tex2DARRAYproj

NAME

tex2DARRAYproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler array.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DARRAYproj(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 tex2DARRAYproj(sampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex2DARRAYproj(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 tex2DARRAYproj(isampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYproj(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex2DARRAYproj(usampler2DARRAY samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

- samp
Sampler array to lookup.
- s.xy
Coordinates to perform the lookup.
- s.z
The layer within the array.
- s.w
The value to use for the projection.
- texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler array *samp* using coordinates *s.xy*, on the selected layer *s.z* using the given projection *s.w*. The coordinates are projected, that is, divided by the projection value before being used in the lookup.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DARRAYproj is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2D, *tex2Dproj*

9.99 tex2DARRAYsize

NAME

tex2DARRAYsize - returns the size of a given texture array image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex2DARRAYsize(sampler2DARRAY samp, int lod)
int3 tex2DARRAYsize(isampler2DARRAY samp, int lod)
int3 tex2DARRAYsize(usampler2DARRAY samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler array and a level of detail the size of one element of the corresponding texture array for a given level of detail is returned as a result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DARRAYsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex2Dsize

9.100 tex2DMSfetch

NAME

tex2DMSfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given multisample texture sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DMSfetch(sampler2DMS samp, int2 s, int n)
int4 tex2DMSfetch(isampler2DMS samp, int2 s, int n)
unsigned int4 tex2DMSfetch(usampler2DMS samp, int2 s, int n)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

2D coordinates to perform the lookup.

num

Multisample sample number.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup of sample *num* of sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DMSfetch is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

glsl profile support requires **ARB_texture_multisample** extension or OpenGL 3.2

SEE ALSO

GL_ARB_texture_multisample

tex2Dfetch, *tex2DARRAYfetch*, *tex2DMSsize*

9.101 tex2DMSsize

NAME

tex2DMSsize - returns the size of a given multisample texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex2DMSsize(sampler2DMS samp)
int3 tex2DMSsize(isampler2DMS samp)
int3 tex2DMSsize(usampler2DMS samp)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DMSsize is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

glsl profile support requires **ARB_texture_multisample** extension or OpenGL 3.2

SEE ALSO

GL_ARB_texture_multisample

tex2Dsize, *tex2DMSfetch*

9.102 tex2DMSARRAYfetch

NAME

tex2DMSARRAYfetch - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given multisample texture sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex2DMSARRAYfetch(sampler2DMSARRAY samp, int3 s, int n)
```

```
int4 tex2DMSARRAYfetch(isampler2DMSARRAY samp, int3 s, int n)
```

```
unsigned int4 tex2DMSARRAYfetch(usampler2DMSARRAY samp, int3 s, int n)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xy

2D coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.z

The multisample array sampling layer for lookup.

num

Multisample sample number.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup of sample *num* of layer *s.z* of sampler *samp* using coordinates *s.xy*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

`tex2DMSARRAYfetch` is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

glsl profile support requires **ARB_texture_multisample** extension or OpenGL 3.2

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_texture_multisample`

tex2Dfetch, *tex2DARRAYfetch*, *tex2DMSARRAYsize*

9.103 tex2DMSARRAYsize

NAME

tex2DMSARRAYsize - returns the size of a given multisample texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex2DMSARRAYsize(sampler2DMSARRAY samp)
```

```
int3 tex2DMSARRAYsize(isampler2DMSARRAY samp)
```

```
int3 tex2DMSARRAYsize(usampler2DMSARRAY samp)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex2DMSARRAYsize is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

glsl profile support requires **ARB_texture_multisample** extension or OpenGL 3.2

SEE ALSO

`GL_ARB_texture_multisample`

tex2Dsize, *tex2DMSARRAYfetch*

9.104 tex3Dbias

NAME

tex3Dbias - 3D texture lookup with bias and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex3Dbias(sampler3D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex3Dbias(sampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex3Dbias(isampler3D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex3Dbias(isampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex3Dbias(usampler3D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex3Dbias(usampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to lookup.

s.xyz
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w
Level of detail bias value.

texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. Level-of-detail bias can be used to artificially blur or sharpen the result of texture sampling.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex3Dbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp30* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO*tex3D, tex3Dlod*

9.105 tex3Dfetch

NAME**tex3Dfetch** - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given sampler.**SYNOPSIS**

```
float4 tex3Dfetch(sampler3D samp, int4 s)
float4 tex3Dfetch(sampler3D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex3Dfetch(isampler3D samp, int4 s)
int4 tex3Dfetch(isampler3D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex3Dfetch(usampler3D samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 tex3Dfetch(usampler3D samp, int4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The level of detail is stored in the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. The level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT**tex3Dfetch** is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.**SEE ALSO***tex3D*

9.106 tex3Dlod

NAME**tex3Dlod** - 3D texture lookup with specified level of detail and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex3Dlod(sampler3D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex3Dlod(sampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex3Dlod(isampler3D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex3Dlod(isampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex3Dlod(usampler3D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex3Dlod(usampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to lookup.

s.xyz
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w
Level of detail.

texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex3Dlod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex3D, *tex3Dbias*

9.107 tex3D

NAME

tex3D - performs a texture lookup in a given 3D sampler. May also use pre computed derivatives if those are provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex3D(sampler3D samp, float3 s)
float4 tex3D(sampler3D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

float4 tex3D(sampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
float4 tex3D(sampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy, int texelOff)

int4 tex3D(isampler3D samp, float3 s)
int4 tex3D(isampler3D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
```

```
int4 tex3D(isampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
int4 tex3D(isampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex3D(usampler3D samp, float3 s)
unsigned int4 tex3D(usampler3D samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 tex3D(usampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
unsigned int4 tex3D(usampler3D samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy,
                    int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS*samp*

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, may use and derivatives *dx* and *dy*, also may use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex3D is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex3Dbias, *tex3Dlod*, *tex3Dproj*

9.108 tex3Dproj

NAME

tex3Dproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 tex3Dproj(sampler3D samp, float4 s)
float4 tex3Dproj(sampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 tex3Dproj(isampler3D samp, float4 s)
int4 tex3Dproj(isampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

```
unsigned int4 tex3Dproj(usampler3D samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 tex3Dproj(usampler3D samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the coordinates used in the lookup are first projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex3Dproj is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex3D

9.109 tex3Dsize

NAME

tex3Dsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 tex3Dsize(sampler3D samp, int lod)
int3 tex3Dsize(isampler3D samp, int lod)
int3 tex3Dsize(usampler3D samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

tex3Dsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex3D

9.110 texBUF**NAME**

texBUF - performs an unfiltered texture lookup in a given texture buffer sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texBUF(samplerBUF samp, int s)
```

```
int4 texBUF(isamplerBUF samp, int s)
```

```
unsigned int4 texBUF(usamplerBUF samp, int s)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in texture buffer sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

Texture buffer samplers are created with the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. See:

http://developer.download.nvidia.com/opengl/specs/GL_EXT_texture_buffer_object.txt

Texture buffer object samplers roughly correspond to the *tbuffer* functionality of DirectX 10.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texBUF is supported in *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, and *gp4fp* profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1D, *texBUFsize*

9.111 texBUFsize**NAME**

texBUFsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 texBUFsize(samplerBUF samp, int lod)
int3 texBUFsize(isamplerBUF samp, int lod)
int3 texBUFsize(usamplerBUF samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to be queried for size.

lod
Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size (width in *x*, height in *y*, and depth in *z*) of the corresponding texture buffer is returned as the result of the operation.

Because texture buffers lack mipmaps, the *lod* parameter is unused.

Texture buffer samplers are created with the **EXT_texture_buffer_object** extension. See:

http://developer.download.nvidia.com/opengl/specs/GL_EXT_texture_buffer_object.txt

Texture buffer object samplers roughly correspond to the *tbuffer* functionality of DirectX 10.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texBUF is supported in *gp4vp*, *gp4gp*, and *gp4fp* profiles.

SEE ALSO

tex1Dsize, *texBUF*

9.112 texCUBEARRAYbias

NAME

texCUBEARRAYbias - cube array texture lookup with bias.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBEARRAYbias(samplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float bias)
int4 texCUBEARRAYbias(isamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float bias)
unsigned int4 texCUBEARRAYbias(usamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float bias)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Cube array sampler array to look up.

s.xyz
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Cube map array layer.

bias

Level of detail bias.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates. Level-of-detail bias can be used to artificially blur or sharpen the result of texture sampling.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEARRAYbias is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEARRAY, *texCUBEARRAYlod*

9.113 texCUBEARRAYlod

NAME

texCUBEARRAYlod - cube array texture lookup with specified level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBEARRAYlod(samplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float lod)
```

```
int4 texCUBEARRAYlod(isamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float lod)
```

```
unsigned int4 texCUBEARRAYlod(usamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Cube array sampler to look up.

s.xyz

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Cube map array layer.

lod

Level of detail.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEARRAYlod is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEARRAY, *texCUBEARRAYbias*

9.114 texCUBEARRAY

NAME

texCUBEARRAY - cube array texture lookup with optional pre-computed derivatives.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBEARRAY(samplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s)
float4 texCUBEARRAY(samplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)

int4 texCUBEARRAY(isamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s)
int4 texCUBEARRAY(isamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)

unsigned int4 texCUBEARRAY(usamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 texCUBEARRAY(usamplerCUBEARRAY samp, float4 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Cube array sampler array to look up.

s.xyz

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Cube map array layer.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the texture to be sampled is selected from the layer specified in the coordinates. Also may use the derivatives *dx* and *dy*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEARRAY is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEARRAYbias, *texCUBEARRAYlod*, *texCUBEARRAYsize*

9.115 texCUBEARRAYsize

NAME

texCUBEARRAYsize - returns the size of a given texture array image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 texCUBEARRAYsize(samplerCUBEARRAY samp, int lod)
int3 texCUBEARRAYsize(isamplerCUBEARRAY samp, int lod)
int3 texCUBEARRAYsize(usamplerCUBEARRAY samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler array and a level of detail the size of one element of the corresponding texture array for a given level of detail is returned as a result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEARRAYsize is only supported in *gp5* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEsize

9.116 texCUBEbias

NAME

texCUBEbias - cube texture lookup with bias.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBEbias(samplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
int4 texCUBEbias(isamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 texCUBEbias(usamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xyz

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Level of detail bias value.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp30* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with integer samplers are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBElod

9.117 texCUBElod

NAME

texCUBElod - cube texture lookup with specified level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBElod(samplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

```
int4 texCUBElod(isamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

```
unsigned int4 texCUBElod(usamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xyz

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Level of detail.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBElod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with integer samplers are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEbias

9.118 texCUBE

NAME

texCUBE - performs a texture lookup in a given CUBE sampler and, in some cases, a shadow comparison. May also use pre computed derivatives if those are provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBE(samplerCUBE samp, float3 s)
float4 texCUBE(samplerCUBE samp, float4 s)

float4 texCUBE(samplerCUBE samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
float4 texCUBE(samplerCUBE samp, float4 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)

int4 texCUBE(isamplerCUBE samp, float3 s)

int4 texCUBE(isamplerCUBE samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)

unsigned int4 texCUBE(usamplerCUBE samp, float3 s)

unsigned int4 texCUBE(usamplerCUBE samp, float3 s, float3 dx, float3 dy)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. If an extra coordinate compared to the texture dimensionality is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison. The value used in the shadow comparison is always the last component of the coordinate vector.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, may use and derivatives *dx* and *dy*, also may perform shadow comparison.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBE is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBEbias, *texCUBElod*, *texCUBEproj*

9.119 texCUBEproj

NAME

texCUBEproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texCUBEproj(samplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

```
int4 texCUBEproj(isamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

```
unsigned int4 texCUBEproj(usamplerCUBE samp, float4 s)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the coordinates used in the lookup are first projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEproj is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with integer samplers are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBE

9.120 texCUBEsize

NAME

texCUBEsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 texCUBEsize(samplerCUBE samp, int lod)
```

```
int3 texCUBEsize(isamplerCUBE samp, int lod)
```

```
int3 texCUBEsize(usamplerCUBE samp, int lod)
```


PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texCUBEsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texCUBE

9.121 texRBUF

NAME

texRBUF - performs an unfiltered multisample texture lookup in a given renderbuffer sampler.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRBUF(samplerBUF samp, int2 c, int s)
```

```
int4 texRBUF(isamplerBUF samp, int2 c, int s)
```

```
uint4 texRBUF(usamplerRBUF samp, int2 c, int s)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

c

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s

sample within a multi-sampled renderbuffer.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered multisample texture lookup in renderbuffer sampler *samp* using coordinates *c* and sample *s*.

Renderbuffer samplers are created with the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. See:

[GL_NV_explicit_multisample](#)

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRBUF is supported in *gp4*, *gp5*, and *glsl* profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRBUFsize

9.122 texRBUFsize

NAME

texRBUFsize - returns the size of a given renderbuffer texture.

SYNOPSIS

```
int2 texRBUFsize(samplerRBUF samp)
```

```
int2 texRBUFsize(isamplerRBUF samp)
```

```
int2 texRBUFsize(usamplerRBUF samp)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler the size (width in *x*, height in *y*) of the corresponding renderbuffer is returned as the result of the operation.

Renderbuffer samplers are created with the **NV_explicit_multisample** extension. See:

`GL_NV_explicit_multisample`

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRBUFsize is supported in *gp4*, *gp5*, and *glsl* profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRBUF

9.123 texRECTbias

NAME

texRECTbias - rectangle texture lookup with bias and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRECTbias(samplerRECT samp, float4 s)
```

```
float4 texRECTbias(samplerRECT samp, float4 s, int2 texelOff)
```

```
int4 texRECTbias(isamplerRECT samp, float4 s)
```

```
int4 texRECTbias(isamplerRECT samp, float4 s, int2 texelOff)
```

```
unsigned int4 texRECTbias(usamplerRECT samp, float4 s)
```

```
unsigned int4 texRECTbias(usamplerRECT samp, float4 s, int2 texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s.xy

Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w

Level of detail bias value.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with bias in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECTbias is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp30* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRECTlod, *texRECTfetch*

9.124 texRECTfetch

NAME

texRECTfetch - unfiltered rectangle texture lookup.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRECTfetch(samplerRECT samp, int4 s)
float4 texRECTfetch(samplerRECT samp, int4 s, int2 texelOff)

int4 texRECTfetch(isamplerRECT samp, int4 s)
int4 texRECTfetch(isamplerRECT samp, int4 s, int2 texelOff)

unsigned int4 texRECTfetch(usamplerRECT samp, int4 s)
unsigned int4 texRECTfetch(usamplerRECT samp, int4 s, int2 texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The level of detail is stored in the last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs an unfiltered texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*. The level of detail is provided by the last component of the coordinate vector. May use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECTfetch is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRECTlod, *texRECTbias*, *texRECT*

9.125 texRECTlod

NAME

texRECTlod - rectangle texture lookup with specified level of detail and optional texel offset.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRECTlod(samplerRECT samp, float4 s)
float4 texRECTlod(samplerRECT samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 texRECTlod(isamplerRECT samp, float4 s)
int4 texRECTlod(isamplerRECT samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 texRECTlod(usamplerRECT samp, float4 s)
unsigned int4 texRECTlod(usamplerRECT samp, float4 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp
Sampler to lookup.

s.xyz
Coordinates to perform the lookup.

s.w
Level of detail.

texelOff
Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup with a specified level of detail in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECTlod is supported in fragment profiles starting with *fp40* and in vertex profiles starting with *vp40*. Variants with *texelOff* are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are also only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO*texRECTbias, texRECTfetch***9.126 texRECT****NAME**

texRECT - performs a texture lookup in a given RECT sampler and, in some cases, a shadow comparison. May also use pre computed derivatives if those are provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float2 s)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float2 s, int texelOff)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float3 s)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float3 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
float4 texRECT(samplerRECT samp, float3 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)

int4 texRECT(isamplerRECT samp, float2 s)
int4 texRECT(isamplerRECT samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

int4 texRECT(isamplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
int4 texRECT(isamplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 texRECT(usamplerRECT samp, float2 s)
unsigned int4 texRECT(usamplerRECT samp, float2 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 texRECT(usamplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy)
unsigned int4 texRECT(usamplerRECT samp, float2 s, float2 dx, float2 dy,
                    int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. If an extra coordinate compared to the texture dimensionality is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison. The value used in the shadow comparison is always the last component of the coordinate vector.

dx

Pre computed derivative along the x axis.

dy

Pre computed derivative along the y axis.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, may use and derivatives *dx* and *dy*, also may perform shadow comparison and use texel offset *texelOff* to compute final texel.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECT is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles. Variants with integer samplers are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRECTbias, *texRECTlod*, *texRECTproj*

9.127 texRECTproj

NAME

texRECTproj - performs a texture lookup with projection in a given sampler. May perform a shadow comparison if argument for shadow comparison is provided.

SYNOPSIS

```
float4 texRECTproj(samplerRECT samp, float3 s)
float4 texRECTproj(samplerRECT samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
float4 texRECTproj(samplerRECT samp, float4 s)
float4 texRECTproj(samplerRECT samp, float4 s, int texelOff)

int4 texRECTproj(isamplerRECT samp, float3 s)
int4 texRECTproj(isamplerRECT samp, float3 s, int texelOff)

unsigned int4 texRECTproj(usamplerRECT samp, float3 s)
unsigned int4 texRECTproj(usamplerRECT samp, float3 s, int texelOff)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to lookup.

s

Coordinates to perform the lookup. The value used in the projection should be passed as the last component of the coordinate vector. The value used in the shadow comparison, if present, should be passed as the next-to-last component of the coordinate vector.

texelOff

Offset to be added to obtain the final texel.

DESCRIPTION

Performs a texture lookup in sampler *samp* using coordinates *s*, the coordinates used in the lookup are first projected, that is, divided by the last component of the coordinate vector and then used in the lookup. If an extra coordinate is present it is used to perform a shadow comparison, the value used in the shadow comparison is always the next-to-last component in the coordinate vector.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECTproj is supported in all fragment profiles and all vertex profiles starting with *vp40*, variants with shadow comparison are only supported in *fp40* and newer profiles, variants with texel offsets are only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRECT

9.128 texRECTsize**NAME**

texRECTsize - returns the size of a given texture image for a given level of detail.

SYNOPSIS

```
int3 texRECTsize(samplerRECT samp, int lod)
int3 texRECTsize(isamplerRECT samp, int lod)
int3 texRECTsize(usamplerRECT samp, int lod)
```

PARAMETERS

samp

Sampler to be queried for size.

lod

Level of detail to obtain size.

DESCRIPTION

Given a sampler and a level of detail the size of the corresponding texture image is returned as the result of the operation.

PROFILE SUPPORT

texRECTsize is only supported in *gp4* and newer profiles.

SEE ALSO

texRECT

9.129 transpose**NAME**

transpose - returns transpose matrix of a matrix

SYNOPSIS

```
float4x4 transpose(float4x4 A)
float3x4 transpose(float4x3 A)
float2x4 transpose(float4x2 A)
float1x4 transpose(float4x1 A)
```

```
float4x3 transpose(float3x4 A)
float3x3 transpose(float3x3 A)
float2x3 transpose(float3x2 A)
float1x3 transpose(float3x1 A)
```

```
float4x2 transpose(float2x4 A)
float3x2 transpose(float2x3 A)
float2x2 transpose(float2x2 A)
float1x2 transpose(float2x1 A)
```

```
float4x1 transpose(float1x4 A)
float3x1 transpose(float1x3 A)
float2x1 transpose(float1x2 A)
float1x1 transpose(float1x1 A)
```

PARAMETERS

A

Matrix to transpose.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the transpose of the matrix A.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

transpose for a **float4x3** matrix can be implemented like this:

```
float4x3 transpose(float3x4 A)
{
    float4x3 C;

    C[0] = A._m00_m10_m20;
    C[1] = A._m01_m11_m21;
    C[2] = A._m02_m12_m22;
    C[3] = A._m03_m13_m23;

    return C;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

transpose is supported in all profiles.

SEE ALSO

determinant, mul

9.130 trunc

NAME

trunc - returns largest integer not greater than a scalar or each vector component.

SYNOPSIS

```
float   trunc(float x);
float1  trunc(float1 x);
float2  trunc(float2 x);
float3  trunc(float3 x);
float4  trunc(float4 x);

half    trunc(half x);
half1   trunc(half1 x);
half2   trunc(half2 x);
half3   trunc(half3 x);
half4   trunc(half4 x);

fixed   trunc(fixed x);
fixed1  trunc(fixed1 x);
fixed2  trunc(fixed2 x);
fixed3  trunc(fixed3 x);
fixed4  trunc(fixed4 x);
```

PARAMETERS

x

Vector or scalar which to truncate.

DESCRIPTION

Returns the integral value nearest to but no larger in magnitude than x.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

trunc for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```
float3 trunc(float3 v)
{
    float3 rv;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i<3; i++) {
        float x = v[i];

        rv[i] = x < 0 ? -floor(-x) : floor(x);
    }
    return rv;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

trunc is supported in all profiles except *fp20*.

SEE ALSO

ceil, *floor*, *round*

9.131 unpack

NAME

unpack - unpacks a single values into different formatted values

SYNOPSIS

```
half2  unpack_2half(float a);
float2 unpack_2ushort(float a);
half4  unpack_4byte(float a);
half4  unpack_4ubyte(float a);
```

PARAMETERS

a

Value to unpack

DESCRIPTION

unpack_2half unpacks a 32-bit integer value into two 16-bit floating point value.

unpack_2ushort unpacks two 16-bit unsigned integer values from a and scales the results into individual floating point values between 0.0 and 1.0.

unpack_4byte unpacks four 8-bit integers from a and scales the results into individual 16-bit floating point values between $-(128/127)$ and $+(127/127)$.

unpack_4ubyte unpacks the four 8-bit integers in a and scales the results into individual 16-bit floating point values between 0.0 and 1.0.

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

unpack_2half could be implemented this way:

```
half2  unpack_2half
{
    result.x = (a >> 0) & 0xFF;
    result.y = (a >> 16) & 0xFF;
    return result;
}
```

unpack_2ushort could be implemented this way:

```
float2  unpack_2ushort
{
    float 2 result;
    result.x = ((x >> 0) & 0xFFFF) / 65535.0;
    result.y = ((x >> 16) & 0xFFFF) / 65535.0;
    return result;
}
```

unpack_4byte could be implemented this way:

```
half4  unpack_4byte(float a)
{
    half4 result;
    result.x = (((a >> 0) & 0xFF) - 128) / 127.0;
    result.y = (((a >> 8) & 0xFF) - 128) / 127.0;
    result.z = (((a >> 16) & 0xFF) - 128) / 127.0;
}
```

```
    result.w = (((a >> 24) & 0xFF) - 128) / 127.0;
    return result;
}
```

unpack_4ubyte could be implemented this way:

```
half4  unpack_4ubyte(float a)
{
    half4 result ;
    result.x = ((a >> 0) & 0xFF) / 255.0;
    result.y = ((a >> 8) & 0xFF) / 255.0;
    result.z = ((a >> 16) & 0xFF) / 255.0;
    result.w = ((a >> 24) & 0xFF) / 255.0;
    return result;
}
```

PROFILE SUPPORT

unpack is supported in *fp30*, *fp40*, *gp4*, *gp5*

SEE ALSO

pack

CGFX STATES

10.1 AddressUi

NAME

AddressUi - 3D API U texture addressing mode for unit *i*

USAGE

AddressU[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Sets the Direct3D u-direction wrapping mode for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *AddressU* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressU[i] state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressU, *AddressVi*, *AddressWi*

10.2 AddressVi

NAME

AddressVi - 3D API V texture addressing mode for unit *i*

USAGE

AddressV[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Sets the Direct3D v-direction wrapping mode for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *AddressV* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressV[i] state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressV, *AddressUi*, *AddressWi*

10.3 AddressWi

NAME

AddressWi - 3D API W texture addressing mode for unit *i*

USAGE

AddressW[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Sets the Direct3D w-direction wrapping mode for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *AddressW* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressW[i] state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressW, *AddressUi*, *AddressVi*

10.4 AlphaArg0

NAME

AlphaArg0 - 3D API AlphaArg0

USAGE

AlphaArg0 = int(third)

VALID ENUMERANTS

third: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the alpha channel selector operand for triadic operations. See the D3DTSS_ALPHAARG0 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaArg0 state to int(Current).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.5 AlphaArg1

NAME

AlphaArg1 - 3D API AlphaArg1

USAGE

AlphaArg1 = int(first)

VALID ENUMERANTS

first: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the first alpha argument for the stage. See the D3DTSS_ALPHAARG1 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaArg1 state to int(Texture).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.6 AlphaArg2

NAME

AlphaArg2 - 3D API AlphaArg2

USAGE

AlphaArg2 = int(second)

VALID ENUMERANTS

second: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the second alpha argument for the stage. See the D3DTSS_ALPHAARG2 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaArg2 state to int(Current).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.7 AlphaBlendEnable

NAME

AlphaBlendEnable - 3D API alpha blend enable

USAGE

AlphaBlendEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable alpha blending. See the GL_BLEND description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHABLENDENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaBlendEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.8 AlphaFunc

NAME

AlphaFunc - 3D API alpha function

USAGE

AlphaFunc = float(func) AlphaFunc = float2(func, ref)

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: Never, Less, LEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, Always

DESCRIPTION

Specify the alpha comparison function. See the OpenGL glAlphaFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHAFUNC render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaFunc state to float(Always) or float2(Always, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.9 AlphaOp

NAME

AlphaOp - 3D API alpha operator

USAGE

AlphaOp = int(op)

VALID ENUMERANTS

op: Disable, SelectArg1, SelectArg2, Modulate, Modulate2x, Modulate4x, Add, AddSigned, AddSigned2x, Subtract, AddSmooth, BlendDiffuseAlpha, BlendTextureAlpha, BlendFactorAlpha, BlendTextureAlphaPM, BlendCurrentAlpha, PreModulate, ModulateAlpha_AddColor, ModulateColor_AddAlpha, ModulateInvAlpha_AddColor, ModulateInvColor_AddAlpha, BumpEnvMap, BumpEnvMapLuminance, DotProduct3, MultiplyAdd, Lerp

DESCRIPTION

Specify the alpha blending operation for this texture stage. See the D3DTSS_ALPHAOP texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaOp state to int(SelectArg1) if *i* is zero and int(Disable) otherwise.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.10 AlphaRef

NAME

AlphaRef - 3D API alpha ref

USAGE

AlphaRef = float(ref)

VALID ENUMERANTS

ref: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the alpha reference value. See the OpenGL glAlphaFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHAREF render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaRef state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.11 AlphaTestEnable**NAME****AlphaTestEnable** - 3D API alpha test enable**USAGE**

AlphaTestEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable alpha testing. See the GL_ALPHA_TEST description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHATESTENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AlphaTestEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.12 AmbientMaterialSource**NAME****AmbientMaterialSource** - 3D API ambient material source**USAGE**

AmbientMaterialSource = int(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable front and back ambient color material. See the GL_AMBIENT description on the OpenGL glColorMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_AMBIENTMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the AmbientMaterialSource state to int(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.13 Ambient

NAME

Ambient - 3D API ambient

USAGE

Ambient = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the ambient intensity of the entire scene. See the GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT description on the OpenGL glLightModel manual page for details. See the D3DRS_AMBIENT render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Ambient state to float4(0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 1.0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightModelAmbient

10.14 AutoNormalEnable

NAME

AutoNormalEnable - 3D API auto normal enable

USAGE

AutoNormalEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable automatic normal generation. See the `GL_AUTO_NORMAL` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_NORMALIZENORMALS` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `AutoNormalEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

NormalizeEnable, RescaleNormalEnable, NormalizeNormals

10.15 BlendColor

NAME

BlendColor - 3D API blend color

USAGE

BlendColor = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the blend color. See the OpenGL `glBlendColor` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_BLENDFACTOR` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `BlendColor` state to `float4(0, 0, 0, 0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.16 BlendEnable

NAME

BlendEnable - 3D API blend enable

USAGE

BlendEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable color blending. See the GL_BLEND description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHABLENDENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BlendEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.17 BlendEquation

NAME

BlendEquation - 3D API blend equation

USAGE

BlendEquation = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: FuncAdd, FuncSubtract, FuncReverseSubtract, Add, Subtract, ReverseSubtract, Min, Max, LogicOp

DESCRIPTION

Specify the RGB and alpha blend equation together. See the OpenGL `glBlendEquation` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_BLENDOP` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `BlendEquation` state to `int(Add)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.18 BlendEquationSeparate

NAME

BlendEquationSeparate - 3D API blend equation separate

USAGE

`BlendEquationSeparate = int2(modeRGB, modeAlpha)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

`modeRGB, modeAlpha`: `FuncAdd, FuncSubtract, FuncReverseSubtract, Add, Subtract, ReverseSubtract, Min, Max, LogicOp`

DESCRIPTION

Specify the RGB and alpha blend equation separately. See the OpenGL `glBlendEquationSeparate` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_BLENDOP` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `BlendEquationSeparate` state to `int2(FuncAdd, FuncAdd)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.19 BlendFunc

NAME

BlendFunc - 3D API blend function

USAGE

BlendFunc = int2(sfactor, dfactor)

VALID ENUMERANTS

sfactor, dfactor: Zero, One, DestColor, OneMinusDestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, OneMinusSrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, OneMinusDstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSaturate, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, OneMinusSrcColor, InvSrcColor, ConstantColor, BlendFactor, OneMinusConstantColor, InvBlendFactor, ConstantAlpha, OneMinusConstantAlpha

DESCRIPTION

Specify the source and destination blending functions. See the OpenGL glBlendFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_SRCBLEND and D3DRS_DESTBLEND render state descriptions for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BlendFunc state to int2(One, Zero).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.20 BlendFuncSeparate

NAME

BlendFuncSeparate - 3D API blend function separate

USAGE

BlendFuncSeparate = int4(srcRGB, dstRGB, srcAlpha, dstAlpha)

VALID ENUMERANTS

srcRGB, dstRGB, srcAlpha, dstAlpha: Zero, One, DestColor, OneMinusDestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, OneMinusSrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, OneMinusDstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSaturate, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, OneMinusSrcColor, InvSrcColor, ConstantColor, BlendFactor, OneMinusConstantColor, InvBlendFactor, ConstantAlpha, OneMinusConstantAlpha

DESCRIPTION

Specify the source and destination blending functions. See the OpenGL `glBlendFuncSeparate` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_SEPARATEALPHABLENDENABLE`, `D3DRS_SRCBLEND`, `D3DRS_DESTBLEND`, `D3DRS_SRCBLENDALPHA`, and `D3DRS_DESTBLENDALPHA` render state descriptions for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `BlendFuncSeparate` state to `int4(One, Zero, One, Zero)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.21 BlendOpAlpha

NAME

BlendOpAlpha - 3D API blend operator alpha

USAGE

`BlendOpAlpha = int(blendop)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

`blendop`: Add, Subtract, RevSubtract, Min, Max

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D separate alpha blending operation. See the `D3DRS_BLENDOPALPHA` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `BlendOpAlpha` state to `int(Add)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BlendOp, AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.22 BlendOp

NAME

BlendOp - 3D API blend operator

USAGE

BlendOp = int(func)

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: FuncAdd, FuncSubtract, FuncReverseSubtract, Add, Subtract, ReverseSubtract, Min, Max, LogicOp

DESCRIPTION

Specify the blending equation. See the OpenGL `glBlendEquation` manual page for details. See the D3DRS_BLENDOP render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BlendOp state to `int(FuncAdd)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.23 BorderColori

NAME

BorderColori - 3D API texture border color

USAGE

BorderColor[i] = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D sampler border color for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *BorderColor* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the BorderColor[i] state to `float4(0, 0, 0, 0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BorderColor

10.24 BumpEnvLOffset

NAME

BumpEnvLOffset - 3D API bump environment L offset

USAGE

BumpEnvLOffset = float(offset)

VALID ENUMERANTS

offset: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the offset value for bump-map luminance. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVLOFFSET texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvLOffset state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvLScale, BumpEnvMat00, BumpEnvMat01, BumpEnvMat10, BumpEnvMat11

10.25 BumpEnvLScale

NAME

BumpEnvLScale - 3D API bump environment L scale

USAGE

BumpEnvLScale = float(scale)

VALID ENUMERANTS

scale: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the scale value for bump-map luminance. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVLSCALE texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvLScale state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvLOffset, BumpEnvMat00, BumpEnvMat01, BumpEnvMat10, BumpEnvMat11

10.26 BumpEnvMat00

NAME

BumpEnvMat00 - 3D API bump environment mat00

USAGE

BumpEnvMat00 = float(c00)

VALID ENUMERANTS

c00: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is a floating-point value for the [0][0] coefficient in a bump-mapping matrix. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVMAT00 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvMat00 state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvMat01, BumpEnvMat10, BumpEnvMat11, BumpEnvLOffset, BumpEnvLScale

10.27 BumpEnvMat01

NAME

BumpEnvMat01 - 3D API bump environment mat01

USAGE

BumpEnvMat01 = float(c01)

VALID ENUMERANTS

c01: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is a floating-point value for the [0][1] coefficient in a bump-mapping matrix. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVMAT01 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvMat01 state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvMat00, BumpEnvMat10, BumpEnvMat11, BumpEnvLOffset, BumpEnvLScale

10.28 BumpEnvMat10

NAME

BumpEnvMat10 - 3D API bump environment mat10

USAGE

BumpEnvMat10 = float(c10)

VALID ENUMERANTS

c10: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is a floating-point value for the [1][0] coefficient in a bump-mapping matrix. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVMAT10 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvMat10 state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvMat00, BumpEnvMat01, BumpEnvMat11, BumpEnvLOffset, BumpEnvLScale

10.29 BumpEnvMat11

NAME

BumpEnvMat11 - 3D API bump environment mat11

USAGE

BumpEnvMat11 = float(c11)

VALID ENUMERANTS

c11: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is a floating-point value for the [1][1] coefficient in a bump-mapping matrix. See the D3DTSS_BUMPENVMAT11 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BumpEnvMat11 state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BumpEnvMat00, BumpEnvMat01, BumpEnvMat10, BumpEnvLOffset, BumpEnvLScale

10.30 ClearColor

NAME

ClearColor - 3D API clear color

USAGE

ClearColor = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the values used by to clear the color buffers. See the OpenGL glClearColor manual page for details. See the D3DCLEAR_TARGET flag description for the IDirect3DDevice9::Clear method.

The standard reset callback sets the ClearColor state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, ClearStencil

10.31 ClearDepth

NAME

ClearDepth - 3D API clear depth

USAGE

ClearDepth = float(z)

VALID ENUMERANTS

z: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the value used by to clear the depth buffer. See the OpenGL glClearDepth manual page for details. See the D3DCLEAR_ZBUFFER flag description for the IDirect3DDevice9::Clear method.

The standard reset callback sets the ClearDepth state to float(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearColor, ClearStencil

10.32 ClearStencil

NAME

ClearStencil - 3D API clear stencil

USAGE

ClearStencil = int(val)

VALID ENUMERANTS

val: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the value used by to clear the stencil buffer. See the OpenGL `glClearStencil` manual page for details. See the `D3DCLEAR_STENCIL` flag description for the `IDirect3DDevice9::Clear` method.

The standard reset callback sets the `ClearStencil` state to `int(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, ClearColor, ClearDepth, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.33 Clipping

NAME

Clipping - 3D API clipping

USAGE

Clipping = `bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: `true`, `false`

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable Direct3D primitive clipping. See the `D3DRS_CLIPPING` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `Clipping` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClipPlane, ClipPlaneEnable

10.34 ClipPlaneEnable

NAME

ClipPlaneEnable - 3D API clip plane enable

USAGE

ClipPlaneEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable user-defined clipping planes. See the OpenGL glClipPlane manual page for details. See the D3DRS_CLIPPLANEENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ClipPlaneEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClipPlane, Clipping

10.35 ClipPlane

NAME

ClipPlane - 3D API clip plane

USAGE

ClipPlane[i] = float4(a, b, c, d)

VALID ENUMERANTS

a, b, c, d: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify an clip plane. See the OpenGL glClipPlane manual page for details. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetClipPlane method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the ClipPlane[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClipPlaneEnable, Clipping

10.36 ColorArg0

NAME

ColorArg0 - 3D API color arg0

USAGE

ColorArg0 = int(third)

VALID ENUMERANTS

third: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify settings for the third color operand for triadic operations. See the D3DTSS_COLORARG0 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorArg0 state to int(Current).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.37 ColorArg1

NAME

ColorArg1 - 3D API color arg1

USAGE

ColorArg1 = int(first)

VALID ENUMERANTS

first: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is the first color argument for the stage. See the D3DTSS_COLORARG1 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorArg1 state to int(Texture).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg2, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.38 ColorArg2**NAME****ColorArg2** - 3D API color arg2**USAGE**

ColorArg2 = int(second)

VALID ENUMERANTS

second: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify that this texture-stage state is the second color argument for the stage. See the D3DTSS_COLORARG2 texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorArg2 state to int(Current).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorOp, BlendOpAlpha

10.39 ColorLogicOpEnable**NAME****ColorLogicOpEnable** - 3D API color logic operation enable**USAGE**

ColorLogicOpEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL logical pixel operations. See the GL_COLOR_LOGIC_OP description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorLogicOpEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LogicOp, LogicOpEnable

10.40 ColorMask

NAME

ColorMask - 3D API color mask

USAGE

ColorMask = bool4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable writing to color components in the frame buffer. See the OpenGL glColorMask manual page for details. See the D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE1 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorMask state to bool4(true, true, true, true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

DepthMask, StencilMask

10.41 ColorMaterial

NAME

ColorMaterial - 3D API color material

USAGE

ColorMaterial = int2(sides, mat)

VALID ENUMERANTS

sides: Front, Back, FrontAndBack mat: Emission, Emissive, Ambient, Diffuse, Specular, AmbientAndDiffuse

DESCRIPTION

Specify which material parameters track the current color. See the OpenGL glColorMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ALPHABLENDENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorMaterial state to int2(FrontAndBack, AmbientAndDiffuse).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.42 ColorMatrix

NAME

ColorMatrix - 3D API color matrix

USAGE

ColorMatrix = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the color matrix. See the GL_COLOR description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorMatrix state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension ARB_imaging.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ColorTransform

10.43 ColorOp

NAME

ColorOp - 3D API color operation

USAGE

ColorOp = int(op)

VALID ENUMERANTS

op: Disable, SelectArg1, SelectArg2, Modulate, Modulate2x, Modulate4x, Add, AddSigned, AddSigned2x, Subtract, AddSmooth, BlendDiffuseAlpha, BlendTextureAlpha, BlendFactorAlpha, BlendTextureAlphaPM, BlendCurrentAlpha, PreModulate, ModulateAlpha_AddColor, ModulateColor_AddAlpha, ModulateInvAlpha_AddColor, ModulateInvColor_AddAlpha, BumpEnvMap, BumpEnvMapLuminance, DotProduct3, MultiplyAdd, Lerp

DESCRIPTION

Set the texture environment mode. See the `GL_TEXTURE_ENV_MODE` description on the OpenGL `glTexEnv` manual page for details. See the `D3DTSS_COLOROP` texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorOp state to `int(Modulate)` or `int(Disable)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

TextureEnvMode, AlphaArg0, AlphaArg1, AlphaArg2, AlphaBlendEnable, AlphaFunc, AlphaOp, AlphaRef, AlphaTestEnable, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, BlendOpAlpha

10.44 ColorTransform

NAME

ColorTransform - 3D API color transform

USAGE

ColorTransform[i] = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the color matrix. See the `GL_COLOR` description on the OpenGL `glMatrixMode` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorTransform[i] state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension ARB_imaging.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ColorMatrix

10.45 ColorVertex**NAME**

ColorVertex - 3D API color vertex

USAGE

ColorVertex = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable material parameter tracking of the current color. See the GL_COLOR_MATERIAL description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_COLORVERTEX render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorVertex state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorMaterial, AmbientMaterialSource, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, SpecularMaterialSource

10.46 ColorWriteEnable1**NAME**

ColorWriteEnable1 - 3D API color write enable1

USAGE

ColorWriteEnable1 = bool4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable writing of frame buffer color components. See the D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE1 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorWriteEnable1 state to bool4(true, true, true, true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorWriteEnable, ColorWriteEnable2, ColorWriteEnable3, BlendColor, ClearColor, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorLogicOpEnable, ColorMask, ColorMaterial, ColorMatrix, ColorOp, ColorTransform, ColorVertex

10.47 ColorWriteEnable2

NAME

ColorWriteEnable2 - 3D API color write enable2

USAGE

ColorWriteEnable2 = bool4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable writing of frame buffer color components. See the D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE2 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorWriteEnable2 state to bool4(true, true, true, true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorWriteEnable, ColorWriteEnable1, ColorWriteEnable3, BlendColor, ClearColor, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorLogicOpEnable, ColorMask, ColorMaterial, ColorMatrix, ColorOp, ColorTransform, ColorVertex

10.48 ColorWriteEnable3

NAME

ColorWriteEnable3 - 3D API color write enable3

USAGE

ColorWriteEnable3 = bool4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable writing of frame buffer color components. See the D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE3 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorWriteEnable3 state to bool4(true, true, true, true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorWriteEnable, ColorWriteEnable1, ColorWriteEnable2, BlendColor, ClearColor, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorLogicOpEnable, ColorMask, ColorMaterial, ColorMatrix, ColorOp, ColorTransform, ColorVertex

10.49 ColorWriteEnable

NAME

ColorWriteEnable - 3D API color write enable

USAGE

ColorWriteEnable = bool4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable writing of frame buffer color components. See the OpenGL glColorMask manual page for details. See the D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ColorWriteEnable state to bool4(true, true, true, true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BlendColor, ClearColor, ColorArg0, ColorArg1, ColorArg2, ColorLogicOpEnable, ColorMask, ColorMaterial, ColorMatrix, ColorOp, ColorTransform, ColorVertex, ColorWriteEnable1, ColorWriteEnable2, ColorWriteEnable3

10.50 CullFaceEnable

NAME

CullFaceEnable - 3D API cull face enable

USAGE

CullFaceEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL face culling. See the GL_CULL_FACE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the CullFaceEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CullFace, CullMode, FrontFace

10.51 CullFace

NAME

CullFace - 3D API cull face

USAGE

CullFace = int(face)

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: Front, Back, FrontAndBack

DESCRIPTION

Specify orientation of candidates for facet culling. See the OpenGL `glCullFace` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `CullFace` state to `int(Back)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CullFaceEnable, CullMode, FrontFace

10.52 CullMode

NAME

CullMode - 3D API cull mode

USAGE

`CullMode = int(face)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: `Front`, `Back`, `FrontAndBack`

DESCRIPTION

Specify orientation of candidates for facet culling. See the OpenGL `glCullFace` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `CullMode` state to `int(Back)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CullFace, CullFaceEnable, FrontFace

10.53 DepthBias

NAME

DepthBias - 3D API depth bias

USAGE

`DepthBias = float(bias)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

bias: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the constant offset used to compute a depth offset for polygons. See the units parameter description on the OpenGL `glPolygonOffset` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_DEPTHBIAS` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `DepthBias` state to `float(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.1

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PolygonOffset, SlopScaleDepthBias

10.54 DepthBoundsEnable

NAME

DepthBoundsEnable - 3D API depth bounds enable

USAGE

`DepthBoundsEnable = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL depth bounds testing. See the OpenGL `EXT_depth_bounds_test` specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `DepthBoundsEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension `EXT_depth_bounds_test`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthClampEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias

10.55 DepthBounds

NAME

DepthBounds - 3D API depth bounds

USAGE

DepthBounds = float2(zmin, zmax)

VALID ENUMERANTS

zmin, zmax: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the minimum and maximum values for depth bounds testing. See the OpenGL EXT_depth_bounds_test specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the DepthBounds state to float2(0, 1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension EXT_depth_bounds_test.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

DepthBoundsEnable

10.56 DepthClampEnable

NAME

DepthClampEnable - 3D API depth clamp enable

USAGE

DepthClampEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL depth clamping. See the OpenGL NV_depth_clamp specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the DepthClampEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension NV_depth_clamp.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias

10.57 DepthFunc

NAME

DepthFunc - 3D API depth func

USAGE

DepthFunc = int(func)

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: Never, Less, LEqual, LessEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, GreaterEqual, Always

DESCRIPTION

Specify the function used for depth buffer comparisons. See the OpenGL glDepthFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ZFUNC render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DepthFunc state to int(Less).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthTestEnable, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias, ZEnable, ZFunc, ZWriteEnable

10.58 DepthMask

NAME

DepthMask - 3D API depth mask

USAGE

DepthMask = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether the depth buffer is enabled for writing. See the OpenGL `glDepthMask` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_ZWRITEENABLE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `DepthMask` state to `bool(true)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorMask, StencilMask

10.59 DepthRange

NAME

DepthRange - 3D API depth range

USAGE

`DepthRange = float2(near, far)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

near, far: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the mapping of the near and far clipping planes to window coordinates. See the OpenGL `glDepthRange` manual page for details. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetViewport` method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `DepthRange` state to `float2(0, 1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthTestEnable

10.60 DepthTestEnable

NAME

DepthTestEnable - 3D API depth test enable

USAGE

DepthTestEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable depth testing. See the GL_DEPTH_TEST description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ZENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DepthTestEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, SlopScaleDepthBias, ZEnable, ZFunc, ZWriteEnable

10.61 DestBlendAlpha

NAME

DestBlendAlpha - 3D API destination alpha blending type

USAGE

DestBlendAlpha = int(blend)

VALID ENUMERANTS

blend: Zero, One, DestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, InvSrcColor, BlendFactor, InvBlendFactor

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D separate alpha blending destination blend type. See the D3DRS_DESTBLENDALPHA render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DestBlendAlpha state to int(Zero).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.62 DestBlend**NAME**

DestBlend - 3D API dest blend

USAGE

DestBlend = int(dfactor)

VALID ENUMERANTS

dfactor: Zero, One, DestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, InvSrcColor, BlendFactor, InvBlendFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the destination blend factor. See the OpenGL glBlendFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_DESTBLENDALPHA render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DestBlend state to int(Zero).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.63 DiffuseMaterialSource**NAME**

DiffuseMaterialSource - 3D API diffuse material source

USAGE

DiffuseMaterialSource = int(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable front and back diffuse color material. See the GL_DIFFUSE description on the OpenGL glColorMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_DIFFUSEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DiffuseMaterialSource state to int(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.64 DitherEnable

NAME

DitherEnable - 3D API dither enable

USAGE

DitherEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable dithering. See the GL_DITHER description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_DITHERENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the DitherEnable state to bool(true).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearColor, ColorWriteEnable

10.65 EmissiveMaterialSource

NAME

EmissiveMaterialSource - 3D API emissive material source

USAGE

EmissiveMaterialSource = int(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable front and back emissive color material. See the GL_EMISSION description on the OpenGL glColorMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the EmissiveMaterialSource state to int(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.66 FillMode

NAME

FillMode - 3D API fill mode

USAGE

FillMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Solid, Wireframe, Point

DESCRIPTION

Specify the rasterization mode for front facing polygons. See the OpenGL glPolygonMode manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FILLMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FillMode state to int(Solid).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PolygonMode

10.67 FogColor

NAME

FogColor - 3D API fog color

USAGE

FogColor = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the fog color. See the GL_FOG_COLOR description on the OpenGL glFog manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FOGCOLOR render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FogColor state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogCoordSrc, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.68 FogCoordSrc

NAME

FogCoordSrc - 3D API fog coord src

USAGE

FogCoordSrc = int(src)

VALID ENUMERANTS

GL src: FragmentDepth, FogCoord D3D9 src: None, Exp, Exp2, Linear

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether to use fragment depth or a per-vertex fog coordinate in fog computations. See the `GL_FOG_COORDINATE_SOURCE_EXT` description in the OpenGL `EXT_fog_coord` specification for details. See the `D3DRS_FOGVERTEXMODE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `FogCoordSrc` state to `int(FragmentDepth)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension `EXT_fog_coord`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.69 FogDensity

NAME

FogDensity - 3D API fog density

USAGE

`FogDensity = float(density)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

density: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the fog density to use in exponential fog equations. See the `GL_FOG_DENSITY` description on the OpenGL `glFog` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_FOGDENSITY` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `FogDensity` state to `float(1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogCoordSrc, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.70 FogDistanceMode

NAME

FogDistanceMode - 3D API fog distance mode

USAGE

FogDistanceMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: EyeRadial, EyePlane, EyePlaneAbsolute

DESCRIPTION

Specify how OpenGL computes the distance used when computing the fog factor. See the GL_FOG_DISTANCE_MODE_NV description the OpenGL OpenGL NV_fog_distance specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the FogDistanceMode state to int(EyePlaneAbsolute).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension NV_fog_distance.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FogColor, *FogCoordSrc*, *FogDensity*, *FogEnable*, *FogEnd*, *FogMode*, *FogStart*, *FogTableMode*, *FogVertexMode*, *RangeFogEnable*

10.71 FogEnable

NAME

FogEnable - 3D API fog enable

USAGE

FogEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable fogging. See the GL_FOG description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FOGENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FogEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogCoordSrc, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.72 FogEnd

NAME

FogEnd - 3D API fog end

USAGE

FogEnd = float(end)

VALID ENUMERANTS

end: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the far distance used in the linear fog equation. See the GL_FOG_END description on the OpenGL glFog manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FOGEND render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FogEnd state to float(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogCoordSrc, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.73 FogMode

NAME

FogMode - 3D API fog mode

USAGE

FogMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Linear, Exp, Exp2

DESCRIPTION

Specify the equation used to compute the fog blend factor. See the `GL_FOG_MODE` description on the OpenGL `glFog` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_FOGTABLEMODE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `FogMode` state to `int(Exp)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, *FogCoordSrc*, *FogDensity*, *FogDistanceMode*, *FogEnable*, *FogEnd*, *FogStart*, *FogTableMode*, *FogVertexMode*, *RangeFogEnable*

10.74 FogStart

NAME

FogStart - 3D API fog start

USAGE

`FogStart = float(start)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

start: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the near distance used in the linear fog equation. See the `GL_FOG_START` description on the OpenGL `glFog` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_FOGSTART` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `FogStart` state to `float(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, *FogCoordSrc*, *FogDensity*, *FogDistanceMode*, *FogEnable*, *FogEnd*, *FogMode*, *FogTableMode*, *FogVertexMode*, *RangeFogEnable*

10.75 FogTableMode

NAME

FogTableMode - 3D API fog table mode

USAGE

FogTableMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Linear, Exp, Exp2

DESCRIPTION

Specify the equation used to compute the fog blend factor. See the GL_FOG_MODE description on the OpenGL glFog manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FOGTABLEMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FogTableMode state to int(Exp).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogCoordSrc, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogVertexMode, RangeFogEnable

10.76 FogVertexMode

NAME

FogVertexMode - 3D API fog vertex mode

USAGE

FogVertexMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: None, Exp, Exp2, Linear

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether to use the fog coordinate or fragment depth as distance value in the fog computation.

See the GL_FOG_COORDINATE_SOURCE description on the OpenGL glFog manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FOGVERTEXMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the FogVertexMode state to int(GL_FRAGMENT_DEPTH_EXT).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension EXT_fog_coord.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, *FogCoordSrc*, *FogDensity*, *FogDistanceMode*, *FogEnable*, *FogEnd*, *FogMode*, *FogStart*, *FogTableMode*, *RangeFogEnable*

10.77 FragmentEnvParameter

NAME

FragmentEnvParameter - 3D API fragment env parameter

USAGE

FragmentEnvParameter[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set fragment program environment parameter. See the OpenGL glProgramEnvParameter4fvARB manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the FragmentEnvParameter[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FragmentLocalParameter, *VertexEnvParameter*, *VertexLocalParameter*, *PixelShaderConstant*, *PixelShaderConstant1*, *PixelShaderConstant2*, *PixelShaderConstant3*, *PixelShaderConstant4*, *PixelShaderConstantB*, *PixelShaderConstantF*, *PixelShaderConstantI*, *VertexShaderConstant*, *VertexShaderConstant1*, *VertexShaderConstant2*, *VertexShaderConstant3*, *VertexShaderConstantB*, *VertexShaderConstantF*, *VertexShaderConstantI*, *vertexShaderConstant4*

10.78 FragmentLocalParameter

NAME

FragmentLocalParameter - 3D API fragment local parameter

USAGE

FragmentLocalParameter[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set fragment program local parameter. See the OpenGL `glProgramLocalParameter4fvARB` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `FragmentLocalParameter[i]` state to `float4(0, 0, 0, 0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FragmentEnvParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter, PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4

10.79 FragmentProgram

NAME

FragmentProgram - 3D API fragment program

USAGE

`FragmentProgram = compile profile "-po profileOption" main(args);`

VALID ENUMERANTS

prog: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a fragment program. See the specification of the OpenGL fragment profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D fragment shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `FragmentProgram` state to `program(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram, GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader

10.80 FrontFace

NAME

FrontFace - 3D API front face

USAGE

FrontFace = int(windingOrder)

VALID ENUMERANTS

windingOrder: CW, CCW

DESCRIPTION

Specifies the winding order for front-facing polygons. See the OpenGL glFrontFace manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the FrontFace state to int(CCW).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CullFace, CullFaceEnable, CullMode

10.81 GeometryProgram

NAME

GeometryProgram - 3D API geometry program

USAGE

GeometryProgram = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

prog: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a geometry program. See the specification of the OpenGL geometry profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 10 geometry shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the GeometryProgram state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 10

SEE ALSO

FragmentProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram, GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader

10.82 GeometryShader**NAME**

GeometryShader - 3D API geometry shader

USAGE

GeometryShader = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

shader: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a geometry shader. See the specification of the OpenGL geometry profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 10 geometry shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the GeometryShader state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 10

SEE ALSO

PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader, FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram

10.83 IndexedVertexBlendEnable**NAME**

IndexedVertexBlendEnable - 3D API indexed vertex blend enable

USAGE

IndexedVertexBlendEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable Direct3D indexed vertex blending. See the D3DRS_INDEXEDVERTEXBLENDENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the IndexedVertexBlendEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.84 LastPixel

NAME

LastPixel - 3D API last pixel

USAGE

LastPixel = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable drawing of the last pixel in a line. See the D3DRS_LASTPIXEL render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the LastPixel state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FillMode, PolygonMode, DitherEnable

10.85 LightAmbient

NAME

LightAmbient - 3D API light ambient

USAGE

LightAmbient[i] = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the ambient intensity of the light. See the GL_ AMBIENT description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Ambient member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightAmbient[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.86 LightAttenuation0

NAME

LightAttenuation0 - 3D API light attenuation0

USAGE

LightAttenuation0[i] = float(constant_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

constant_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the constant light attenuation factor. See the GL_CONSTANT_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Attenuation0 member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightAttenuation0[i] state to float(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.87 LightAttenuation1

NAME

LightAttenuation1 - 3D API light attenuation1

USAGE

LightAttenuation1[i] = float(linear_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

linear_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the linear light attenuation factor. See the GL_LINEAR_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Attenuation1 member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightAttenuation1[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.88 LightAttenuation2

NAME

LightAttenuation2 - 3D API light attenuation2

USAGE

LightAttenuation2[i] = float(quadratic_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

quadratic_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the quadratic light attenuation factor. See the GL_QUADRATIC_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL gLight manual page for details. See the Attenuation2 member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightAttenuation2[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.89 LightConstantAttenuation

NAME

LightConstantAttenuation - 3D API light constant attenuation

USAGE

LightConstantAttenuation[i] = float(constant_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

constant_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the constant light attenuation factor. See the GL_CONSTANT_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL gLight manual page for details. See the Attenuation0 member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightConstantAttenuation[i] state to float(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.90 LightDiffuse

NAME

LightDiffuse - 3D API light diffuse

USAGE

LightDiffuse[i] = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the diffuse intensity of the light. See the GL_DIFFUSE description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Diffuse member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightDiffuse[i] state to float4(1, 1, 1, 1) when i is 0 and float4(0, 0, 0, 1) otherwise.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.91 LightDirection

NAME

LightDirection - 3D API light direction

USAGE

LightDirection[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights direction. See the `GL_SPOT_DIRECTION` description on the OpenGL `glLight` manual page for details. See the `Direction` member of the `D3DLIGHT9` argument to `IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight` method.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightDirection[i]` state to `float4(0, 0, -1, 1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.92 LightEnable

NAME

LightEnable - 3D API light enable

USAGE

`LightEnable[i] = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable a light for use in the lighting computations. See the `GL_LIGHTi` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight` method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightEnable[i]` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Lighting, LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.93 LightFalloff

NAME

LightFalloff - 3D API light falloff

USAGE

LightFalloff[i] = float(angle)

VALID ENUMERANTS

angle: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights maximum spread angle. See the GL_SPOT_CUTOFF description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Falloff member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightFalloff[i] state to float(180).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.94 LightingEnable

NAME

LightingEnable - 3D API lighting enable

USAGE

LightingEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable lighting. See the GL_LIGHTING description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_LIGHTING render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the LightingEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType

10.95 Lighting**NAME****Lighting** - 3D API light enable**USAGE**

Lighting = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable a light for use in the lighting computations. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the Lighting state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightEnable, LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.96 LightLinearAttenuation**NAME****LightLinearAttenuation** - 3D API light linear attenuation**USAGE**

LightLinearAttenuation[i] = float(linear_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

linear_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the linear light attenuation factor. See the `GL_LINEAR_ATTENUATION` description on the OpenGL `glLight` manual page for details. See the `Attenuation1` member of the `D3DLIGHT9` argument to `IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight` method.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightLinearAttenuation[i]` state to `float(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.97 LightModelAmbient

NAME

LightModelAmbient - 3D API light model ambient

USAGE

`LightModelAmbient = float4(r, g, b, a)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the ambient intensity of the entire scene. See the `GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT` description on the OpenGL `glLightModel` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_AMBIENT` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightModelAmbient` state to `float4(0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 1.0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Ambient, LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.98 LightModelColorControl**NAME**

LightModelColorControl - 3D API light model color control

USAGE

LightModelColorControl = int(control)

VALID ENUMERANTS

control: SingleColor, SeparateSpecular

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether a separate specular color is generated during the lighting computations. See the GL_LIGHT_MODEL_COLOR_CONTROL description on the OpenGL glLightModel manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LightModelColorControl state to int(SingleColor).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.2 or support for extension EXT_separate_specular_color.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

SpecularEnable, LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.99 LightModelLocalViewerEnable**NAME**

LightModelLocalViewerEnable - 3D API light model local viewer enable

USAGE

LightModelLocalViewerEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable the OpenGL local viewer lighting model. See the `GL_LIGHT_MODEL_LOCAL_VIEWER` description on the OpenGL `glLightModel` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightModelLocalViewerEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.100 LightModelTwoSideEnable

NAME

LightModelTwoSideEnable - 3D API light model two side enable

USAGE

`LightModelTwoSideEnable = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL two-sided lighting. See the `GL_LIGHT_MODEL_TWO_SIDE` description on the OpenGL `glLightModel` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightModelTwoSideEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.101 LightPhi

NAME

LightPhi - 3D API light phi

USAGE

LightPhi[i] = float(phi)

VALID ENUMERANTS

phi: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the outer edge of the spotlight's outer cone. See the Phi member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightPhi[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.102 LightPosition

NAME

LightPosition - 3D API light position

USAGE

LightPosition[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights position in object coordinates. See the GL_POSITION description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Position member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightPosition[i] state to float4(0, 0, 1, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.103 LightQuadraticAttenuation

NAME

LightQuadraticAttenuation - 3D API light quadratic attenuation

USAGE

LightQuadraticAttenuation[i] = float(quadratic_attenuation)

VALID ENUMERANTS

quadratic_attenuation: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the quadric light attenuation factor. See the GL_QUADRATIC_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Attenuation2 member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightQuadraticAttenuation[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.104 LightRange

NAME

LightRange - 3D API light range

USAGE

LightRange[i] = float(range)

VALID ENUMERANTS

range: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the maximum distance for which a light has any effect. See the Range member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightRange[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.105 LightSpecular

NAME

LightSpecular - 3D API light specular

USAGE

LightSpecular[i] = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the specular intensity of the light. See the GL_SPECULAR description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Specular member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightSpecular[i] state to float4(1, 1, 1, 1) when i is 0 and float4(0, 0, 0, 1) otherwise.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.106 LightSpotCutoff

NAME

LightSpotCutoff - 3D API light spot cutoff

USAGE

LightSpotCutoff[i] = float(cutoff)

VALID ENUMERANTS

cutoff: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights maximum spread angle. See the GL_SPOT_CUTOFF description on the OpenGL glLight manual page for details. See the Falloff member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightSpotCutoff[i] state to float(180).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.107 LightSpotDirection

NAME

LightSpotDirection - 3D API light spot direction

USAGE

LightSpotDirection[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights direction. See the `GL_SPOT_DIRECTION` description on the OpenGL `gLight` manual page for details. See the `Direction` member of the `D3DLIGHT9` argument to `IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight` method.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightSpotDirection[i]` state to `float4(0, 0, -1, 1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.108 LightSpotExponent

NAME

LightSpotExponent - 3D API light spot exponent

USAGE

`LightSpotExponent[i] = float(exp)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

`exp`: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the lights intensity distribution. See the `GL_SPOT_EXPONENT` description on the OpenGL `gLight` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `LightSpotExponent[i]` state to `float(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightTheta, LightType, LightingEnable

10.109 LightTheta

NAME

LightTheta - 3D API light theta

USAGE

LightTheta[i] = float(theta)

VALID ENUMERANTS

theta: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the angle in radians of a spotlight's inner cone. See the Theta member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightTheta[i] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightType, LightingEnable

10.110 LightType

NAME

LightType - 3D API light type

USAGE

LightType[i] = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the type of light source. See the Type member of the D3DLIGHT9 argument to IDirect3DDevice9::SetLight method.

The standard reset callback sets the LightType[i] state to int(Point).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightAmbient, LightAttenuation0, LightAttenuation1, LightAttenuation2, LightConstantAttenuation, LightDiffuse, LightDirection, LightEnable, LightFalloff, LightLinearAttenuation, LightModelAmbient, LightModelColorControl, LightModelLocalViewerEnable, LightModelTwoSideEnable, LightPhi, LightPosition, LightQuadraticAttenuation, LightRange, LightSpecular, LightSpotCutoff, LightSpotDirection, LightSpotExponent, LightTheta, LightingEnable

10.111 LineSmoothEnable**NAME****LineSmoothEnable** - 3D API line smooth enable**USAGE**

LineSmoothEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable antialiased line rendering. See the GL_LINE_SMOOTH description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ANTIALIASEDLINEENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the LineSmoothEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSmoothEnable, PolygonSmoothEnable, LineStipple, LineStippleEnable, LineWidth

10.112 LineStippleEnable**NAME****LineStippleEnable** - 3D API line stipple enable**USAGE**

LineStippleEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL line stippling. See the GL_LINE_STIPPLE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LineStippleEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LineSmoothEnable, LineStipple, LineWidth, PolygonStippleEnable

10.113 LineStipple

NAME

LineStipple - 3D API line stipple

USAGE

LineStipple = int2(factor, pattern)

VALID ENUMERANTS

factor: integer value pattern: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the line stippling factor and pattern. See the OpenGL glLineStipple manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LineStipple state to int2(1, ~0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LineStippleEnable, PolygonStippleEnable

10.114 LineWidth

NAME

LineWidth - 3D API line width

USAGE

LineWidth = float(width)

VALID ENUMERANTS

width: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the width of rasterized lines. See the OpenGL glLineWidth manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LineWidth state to float(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointSize, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin

10.115 LocalViewer

NAME

LocalViewer - 3D API local viewer

USAGE

LocalViewer = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable computation of specular reflections using the local viewer model. See the GL_LIGHT_MODEL_LOCAL_VIEWER description on the OpenGL glLightModel manual page for details. See the D3DRS_LOCALVIEWER render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the LocalViewer state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightModelLocalViewerEnable

10.116 LogicOpEnable

NAME

LogicOpEnable - 3D API logic op enable

USAGE

LogicOpEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL color logical operations. See the GL_COLOR_LOGIC_OP description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LogicOpEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ColorLogicOpEnable, LogicOp

10.117 LogicOp

NAME

LogicOp - 3D API logic op

USAGE

LogicOp = int(op)

VALID ENUMERANTS

op: Clear, And, AndReverse, Copy, AndInverted, Noop, Xor, Or, Nor, Equiv, Invert, OrReverse, CopyInverted, Nand, Set

DESCRIPTION

Specify a logical pixel operation for fragment color and color buffer values. See the OpenGL glLogicOp manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the LogicOp state to int(Copy).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

ColorLogicOpEnable, LogicOpEnable

10.118 MagFilteri**NAME**

MagFilteri - 3D API mag filter

USAGE

MagFilter[i] = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: Point, Nearest, Linear

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D sampler magnification filter type for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *MagFilter* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MagFilter[i] state to int(Point).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MagFilter, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.119 MaterialAmbient**NAME**

MaterialAmbient - 3D API material ambient

USAGE

MaterialAmbient = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the materials ambient reflectance values. See the `GL_AMBIENT` description on the OpenGL `glMaterial` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_AMBIENTMATERIALSOURCE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `MaterialAmbient` state to `float4(0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 1.0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.120 MaterialDiffuse

NAME

MaterialDiffuse - 3D API material diffuse

USAGE

`MaterialDiffuse = float4(r, g, b, a)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the materials diffuse reflectance values. See the `GL_DIFFUSE` description on the OpenGL `glMaterial` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_DIFFUSEMATERIALSOURCE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `MaterialDiffuse` state to `float4(0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.121 MaterialEmission

NAME

MaterialEmission - 3D API material emission

USAGE

MaterialEmission = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the materials emissive light intensity. See the GL_EMISSION description on the OpenGL glMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MaterialEmission state to float4(0, 0, 0, 1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.122 MaterialEmissive

NAME

MaterialEmissive - 3D API material emissive

USAGE

MaterialEmissive = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the materials emissive light intensity. See the GL_EMISSION description on the OpenGL glMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MaterialEmissive state to float4(0, 0, 0, 1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.123 MaterialPower

NAME

MaterialPower - 3D API material power

USAGE

MaterialPower = float(shininess)

VALID ENUMERANTS

shininess: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specifies the materials specular exponent. See the GL_SHININESS description on the OpenGL glMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MaterialPower state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.124 MaterialShininess

NAME

MaterialShininess - 3D API material shininess

USAGE

MaterialShininess = float(shininess)

VALID ENUMERANTS

shininess: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specifies the materials specular exponent. See the GL_SHININESS description on the OpenGL glMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MaterialShininess state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialSpecular, SpecularMaterialSource

10.125 MaterialSpecular

NAME

MaterialSpecular - 3D API material specular

USAGE

MaterialSpecular = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the materials specular reflectance values. See the GL_SPECULAR description on the OpenGL glMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_EMISSIVEMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MaterialSpecular state to float4(0, 0, 0, 1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, SpecularMaterialSource

10.126 MaxAnisotropyi

NAME

MaxAnisotropyi - 3D API max anisotropy

USAGE

MaxAnisotropy[i] = int(max)

VALID ENUMERANTS

max: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D maximum anisotropy value for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *MaxAnisotropy* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MaxAnisotropy[i] state to int(1).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MaxAnisotropy

10.127 MaxMipLeveli

NAME

MaxMipLeveli - 3D API max mip level

USAGE

MaxMipLevel[i] = int(max)

VALID ENUMERANTS

max: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D maximum mipmap lod index for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *MaxMipLevel* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MaxMipLevel[i] state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MaxMipLevel, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.128 MinFilteri**NAME****MinFilteri** - 3D API min filter**USAGE**

MinFilter[i] = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: Anisotropic, GaussianQuad, Linear, LinearMipMapLinear, LinearMipMapNearest, Nearest, NearestMipMapLinear, NearestMipMapNearest, None, Point, PyramidalQuad

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D sampler minification filter type for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *MinFilter* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MinFilter[i] state to int(Point).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MinFilter, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.129 MipFilteri**NAME****MipFilteri** - 3D API mip filter**USAGE**

MipFilter[i] = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: None, Point, Linear, Anisotropic, PyramidalQuad, GaussianQuad

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D minification mipmap filter for texture unit *i*, where *i* is in the range 0-15. See sampler state *MipFilter* for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MipFilter[*i*] state to int(None).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MipFilter, *GenerateMipmap*, *Texture*, *Texture1D*, *Texture1DEnable*, *Texture2D*, *Texture2DEnable*, *Texture3D*, *Texture3DEnable*, *TextureCubeMap*, *TextureCubeMapEnable*, *TextureEnvMode*, *TextureFactor*, *TextureRectangle*, *TextureRectangleEnable*, *MagFilter*, *MaxMipLevel*, *MinFilter*, *MipMapLodBias*

10.130 MipMapLodBiasi

NAME

MipMapLodBiasi - 3D API mip map lod bias

USAGE

MipMapLodBias[*i*] = float(bias)

VALID ENUMERANTS

bias: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D mipmap lod bias. See the D3DSAMP_MIPMAPLODBIAS sampler state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MipMapLodBias[*i*] state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MipMapLodBias, *GenerateMipmap*, *Texture*, *Texture1D*, *Texture1DEnable*, *Texture2D*, *Texture2DEnable*, *Texture3D*, *Texture3DEnable*, *TextureCubeMap*, *TextureCubeMapEnable*, *TextureEnvMode*, *TextureFactor*, *TextureRectangle*, *TextureRectangleEnable*, *MagFilter*, *MaxMipLevel*, *MinFilter*, *MipFilter*

10.131 ModelViewMatrix

NAME

ModelViewMatrix - 3D API model view matrix

USAGE

ModelViewMatrix = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the modelview matrix. See the GL_MODELVIEW description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_WORLD and D3DTS_VIEW transform state types for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the ModelViewMatrix state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewTransform, ProjectionMatrix, ProjectionTransform, ViewTransform, WorldTransform

10.132 ModelViewTransform

NAME

ModelViewTransform - 3D API model view transform

USAGE

ModelViewTransform = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the modelview matrix. See the GL_MODELVIEW description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_WORLD and D3DTS_VIEW transform state types for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the ModelViewTransform state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewMatrix, ProjectionMatrix, ProjectionTransform, ViewTransform, WorldTransform

10.133 MultiSampleAntialias

NAME

MultiSampleAntialias - 3D API multi sample antialias

USAGE

MultiSampleAntialias = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable using multiple fragment samples to compute the final pixel color. See the GL_MULTISAMPLE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEANTIALIAS render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MultiSampleAntialias state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.3 or support for extension ARB_multisample.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MultiSampleMask, MultisampleEnable, SampleAlphaToOneEnable, SampleCoverageEnable

10.134 MultisampleEnable

NAME

MultisampleEnable - 3D API multisample enable

USAGE

MultisampleEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable multisampling for antialiasing. See the `GL_MULTISAMPLE_ARB` description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEANTIALIAS` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `MultisampleEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.3 or support for extension `ARB_multisample`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MultiSampleAntialias, MultiSampleMask, SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable, SampleAlphaToOneEnable, SampleCoverageEnable

10.135 MultiSampleMask

NAME

MultiSampleMask - 3D API multisample mask

USAGE

`MultiSampleMask = int(mask)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify a bit mask for multisample render targets. See the `D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEMASK` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `MultiSampleMask` state to `int(~0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MultiSampleAntialias, MultisampleEnable, SampleAlphaToOneEnable, SampleCoverageEnable

10.136 NormalizeEnable

NAME

NormalizeEnable - 3D API normalize enable

USAGE

NormalizeEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable automatic normalization of vertex normals. See the GL_NORMALIZE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_NORMALIZENORMALS render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the NormalizeEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AutoNormalEnable, RescaleNormalEnable, NormalizeNormals

10.137 NormalizeNormals

NAME

NormalizeNormals - 3D API automatic normalization of normals

USAGE

NormalizeNormals = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable automatic normalization of vertex normals. See the D3DRS_NORMALIZENORMALS render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the NormalizeNormals state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AutoNormalEnable, NormalizeEnable, RescaleNormalEnable

10.138 PatchSegments

NAME

PatchSegments - 3D API patch segments

USAGE

PatchSegments = float(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable N-patches. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetNPatchMode method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PatchSegments state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

10.139 PixelShaderConstant1

NAME

PixelShaderConstant1 - 3D API pixel shader constant1

USAGE

PixelShaderConstant1[i] = float4(f1, f2, f3, f4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.140 PixelShaderConstant2

NAME

PixelShaderConstant2 - 3D API pixel shader constant2

USAGE

PixelShaderConstant2[i] = float4x2(f1, f2, f3, f4, f5, f6, f7, f8)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.141 PixelShaderConstant3

NAME

PixelShaderConstant3 - 3D API pixel shader constant3

USAGE

PixelShaderConstant3[i] = float4x3(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f9, f10, f11, f12)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, *PixelShaderConstant1*, *PixelShaderConstant2*, *PixelShaderConstant4*, *PixelShaderConstantB*, *PixelShaderConstantF*, *PixelShaderConstantI*, *VertexShaderConstant*, *VertexShaderConstant1*, *VertexShaderConstant2*, *VertexShaderConstant3*, *VertexShaderConstantB*, *VertexShaderConstantF*, *VertexShaderConstantI*, *VertexShaderConstant4*, *FragmentEnvParameter*, *FragmentLocalParameter*, *VertexEnvParameter*, *VertexLocalParameter*

10.142 PixelShaderConstant4

NAME

PixelShaderConstant4 - 3D API pixel shader constant4

USAGE

PixelShaderConstant4[i] = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.143 PixelShaderConstantB

NAME

PixelShaderConstantB - 3D API pixel shader constantB

USAGE

PixelShaderConstantB[i] = bool4(b1, b2, b3, b4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

bi: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantB method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.144 PixelShaderConstantF

NAME

PixelShaderConstantF - 3D API pixel shader constantF

USAGE

PixelShaderConstantF[i] = float4(f1, f2, f3, f4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.145 PixelShaderConstantI

NAME

PixelShaderConstantI - 3D API pixel shader constantI

USAGE

`PixelShaderConstantI[i] = int4(i1, i2, i3, i4)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

ii: integer values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantI` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.146 PixelShaderConstant

NAME

PixelShaderConstant - 3D API pixel shader constant

USAGE

PixelShaderConstant[i] = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D pixel shader constant. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetPixelShaderConstantF method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.147 PixelShader

NAME

PixelShader - 3D API pixel shader

USAGE

PixelShader = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

shader: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a pixel shader. See the specification of the OpenGL fragment profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D pixel shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PixelShader state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

GeometryShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader, FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram

10.148 PointDistanceAttenuation

NAME

PointDistanceAttenuation - 3D API point distance attenuation

USAGE

PointDistanceAttenuation = float3(x, y, z)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the coefficients used to scale the computed point size. See the GL_POINT_DISTANCE_ATTENUATION description on the OpenGL glPointParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PointDistanceAttenuation state to float3(1, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointFadeThresholdSize

10.149 PointFadeThresholdSize

NAME

PointFadeThresholdSize - 3D API point fade threshold size

USAGE

PointFadeThresholdSize = float(size)

VALID ENUMERANTS

size: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the threshold to which point sizes are clamped. See the `GL_POINT_FADE_THRESHOLD_SIZE` description on the OpenGL `glPointParameter` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointFadeThresholdSize` state to `float(1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointDistanceAttenuation

10.150 PointScale_A

NAME

PointScale_A - 3D API point scale A

USAGE

`PointScale_A = float(size)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

size: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify a distance-based size attenuation value for point primitives. See the `D3DRS_POINTSCALE_A` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointScale_A` state to `float(1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointScaleEnable, PointScale_B, PointScale_C, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.151 PointScale_B

NAME

PointScale_B - 3D API point scale B

USAGE

PointScale_B = float(size)

VALID ENUMERANTS

size: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify a distance-based size attenuation value for point primitives. See the D3DRS_POINTSCALE_B render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointScale_B state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointScaleEnable, PointScale_A, PointScale_C, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.152 PointScale_C

NAME

PointScale_C - 3D API point scale C

USAGE

PointScale_C = float(size)

VALID ENUMERANTS

size: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify a distance-based size attenuation value for point primitives. See the D3DRS_POINTSCALE_C render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointScale_C state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointScaleEnable, PointScale_A, PointScale_B, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.153 PointScaleEnable

NAME

PointScaleEnable - 3D API point scale enable

USAGE

PointScaleEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable Direct3D camera space point scaling. See the D3DRS_POINTSCALEENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointScaleEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSize_A, PointScale_B, PointScale_C, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.154 PointSizeMax

NAME

PointSizeMax - 3D API point size max

USAGE

PointSizeMax = float(max)

VALID ENUMERANTS

max: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the maximum point size. See the GL_POINT_SIZE_MAX description on the OpenGL glPointParameter manual page for details. See the D3DRS_POINTSIZE_MAX render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointSizeMax state to the maximum value returned by glGet for parameter value GL_SMOOTH_POINT_SIZE_RANGE.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSizeEnable, PointScale_A, PointScale_B, PointScale_C, PointSizeMin, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.155 PointSizeMin**NAME****PointSizeMin** - 3D API point size min**USAGE**

PointSizeMin = float(min)

VALID ENUMERANTS

min: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the minimum point size. See the GL_POINT_SIZE_MIN description on the OpenGL glPointParameter manual page for details. See the D3DRS_POINTSIZE_MIN render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointSizeMin state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSizeEnable, PointScale_A, PointScale_B, PointScale_C, PointSizeMax, PointSize, VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

10.156 PointSize**NAME****PointSize** - 3D API point size**USAGE**

PointSize = float(size)

VALID ENUMERANTS

size: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the diameter of rasterized points. See the OpenGL `glPointSize` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_POINTSIZE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointSize` state to `float(1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSizeEnable, *PointSize_A*, *PointSize_B*, *PointSize_C*, *PointSizeMax*, *PointSizeMin*, *VertexProgramPointSizeEnable*

10.157 PointSmoothEnable

NAME

PointSmoothEnable - 3D API point smooth enable

USAGE

`PointSmoothEnable = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL antialiased point rendering. See the `GL_POINT_SMOOTH` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointSmoothEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LineSmoothEnable, *PolygonSmoothEnable*

10.158 PointSpriteCoordOrigin

NAME

PointSpriteCoordOrigin - 3D API point sprite coordinate origin

USAGE

PointSpriteCoordOrigin = int(origin)

VALID ENUMERANTS

origin: LowerLeft, UpperLeft

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate origin for point sprites. See the `GL_POINT_SPRITE_COORD_ORIGIN` description on the OpenGL `glPointParameter` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointSpriteCoordOrigin` state to `int(UpperLeft)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 2.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointSpriteCoordReplace, PointSpriteEnable, PointSpriteRMode

10.159 PointSpriteCoordReplace

NAME

PointSpriteCoordReplace - 3D API point sprite coordinate replace

USAGE

PointSpriteCoordReplace[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Replace texture coordinates with point sprite texture coordinates. See the description of `GL_COORD_REPLACE_ARB` in the OpenGL `ARB_point_sprite` specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `PointSpriteCoordReplace[i]` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension `ARB_point_sprite`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointSpriteCoordOrigin, PointSpriteEnable, PointSpriteRMode

10.160 PointSpriteEnable

NAME

PointSpriteEnable - 3D API point sprite enable

USAGE

PointSpriteEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable texture coordinate computation for points. See the `GL_POINT_SPRITE_ARB` description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_POINTSPRITEENABLE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PointSpriteEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension `ARB_point_sprite`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PointSpriteCoordOrigin, PointSpriteCoordReplace, PointSpriteRMode

10.161 PointSpriteRMode

NAME

PointSpriteRMode - 3D API point sprite R mode

USAGE

PointSpriteRMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Zero, S, R

DESCRIPTION

Specify the point sprite R coordinate mode. See the description of `GL_POINT_SPRITE_R_MODE_NV` in the OpenGL NV_point_sprite specification for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PointSpriteRMode state to int(Zero).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension `NV_point_sprite`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointSpriteCoordOrigin, PointSpriteCoordReplace, PointSpriteEnable

10.162 PolygonMode

NAME

PolygonMode - 3D API polygon mode

USAGE

PolygonMode = int2(face, mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: Front, Back, FrontAndBack mode: Point, Line, Fill, Solid, Wireframe

DESCRIPTION

Specify the polygon face rasterization mode. See the OpenGL glPolygonMode manual page for details. See the D3DRS_FILLMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonMode state to int2(FrontAndBack, Fill).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FillMode

10.163 PolygonOffsetFillEnable

NAME

PolygonOffsetFillEnable - 3D API polygon offset fill enable

USAGE

PolygonOffsetFillEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL depth offsetting for polygons rendered as filled primitives. See the GL_POLYGON_OFFSET_FILL description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonOffsetFillEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PolygonOffset, PolygonOffsetLineEnable, PolygonOffsetPointEnable

10.164 PolygonOffsetLineEnable

NAME

PolygonOffsetLineEnable - 3D API polygon offset line enable

USAGE

PolygonOffsetLineEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL depth offsetting for polygons rendered as line primitives. See the GL_POLYGON_OFFSET_LINE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonOffsetLineEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PolygonOffset, PolygonOffsetFillEnable, PolygonOffsetPointEnable

10.165 PolygonOffset

NAME

PolygonOffset - 3D API polygon offset

USAGE

PolygonOffset = float2(factor, units)

VALID ENUMERANTS

factor, units: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the scale factor and constant used to compute a depth offset for polygons. See the OpenGL glPolygonOffset manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonOffset state to float2(0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

SlopScaleDepthBias, PolygonOffsetFillEnable, PolygonOffsetLineEnable, PolygonOffsetPointEnable

10.166 PolygonOffsetPointEnable

NAME

PolygonOffsetPointEnable - 3D API polygon offset point enable

USAGE

PolygonOffsetPointEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL depth offsetting for polygons rendered as point primitives. See the GL_POLYGON_OFFSET_POINT description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonOffsetPointEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PolygonOffset, PolygonOffsetFillEnable, PolygonOffsetLineEnable

10.167 PolygonSmoothEnable

NAME

PolygonSmoothEnable - 3D API polygon smooth enable

USAGE

PolygonSmoothEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL antialiased rendering of polygons. See the GL_POLYGON_SMOOTH description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonSmoothEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LineSmoothEnable, PointSmoothEnable

10.168 PolygonStippleEnable

NAME

PolygonStippleEnable - 3D API polygon stipple enable

USAGE

PolygonStippleEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL polygon stippling. See the GL_POLYGON_STIPPLE description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the PolygonStippleEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

LineStipple, LineStippleEnable

10.169 ProjectionMatrix**NAME**

ProjectionMatrix - 3D API projection matrix

USAGE

ProjectionMatrix = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the projection matrix. See the GL_PROJECTION description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_PROJECTION transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the ProjectionMatrix state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewMatrix, ModelViewTransform, ProjectionTransform, ViewTransform, WorldTransform

10.170 ProjectionTransform**NAME**

ProjectionTransform - 3D API projection transform

USAGE

ProjectionTransform = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the projection matrix. See the GL_PROJECTION description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_PROJECTION transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the ProjectionTransform state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewMatrix, ModelViewTransform, ProjectionMatrix, ViewTransform, WorldTransform

10.171 RangeFogEnable

NAME

RangeFogEnable - 3D API range fog enable

USAGE

RangeFogEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable Direct3D range-based vertex fog. See the D3DRS_RANGEFOGENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the RangeFogEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FogColor, FogCoordSrc, FogDensity, FogDistanceMode, FogEnable, FogEnd, FogMode, FogStart, FogTableMode, FogVertexMode

10.172 RescaleNormalEnable

NAME

RescaleNormalEnable - 3D API rescale normal enable

USAGE

RescaleNormalEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable rescaling of vertex normal vectors by OpenGL. See the GL_RESCALE_NORMAL description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the RescaleNormalEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.2 or support for extension EXT_rescale_normal.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

AutoNormalEnable, NormalizeEnable, NormalizeNormals

10.173 ResultArg

NAME

ResultArg - 3D API result arg

USAGE

ResultArg = int(reg)

VALID ENUMERANTS

reg: Constant, Current, Diffuse, SelectMask, Specular, Temp, Texture, TFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the destination register for the result of this stage. See the D3DTSS_RESULTARG texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ResultArg state to int(Current).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

10.174 SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable

NAME

SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable - 3D API sample alpha to coverage enable

USAGE

SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL alpha coverage sampling. See the `GL_SAMPLE_ALPHA_TO_COVERAGE_ARB` description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.3 or support for extension `ARB_multisample`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

SampleAlphaToOneEnable, SampleCoverageEnable, MultiSampleAntialias, MultiSampleMask, MultisampleEnable

10.175 SampleAlphaToOneEnable

NAME

SampleAlphaToOneEnable - 3D API sample alpha to one enable

USAGE

SampleAlphaToOneEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL maximum coverage sampling. See the `GL_SAMPLE_ALPHA_TO_ONE_ARB` description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the SampleAlphaToOneEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.3 or support for extension ARB_multisample.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable, SampleCoverageEnable, MultiSampleAntialias, MultiSampleMask, MultisampleEnable

10.176 SampleCoverageEnable**NAME**

SampleCoverageEnable - 3D API sample coverage enable

USAGE

SampleCoverageEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL multisample coverage operations. See the GL_SAMPLE_COVERAGE_ARB description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the SampleCoverageEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.3 or support for extension ARB_multisample.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

SampleAlphaToCoverageEnable, SampleAlphaToOneEnable, MultiSampleAntialias, MultiSampleMask, MultisampleEnable

10.177 Sampler**NAME**

Sampler - 3D API sampler

USAGE

Sampler[i] = sampler(s)

VALID ENUMERANTS

s: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Set all Direct3D sampler states for sampler s.

The standard reset callback resets all states for sampler s.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture

10.178 Scissor

NAME

Scissor - 3D API scissor

USAGE

Scissor = int4(x, y, w, h)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, w, h: integer values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the scissor box in window coordinates. See the OpenGL glScissor manual page for details. See the description of the IDirect3DDevice9::SetScissorRect method for details

The standard reset callback sets the Scissor state to int4(0, 0, 10000, 10000).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ScissorTestEnable

10.179 ScissorTestEnable

NAME

ScissorTestEnable - 3D API scissor test enable

USAGE

ScissorTestEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable scissor testing. See the `GL_SCISSOR_TEST` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_SCISSORTESTENABLE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `ScissorTestEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Scissor

10.180 SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

NAME

SeparateAlphaBlendEnable - 3D API separate alpha blend enable

USAGE

SeparateAlphaBlendEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enables DirectX9's separate alpha blend mode. See the `D3DRS_SEPARATEALPHABLENDENABLE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `SeparateAlphaBlendEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha

10.181 ShadeModel

NAME

ShadeModel - 3D API shade model

USAGE

ShadeModel = int(model)

VALID ENUMERANTS

model: Flat, Smooth

DESCRIPTION

Specify the shading model. See the OpenGL glShadeModel manual page for details. See the D3DRS_SHADEMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ShadeModel state to int(Smooth).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ShadeMode

10.182 ShadeMode

NAME

ShadeMode - 3D API shade mode

USAGE

ShadeMode = int(model)

VALID ENUMERANTS

model: Flat, Smooth, Gouraud, Phong

DESCRIPTION

Specify the shading model. See the OpenGL `glShadeModel` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_SHADEMODE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `ShadeMode` state to `int(Smooth)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ShadeModel

10.183 SlopScaleDepthBias

NAME

SlopScaleDepthBias - 3D API slop scale depth bias

USAGE

`SlopScaleDepthBias = float(factor)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

factor: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the scale factor used to compute a depth offset for polygons. See the factor parameter description on the OpenGL `glPolygonOffset` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_SLOPESCALEDEPTHBIAS` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `SlopScaleDepthBias` state to `float(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PolygonOffset

10.184 SpecularEnable

NAME

SpecularEnable - 3D API specular enable

USAGE

SpecularEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable Direct3D specular highlighting. See the D3DRS_SPECULARENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the SpecularEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

LightModelColorControl

10.185 SpecularMaterialSource

NAME

SpecularMaterialSource - 3D API specular material source

USAGE

SpecularMaterialSource = int(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable front and back specular color material. See the GL_SPECULAR description on the OpenGL glColorMaterial manual page for details. See the D3DRS_SPECULARMATERIALSOURCE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the SpecularMaterialSource state to int(AmbientAndDiffuse).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AmbientMaterialSource, ColorMaterial, DiffuseMaterialSource, EmissiveMaterialSource, MaterialAmbient, MaterialDiffuse, MaterialEmission, MaterialEmissive, MaterialPower, MaterialShininess, MaterialSpecular

10.186 SrcBlendAlpha

NAME

SrcBlendAlpha - 3D API source alpha blending type

USAGE

SrcBlendAlpha = int(blend)

VALID ENUMERANTS

blend: Zero, One, DestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, InvSrcColor, BlendFactor, InvBlendFactor

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D separate alpha blending source blend type. See the D3DRS_SRCBLENDALPHA render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the SrcBlendAlpha state to int(One).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.187 SrcBlend

NAME

SrcBlend - 3D API src blend

USAGE

SrcBlend = int(sfactor)

VALID ENUMERANTS

sfactor: Zero, One, DestColor, InvDestColor, SrcAlpha, InvSrcAlpha, DstAlpha, InvDestAlpha, SrcAlphaSat, SrcColor, InvSrcColor, BlendFactor, InvBlendFactor

DESCRIPTION

Specify the source blend factor. See the sfactor parameter description on the OpenGL glBlendFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_SRCBLEND render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the SrcBlend state to int(One).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, VertexBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.188 StencilEnable

NAME

StencilEnable - 3D API stencil enable

USAGE

StencilEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable stencil testing. See the GL_STENCIL_TEST description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_STENCILENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.189 StencilFail

NAME

StencilFail - 3D API stencil fail

USAGE

StencilFail = int(sfail)

VALID ENUMERANTS

sfail: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the action for stencil test failures. See the sfail parameter description on the OpenGL `glStencilOp` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILFAIL` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilFail` state to `int(GL_KEEP)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.190 StencilFunc

NAME

StencilFunc - 3D API stencil func

USAGE

`StencilFunc = int(func)` `StencilFunc = int3(func, ref, mask)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: Never, Less, LEqual, LessEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, GreaterEqual, Always ref: integer value
mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the stencil test function. See the OpenGL `glStencilFunc` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILFUNC` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilFunc` state to `int(Always)` or `int3(Always, 0, 0xFFFFFFFF)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.191 StencilFuncSeparate

NAME

StencilFuncSeparate - 3D API stencil func separate

USAGE

StencilFuncSeparate = int4(face, func, ref, mask)

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: Front, Back, FrontAndBack func: Never, Less, LEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, Always, LessEqual, GreaterEqual ref: integer value mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify front and/or back stencil test functions. See the OpenGL `glStencilFuncSeparate` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILFUNC`, `D3DRS_STENCILREF`, `D3DRS_STENCILMASK`, and `D3DRS_CCW_STENCILFUNC` render state descriptions for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilFuncSeparate` state to `int4(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_ALWAYS, 0, ~0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 2.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.192 StencilMask

NAME

StencilMask - 3D API stencil mask

USAGE

StencilMask = int(mask)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the stencil plane write mask. See the OpenGL `glStencilMask` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilMask` state to `int(~0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, ColorMask, DepthMask, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.193 StencilMaskSeparate**NAME****StencilMaskSeparate** - 3D API stencil mask separate**USAGE**

StencilMaskSeparate = int2(face, mask)

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: Front, Back, FrontAndBack mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify front and/or back stencil plane write mask. See the OpenGL glStencilMaskSeparate manual page for details. See the D3DRS_STENCILMASK render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilMaskSeparate state to int2(FrontAndBack, ~0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 2.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.194 StencilOp**NAME****StencilOp** - 3D API stencil op**USAGE**

StencilOp = int3(sfail, dpfail, dppass)

VALID ENUMERANTS

sfail, dpfail, dppass: Keep, Zero, Replace, Incr, Decr, Invert, IncrWrap, DecrWrap, IncrSat, DecrSat

DESCRIPTION

Specify actions for stencil and depth tests. See the OpenGL `glStencilOp` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILFAIL`, `D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL`, and `D3DRS_STENCILPASS` render state descriptions for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilOp` state to `int3(Keep, Keep, Keep)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.195 StencilOpSeparate

NAME

StencilOpSeparate - 3D API stencil op separate

USAGE

`StencilOpSeparate = int4(face, sfail, dpfail, dppass)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

face: Front, Back, FrontAndBack sfail, dpfail, dppass: Keep, Zero, Replace, Incr, Decr, Invert, IncrWrap, DecrWrap, IncrSat, DecrSat

DESCRIPTION

Specify actions for front and/or stencil and depth tests. See the OpenGL `glStencilOpSeparate` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILFAIL`, `D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL`, `D3DRS_STENCILPASS`, `D3DRS_CCW_STENCILFAIL`, `D3DRS_CCW_STENCILZFAIL`, and `D3DRS_CCW_STENCILPASS` render state descriptions for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilOpSeparate` state to `int4(FrontAndBack, Keep, Keep, Keep)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 2.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.196 StencilPass**NAME**

StencilPass - 3D API stencil pass

USAGE

StencilPass = int(dppass)

VALID ENUMERANTS

dppass: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify action to take when both the stencil and depth tests pass. See the dppass parameter description on the OpenGL glStencilOp manual page for details. See the D3DRS_STENCILPASS render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilPass state to int(GL_KEEP).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.197 StencilRef**NAME**

StencilRef - 3D API stencil ref

USAGE

StencilRef = int(ref)

VALID ENUMERANTS

ref: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the reference value for the stencil test. See the ref parameter description on the OpenGL `glStencilFunc` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILREF` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilRef` state to `int(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.198 StencilTestEnable

NAME

StencilTestEnable - 3D API stencil test enable

USAGE

`StencilTestEnable = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable stencil testing. See the `GL_STENCIL_TEST` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_STENCILENABLE` render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `StencilTestEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.199 StencilTestTwoSideEnable

NAME

StencilTestTwoSideEnable - 3D API stencil test two side enable

USAGE

StencilTestTwoSideEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable two-sided stenciling. See the OpenGL EXT_stencil_two_side specification for details. See the D3DRS_TWOSIDEDSTENCILMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilTestTwoSideEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension EXT_stencil_two_side.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.200 StencilWriteMask

NAME

StencilWriteMask - 3D API stencil write mask

USAGE

StencilWriteMask = int(mask)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mask: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the stencil plane write mask. See the OpenGL glStencilMask manual page for details. See the D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilWriteMask state to int(~0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilZFail, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.201 StencilZFail

NAME

StencilZFail - 3D API stencil Z fail

USAGE

StencilZFail = int(dpfail)

VALID ENUMERANTS

dpfail: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specifies action for when the stencil test passes but the depth test fails. See the dpfail parameter description on the OpenGL glStencilOp manual page for details. See the D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the StencilZFail state to int(GL_KEEP).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilOpSeparate, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, TwoSidedStencilMode

10.202 TessellationControlProgram

NAME

TessellationControlProgram - 3D API tessellation control program

USAGE

TessellationControlProgram = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

prog: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a tessellation control program. See the specification of the OpenGL tessellation control profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 11 hull shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TessellationControlProgram state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 11

SEE ALSO

FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram, GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader

10.203 TessellationControlShader

NAME

TessellationControlShader - 3D API tessellation control shader

USAGE

TessellationControlShader = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

shader: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a tessellation control shader. See the specification of the OpenGL tessellation control profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 11 hull shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TessellationControlShader state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 11

SEE ALSO

GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader, FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram

10.204 TessellationEvaluationProgram

NAME

TessellationEvaluationProgram - 3D API tessellation evaluation program

USAGE

TessellationEvaluationProgram = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

prog: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a tessellation evaluation program. See the specification of the OpenGL tessellation evaluation profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 11 domain shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TessellationEvaluationProgram state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 11

SEE ALSO

FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, VertexProgram, GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader

10.205 TessellationEvaluationShader

NAME

TessellationEvaluationShader - 3D API tessellation evaluation shader

USAGE

TessellationEvaluationShader = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

shader: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a tessellation evaluation shader. See the specification of the OpenGL tessellation evaluation profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D 11 domain shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TessellationEvaluationShader state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 11

SEE ALSO

GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, VertexShader, FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram

10.206 TexCoordIndex**NAME****TexCoordIndex** - 3D API tex coord index**USAGE**

TexCoordIndex = int(index)

VALID ENUMERANTS

index: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the index of the texture coordinate set to use with this texture stage. See the D3DTSS_TEXCOORDINDEX texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TexCoordIndex state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO**10.207 TexGenQEnable****NAME****TexGenQEnable** - 3D API tex gen Q enable**USAGE**

TexGenQEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL generation of the q texture coordinate. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_Q description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenQEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenQMode, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenREnable, TexGenSEnable, TexGenTEnable

10.208 TexGenQEyePlane

NAME

TexGenQEyePlane - 3D API tex gen Q eye plane

USAGE

TexGenQEyePlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the Q eye plane. See the GL_EYE_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenQEyePlane[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenQEnable, TexGenQMode, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenREyePlane, TexGenSEyePlane, TexGenTEyePlane

10.209 TexGenQMode

NAME

TexGenQMode - 3D API tex gen Q mode

USAGE

TexGenQMode[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: ObjectLinear, EyeLinear, SphereMap, ReflectionMap, NormalMap

DESCRIPTION

Specify the Q texture coordinate generation mode. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_MODE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenQMode[i] state to int(EyeLinear).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenQEnable, TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenRMode, TexGenSMode, TexGenTMode

10.210 TexGenQObjectPlane

NAME

TexGenQObjectPlane - 3D API tex gen Q object plane

USAGE

TexGenQObjectPlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the Q object plane. See the GL_OBJECT_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenQObjectPlane[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenQEnable, TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenQMode, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenSObjectPlane, TexGenTObjectPlane

10.211 TexGenREnable

NAME

TexGenREnable - 3D API tex gen R enable

USAGE

TexGenREnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL generation of the r texture coordinate. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_R description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenREnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenREyePlane, TexGenRMode, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenQEnable, TexGenSEnable, TexGenTEnable

10.212 TexGenREyePlane

NAME

TexGenREyePlane - 3D API tex gen R eye plane

USAGE

TexGenREyePlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the R eye plane. See the GL_EYE_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenREyePlane[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenREnable, TexGenRMode, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenSEyePlane, TexGenTEyePlane

10.213 TexGenRMode

NAME

TexGenRMode - 3D API tex gen R mode

USAGE

TexGenRMode[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: ObjectLinear, EyeLinear, SphereMap, ReflectionMap, NormalMap

DESCRIPTION

Specify the R texture coordinate generation mode. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_MODE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenRMode[i] state to int(EyeLinear).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenREnable, TexGenREyePlane, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenQMode, TexGenSMode, TexGenTMode

10.214 TexGenRObjectPlane

NAME

TexGenRObjectPlane - 3D API tex gen R object plane

USAGE

TexGenRObjectPlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the R object plane. See the GL_OBJECT_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenRObjectPlane[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenREnable, TexGenREyePlane, TexGenRMode, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenSObjectPlane, TexGenTObjectPlane

10.215 TexGenSEnable

NAME

TexGenSEnable - 3D API tex gen S enable

USAGE

TexGenSEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL generation of the s texture coordinate. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_S description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenSEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenSEyePlane, TexGenSMode, TexGenSObjectPlane, TexGenQEnable, TexGenREnable, TexGenTEnable

10.216 TexGenSEyePlane

NAME

TexGenSEyePlane - 3D API tex gen S eye plane

USAGE

TexGenSEyePlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the S eye plane. See the GL_EYE_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenSEyePlane[i] state to float4(1, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenSEnable, TexGenSMode, TexGenSObjectPlane, TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenREyePlane, TexGenTEyePlane

10.217 TexGenSMode

NAME

TexGenSMode - 3D API tex gen S mode

USAGE

TexGenSMode[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: ObjectLinear, EyeLinear, SphereMap, ReflectionMap, NormalMap

DESCRIPTION

Specify the S texture coordinate generation mode. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_MODE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenSMode[i] state to int(EyeLinear).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenSEnable, TexGenSEyePlane, TexGenSObjectPlane, TexGenQMode, TexGenRMode, TexGenTMode

10.218 TexGenSObjectPlane

NAME

TexGenSObjectPlane - 3D API tex gen S object plane

USAGE

TexGenSObjectPlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the S object plane. See the GL_OBJECT_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenSObjectPlane[i] state to float4(1, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenSEnable, TexGenSEyePlane, TexGenSMode, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenTObjectPlane

10.219 TexGenTEnable

NAME

TexGenTEnable - 3D API tex gen T enable

USAGE

TexGenTEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL generation of the t texture coordinate. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_T description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenTEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenTEyePlane, TexGenTMode, TexGenTObjectPlane, TexGenQEnable, TexGenREnable, TexGenSEnable

10.220 TexGenTEyePlane

NAME

TexGenTEyePlane - 3D API tex gen T eye plane

USAGE

TexGenTEyePlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the T eye plane. See the GL_EYE_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenTEyePlane[i] state to float4(0, 1, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenTEnable, TexGenTMode, TexGenTObjectPlane, TexGenQEyePlane, TexGenREyePlane, TexGenSEyePlane

10.221 TexGenTMode

NAME

TexGenTMode - 3D API tex gen T mode

USAGE

TexGenTMode[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: ObjectLinear, EyeLinear, SphereMap, ReflectionMap, NormalMap

DESCRIPTION

Specify the T texture coordinate generation mode. See the GL_TEXTURE_GEN_MODE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenTMode[i] state to int(EyeLinear).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenTEnable, TexGenTEyePlane, TexGenTObjectPlane, TexGenQMode, TexGenRMode, TexGenSMode

10.222 TexGenTObjectPlane

NAME

TexGenTObjectPlane - 3D API tex gen T object plane

USAGE

TexGenTObjectPlane[i] = float4(p1, p2, p3, p4)

VALID ENUMERANTS

p1, p2, p3, p4: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture coordinate generation parameters for the T object plane. See the GL_OBJECT_PLANE description on the OpenGL glTexGen manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TexGenTObjectPlane[i] state to float4(0, 1, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

TexGenTEnable, TexGenTEyePlane, TexGenTMode, TexGenQObjectPlane, TexGenRObjectPlane, TexGenSObjectPlane

10.223 Texture1DEnable

NAME

Texture1DEnable - 3D API texture1D enable

USAGE

Texture1DEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL one-dimensional texturing. See the `GL_TEXTURE_1D` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `Texture1DEnable[i]` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.224 Texture1D**NAME**

Texture1D - 3D API texture1D

USAGE

`Texture1D[i] = sampler1D(samp)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

samp: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Specify the 1D texture to be used. See the `GL_TEXTURE_1D` description on the OpenGL `glBindTexture` manual page for details. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture` method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `Texture1D[i]` state to `sampler1D(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.225 Texture2DEnable

NAME

Texture2DEnable - 3D API texture2D enable

USAGE

Texture2DEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL two-dimensional texturing. See the GL_TEXTURE_2D description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the Texture2DEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.226 Texture2D

NAME

Texture2D - 3D API texture2D

USAGE

Texture2D[i] = sampler2D(samp)

VALID ENUMERANTS

samp: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Specify the 2D texture to be used. See the GL_TEXTURE_2D description on the OpenGL glBindTexture manual page for details. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the Texture2D[i] state to sampler2D(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.227 Texture3DEnable**NAME****Texture3DEnable** - 3D API texture3D enable**USAGE**

Texture3DEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL three-dimensional texturing. See the GL_TEXTURE_3D description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the Texture3DEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.228 Texture3D**NAME****Texture3D** - 3D API texture3D**USAGE**

Texture3D[i] = sampler3D(samp)

VALID ENUMERANTS

samp: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Specify the 3D texture to be used. See the `GL_TEXTURE_3D` description on the OpenGL `glBindTexture` manual page for details. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture` method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `Texture3D[i]` state to `sampler3D(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.229 TextureCubeMapEnable

NAME

TextureCubeMapEnable - 3D API texture cube map enable

USAGE

`TextureCubeMapEnable[i] = bool(enable)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL cube-mapped texturing. See the `GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_ARB` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `TextureCubeMapEnable[i]` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.230 TextureCubeMap

NAME

TextureCubeMap - 3D API texture cube map

USAGE

TextureCubeMap[i] = samplerCUBE(samp)

VALID ENUMERANTS

samp: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Specify the cube map texture to be used. See the `GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP` description on the OpenGL `glBindTexture` manual page for details. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture` method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `TextureCubeMap[i]` state to `samplerCUBE(0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.231 TextureEnvColor

NAME

TextureEnvColor - 3D API texture env color

USAGE

TextureEnvColor[i] = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Specify the color used for multiple-texture blending. See the `GL_TEXTURE_ENV_COLOR` description on the OpenGL `glTexEnv` manual page for details. See the `D3DRS_TEXTUREFACTOR` render state description and the `D3DTSS_COLORARG2` texture stage description for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `TextureEnvColor[i]` state to `float4(0, 0, 0, 0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags

10.232 TextureEnvMode

NAME

TextureEnvMode - 3D API texture env mode

USAGE

TextureEnvMode[i] = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Modulate, Decal, Blend, Replace, Add

DESCRIPTION

Set the texture environment mode. See the GL_TEXTURE_ENV_MODE description on the OpenGL glTexEnv manual page for details. See the D3DTSS_COLOROP texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureEnvMode[i] state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ColorOp, Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.233 TextureFactor

NAME

TextureFactor - 3D API texture factor

USAGE

TextureFactor = int(color)

VALID ENUMERANTS

color: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the color used for multiple-texture blending. See the D3DRS_TEXTUREFACTOR render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureFactor state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.234 TextureMatrix

NAME

TextureMatrix - 3D API texture matrix

USAGE

TextureMatrix = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the texture matrix. See the GL_TEXTURE description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_TEXTUREi transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureMatrix state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags

10.235 TextureRectangleEnable

NAME

TextureRectangleEnable - 3D API texture rectangle enable

USAGE

TextureRectangleEnable[i] = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL non-power-of-two texturing. See the OpenGL NV_texture_rectangle specification for details. The standard reset callback sets the TextureRectangleEnable[i] state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.236 TextureRectangle

NAME

TextureRectangle - 3D API texture rectangle

USAGE

TextureRectangle[i] = samplerRECT(samp)

VALID ENUMERANTS

samp: sampler

DESCRIPTION

Specify the rectangle texture to be used. See the GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE_NV description in the OpenGL NV_texture_rectangle specification for details. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureRectangle[i] state to samplerRECT(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform, TextureTransformFlags, Texture, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

10.237 TextureTransform**NAME****TextureTransform** - 3D API texture transform**USAGE**

TextureTransform = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the texture matrix. See the GL_TEXTURE description on the OpenGL glMatrixMode manual page for details. See the description of the D3DTS_TEXTUREi transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureTransform state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransformFlags

10.238 TextureTransformFlags**NAME****TextureTransformFlags** - 3D API texture transform flags**USAGE**

TextureTransformFlags = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: Disable, Count1, Count2, Count3, Count4, Projected

DESCRIPTION

Specify how texture coordinates are transformed for this texture stage. See the D3DTSS_TEXTURETRANSFORMFLAGS texture stage state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TextureTransformFlags state to int(Disable).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1DEnable, Texture2DEnable, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureRectangleEnable, Texture1D, Texture2D, Texture3D, TextureCubeMap, TextureRectangle, TextureEnvColor, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureMatrix, TextureTransform

10.239 TweenFactor

NAME

TweenFactor - 3D API tween factor

USAGE

TweenFactor = float(factor)

VALID ENUMERANTS

factor: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the tween factor. See the D3DRS_TWEENFACTOR render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TweenFactor state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

10.240 TwoSidedStencilMode

NAME

TwoSidedStencilMode - 3D API two sided stencil mode

USAGE

TwoSidedStencilMode = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable Direct3D's two-sided stenciling. See the D3DRS_TWOSIDEDSTENCILMODE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the TwoSidedStencilMode state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

StencilOpSeparate ClearStencil, StencilEnable, StencilFail, StencilFunc, StencilFuncSeparate, StencilMask, StencilMaskSeparate, StencilOp, StencilPass, StencilRef, StencilTestEnable, StencilTestTwoSideEnable, StencilWriteMask, StencilZFail

10.241 VertexBlend

NAME

VertexBlend - 3D API vertex blend

USAGE

VertexBlend = int(num)

VALID ENUMERANTS

num: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the number of matrices to use to perform geometry blending. See the D3DRS_VERTEXBLEND render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the VertexBlend state to int(Disable).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AlphaBlendEnable, BlendEnable, BlendColor, BlendEquation, BlendEquationSeparate, BlendFunc, BlendFuncSeparate, BlendOp, DestBlend, IndexedVertexBlendEnable, SrcBlend, BlendOpAlpha, SrcBlendAlpha, DestBlendAlpha, SeparateAlphaBlendEnable

10.242 VertexEnvParameter

NAME

VertexEnvParameter - 3D API vertex env parameter

USAGE

VertexEnvParameter[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set vertex program environment parameter. See the OpenGL glProgramEnvParameter4fvARB manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the VertexEnvParameter[i] state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexLocalParameter, PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4

10.243 VertexLocalParameter

NAME

VertexLocalParameter - 3D API vertex local parameter

USAGE

VertexLocalParameter[i] = float4(x, y, z, w)

VALID ENUMERANTS

x, y, z, w: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set vertex program local parameter. See the OpenGL `glProgramLocalParameter4fvARB` manual page for details. The standard reset callback sets the `VertexLocalParameter[i]` state to `float4(0, 0, 0, 0)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4

10.244 VertexProgram

NAME

VertexProgram - 3D API vertex program

USAGE

`VertexProgram = compile profile "-po profileOption" main(args);`

VALID ENUMERANTS

`prog`: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a vertex program. See the specification of the OpenGL vertex profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D vertex shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `VertexProgram` state to `program(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, VertexShader

10.245 VertexProgramPointSizeEnable

NAME

VertexProgramPointSizeEnable - 3D API vertex program point size enable

USAGE

VertexProgramPointSizeEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable using OpenGL shader builtin `gl_PointSize` in vertex shaders. See the `GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_POINT_SIZE` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `VertexProgramPointSizeEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

PointSizeEnable, PointScale_A, PointScale_B, PointScale_C, PointSizeMax, PointSizeMin, PointSize

10.246 VertexProgramTwoSideEnable

NAME

VertexProgramTwoSideEnable - 3D API vertex program two side enable

USAGE

VertexProgramTwoSideEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable OpenGL vertex program color selection based on the polygon face direction. See the `GL_VERTEX_PROGRAM_TWO_SIDE` description on the OpenGL `glEnable` manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `VertexProgramTwoSideEnable` state to `bool(false)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

FrontFace

10.247 VertexShaderConstant1**NAME**

VertexShaderConstant1 - 3D API vertex shader constant 1

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstant1[i] = float4(f1, f2, f3, f4)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.248 VertexShaderConstant2**NAME**

VertexShaderConstant2 - 3D API vertex shader constant 2

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstant2[i] = float4x2(f1, f2, f3, f4, f5, f6, f7, f8)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details. The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.249 VertexShaderConstant3

NAME

VertexShaderConstant3 - 3D API vertex shader constant3

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstant3[i] = float4x3(f1, f2, f3, f4, ..., f9, f10, f11, f12)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details. The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.250 vertexShaderConstant4

NAME

vertexShaderConstant4 - 3D API vertex shader constant4

USAGE

`vertexShaderConstant4[i] = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.251 VertexShaderConstantB

NAME

VertexShaderConstantB - 3D API vertex shader constantB

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstantB[i] = bool4(b1, b2, b3, b4)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

bi: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantB` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.252 VertexShaderConstantF

NAME

VertexShaderConstantF - 3D API vertex shader constantF

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstantF[i] = float4(f1, f2, f3, f4)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantI, vertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.253 VertexShaderConstantI

NAME

VertexShaderConstantI - 3D API vertex shader constantI

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstantI[i] = int4(i1, i2, i3, i4)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

ii: integer values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantI` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.254 VertexShaderConstant

NAME

VertexShaderConstant - 3D API vertex shader constant

USAGE

`VertexShaderConstant[i] = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set a Direct3D vertex shader constant. See the `IDirect3DDevice9::SetVertexShaderConstantF` method for details.

The standard reset callback does nothing.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

PixelShaderConstant, PixelShaderConstant1, PixelShaderConstant2, PixelShaderConstant3, PixelShaderConstant4, PixelShaderConstantB, PixelShaderConstantF, PixelShaderConstantI, VertexShaderConstant1, VertexShaderConstant2, VertexShaderConstant3, VertexShaderConstantB, VertexShaderConstantF, VertexShaderConstantI, ver-

texShaderConstant4, FragmentEnvParameter, FragmentLocalParameter, VertexEnvParameter, VertexLocalParameter

10.255 VertexShader

NAME

VertexShader - 3D API vertex shader

USAGE

VertexShader = compile profile “-po profileOption” main(args);

VALID ENUMERANTS

shader: Null

DESCRIPTION

Compile a vertex shader. See the specification of the OpenGL vertex profile for details. See the specification of the Direct3D vertex shaders for details.

The standard reset callback sets the VertexShader state to program(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

GeometryShader, PixelShader, TessellationControlShader, TessellationEvaluationShader, FragmentProgram, GeometryProgram, TessellationControlProgram, TessellationEvaluationProgram, VertexProgram

10.256 ViewTransform

NAME

ViewTransform - 3D API view transform

USAGE

ViewTransform = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the view matrix. See the description of the D3DTS_VIEW transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the ViewTransform state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewMatrix, ModelViewTransform, ProjectionMatrix, ProjectionTransform, WorldTransform

10.257 WorldTransform**NAME**

WorldTransform - 3D API world transform

USAGE

WorldTransform = float4x4(f1, f2, f3, f4, ... , f13, f14, f15, f16)

VALID ENUMERANTS

fi: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the values of the world matrix. See the description of the D3DTS_WORLD transform state type for the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTransform method.

The standard reset callback sets the WorldTransform state to the identity matrix.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ModelViewMatrix, ModelViewTransform, ProjectionMatrix, ProjectionTransform, ViewTransform

10.258 Wrap0**NAME**

Wrap0 - 3D API wrap0

USAGE

Wrap0 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 0. See the D3DRS_WRAP0 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap0 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.259 Wrap10

NAME

Wrap10 - 3D API wrap10

USAGE

Wrap10 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 10. See the D3DRS_WRAP10 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap10 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.260 Wrap11

NAME

Wrap11 - 3D API wrap11

USAGE

Wrap11 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 11. See the D3DRS_WRAP11 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap11 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.261 Wrap12

NAME

Wrap12 - 3D API wrap12

USAGE

Wrap12 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 12. See the D3DRS_WRAP12 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap12 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.262 Wrap13

NAME

Wrap13 - 3D API wrap13

USAGE

Wrap13 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 13. See the D3DRS_WRAP13 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap13 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.263 Wrap14

NAME

Wrap14 - 3D API wrap14

USAGE

Wrap14 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 14. See the D3DRS_WRAP14 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap14 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap15

10.264 Wrap15

NAME

Wrap15 - 3D API wrap15

USAGE

Wrap15 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 15. See the D3DRS_WRAP15 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap15 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14

10.265 Wrap1

NAME

Wrap1 - 3D API wrap1

USAGE

Wrap1 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 1. See the D3DRS_WRAP1 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap1 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.266 Wrap2

NAME

Wrap2 - 3D API wrap2

USAGE

Wrap2 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 2. See the D3DRS_WRAP2 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap2 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.267 Wrap3

NAME

Wrap3 - 3D API wrap3

USAGE

Wrap3 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 3. See the D3DRS_WRAP3 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap3 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.268 Wrap4

NAME

Wrap4 - 3D API wrap4

USAGE

Wrap4 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 4. See the D3DRS_WRAP4 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap4 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.269 Wrap5

NAME

Wrap5 - 3D API wrap5

USAGE

Wrap5 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 5. See the D3DRS_WRAP5 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap5 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.270 Wrap6

NAME

Wrap6 - 3D API wrap6

USAGE

Wrap6 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 6. See the D3DRS_WRAP6 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap6 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.271 Wrap7

NAME

Wrap7 - 3D API wrap7

USAGE

Wrap7 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 7. See the D3DRS_WRAP7 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap7 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap8, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.272 Wrap8

NAME

Wrap8 - 3D API wrap8

USAGE

Wrap8 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 8. See the D3DRS_WRAP8 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap8 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap9, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.273 Wrap9

NAME

Wrap9 - 3D API wrap9

USAGE

Wrap9 = int(flags)

VALID ENUMERANTS

flags: integer value

Any combination of D3DWRAPCOORD_0, D3DWRAPCOORD_1, D3DWRAPCOORD_2, and D3DWRAPCOORD_3. Setting flags to 0 disables texture wrapping in all directions.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D texture wrapping state for texture coordinate 9. See the D3DRS_WRAP9 render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the Wrap9 state to int(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Wrap0, Wrap1, Wrap2, Wrap3, Wrap4, Wrap5, Wrap6, Wrap7, Wrap8, Wrap10, Wrap11, Wrap12, Wrap13, Wrap14, Wrap15

10.274 ZEnable

NAME

ZEnable - 3D API Z enable

USAGE

ZEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Enable/disable depth testing. See the GL_DEPTH_TEST description on the OpenGL glEnable manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ZENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ZEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias, ZFunc, ZWriteEnable

10.275 ZFunc

NAME

ZFunc - 3D API Z func

USAGE

ZFunc = int(func)

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: Never, Less, LEqual, LessEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, GreaterEqual, Always

DESCRIPTION

Specify the function used for depth buffer comparisons. See the OpenGL glDepthFunc manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ZFUNC render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ZFunc state to int(Less).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthTestEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias, ZEnable, ZWriteEnable

10.276 ZWriteEnable

NAME

ZWriteEnable - 3D API Z write enable

USAGE

ZWriteEnable = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether the depth buffer is enabled for writing. See the OpenGL glDepthMask manual page for details. See the D3DRS_ZWRITEENABLE render state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the ZWriteEnable state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

ClearDepth, DepthBias, DepthBounds, DepthBoundsEnable, DepthClampEnable, DepthTestEnable, DepthFunc, DepthMask, DepthRange, DepthTestEnable, SlopScaleDepthBias, ZEnable, ZFunc

CGFX SAMPLER STATES

11.1 AddressU

NAME

AddressU - 3D API U texture addressing mode

USAGE

AddressU = int(mode)

WrapS = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D u-direction texture wrapping mode. See the D3DSAMP_ADDRESSU sampler state description for DirectX 9.

Set the wrap parameter for texture coordinate S. See the GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_S description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressU or WrapS state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Clamp, Repeat, Wrap: OpenGL 1.0

ClampToEdge: OpenGL 1.2

Border, ClampToBorder: OpenGL 1.3

Mirror, MirroredRepeat: OpenGL 1.4

MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce: support for extension EXT_mirror_clamp.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressU, *AddressV*, *AddressW*, *WrapS*, *WrapT*, *WrapR*

11.2 AddressV

NAME

AddressV - 3D API V texture addressing mode

USAGE

AddressV = int(mode)

WrapT = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D v-direction texture wrapping mode. See the D3DSAMP_ADDRESSV sampler state description for DirectX 9.

Set the wrap parameter for texture coordinate T. See the GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_T description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressV or WrapT state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Clamp, Repeat, Wrap: OpenGL 1.0

ClampToEdge: OpenGL 1.2

Border, ClampToBorder: OpenGL 1.3

Mirror, MirroredRepeat: OpenGL 1.4

MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce: support for extension EXT_mirror_clamp.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressVi, AddressU, AddressW, WrapS, WrapT, WrapR

11.3 AddressW

NAME

AddressW - 3D API W texture addressing mode

USAGE

AddressW = int(mode)

WrapR = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Repeat, Wrap, Clamp, ClampToEdge, ClampToBorder, Border, MirroredRepeat, Mirror, MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D w-direction texture wrapping mode. See the D3DSAMP_ADDRESSW sampler state description for DirectX 9.

Set the wrap parameter for texture coordinate R. See the GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_R description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the AddressW or WrapR state to int(Wrap).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Clamp, Repeat, Wrap: OpenGL 1.0

ClampToEdge: OpenGL 1.2

Border, ClampToBorder: OpenGL 1.3

Mirror, MirroredRepeat: OpenGL 1.4

MirrorClamp, MirrorClampToEdge, MirrorClampToBorder, MirrorOnce: support for extension EXT_mirror_clamp.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

AddressW, *AddressU*, *AddressV*, *WrapS*, *WrapT*, *WrapR*

11.4 BorderColor

NAME

BorderColor - 3D API texture border color

USAGE

BorderColor = float4(r, g, b, a)

VALID ENUMERANTS

r, g, b, a: floating point values

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D sampler border color. See the GL_TEXTURE_BORDER_COLOR description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details. See the D3DSAMP_BORDERCOLOR sampler state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the BorderColor state to float4(0, 0, 0, 0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

BorderColori

11.5 CompareFunc

NAME

CompareFunc - 3D API compare function

USAGE

CompareFunc = int(func)

VALID ENUMERANTS

func: Never, Less, LEqual, Equal, Greater, NotEqual, GEqual, Always

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture comparison function. See the `GL_TEXTURE_COMPARE_FUNC` description on the OpenGL `glTexParameter` manual page, the `GL_ARB_shadow` extension, or `EXT_shadow_funcs` extension for details.

The standard reset callback sets the CompareFunc state to `float(LEqual)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

LEqual, GEqual: OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension `GL_ARB_shadow`.

all others: OpenGL 1.5 or support for extension `GL_EXT_shadow_funcs`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CompareMode, DepthMode

11.6 CompareMode

NAME

CompareMode - 3D API compare mode

USAGE

CompareMode = int(mode)

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: None, CompareRToTexture

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture comparison mode. See the `GL_TEXTURE_COMPARE_MODE` description on the OpenGL `glTexParameter` manual page or the `GL_ARB_shadow` extension for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `CompareMode` state to `float(None)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension `GL_ARB_shadow`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CompareFunc, DepthMode

11.7 DepthMode

NAME

DepthMode - 3D API depth mode

USAGE

`DepthMode = int(mode)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

mode: Alpha, Intensity, Luminance

DESCRIPTION

Specify the depth texture mode. See the `GL_DEPTH_TEXTURE_MODE` description on the OpenGL `glTexParameter` manual page or the `ARB_depth_texture` extension for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `DepthMode` state to `float(Luminance)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension `ARB_depth_texture`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

CompareFunc, CompareMode

11.8 GenerateMipmap

NAME

GenerateMipmap - 3D API texture mipmap generation

USAGE

GenerateMipmap = bool(enable)

VALID ENUMERANTS

enable: true, false

DESCRIPTION

Set the OpenGL texture mipmap generation for the given texture. See the GL_GENERATE_MIPMAP description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

For a *TextureRectangle* texture, this state has no effect.

The standard reset callback sets the GenerateMipmap state to bool(false).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.4 or support for extension SGIS_generate_mipmap.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

Texture, *Texture1D*, *Texture1DEnable*, *Texture2D*, *Texture2DEnable*, *Texture3D*, *Texture3DEnable*, *TextureCubeMap*, *TextureCubeMapEnable*, *TextureEnvMode*, *TextureFactor*, *TextureRectangle*, *TextureRectangleEnable*, *MagFilter*, *MaxMipLevel*, *MinFilter*, *MipFilter*, *MipMapLodBias*

11.9 LODBias

NAME

LODBias - 3D API mip map lod bias

DESCRIPTION

LODBias is an alias for *MipMapLodBias*.

SEE ALSO

MipMapLodBias

11.10 MagFilter

NAME

MagFilter - 3D API mag filter

USAGE

MagFilter = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: Point, Nearest, Linear

DESCRIPTION

Set the sampler magnification filter type. See the `GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER` description on the OpenGL `glTexParameter` manual page for details. See the `D3DSAMP_MAGFILTER` sampler state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the `MagFilter` state to `int(Point)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MagFilteri, *GenerateMipmap*, *Texture*, *Texture1D*, *Texture1DEnable*, *Texture2D*, *Texture2DEnable*, *Texture3D*, *Texture3DEnable*, *TextureCubeMap*, *TextureCubeMapEnable*, *TextureEnvMode*, *TextureFactor*, *TextureRectangle*, *TextureRectangleEnable*, *MaxMipLevel*, *MinFilter*, *MipFilter*, *MipMapLodBias*

11.11 MaxAnisotropy

NAME

MaxAnisotropy - 3D API max anisotropy

USAGE

`MaxAnisotropy = int(d3d_max)`

`MaxAnisotropy = float(gl_max)`

VALID ENUMERANTS

`d3d_max`: integer value

`gl_max`: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Set the maximum anisotropy value. See the `D3DSAMP_MAXANISOTROPY` sampler state description for DirectX 9. See the description of `GL_TEXTURE_MAX_ANISOTROPY_EXT` in the OpenGL `EXT_texture_filter_anisotropic` extension for details.

The standard reset callback sets the `MaxAnisotropy` state to `int(1)`.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Support for extension `EXT_texture_filter_anisotropic`.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MaxAnisotropyi

11.12 MaxMipLevel

NAME

MaxMipLevel - 3D API max mip level

USAGE

MaxMipLevel = int(d3d_max)

MaxMipLevel = float(gl_max)

VALID ENUMERANTS

max: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D maximum mipmap lod index. See the D3DSAMP_MAXMIPLEVEL sampler state description for DirectX 9. See the GL_TEXTURE_MAX_LOD description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MaxMipLevel state to int(0) for DirectX 9 and float(1000) for OpenGL.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MaxMipLeveli, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

11.13 MinFilter

NAME

MinFilter - 3D API min filter

USAGE

MinFilter = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: Anisotropic, GaussianQuad, Linear, LinearMipMapLinear, LinearMipMapNearest, Nearest, Nearest-MipMapLinear, NearestMipMapNearest, None, Point, PyramidalQuad

Anisotropic, GaussianQuad, None, and PyramidalQuad are only supported on Direct3D.

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D sampler minification filter type. See the D3DSAMP_MINFILTER sampler state description for DirectX 9. See the GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details. The standard reset callback sets the MinFilter state to int(Point) on Direct3D and to int(NearestMipMapLinear) on OpenGL.

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MinFilteri, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

11.14 MinMipLevel

NAME

MinMipLevel - 3D API min mip level

USAGE

MinMipLevel = float(min)

VALID ENUMERANTS

min: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Set the minimum mipmap lod index. See the GL_TEXTURE_MIN_LOD description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page or the description of GL_TEXTURE_MIN_LOD_SGIS in the OpenGL extension SGIS_texture_lod for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MinMipLevel state to float(-1000).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.2 or support for extension SGIS_texture_lod.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

SEE ALSO

GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

11.15 MipFilter

NAME

MipFilter - 3D API mip filter

USAGE

MipFilter = int(type)

VALID ENUMERANTS

type: None, Point, Linear, Anisotropic, PyramidalQuad, GaussianQuad

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D minification mipmap filter. See the D3DSAMP_MIPFILTER sampler state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the MipFilter state to int(None).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MipFilteri, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipMapLodBias

11.16 MipMapLodBias

NAME

MipMapLodBias - 3D API mip map lod bias

USAGE

MipMapLodBias = float(bias)

VALID ENUMERANTS

bias: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Set the Direct3D mipmap lod bias. See the D3DSAMP_MIPMAPLODBIAS sampler state description for DirectX 9. See the GL_TEXTURE_LOD_BIAS_EXT description on the OpenGL glTexParameter manual page for details.

The standard reset callback sets the MipMapLodBias state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

OpenGL 1.0

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

MipMapLodBiasi, GenerateMipmap, Texture, Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter

11.17 SRGBTexture

NAME

SRGBTexture - 3D API gamma correction value

USAGE

SRGBTexture = float(tex)

VALID ENUMERANTS

tex: floating point value

DESCRIPTION

Specify whether gamma correction should be used. See the D3DSAMP_SRGBTEXTURE sampler state description for DirectX 9.

The standard reset callback sets the SRGBTexture state to float(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

11.18 Texture

NAME

Texture - 3D API texture

USAGE

Texture = texture(t)

VALID ENUMERANTS

t: integer value

DESCRIPTION

Specify the texture to be used. See the IDirect3DDevice9::SetTexture method for details.

The standard reset callback sets the Texture state to texture(0).

OPENGL FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable.

DIRECT3D FUNCTIONALITY REQUIREMENTS

DirectX 9

SEE ALSO

Texture1D, Texture1DEnable, Texture2D, Texture2DEnable, Texture3D, Texture3DEnable, TextureCubeMap, TextureCubeMapEnable, TextureEnvMode, TextureFactor, TextureRectangle, TextureRectangleEnable, MagFilter, MaxMipLevel, MinFilter, MipFilter, MipMapLodBias

11.19 WrapR

NAME

WrapR - 3D API W texture addressing mode

DESCRIPTION

WrapR is an alias for *AddressW*.

SEE ALSO

AddressW

11.20 WrapS

NAME

WrapS - 3D API U texture addressing mode

DESCRIPTION

WrapS is an alias for *AddressU*.

SEE ALSO

AddressU

11.21 WrapT

NAME

WrapT - 3D API V texture addressing mode

DESCRIPTION

WrapT is an alias for *AddressV*.

SEE ALSO

AddressV

CG TOPICS

12.1 Cg 1.2 Runtime API Additions

Version 1.2 of the Cg runtime adds a number of new capabilities to the existing set of functionality from previous releases. These new features include functionality that make it possible to write programs that can run more efficiently on the GPU, techniques that help hide some of the inherent limitations of some Cg profiles on the GPU, and entrypoints that support new language functionality in the Cg 1.2 release.

Parameter Literalization

The 1.2 Cg runtime makes it possible to denote some of the parameters to a program as having a fixed constant value. This feature can lead to substantially more efficient programs in a number of cases. For example, a program might have a block of code that implements functionality that is only used some of the time:

```
float4 main(uniform float enableDazzle, ...) : COLOR {
    if (enableDazzle) {
        // do lengthy computation
    }
    else {
        // do basic computation
    }
}
```

Some hardware profiles don't directly support branching (this includes all of the fragment program profiles supported in this release), and have to handle code like the program by effectively following both sides of the if() test. (They still compute the correct result in the end, just not very efficiently.)

However, if the "enableDazzle" parameter is marked as a literal parameter and a value is provided for it, the compiler can generate an optimized version of the program with the knowledge of "enableDazzle"'s value, just generating GPU code for one of the two cases. This can lead to substantial performance improvements. This feature also makes it easier to write general purpose shaders with a wide variety of supported functionality, while only paying the runtime cost for the functionality provided.

This feature is also useful for parameters with numeric values. For example, consider a shader that implements a diffuse reflection model:

```
float4 main(uniform float3 lightPos, uniform float3 lightColor,
            uniform float3 Kd, float3 pos : TEXCOORD0,
            float3 normal : TEXCOORD1) : COLOR
{
    return Kd*lightColor*max(0., dot(normalize(lightPos-pos), normal));
}
```

If the “lightColor” and “Kd” parameters are set to literals, it is possible for the compiler to compute the product “Kd * lightColor” once, rather than once each time the program executes.

Given a parameter handle, the `cgSetParameterVariability()` entrypoint sets the variability of a parameter:

```
void cgSetParameterVariability(CGparameter param, CGenum vary);
```

To set it to a literal parameter, the `CG_LITERAL` enumerant should be passed as the second parameter.

After a parameter has set to be a literal, the following routines should be used to set the parameter’s value.

```
void cgSetParameter1f(CGparameter param, float x);
void cgSetParameter2f(CGparameter param, float x, float y);
void cgSetParameter3f(CGparameter param, float x, float y, float z);
void cgSetParameter4f(CGparameter param, float x, float y, float z,
float w);
void cgSetParameter1d(CGparameter param, double x);
void cgSetParameter2d(CGparameter param, double x, double y);
void cgSetParameter3d(CGparameter param, double x, double y, double z);
void cgSetParameter4d(CGparameter param, double x, double y, double z,
double w);

void cgSetParameter1fv(CGparameter param, const float *v);
void cgSetParameter2fv(CGparameter param, const float *v);
void cgSetParameter3fv(CGparameter param, const float *v);
void cgSetParameter4fv(CGparameter param, const float *v);
void cgSetParameter1dv(CGparameter param, const double *v);
void cgSetParameter2dv(CGparameter param, const double *v);
void cgSetParameter3dv(CGparameter param, const double *v);
void cgSetParameter4dv(CGparameter param, const double *v);

void cgSetMatrixParameterdr(CGparameter param, const double *matrix);
void cgSetMatrixParameterfr(CGparameter param, const float *matrix);
void cgSetMatrixParameterdc(CGparameter param, const double *matrix);
void cgSetMatrixParameterfc(CGparameter param, const float *matrix);
```

After a parameter has been set to be a literal, or after the value of a literal parameter has been changed, the program must be compiled and loaded into the GPU, regardless of whether it had already been compiled. This issue is discussed further in the section on program recompilation below.

Array Size Specification

The Cg 1.2 language also adds support for “unsized array” variables; programs can be written to take parameters that are arrays with an indeterminate size. The actual size of these arrays is then set via the Cg runtime. This feature is useful for writing general-purpose shaders with a minimal performance penalty.

For example, consider a shader that computes shading given some number of light sources. If the information about each light source is stored in a struct `LightInfo`, the shader might be written as:

```
float4 main(LightInfo lights[], ...) : COLOR
{
    float4 color = float4(0,0,0,1);
    for (i = 0; i < lights.length; ++i) {
        // add lights[i]’s contribution to color
    }
    return color;
}
```

The runtime can then be used to set the length of the `lights[]` array (and then to initialize the values of the `LightInfo` structures.) As with literal parameters, the program must be recompiled and reloaded after a parameter’s array size is set or changes.

These two entrypoints set the size of an unsized array parameter referenced by the given parameter handle. To set the size of a multidimensional unsized array, all of the dimensions' sizes must be set simultaneously, by providing them all via the pointer to an array of integer values.

```
void cgSetArraySize(CGparameter param, int size);
void cgSetMultiDimArraySize(CGparameter param, const int *sizes);
```

XXX what happens if these are called with an already-sized array?? XXX

To get the size of an array parameter, the `cgGetArraySize()` entrypoint can be used.

```
int cgGetArraySize(CGparameter param, int dimension);
```

Program Recompilation at Runtime

The Cg 1.2 runtime environment will allow automatic and manual recompilation of programs. This functionality is useful for multiple reasons :

- * **Changing variability of parameters**

Parameters may be changed from uniform variability to literal variability as described above.

- * **Changing value of literal parameters**

Changing the value of a literal parameter will require recompilation since the value is used at compile time.

- * **Resizing parameter arrays**

Changing the length of a parameter array may require recompilation depending on the capabilities of the profile of the program.

- * **Binding sub-shader parameters**

Sub-shader parameters are structures that overload methods that need to be provided at compile time; they are described below. Binding such parameters to program parameters will require recompilation.

Recompilation can be executed manually by the application using the runtime or automatically by the runtime.

The entry point:

```
void cgCompileProgram(CGprogram program);
```

causes the given program to be recompiled, and the function:

```
CGbool cgIsProgramCompiled(CGprogram program);
```

returns a boolean value indicating whether the current program needs recompilation.

By default, programs are automatically compiled when `cgCreateProgram()` or `cgCreateProgramFromFile()` is called. This behavior can be controlled with the entry point :

```
void cgSetAutoCompile(CGcontext ctx, CGenum flag);
```

Where flag is one of the following three enumerants :

- * **CG_COMPILE_MANUAL**

With this method the application is responsible for manually recompiling a program. It may check to see if a program requires recompilation with the entry point `cgIsProgramCompiled()`. `cgCompileProgram()` can then be used to force compilation.

- * **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE**

CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE will force recompilation automatically and immediately when a program enters an uncompiled state.

*** CG_COMPILE_LAZY**

This method is similar to **CG_COMPILE_IMMEDIATE** but will delay program recompilation until the program object code is needed. The advantage of this method is the reduction of extraneous recompilations. The disadvantage is that compile time errors will not be encountered when the program enters the uncompiled state but will instead be encountered at some later time.

For programs that use features like unsized arrays that can not be compiled until their array sizes are set, it is good practice to change the default behavior of compilation to **CG_COMPILE_MANUAL** so that `cgCreateProgram()` or `cgCreateProgramFromFile()` do not unnecessarily encounter and report compilation errors.

Shared Parameters (context global parameters)

Version 1.2 of the runtime introduces parameters that may be shared across programs in the same context via a new binding mechanism. Once shared parameters are constructed and bound to program parameters, setting the value of the shared parameter will automatically set the value of all of the program parameters they are bound to.

Shared parameters belong to a **CGcontext** instead of a **CGprogram**. They may be created with the following new entry points :

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameter(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type);
CGparameter cgCreateParameterArray(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type,
                                   int length);
CGparameter cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type,
                                             int dim, const int *lengths);
```

They may be deleted with :

```
void cgDestroyParameter(CGparameter param);
```

After a parameter has been created, its value should be set with the `cgSetParameter*()` routines described in the literalization section above.

Once a shared parameter is created it may be associated with any number of program parameters with the call:

```
void cgConnectParameter(CGparameter from, CGparameter to);
```

where “from” is a parameter created with one of the `cgCreateParameter()` calls, and “to” is a program parameter.

Given a program parameter, the handle to the shared parameter that is bound to it (if any) can be found with the call:

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedParameter(CGparameter param);
```

It returns NULL if no shared parameter has been connected to “param”.

There are also calls that make it possible to find the set of program parameters to which a given shared parameter has been connected to. The entry point:

```
int cgGetNumConnectedToParameters(CGparameter param);
```

returns the total number of program parameters that “param” has been connected to, and the entry point:

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedToParameter(CGparameter param, int index);
```

can be used to get `CGparameter` handles for each of the program parameters to which a shared parameter is connected.

A shared parameter can be unbound from a program parameter with :

```
void cgDisconnectParameter(CGparameter param);
```

The context in which a shared parameter was created can be returned with:

```
CGcontext cgGetParameterContext(CGparameter param);
```

And the endpoint:

```
CGbool cgIsParameterGlobal(CGparameter param);
```

can be used to determine if a parameter is a shared (global) parameter.

Shader Interface Support

From the runtime's perspective, shader interfaces are simply struct parameters that have a **CGtype** associated with them. For example, if the following Cg code is included in some program source compiled in the runtime :

```
interface FooInterface
{
    float SomeMethod(float x);
}

struct FooStruct : FooInterface
{
    float SomeMethod(float x);
    {
        return(Scale * x);
    }

    float Scale;
};
```

The named types **FooInterface** and **FooStruct** will be added to the context. Each one will have a unique **CGtype** associated with it. The **CGtype** can be retrieved with :

```
CGtype cgGetNamedUserType(CGprogram program, const char *name);
int cgGetNumUserTypes(CGprogram program);
CGtype cgGetUserType(CGprogram program, int index);

CGbool cgIsParentType(CGtype parent, CGtype child);
CGbool cgIsInterfaceType(CGtype type);
```

Once the **CGtype** has been retrieved, it may be used to construct an instance of the struct using *cgCreateParameter*. It may then be connected to a program parameter of the parent type (in the above example this would be *FooInterface*) using *cgConnectParameter*.

Calling *cgGetParameterType* on such a parameter will return the **CG_STRUCT** to keep backwards compatibility with code that recurses parameter trees. In order to obtain the enumerant of the named type the following entry point should be used :

```
CGtype cgGetParameterNamedType(CGparameter param);
```

The parent types of a given named type may be obtained with the following entry points :

```
int cgGetNumParentTypes(CGtype type);
CGtype cgGetParentType(CGtype type, int index);
```

If Cg source modules with differing definitions of named types are added to the same context, an error will be thrown.

XXX update for new scoping/context/program local definitions stuff XXX

Updated Parameter Management Routines

XXX where should these go?

Some entrypoints from before have been updated in backwards compatible ways

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstParameter(CGprogram program, CGenum name_space);  
CGparameter cgGetFirstLeafParameter(CGprogram program, CGenum name_space);
```

like `cgGetNamedParameter`, but limits search to the given `name_space` (`CG_PROGRAM` or `CG_GLOBAL`)...

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedProgramParameter(CGprogram program, CGenum name_space,  
                                       const char *name);
```

12.2 Cg

NAME

Cg - A multi-platform, multi-API C-based programming language for GPUs

DESCRIPTION

Cg is a high-level programming language designed to compile to the instruction sets of the programmable portions of GPUs. While Cg programs have great flexibility in the way that they express the computations they perform, the inputs, outputs, and basic resources available to those programs are dictated by where they execute in the graphics pipeline. Other documents describe how to write Cg programs. This document describes the library that application programs use to interact with Cg programs. This library and its associated API is referred to as the Cg runtime.

DOCUMENTATION ORGANIZATION

- Cg Topics
- Cg Language Specification
- Cg Commands
- Cg Core Runtime API
- Cg OpenGL Runtime API
- Cg Direct3D11 Runtime API
- Cg Direct3D10 Runtime API
- Cg Direct3D9 Runtime API
- Cg Direct3D8 Runtime API
- Cg Profiles
- Cg Standard Library Routines
- CgFX States
- CgFX Sampler States

SEE ALSO

Cg Language Specification, *cgc*, *cgCreateContext*, *cgDestroyContext*

12.3 glut

TOPIC

glut - using Cg with the OpenGL Utility Toolkit (GLUT)

ABSTRACT

GLUT provides a cross-platform window system API for writing OpenGL examples and demos. For this reason, the Cg examples packaged with the Cg Toolkit rely on GLUT.

WINDOWS INSTALLATION

The Cg Toolkit installer for Windows provides a pre-compiled 32-bit (and 64-bit if selected) versions of GLUT. GLUT is provided both as a Dynamic Link Library (DLL) and a static library.

The GLUT DLL is called glut32.dll and requires linking against glut32.lib. These 32-bit versions are typically installed at:

```
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\bin\glut32.dll
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\lib\glut32.lib
```

The 64-bit (x64) versions are installed at:

```
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\bin.x64\glut32.dll
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\lib.x64\glut32.lib
```

As with any DLL in Windows, if you link your application with the GLUT DLL, running your application requires that glut32.dll can be found when executing GLUT.

Alternatively you can link statically with GLUT. This can easily be done by defining the GLUT_STATIC_LIB preprocessor macro before including GLUT's <GL/glut.h> header file. This is typically done by adding the -DGLUT_STATIC_LIB option to your compiler command line. When defined, a #pragma in <GL/glut.h> requests the linker link against glutstatic.lib instead of glut32.lib.

The 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the GLUT static library are installed at:

```
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\lib\glutstatic.lib
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\lib.x64\glutstatic.lib
```

SEE ALSO

TBD

12.4 Mac OS X

TOPIC

Mac OS X - using Cg on Apple OS X

ABSTRACT

The Cg runtime is available as a framework for Apple OS X versions 10.5 (Leopard) and onwards.

ISSUES

APPLE APP STORE DEPLOYMENT

The Apple App store won't accept binaries that include Power PC support. It is necessary to remove the Power PC support from the Cg framework for App Store purposes.

Using the Apple `lipo` tool manipulating universal files:

1. Check for Cg framework architecture support

```
$ lipo -i /Library/Frameworks/Cg.framework/Cg
Architectures in the fat file: /Library/Frameworks/Cg.framework/Cg are: ppc7400 i386 x86_64
$
```

2. Remove the ppc7400 support

```
$ lipo -remove ppc7400 /Library/Frameworks/Cg.framework/Cg -output Cg
$
```

3. Validate the result

```
$ lipo -i Cg
Architectures in the fat file: Cg are: i386 x86_64
$
```

The resulting Intel-only Cg framework binary ought to be acceptable to the Apple App Store.

SEE ALSO

TBD

12.5 Trace

TOPIC

Trace - API Trace for Cg, CgGL, OpenGL and GLUT

INTRODUCTION

The NVIDIA Cg Toolkit provides trace wrapper libraries for logging API calls to Cg, CgGL, OpenGL and GLUT libraries. The log includes nested function call information and function parameter and return values. The logged data can be useful for debugging, trouble shooting and reporting issues.

The libraries are experimental and require some software development expertise.

REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS

Trace supports Cg version 2.2.010 (October 2009) and onwards. Cg, CgGL, OpenGL, and GLUT trace libraries are included.

CgD3D9, CgD3D10 and CgD3D10 are not currently supported.

Cg and GLUT are supported for OSX, but currently not OpenGL.

Trace captures calls and parameters, but not the contents of files referenced by calls such as `cgCreateProgramFromFile`. Archive the logs, `.cg` and `.cgfx` files together into a `.zip` or `.tgz` for later reference.

BUILDING

The trace library source code, makefile and Visual Studio projects are located in the examples/Tools/trace directory of the Cg Toolkit installation. Pre-built binaries are also included.

The trace library components are as follows.

```

trace.c      }
traceOutput.c } ----> trace library
traceFilter.c }
traceTime.c  }
b64.c       }
traceCg.c    } ----> Cg wrapper library
traceCgGL.c  } ----> CgGL wrapper library
traceGLUT.c  } ----> GLUT wrapper library
traceGL.c    }
traceGLX.c   } ----> GL wrapper library
traceWGL.c   }

```

DEPLOYMENT

ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

The **CG_TRACE_FILE** and **CG_TRACE_ERROR** environment variables specify paths to the trace log and error log. The two file names can be the same. Otherwise **stdout** and **stderr** are used.

The **CG_TRACE_CG_LIBRARY** and **CG_TRACE_CGGL_LIBRARY** environment variables specify the path of the target Cg and CgGL libraries. The **CG_TRACE_GL_LIBRARY** environment variable specifies the path of the target OpenGL library. The **CG_TRACE_GLUT_LIBRARY** environment variable specifies the path of the target OpenGL library.

Otherwise, default system locations are used.

The **CG_TRACE_ENABLE** environment variable enables or disables trace output. By default trace output is enabled.

The **CG_TRACE_BASE64** environment variable specifies base64 encoding for binary data such as float, double and byte arrays. A zero integer value disables base64 encoding for floats, doubles and byte arrays. By default base64 encoding is enabled.

The **CG_TRACE_BLOB_LIMIT** environment variable limits the size of raw data logged. Just the pointer value is stored for parameters that exceed the limit. This variable is typically set to avoid capturing texture image data. By default there is no limit and all parameter data is logged.

The **CG_TRACE_TIMESTAMP** environment variable specifies timestamp logging for each call. Any non-zero integer value enables timestamp tracing. By default timestamp logging is disabled.

Recommended settings:

```

CG_TRACE_FILE traceLog.txt
CG_TRACE_ERROR traceError.txt

```

WINDOWS

Select a trace directory to copy the trace libraries to. This can be the same as the application directory. The directory of the target **.exe** is recommended.

Copy **trace.dll** to the trace directory. The API-specific trace libraries depend on **trace.dll**. The other trace libraries are optional.

Optionally copy trace **cg.dll** and **cgGL.dll** to the trace directory. The **CG_BIN_PATH** (32-bit) or **CG_BIN64_PATH** (64-bit) environment variables are used unless **CG_TRACE_CG_LIBRARY** or **CG_TRACE_CGGL_LIBRARY** are defined.

Optionally copy trace **opengl32.dll** to the trace directory.

Optionally copy trace **glut32.dll** to the trace directory.

LINUX and SOLARIS

Set the **LD_LIBRARY_PATH** environment variable to the directory containing the trace libraries. The API-specific trace libraries depend on **libtrace.so**. The other trace libraries are optional.

OSX

Set the **DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH** environment variable to the directory containing the trace libraries. These are installed to **/Developer/NVIDIA/Cg/examples/Tools/trace** by default. The API-specific trace libraries depend on **libtrace.dylib**. The **Cg** and **GLUT** trace frameworks are both optional. The symlinks **libCg.dylib** and **libGLUT.dylib** specify the full path of the native frameworks.

CREDITS AND LICENCES

The core trace library uses the **base64** C implementation of Base64 Content-Transfer-Encoding standard (also known as **RFC1113**) by Bob Trower, Trantor Standard Systems Inc.

The Cg trace library uses the **uthash** C hash table implementation by Troy D. Hanson.

12.6 win64

TOPIC

win64 - using Cg with 64-bit Windows

ABSTRACT

The Cg Toolkit for Windows installs versions of the Cg compiler and runtime libraries for both 32-bit (x86) and 64-bit (x64) compilation. This topic documents how to use Cg for 64-bit Windows.

64-BIT INSTALLATION

The Cg Toolkit installer (CgSetup.exe) installs the 32-bit version of the Cg compiler and the Cg runtime libraries by default. To install the 64-bit support, you must check the component labeled “Files to run and link 64-bit (x64) Cg-based applications” during your installation.

If you’ve forgotten to install the 64-bit component, you can re-run the Cg Toolkit installer and check the 64-bit component.

EXAMPLES

The Cg Toolkit includes Visual Studio .NET 2003 projects intended to compile 64-bit versions of the Cg Toolkit examples.

These project files match the pattern ***_x64.vcproj**

The solution files that collect these projects matches the pattern ***_x64.sln**

To use these project files with Visual Studio .NET 2003, you *must* also install the latest Windows Platform SDK to obtain 64-bit compiler tools and libraries.

Once the Platform SDK is installed, from the Start menu navigate to start a Windows shell for the 64-bit Windows Build Environment. This shell is started with the correct environment variables (Path, Include, and Lib) for the 64-bit compiler tools and libraries.

Now run devenv.exe with the /useenv command line option that forces Visual Studio to pick up Path, Include, and Lib settings from the shell's environment. When the Visual Studio IDE appears, select File->Open->Project... and locate one of the *_x64.sln files for the Cg examples. These are usually under:

```
c:\Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Cg\examples
```

When you open a *_x64.vcproj solution, it references a number of *_x64.vcproj projects. These have a "Debug x64" and "Release x64" configuration to build.

HINTS

Remember to link with BufferOverflowU.lib because of the /GS option to help detect string overflow runtime errors because Microsoft has enabled this option by default in its 64-bit compilers. See:

<http://support.microsoft.com/?id=894573>

IA64 SUPPORT

The Cg Toolkit does not provide 64-bit support for Intel's Itanium architecture.

SEE ALSO

TBD

CG TOOLKIT RELEASES

13.1 cg_2_1_0009

NAME

cg_2_1_0009 - Cg Toolkit 2.1 August 2008 (beta)

SUMMARY

- New translation profiles for DirectX10 Shader Model 4
- Shader source virtual file system for compilation
- Callback for providing shader source included by the compiler
- Improved handling of generic attributes by the GLSL profile
- Performance improvements and bug fixes
- New examples for OpenGL and D3D10

DOWNLOAD

- Windows 32/64-bit [installer](#) for Windows XP, Vista and Win7.
- Mac OS X ppc/i386/x86_64 [dmg](#) for Tiger, Leopard and Snow Leopard.
- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32-bit [tarball](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.2 cg_2_1_0012

NAME

cg_2_1_0012 - Cg Toolkit 2.1 October 2008

SUMMARY

- Added more ‘clip’ functions for improved compatibility with HLSL
- TEXCOORD8-15 now available in vs/ps 3.0 profiles
- Solaris release in Sun package format
- Performance improvements and bug fixes
- Fixed sampler initialization by the GLSL profile
- Fixed handling of integer parameters values
- Fixed handling of interpolation modifiers

DOWNLOAD

- Windows 32/64-bit [installer](#) for Windows XP, Vista and Win7.
- Mac OS X ppc/i386/x86_64 [dmg](#) for Tiger, Leopard and Snow Leopard.
- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32-bit [tarball](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.3 cg_2_1_0016

NAME

cg_2_1_0016 - Cg Toolkit 2.1 November 2008

SUMMARY

- Fixed crash when cgGL routines were called without a current GL context
- Fixed a bug in compiling CgFX files with multiple geometry shaders
- Fixed D3D10 runtime’s handling of the parameter buffer (cbuffer)
- D3D10 runtime now correctly deals with true integer parameters
- Shared parameter arrays were not being updated correctly
- Corrected some minor issues in the Sun package file

DOWNLOAD

- Windows 32/64-bit [installer](#) for Windows XP, Vista and Win7.
- Mac OS X ppc/i386/x86_64 [dmg](#) for Tiger, Leopard and Snow Leopard.
- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.4 cg_2_1_0017

NAME

cg_2_1_0017 - Cg Toolkit 2.1 February 2009

SUMMARY

- Fixed a potential corruption issue when creating programs of type CG_OBJECT
- Fixed a problem in parsing of #included shader source files
- Repaired cgGLSetParameter functions for varying inputs of vertex programs

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- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.5 cg_2_2_0004

NAME

cg_2_2_0004 - Cg Toolkit 2.2 February 2009 (beta)

SUMMARY

- Added DirectX10 and GLSL geometry profiles (gs_4_0 AND glslg)
- Support for “latest” profile keyword in CgFX compile statements
- Additional API routines
- Support for pack_matrix() pragma
- Arrays of shaders can now be used in CgFX files
- Libraries for 64 bit Solaris development
- Migrated the OpenGL examples onto GLEW
- New examples
- Updated reference manual pages for new profiles and entry points

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- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.

- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017
2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017
3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016
3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.6 cg_2_2_0006

NAME

cg_2_2_0006 - Cg Toolkit 2.2 April 2009

SUMMARY

- Added DirectX10 and GLSL geometry profiles (gs_4_0 AND glslg)
- Support for “latest” profile keyword in CgFX compile statements
- Additional API routines
- Support for pack_matrix() pragma
- Arrays of shaders can now be used in CgFX files
- Libraries for 64 bit Solaris development
- Migrated the OpenGL examples onto GLEW
- New examples
- Updated reference manual pages for new profiles and entry points

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- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017
2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017
3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016
3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.7 cg_2_2_0010

NAME

cg_2_2_0010 - Cg Toolkit 2.2 October 2009

SUMMARY

- Allow compiler options in effect compile statements. e.g. VertexProgram = compile vp40 “-po PosInv=1” shader();
- Better performance when running on multicore CPUs
- Choosing the “latest” profile is now deferred until effect validation
- Improved the inverse matrix computation in cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter
- Better memory behavior when a program is repeatedly recompiled
- Fixed an issue when using PSIZE semantic with ps_3_0 and ps_4_0 profiles
- cgCombinePrograms now works with CG_OBJECT programs
- cgGetNextProgram was always returning 0
- Fixed a problem with effect parameters and cgGLGetTextureEnum
- Allow comments prior to the shader version in D3D asm blocks of an effect
- HLSL10: Mark globally scoped temporaries ‘static’ to keep them out of constant buffers
- HLSL10: Allow any semantic for varyings provided the semantics match between stages
- HLSL10: Fix handling of TEXUNITn semantic
- HLSL10: Added support for arrays of samplers
- HLSL10: Empty structs for uniform parameters crashed the D3D compiler
- Fixed a problem when connecting parameters of type string
- Corrected issues in the fp20 profile on Solaris
- Now using MesaGLUT-7.5 for GLUT on Windows

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- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.8 cg_2_2_0017**NAME**

cg_2_2_0017 - Cg Toolkit 2.2 February 2010

SUMMARY

- Require EXT_gpu_shader4 in GLSL when using bit shift/mask instructions
- Modified example gs_simple to explicitly use the GLSL profiles if supported
- HLSL semantic VFACE is now accepted as an alias for semantic FACE
- Improved our handling of extensions on older versions of OpenGL
- Various performance improvements
- Enhanced cgfxcat to work for program files as well as effect files
- Fixed some compiler crashes with malformed shaders
- Fixed a crash in cgGetParameterBufferIndex and cgGetParameterBufferOffset

- Fixed a bug in cgGetPassProgram for combined programs
- Fixed a problem with geometry shaders on Solaris

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- Linux 32-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball and [rpm](#) for RedHat.
- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.9 cg_3_0_0007

NAME

cg_3_0_0007 - Cg Toolkit 3.0 July 2010

SUMMARY

- OpenGL GPU Program5 profiles
- DirectX11 Shader Model 5 profiles
- Support for tessellation programs for OpenGL and DirectX 11 hardware such as NVIDIA's new Fermi GPU architecture
- Numerous examples for new Direct3D and OpenGL capabilities
- Support for up to 32 texture units
- Unbind routines for D3D programs
- CgFX buffer routines
- Dependent parameter routines for CgFX shader arrays
- Shadow versions of texBLAHproj functions in the hls110f profile
- Improved evaluation engine for expressions in CgFX files
- Updated reference manual for new profiles and entry points

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- Windows 32/64-bit [installer](#) for Windows XP, Vista and Win7.
- Mac OS X ppc/i386/x86_64 [dmg](#) for Tiger, Leopard and Snow Leopard.
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- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.10 cg_3_0_0015

NAME

cg_3_0_0015 - Cg Toolkit 3.0 November 2010

SUMMARY

- Vertex shaders aren't disabled by tessellation shader state assignments
- DirectX feature levels 9 and 10 now work with cgD3D11
- cgCombinePrograms respects the auto compile flag
- The hls110g profile now supports structures in AttribArray
- cgCopyProgram works once again!
- Fixed a bug when compound-assignment operators (+=, *=, etc.) were used on column major matrices
- tex2Dsize will now work for shadow samplers
- Resolved a problem with geometry shaders on OSX
- Corrected the OSX Framework executable path
- Fixed crash when connecting API created parameters to precompiled (CG_OBJECT) program parameters
- No longer try to use typedef keyword in generated GLSL code
- Fixed a problem in the modf routine
- Various documentation updates

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- Linux 64-bit [tgz](#) tarball, [rpm](#) for RedHat and [deb](#) for Debian and Ubuntu.
- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.11 cg_3_0_0016

NAME

cg_3_0_0016 - Cg Toolkit 3.0 February 2011

SUMMARY

- Improved DX11 tessellation support
- Resolved an issue with nearly identical user defined types
- Resolved an issue with default values from unreferenced uniform parameters
- Support setting matrices beyond 96 float constants in the vp30 profile
- Application supplied compilation options now override those set by cgGLSetOptimalOptions
- Improved support for 'const' variables in the GLSL profiles
- Added sampler state documentation

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- Solaris 32/64-bit [package](#).

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.12 cg_3_1_0010

NAME

cg_3_1_0010 - Cg Toolkit 3.1 February 2012

SUMMARY

Improvements

- Added Cg language support for uniform buffers.
- Added OpenGL Unified Buffer Object (UBO) support for buffers.
- Added OpenGL GLSL version 110 and 120 translation support.
- New tessellation examples added.
- New uniform buffer examples added.
- VC10 projects added for examples.

Documentation

- Note:** The Cg Users Manual has **not** been updated for this release.
- Updated reference manual for new entry points.
- Updated Cg standard library documentation.
- Release history documentation added.

Bug Fixes

- Fixed buffer emulation in DX9, *arbvp1* and *arbfpl* profiles.
- Fixed f3dtex2D standard library issue.
- Added samplerRBUF to standard library.
- Fixed issues with implicit cast of int to uint.
- Fixed cgc compiler issue for **\$COL0**.
- Fixed *cgGetParameterResourceIndex* to return the proper resource index.

Fixed var bindings info in *GLSL* and *fp20* profiles.

Improved the DX10 and DX11 examples.

Added support for non-uniform matrix argument in the *glslf* profile.

Increased *GLSL* output color array to 8.

Added **CENTROID**, **FLAT** and **NOPERSPECTIVE** semantic support to *gp4* and *gp5* profiles.

Fixed an issue for int and uint in *GLSL* profile versions before 130.

Fixed unsigned integer uniform usage in *GLSL* profiles.

Fixed SAMPLEPOS usage in the *gp5fp* profile.

Fixed the tex2dbias usage in the *arbf1* profile.

New API

Below is the complete list of the new entry points in Cg 3.1. See the Cg Reference Manual for further details.

cgGetFirstUniformBufferParameter
cgGetNamedEffectUniformBuffer
cgGetNamedProgramUniformBuffer
cgGetNamedUniformBufferParameter
cgGetProfileSibling
cgGetProgramOutputVertices
cgGetUniformBufferBlockName
cgGetUniformBufferParameter
cgIsBuffer
cgSetProgramOutputVertices
cgSetUniformBufferParameter
cgGLCreateBufferFromObject
cgGLDetectGLSLVersion
cgGLGetContextGLSLVersion
cgGLGetContextOptimalOptions
cgGLGetGLSLVersion
cgGLGetGLSLVersionString
cgGLSetContextGLSLVersion
cgGLSetContextOptimalOptions
cgD3D10CreateBufferFromObject
cgD3D10CreateBuffer
cgD3D10GetBufferObject
cgD3D11CreateBufferFromObject
cgD3D11CreateBuffer
cgD3D11GetBufferObject

COMPATIBILITY NOTES

Although the 3.1 release of Cg is generally compatible with previous releases, several improvements and other changes may affect existing applications. This section details these potential compatibility issues.

Cg 3.1 supports defining constant blocks with the uniform keyword. Use of a BUFFER semantic on simple variables and structs has been deprecated. By default cgc will now issue a warning when the BUFFER semantic is used (and an error when BUFFER is used on a struct with a GLSL profile). The `-no_uniform_blocks` compiler flag can be used to disable these warnings and errors, but it also removes support for the new uniform keyword method of defining constant blocks.

There aren't any other known compatibility issues with programs written against Cg 3.0. For programs written against Cg 2.2 or earlier, refer to the Compatibility Notes section of the release notes for Cg 3.0.

Deprecated

Manual pages have been removed.

D3D8 support has been removed.

Mac OS X 10.4 support has been removed.

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SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

3.1.0010, 3.1.0013

13.13 cg_3_1_0013

NAME

cg_3_1_0013 - Cg Toolkit 3.1 April 2012

SUMMARY

The Cg Toolkit allows developers to write and run Cg programs using a wide variety of hardware and OS platforms and graphics APIs. Originally released in December 2002, the Toolkit now supports over 30 different DirectX and OpenGL profile targets. It provides a compiler for the Cg language, runtime libraries to use with the OpenGL and DirectX graphics APIs, support for CgFX effect files, example applications, and extensive documentation.

CONTENTS

Cg Runtime libraries

The Cg core runtime library for managing parameters and loading programs.

The CgGL runtime library for OpenGL based applications.

The CgD3D9 runtime library for DirectX 9 based applications.

The CgD3D10 runtime library for DirectX 10 based applications.

The CgD3D11 runtime library for DirectX 11 based applications.

Supported Profiles

OpenGL

gp5tcp NV_tessellation_program5 control program.

gp5tep NV_tessellation_program5 evaluation program.

gp5gp NV_geomemtry_program5.

gp5vp NV_vertex_program5.

gp5fp NV_fragment_program5.

gp4gp NV_geomemtry_program4.

gp4vp NV_vertex_program4.

gp4fp NV_fragment_program4.

gslg OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL) for OpenGL 2.0 geometry shader.

gslv OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL) for OpenGL 2.0 vertex shader.

gslf OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL) for OpenGL 2.0 fragment shader.

arbvp1 ARB_vertex_program 1.0.

arbfpl ARB_fragment_program 1.0.

vp40 ARB_vertex_program + NV_vertex_program2 option.

fp40 ARB_fragment_program + NV_fragment_program2 option.

vp30 NV_vertex_program 2.0.

fp30 NV_fragment_program 1.0.

vp20 NV_vertex_program 1.0.

fp20 NV_register_combiners and NV_texture_shader.

DirectX 11.0

ds_5_0 HLSL11 Domain Shader.

hs_5_0 HLSL11 Hull Shader.

gs_5_0 HLSL11 Geometry Shader.

vs_5_0 HLSL11 Vertex Shader.

ps_5_0 HLSL11 Fragment Shader.

DirectX 10.0

gs_4_0 HLSL10 Geometry Shader.

vs_4_0 HLSL10 Vertex Shader.

ps_4_0 HLSL10 Fragment Shader.

DirectX 9.0c

hlslv HLSL9 Vertex Shader.

hlslf HLSL9 Fragment Shader.

vs_3_0 Vertex Shader 3.0.

ps_3_0 Pixel Shader 3.0.

DirectX 9

vs_2_x Extended Vertex Shader 2.0.

ps_2_x Extended Pixel Shader 2.0.

vs_2_0 Vertex Shader 2.0.

ps_2_0 Pixel Shader 2.0.

vs_1_1 Vertex Shader 1.1.

ps_1_3 Pixel Shader 1.3.

ps_1_2 Pixel Shader 1.2.

ps_1_1 Pixel Shader 1.1.

IMPROVEMENTS AND BUG FIXES

Bug Fixes

Improved GLSL support for clip semantics.

Fixed a runtime bug concerning gp4 and gp5 geometry programs.

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www.nvidia.com

SEE ALSO

2.1.0009, 2.1.0012, 2.1.0016, 2.1.0017

2.2.0004, 2.2.0006, 2.2.0010, 2.2.0017

3.0.0007, 3.0.0015, 3.0.0016

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